

## ▼ Importing Libraries

```
1 from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
2 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
3 from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
4 import pandas as pd
5 import numpy as np
6 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
7 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
8 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
9 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
10 import seaborn as sns
11 %matplotlib inline
12
```

## ▼ Loading dataset

```
1 breast_cancer = load_breast_cancer()
2 X = pd.DataFrame(breast_cancer.data, columns=breast_cancer.feature_names)
3 print("\n \t The data frame has {0[0]} rows and {0[1]} columns. \n".format(X.shape))
4 X.info()
5 y = pd.Categorical.from_codes(breast_cancer.target, breast_cancer.target_names)
6
```



The data frame has 569 rows and 30 columns.

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 569 entries, 0 to 568
Data columns (total 30 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   mean radius                           569 non-null    float64
1   mean texture                           569 non-null    float64
2   mean perimeter                         569 non-null    float64
3   mean area                             569 non-null    float64
4   mean smoothness                       569 non-null    float64
```

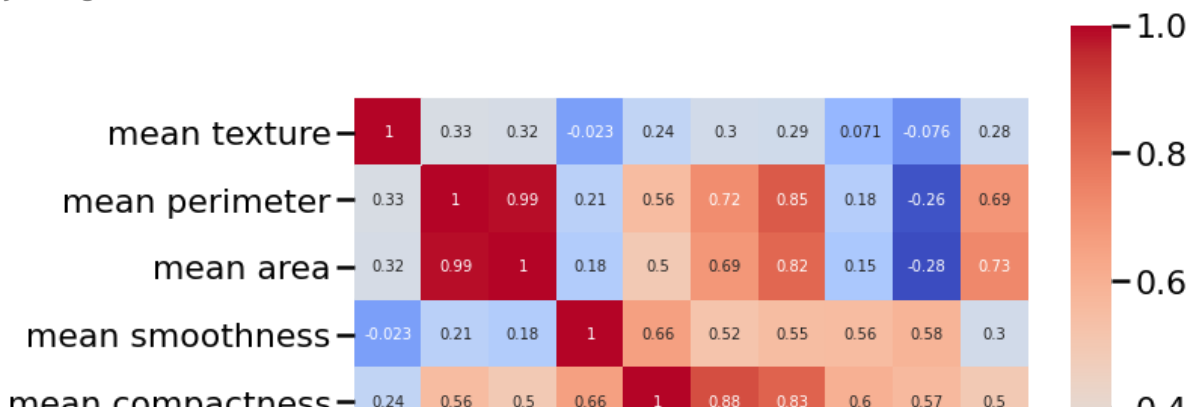
## ▼ Visualizing data

```
9   mean fractal dimension  569 non-null    float64
```

```
1 X.head(3)
2 X.info()
3 features_mean= list(X.columns[1:11])
4 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
5 sns.heatmap(X[features_mean].corr(), annot=True, square=True, cmap='coolwarm')
6 plt.show()
```



```
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---  -
0   mean radius                               569 non-null    float64
1   mean texture                             569 non-null    float64
2   mean perimeter                           569 non-null    float64
3   mean area                                569 non-null    float64
4   mean smoothness                          569 non-null    float64
5   mean compactness                         569 non-null    float64
6   mean concavity                           569 non-null    float64
7   mean concave points                      569 non-null    float64
8   mean symmetry                            569 non-null    float64
9   mean fractal dimension                   569 non-null    float64
10  radius error                             569 non-null    float64
11  texture error                            569 non-null    float64
12  perimeter error                         569 non-null    float64
13  area error                              569 non-null    float64
14  smoothness error                        569 non-null    float64
15  compactness error                       569 non-null    float64
16  concavity error                         569 non-null    float64
17  concave points error                    569 non-null    float64
18  symmetry error                          569 non-null    float64
19  fractal dimension error                 569 non-null    float64
20  worst radius                            569 non-null    float64
21  worst texture                           569 non-null    float64
22  worst perimeter                         569 non-null    float64
23  worst area                              569 non-null    float64
24  worst smoothness                        569 non-null    float64
25  worst compactness                       569 non-null    float64
26  worst concavity                         569 non-null    float64
27  worst concave points                    569 non-null    float64
28  worst symmetry                          569 non-null    float64
29  worst fractal dimension                 569 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(30)
memory usage: 133.5 KB
```



```
1 encoder = LabelEncoder()
2 binary_encoded_y = pd.Series(encoder.fit_transform(y))
3 binary_encoded_y.head()
```

```
0    1
1    1
2    1
3    1
4    1
dtype: int64
```

## ▼ Splitting to train and test

```
1 train_X, test_X, train_y, test_y = train_test_split(X, binary_encoded_y, random_state=1)
```

## ▼ Invoking classifier

```
1 classifier = AdaBoostClassifier(
2     DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=1),
3     n_estimators=200
4 )
5 classifier.fit(train_X, train_y)
```

```
↳ AdaBoostClassifier(algorithm='SAMME.R',
                      base_estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(ccp_alpha=0.0,
                                                              class_weight=None,
                                                              criterion='gini',
                                                              max_depth=1,
                                                              max_features=None,
                                                              max_leaf_nodes=None,
                                                              min_impurity_decrease=0.0,
                                                              min_impurity_split=None,
                                                              min_samples_leaf=1,
                                                              min_samples_split=2,
                                                              min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0,
                                                              presort='deprecated',
                                                              random_state=None,
                                                              splitter='best'),
                      learning_rate=1.0, n_estimators=200, random_state=None)
```

```
1 predictions = classifier.predict(test_X)
```

## ▼ Printing the confusion matrix

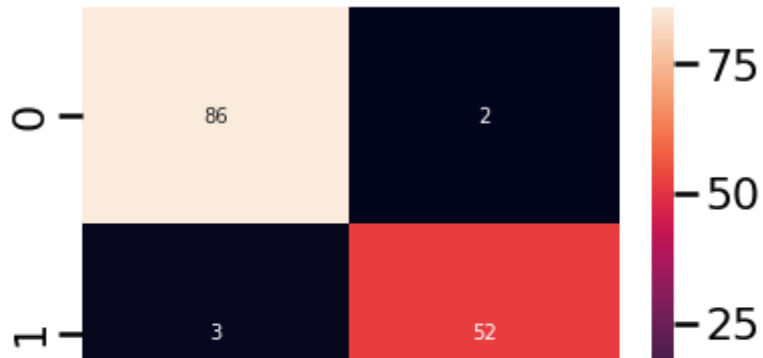
```
1 cf=confusion_matrix(test_y, predictions)
2 cf
```

```
↳ array([[86,  2],
         [ 3, 52]])
```

```
1 #Printing confusion matrix as a Heat Map
2 sns.heatmap(cf, annot=True)
```

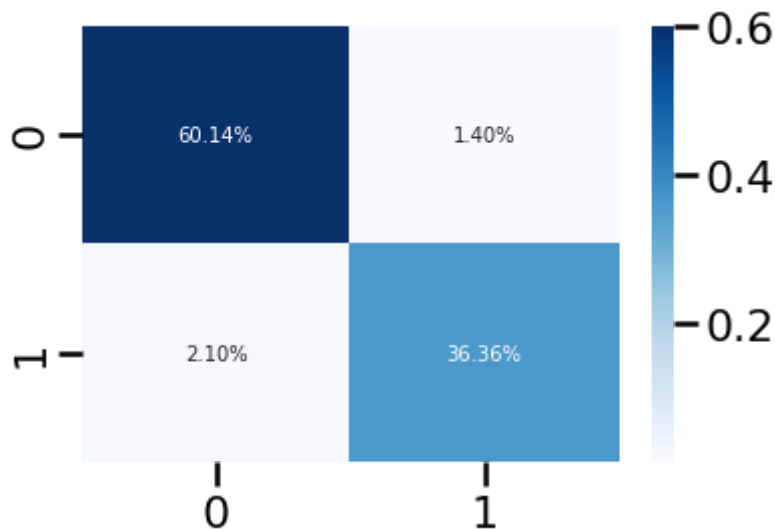
```
↳
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdc687bbd68>



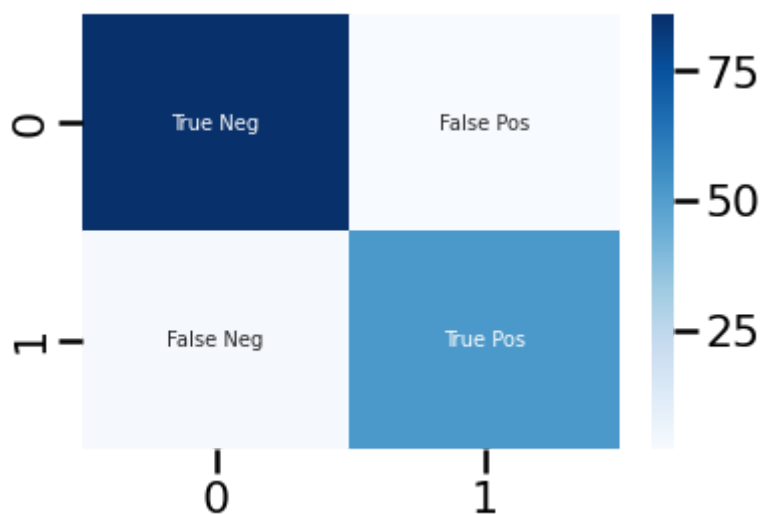
```
1 sns.heatmap(cf/np.sum(cf), annot=True,
2             fmt='.2%', cmap='Blues')
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdc68730898>



```
1 labels = ['True Neg', 'False Pos', 'False Neg', 'True Pos']
2 labels = np.asarray(labels).reshape(2,2)
3 sns.heatmap(cf, annot=labels, fmt='', cmap='Blues')
```

<matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdc686c7c50>



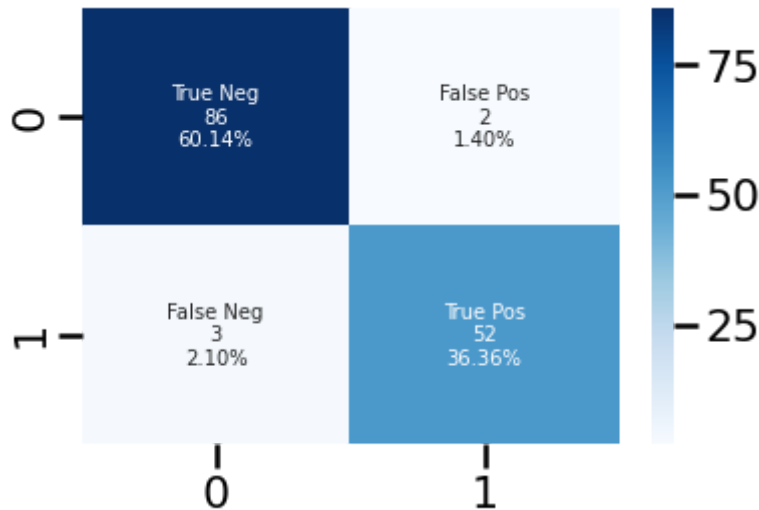
```
1 group_names = ['True Neg', 'False Pos', 'False Neg', 'True Pos']
2 group_counts = ["{0:0.0f}".format(value) for value in
3                 cf.flatten()]
4
```

```

4 group_percentages = [{"0:.2%}".format(value) for value in
5                       cf.flatten()/np.sum(cf)]
6 labels = [f"{v1}\n{v2}\n{v3}" for v1, v2, v3 in
7           zip(group_names,group_counts,group_percentages)]
8 labels = np.asarray(labels).reshape(2,2)
9 sns.heatmap(cf, annot=labels, fmt='', cmap='Blues')

```

↳ <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdc6864de80>



### Function definition make\_confusion\_matrix

```

1 import numpy as np
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 import seaborn as sns
4
5 def make_confusion_matrix(cf,
6                           group_names=None,
7                           categories='auto',
8                           count=True,
9                           percent=True,
10                          cbar=True,
11                          xyticks=True,
12                          xyplotlabels=True,
13                          sum_stats=True,
14                          figsize=None,
15                          cmap='Blues',
16                          title=None):
17     '''
18     This function will make a pretty plot of an sklearn Confusion Matrix cm using a Sea
19     Arguments
20     -----
21     cf:                confusion matrix to be passed in
22     group_names:       List of strings that represent the labels row by row to be shown in
23     categories:        List of strings containing the categories to be displayed on the x,y
24     count:             If True, show the raw number in the confusion matrix. Default is Tru
25     normalize:         If True, show the proportions for each category. Default is True.
26     cbar:              If True, show the color bar. The cbar values are based off the value
27                       Default is True.
28     xyticks:          If True, show x and y ticks. Default is True.
29     xvplotlabels:     If True. show 'True Label' and 'Predicted Label' on the figure. Defa

```

```

30 sum_stats:      If True, display summary statistics below the figure. Default is True
31 figsize:       Tuple representing the figure size. Default will be the matplotlib rcParams
32 cmap:          Colormap of the values displayed from matplotlib.pyplot.cm. Default is
33                See http://matplotlib.org/examples/color/colormaps\_reference.html
34
35 title:         Title for the heatmap. Default is None.
36 '''
37
38
39 # CODE TO GENERATE TEXT INSIDE EACH SQUARE
40 blanks = ['' for i in range(cf.size)]
41
42 if group_names and len(group_names)==cf.size:
43     group_labels = ["{}\n".format(value) for value in group_names]
44 else:
45     group_labels = blanks
46
47 if count:
48     group_counts = ["{0:0.0f}\n".format(value) for value in cf.flatten()]
49 else:
50     group_counts = blanks
51
52 if percent:
53     group_percentages = ["{0:.2%}".format(value) for value in cf.flatten()/np.sum(cf)]
54 else:
55     group_percentages = blanks
56
57 box_labels = [f"{v1}{v2}{v3}".strip() for v1, v2, v3 in zip(group_labels,group_counts,group_percentages)]
58 box_labels = np.asarray(box_labels).reshape(cf.shape[0],cf.shape[1])
59
60
61 # CODE TO GENERATE SUMMARY STATISTICS & TEXT FOR SUMMARY STATS
62 if sum_stats:
63     #Accuracy is sum of diagonal divided by total observations
64     accuracy = np.trace(cf) / float(np.sum(cf))
65
66     #if it is a binary confusion matrix, show some more stats
67     if len(cf)==2:
68         #Metrics for Binary Confusion Matrices
69         precision = cf[1,1] / sum(cf[:,1])
70         recall    = cf[1,1] / sum(cf[1,:])
71         f1_score  = 2*precision*recall / (precision + recall)
72         stats_text = "\n\nAccuracy={:0.3f}\nPrecision={:0.3f}\nRecall={:0.3f}\nF1 Score={:0.3f}\n".format(
73             accuracy,precision,recall,f1_score)
74     else:
75         stats_text = "\n\nAccuracy={:0.3f}".format(accuracy)
76 else:
77     stats_text = ""
78
79
80 # SET FIGURE PARAMETERS ACCORDING TO OTHER ARGUMENTS
81 if figsize==None:
82     #Get default figure size if not set
83     figsize = plt.rcParams.get('figure.figsize')
84

```

```

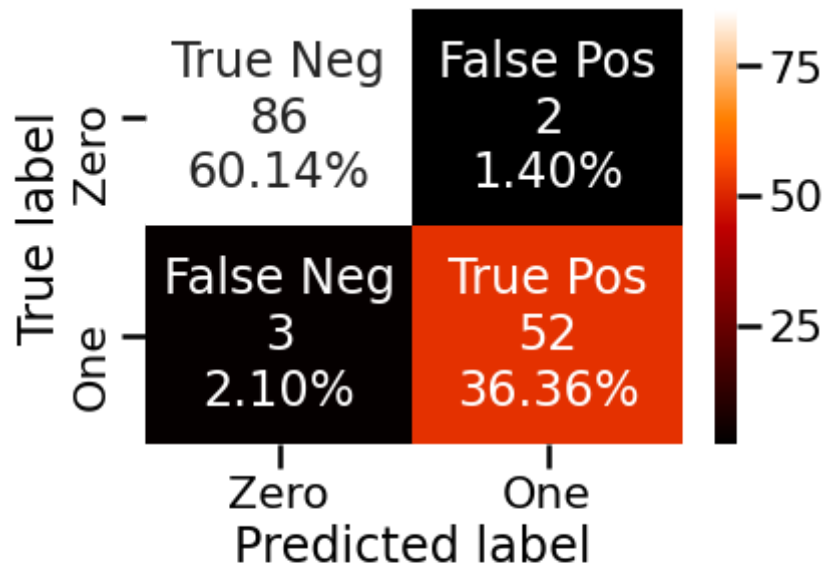
85     if xyticks==False:
86         #Do not show categories if xyticks is False
87         categories=False
88
89
90     # MAKE THE HEATMAP VISUALIZATION
91     plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
92     sns.heatmap(cf,annot=box_labels,fmt="",cmap=cmap,cbar=cbar,xticklabels=categories,y
93
94     if xyplotlabels:
95         plt.ylabel('True label')
96         plt.xlabel('Predicted label' + stats_text)
97     else:
98         plt.xlabel(stats_text)
99
100     if title:
101         plt.title(title)
102

```

```

1 labels = ['True Neg','False Pos','False Neg','True Pos']
2 categories = ['Zero', 'One']
3 sns.set_context("poster")
4 make_confusion_matrix(cf,
5                         group_names=labels,
6                         categories=categories,
7                         cmap='gist_heat')

```



Accuracy=0.965  
 Precision=0.963  
 Recall=0.945  
 F1 Score=0.954