

Core objectives of Al



ARTIFICIAL
INTELLIGENCE (AI) IS THE
SIMULATION OF HUMAN
INTELLIGENCE IN
MACHINES



LEARNING (FROM DATA AND EXPERIENCES),



REASONING (MAKING DECISIONS OR PREDICTIONS),



PROBLEM-SOLVING
(FINDING SOLUTIONS TO COMPLEX TASKS),



PERCEPTION
(INTERPRETING VISUAL,
AUDIO, AND SENSORY
DATA),

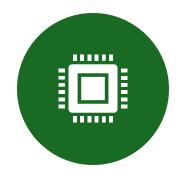


LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING (INTERACTING THROUGH NATURAL HUMAN LANGUAGE).

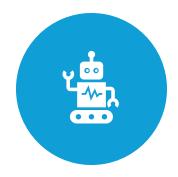
Narrow Al, General Al, and Superintelligent Al



NARROW AI, GENERAL AI, AND SUPERINTELLIGENT AI



NARROW AI (WEAK AI): DESIGNED FOR SPECIFIC TASKS. EXAMPLES: SIRI, GOOGLE TRANSLATE, FACE RECOGNITION.



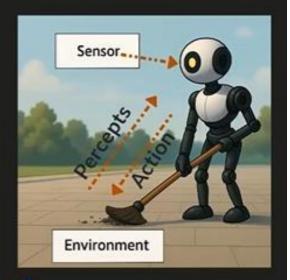
GENERAL AI (STRONG AI): HAS THE ABILITY TO UNDERSTAND, LEARN, AND APPLY KNOWLEDGE LIKE A HUMAN. STILL UNDER RESEARCH.



SUPERINTELLIGENT AI:
HYPOTHETICAL FUTURE AI THAT
SURPASSES HUMAN INTELLIGENCE IN
ALL AREAS—PROBLEM-SOLVING,
CREATIVITY, AND EMOTIONS.

What Is an Agent in AI?

Types, Examples & How They Think, Decide, and Act!



The Agent Loop: Perception → Decision → Action

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Example - thermostat

senses the room temperature

Decides: heat up or cool down

turn ON heater/ AC

Chatbot:

received user's message decides what to reply back

replied





1- Simple Reflex Agents:





2- Model-Based Reflex Agents:





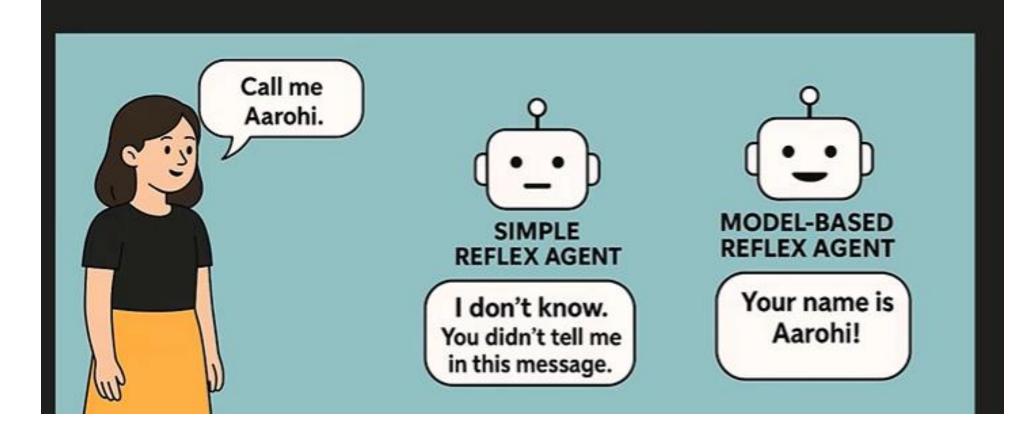
Only looks at what's happening right now and reacts





Instead of just reacting, it also remembers things

2- Model-Based Reflex Agents:

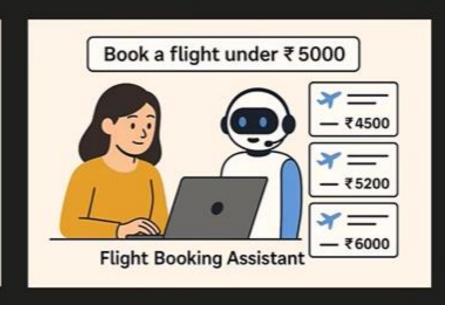


3- Goal-Based Agents: It has a goal in mind It plans. Plans before acting.

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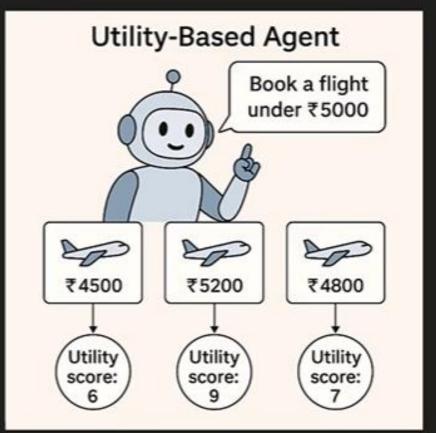


- · Your Goal is to Reach the destination
- It checks roads, traffic, and suggests the best route.
- · If one road is closed, it replans a new path



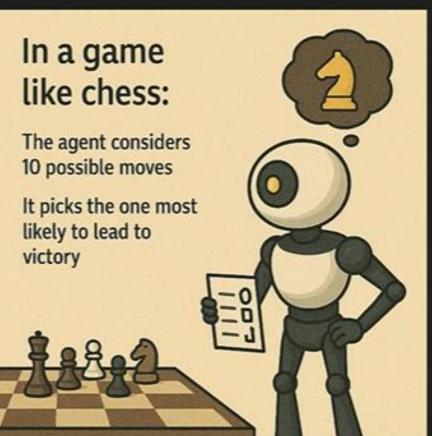
4- Utility-Based Agents:



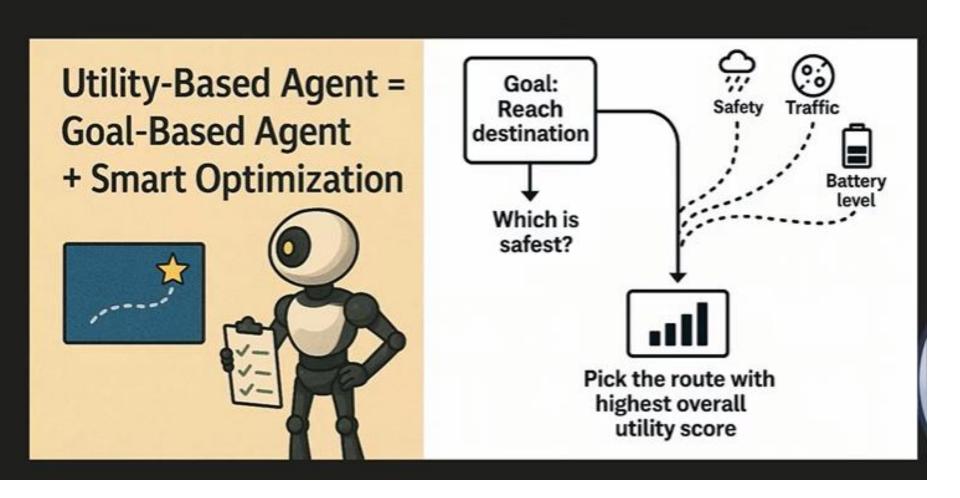


4- Utility-Based Agents:





4- Utility-Based Agents:



5- Learning Agents:



