## Homework 16: Inner Product Spaces

Assignments should be **stapled** and written clearly and legibly.

- 1. §6.1, #34, 36, 38, 44.
- 2. §6.2, #39, 40.
- 3. Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be rotation by  $\theta$  about the line through  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$  (counterclockwise, as viewed from the tip of  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ ). Let  $\mathcal{B}$  be the the following basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ :

$$\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\\\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

Let  $\mathcal{B}' = \{\mathbf{e}_1, \mathbf{e}_2, \mathbf{e}_3\}$ , the standard basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

- (a) Confirm that  $\mathcal{B}$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- (b) Find  $[T]_{\mathcal{B}}$ .
- (c) Use the change of basis formula to find  $[T]_{\mathcal{B}'}$ , the standard matrix for T.
- (d) Using (c), find the rotation of  $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\4\\5 \end{bmatrix}$  by  $\pi/3$  about the line through  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Note. For this problem, you should use the Euclidean inner product (i.e., the dot product) on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .