Homework 12: The Mean Value Theorem

- 1. §6.2, #16.
- 2. Find a twice differentiable function f(x) such that f'(1) = -1, f'(4) = 7, and f''(x) > 3 for all x, or prove that such a function cannot exist.
- 3. Suppose that $f:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$ has continuous derivatives f' and f'', and assume there exists $c \in (a,b)$ such that f(a) = f(c) = f(b). Prove that there exists d in (a,b) such that f''(d) = 0.
 - Hint. First prove that there exist x_1 and x_2 such that $a < x_1 < x_2 < b$ and $f'(x_1) = f'(x_2) = 0$.
- 4. Recall that a number c is called a **fixed point** of a function f if f(c) = c. Prove that if f is a differentiable function and $f'(x) \neq 1$ for all real numbers x, then f has at most one fixed point. (Hint: Consider the function g(x) = f(x) x.)