



Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology, Vasai (West)

First Year Engineering

Academic Year: 2024-2025

Problem Set 3: Transducers

Subject: BSC2023/EP

Max Marks: 10

Date: 24/02/2025

Submission Deadline: 07-03-2025

CO3: To learn the foundation of transducers in the area of measurements.

| Q. No. | Questions | Marks | CO | CL |
|--------|---|-------|----|----|
| 1 | (a) A thermistor has a resistance of $10\text{ k}\Omega$ at 25°C and $6\text{ k}\Omega$ at 50°C . Calculate the temperature coefficient of resistance. (b) A resistive temperature detector (RTD) has a resistance of $120\text{ }\Omega$ at 0°C . If its temperature coefficient is $0.00392/^\circ\text{C}$, determine its resistance at 50°C . | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 2 | (a) An inductive transducer has an inductance of 10 mH and operates at a frequency of 1 kHz . Determine the reactance. (b) A potentiometer has a total resistance of $5\text{ k}\Omega$ and a supply voltage of 10V . If the wiper is at 60% of its travel, determine the output voltage. | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 3 | (a) A strain gauge has an initial resistance of $120\text{ }\Omega$. When a strain is applied, its resistance changes to $122.4\text{ }\Omega$. If the gauge factor (GF) is 2, determine the strain. | 2 | 3 | 2 |

NB: All sensors are temperature sensors, but some are better than others!

– Anonymous