



Figure-5. Illustration of pTyrosine-SNVs in the human genome as karyotype plot. The loci in the human genome where pTyrosine-SNV alleles create or delete a pTyrosine-based proximal signalling motif, including the STAT3-recruiting SeSNV allele, are shown in this karyotype plot. Red rectangles indicate variants that create pTyrosine motifs, while blue rectangles indicate variants that delete pTyrosine motifs. The colouring is not to scale, as the precise locations and the receptors harbouring these alleles are not intended to be disclosed.