

# Lucrarea 3

## Circuite logice cu diode Poarta SI

### Merul lucrării

$$V_{AA} = 15V$$

$$R_A = 10k\Omega$$

$$V_i = 0V$$

$$V_S = 5V$$

$$T = 20\mu s \Rightarrow f = 50kHz$$

$$t_i = 10\mu s$$

a)  $C = 100pF$

$$t_h = RC \ln 2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 100 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 0,7 = 0,7 \cdot 10^{-6} s$$
$$= 700 ns$$

$$t_{h \text{ măsurat}} = 825,7 ns$$

b)  $C = 220pF$

$$t_h = RC \ln 2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 220 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 0,7 =$$
$$= 0,7 \cdot 220 \cdot 10^{-8} = 1,54 \mu s$$

$$t_{h \text{ măsurat}} = 1,664 \mu s$$

c)  $C = 470pF$

$$t_h = RC \ln 2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 470 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 0,7 = 3,29 \mu s$$
$$t_{h \text{ măsurat}} = 3,34 \mu s$$

d)  $C = 1nF$

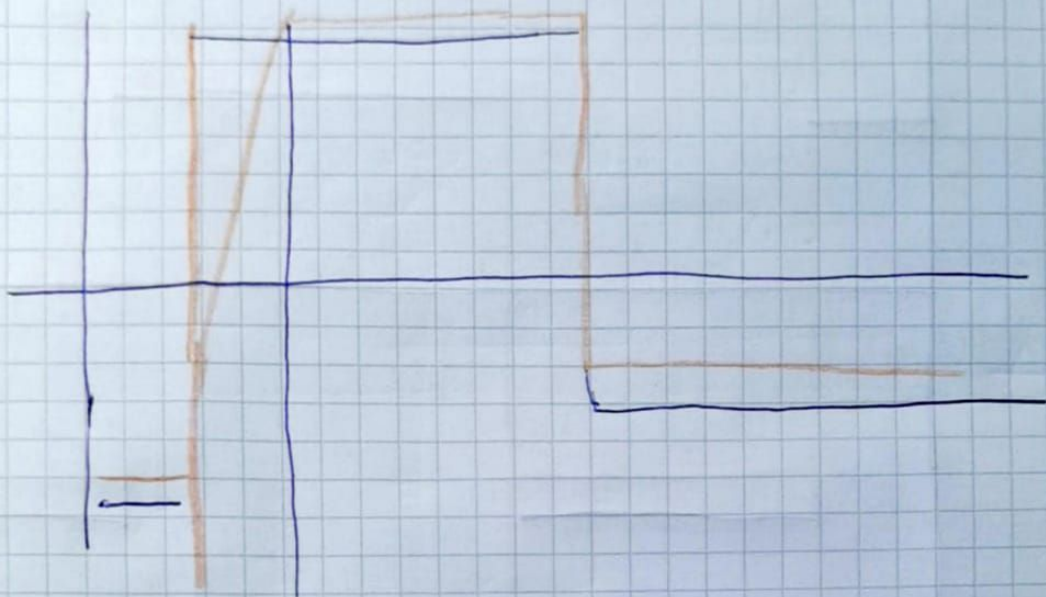
$$t_h = RC \ln 2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10^{-9} \cdot 0,7 = 0,7 \cdot 10^{-5} = 7 \mu s$$
$$t_{h \text{ măsurat}} = 6,6 \mu s$$

e)  $C = 1,5nF$

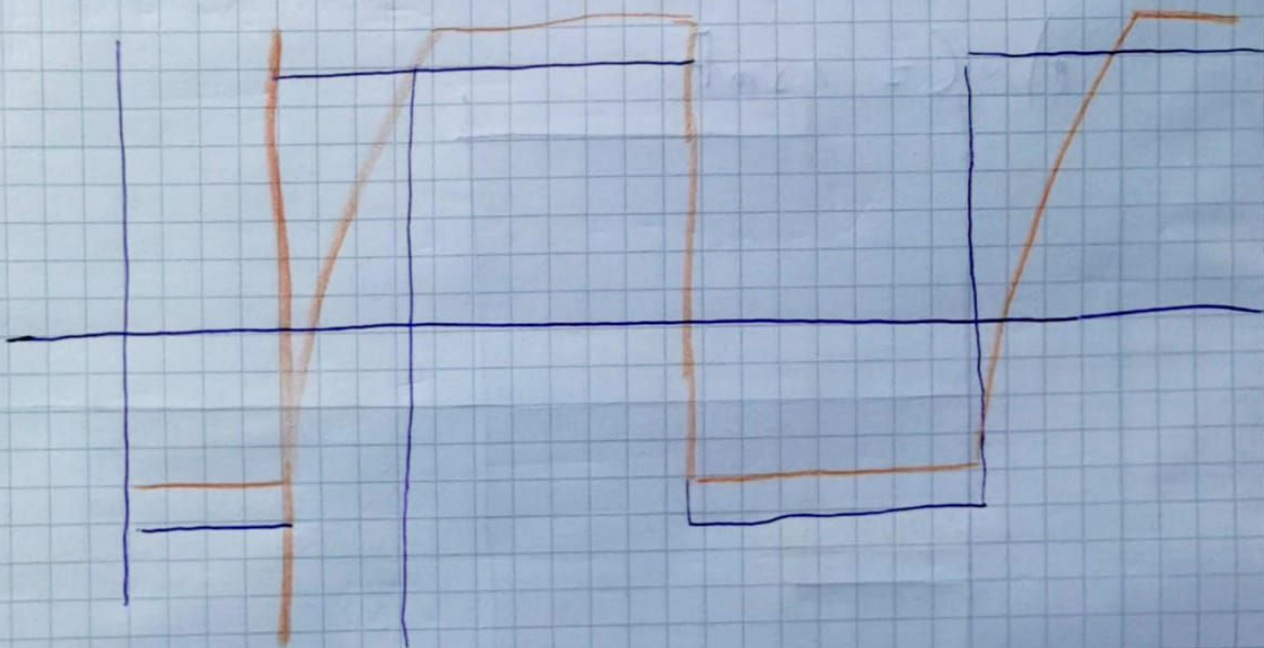
$$t_h = RC \ln 2 = 10 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 1,5 \cdot 10^{-9} \cdot 0,7 = 10,5 \mu s$$
$$t_{h \text{ măsurat}} = 10,0002 \mu s$$



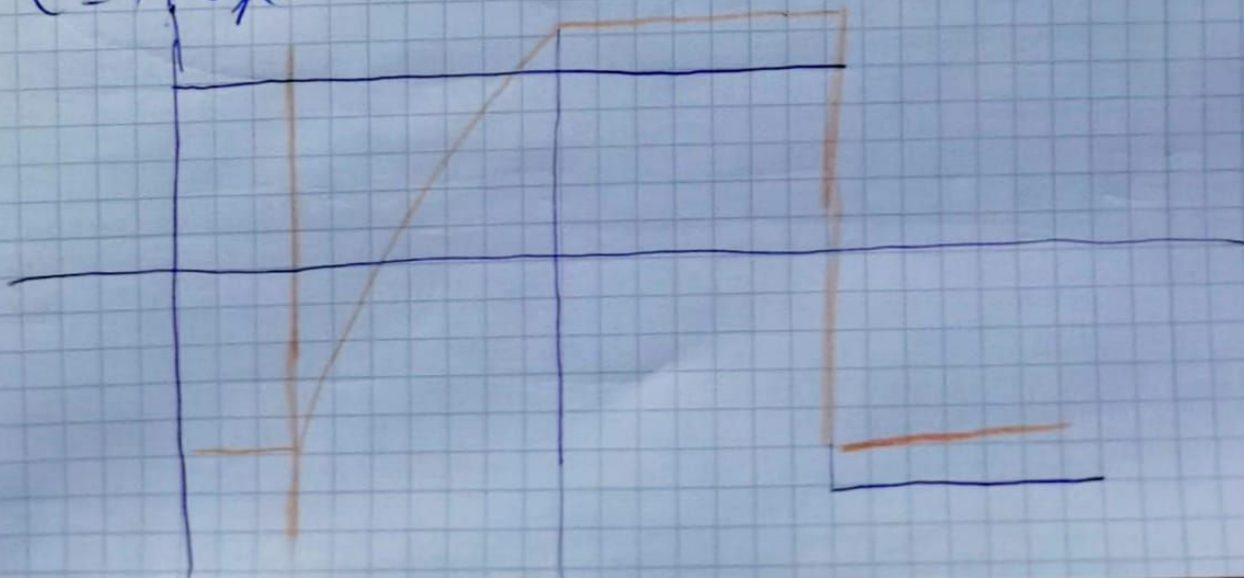
a)  $C = 100 \mu F$



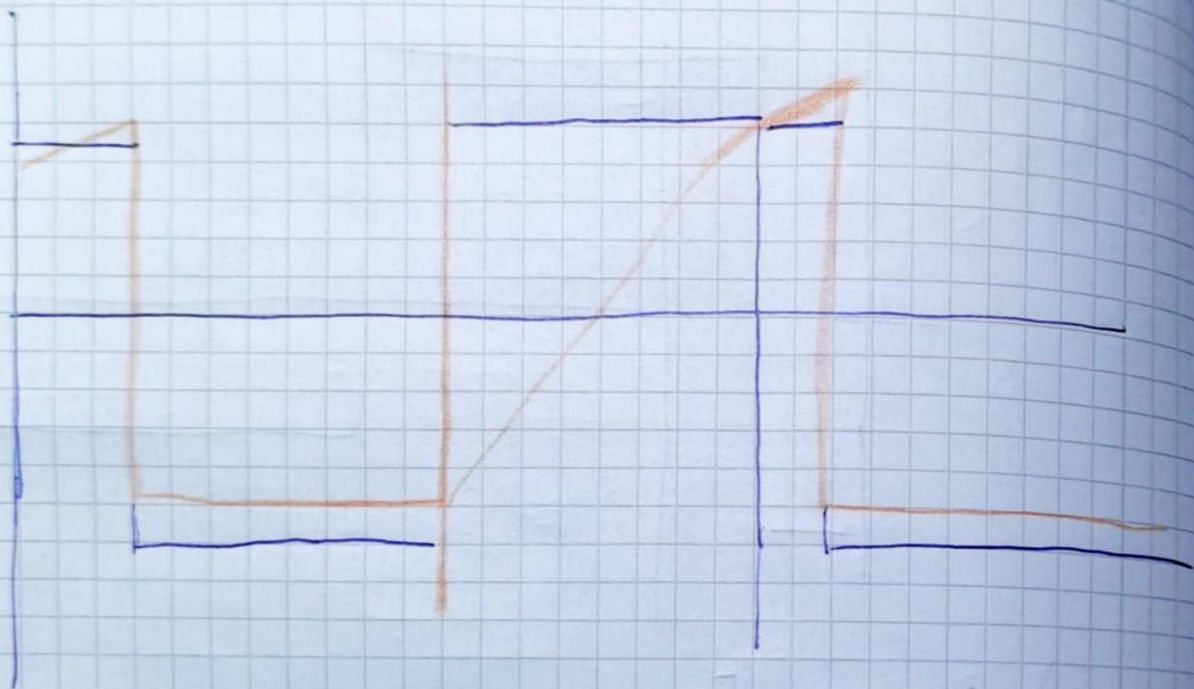
b)  $C = 220 \mu F$



c)  $C = 470 \mu F$



d)  $C = 1 \text{ nF}$



e)  $C = 1.5 \text{ nF}$

