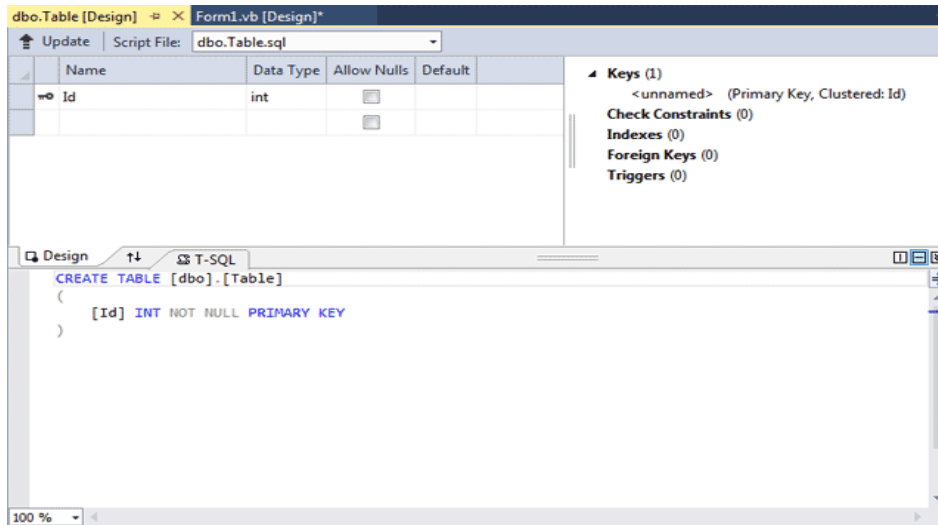


Create a Database Table - VS Express 2013/2015

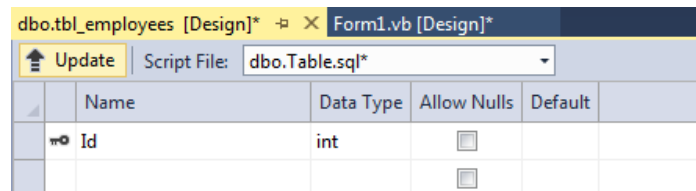
When you click Add New Table in Visual Studio Express/Ultimate, you'll see this screen appear in the middle:



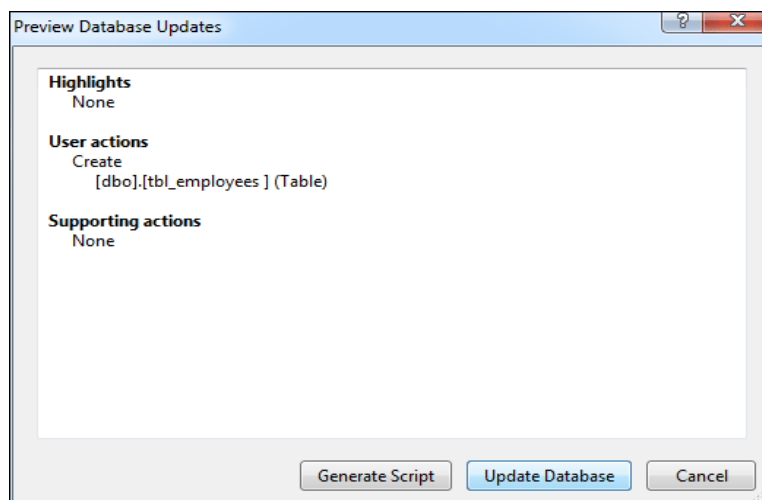
The first thing we can do is to give the table a name. In the bottom half of the screen above, delete the word Table between the square brackets. Type the name tbl_employees instead:

CREATE TABLE [dbo].[tbl_employees]

Now click the **Update** button, which is top left of the table designer:




You should then see the following screen:



Click **Update Database** to return to the table designer. We can now set up the columns that are going into the table.

The first column name, **Id**, has already been set up:

dbo.tbl_employees [Design] - X					
Update		Script File: dbo.Table.sql			
	Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls	Default	
	Id	int	<input type="checkbox"/>		
			<input type="checkbox"/>		

The Data Type is OK on **int**, which is short for Integer. The column has a key symbol to the left, which means it is the Primary Key. This is OK, too. The Allow Nulls is unchecked, which is what you want for a Primary Key. This means you can't have duplicate item for this column.

One thing we can do for the Id column is to have it update itself automatically. When you add a new item to the database, the next integer in the sequence will be added to the Id column. To set the Id column to Auto Increment, highlight the Id row then take a look at the properties area bottom right. Expand the **Identity Specification** item:

Properties

Id Column

Collation

Computed Column S

Data Typeint

Default Value or Bind

Description

Full Text SpecificationFalse

Identity SpecificationFalse

(Is Identity)False

Identity Increment

Identity Seed

Is Column SetFalse

Is File StreamFalse

Is ROWGUID ColumnFalse

Identity Specification

Expands to show properties specific to identity columns.

Now set **Is Identity** to **True**:

Properties

Id Column

Collation

Computed Column S

Data Typeint

Default Value or Bind

Description

Full Text SpecificationFalse

Identity SpecificationTrue

(Is Identity)True

Identity Increment1

Identity Seed1

Is Column SetFalse

Is File StreamFalse

Is ROWGUID ColumnFalse

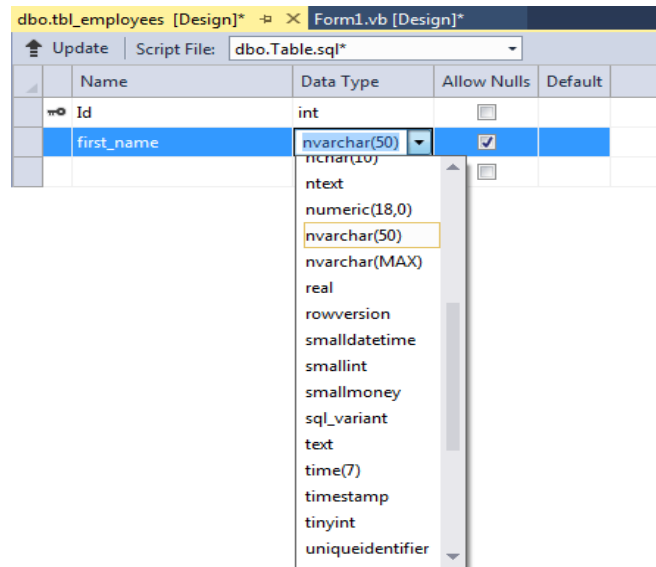
(Is Identity)

Specifies whether the column is the identity column for the table.

The Identity Increment has a default of 1, meaning 1 will get added to the Id column every time a new entry is added to the table.

With the Id column set up, we can add more columns.

Click in the **Name** box just below Id at the top of your table designer. Now type the new column heading **first_name**. We want this to be text. So for the **Data Type**, select **nvarchar(50)**, meaning a maximum of 50 characters:



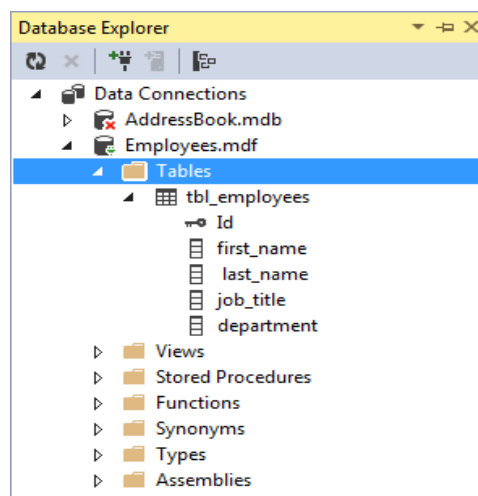
The **Allow Nulls** is ok checked.

Add a third column by clicking into the Name box again. This time, type **last_name**. Set the Data Type to nvarchar(50), just as before. Leave Allow Nulls checked.

We only need two more columns, **job_title** and **department**. Add this using the same technique as above. When you're done, your table designer will look like this:

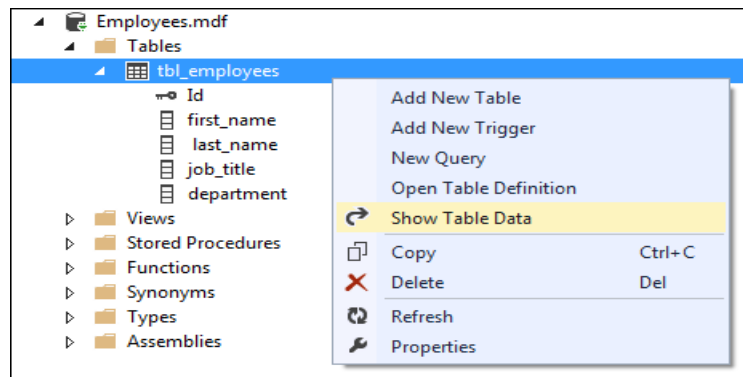
dbo.tbl_employees [Design]*					
Update Script File: dbo.Table.sql*					
	Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls	Default	
	Id	int	<input type="checkbox"/>		
	first_name	nvarchar(50)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
	last_name	nvarchar(50)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
	job_title	nvarchar(50)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
	department	nvarchar(50)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
			<input type="checkbox"/>		

Again, click the Update button to save your changes. Now have a look at the Database Explorer on the left. You should find that your new columns are displayed:



Now that we have all the columns set up, we can add some data to the table.

To add data to your table, right click the name of your table in the Database Explorer. Then click **Show Table Data**:



When you click on **Show Table Data** you'll see a new screen appear in the middle. This one:

dbo.tbl_employees_ [Data] ⌵ ✕					
Max Rows: 1000 ⌵ ⌵					
	Id	first_name	last_name	job_title	department
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

The columns are the ones we set up earlier. Each row will be a single entry in the table.

Because we set the Id column to Auto Increment, it means we don't have to type anything into this box. So click into the text box under **first_name**. Enter **Adara**. Now press the Tab key on your keyboard. You'll be taken to the next text box to the right, the **last_name** field. Enter **Hussein** as the last name. Press the Tab key again to go to the **job_title** text box. Enter **Lead Programmer** here. Tab across again to the **department** text box and enter **IT**. Your screen will then look like this:

dbo.tbl_employees_ [Data] ⌵ ✕					
Max Rows: 1000 ⌵ ⌵					
	Id	first_name	last_name	job_title	department
	NULL	Adara	Hussein	Lead Program..	IT
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

As you can see, there are red warning circles on the previous three entries. This is because the data hasn't been committed to the table. To get rid of the warning circles simply tab to the next row down. Tab to the first_name field again, on row two this time. (You can also just click inside a text box.)

Now enter the following data in your table:

first_name	last_name	job_title	department
Hamal	Ata	Network Engineer	IT
Harris	Hameed	Systems Analyst	IT
Tansy	Lakshman	Writing Assistant	Creative
Orenda	Khan	Head of Tuition	Teaching
Tadi	Patel	Network Engineer	IT
Zoe	Walker	Head of Design	Creative
Alice	Thyne	Tutor	Teaching
Jake	Jaloore	Graphic Artist	Creative

When you're finished, your table data screen should look like this:

dbo.tbl_employees_[Data] X					
Max Rows: 1000					
	Id	first_name	last_name	job_title	department
	1	Adara	Hussein	Lead Programmer	IT
	2	Hamal	Ata	Network Engineer	IT
	3	Harris	Hameed	Systems Analyst	IT
	4	Tansy	Lakshman	Writing Assistant	Creative
	5	Orenda	Khan	Head of Tuition	Teaching
	6	Tadi	Patel	Network Engineer	IT
	7	Zoe	Walker	Head of Design	Creative
	8	Alice	Thyne	Tutor	Teaching
	9	Jake	Jaloore	Graphic Artist	Creative
▶*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Now that you have a database with some data in it, we can move on. Before you close this solution, remember where you saved it to, and the name of your project. If you left everything on the defaults when you installed Visual Studio, then your projects will be in your Documents folder. The database will be in the folder created for this database project.

Save your work, and you will have created your very first Compact SQL Server Express database! But it's a huge subject, and whole books have been written about SQL Server. We can only touch on the very basics here. What we do have, though, is a database we can open with C# .NET programming code.