

Nombre = Vladimir Gonzalez

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ID = 000131644

Parcial #2

1.

$$a - 155,4087104999 = 155,41$$

$$b - 637,9980000009 = 638$$

$$c - 0,754910899 = 0,75491$$

$$d - 4,999599999 = 4,9996$$

$$e - 709,430999997 = 709,43$$

2.

$$\tilde{x} = 0,5$$

$$\Delta \tilde{x} = 0,001$$

$$x \in [\tilde{x} - \Delta \tilde{x}, \tilde{x} + \Delta \tilde{x}]$$

$$x \in [0,499, 0,501]$$

$$\Delta_F(\tilde{x}) = |f'(\tilde{x})| \Delta \tilde{x}$$

$$\Delta_F(0,5) = 2 \cdot 0,5$$

$$\Delta_F(0,5) = |3 \cos((0,5^2 - 1))| \cdot 0,001$$

$$\Delta_F(0,5) = 0,0021950666$$

Derivada

$$f(x) = 3 \sin(x^2 - 1)$$

$$\Delta_F(0,5) = 2,195 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\Delta_F(0,5) = 2,195 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$f'(x) = 6x \cos(x^2 - 1)$$

$$f(x) \in [0,013084 - 0,0021950666, 0,013084 + 0,0021950666]$$

$$f(x) \in [0,0108889334, 0,0152790666]$$

3. $f(3,001)$

$h = 3,001 - 3$

$f(x) = 0,75x^4 - 1,25x^3 + 2,5x + 0,5$

$h = 0,001$

$x = 3$

Derivadas

hallar x_i

$f(x) = 0,75x^4 - 1,25x^3 + 2,5x + 0,5$

$x_i = 3$

$f'(x) = 3x^3 - 3,75x^2 + 2,5$

$x_{i+1} = 3,001$

$f''(x) = 9x^2 - 7,5x$

$h = 0,001$

$f'''(x) = 18x - 7,5$

Orden 0

$f(x_{i+1}) \approx f(x_i) \quad [1]$

$f(3,001) \approx f(3) = 0,75(3)^4 - 1,25(3)^3 + 2,5(3) + 0,5 = 35,0475$

Orden 1

$f(3,001) \approx 35 + f'(3) \cdot 0,001 = 35,04 + (49,80 \cdot 0,001) = 35,08975$

Orden 2

$f(3,001) \approx 35,08975 + \frac{f''(3)}{2!} \cdot (0,001)^2 = 35,08975 + \frac{9(3)^2 - 7,5(3)}{2} \cdot (0,001)^2 = 35,08977925$

Orden 3

$f(3,001) \approx 35,08977925 + \frac{f'''(3)}{3!} \cdot (0,001)^3 = 35,08977925 + \frac{18(3) - 7,5}{6} \cdot (0,001)^3 = 35,08977926$

Valor verdadero

$f(3,001) = 0,75(3,001)^4 - 1,25(3,001)^3 + 2,5(3,001) + 0,5$

$= 35,04977926$

$$4. f(x) = 0,2x^5 + 0,1x^4 - 0,5x^3 - 0,2x^2 + x + 2$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\text{tamaño } h = 0,001$$

Valores verdaderos

$$f'(3) = 78,1$$

$$f''(3) = 109,4$$

$$f(x) = 48,6 + 8,1 - 13,5 - 1,8 + 3 + 2 = 46,4$$

$$f'(x) = x^4 + 0,4x^3 - 1,5x^2 - 0,4x + 1$$

$$f''(x) = 4x^3 + 1,2x^2 - 3x - 0,4$$

Diferencia finita hacia adelante

$$f'(x_i) \approx \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_i)}{h} = \frac{46,27815472 - 46,4}{0,001} = 78,15472$$

$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+2}) - 2f(x_{i+1}) + f(x_i)}{h^2} = \frac{46,55641895 - 2(46,47815472) + 46,4}{(0,001)^2} = 109,51$$

Diferencia finita hacia atrás

$$f'(x_i) \approx \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})}{h} = \frac{46,4 - 46,32195468}{0,001} = 78,04532$$

$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_i) - 2f(x_{i-1}) + f(x_{i-2}))}{h^2} = \frac{46,4 - 2(46,32195468) + 46,24401865}{(0,001)^2} = 109,29$$

Diferencia finita centrada

$$f'(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_{i-1}))}{2h} = \frac{46,47815472 - 46,32195468}{2 \cdot 0,001} = 78,10002$$

$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - 2f(x_i) + f(x_{i-1}))}{h^2} = \frac{46,47815472 - 2(46,4) + 46,32195468}{0,001^2} = 109,4$$