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Факультет: «Информационные технологии и прикладная математика» Кафедра: 806 «Вычислительная математика и программирование»

Лабораторная работа по курсу «ООП»

Тема: Итераторы и умные указатели.

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1. Код программы на языке С++:

square.h:

```
#ifndef D_SQUARE_H_
#define D_SQUARE_H_
#include <iostream>
#include <assert.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "vertex.hpp"
template<class T>
struct Square {
  Square(std::istream &is);
  int IsCorrect() const;
  vertex<double> Center() const;
  void Print() const;
  double Area() const;
private:
  vertex<T> one,two,three,four;
};
template<class T>
Square<T>::Square(std::istream &is){
  is >> one >> two >> three >> four;
  assert(IsCorrect());
}
template<class T>
int Square<T>::IsCorrect() const {
  const T \text{ vec1}_x = \text{two.x} - \text{one.x};
  const T vec1_y = two.y - one.y;
  const T vec2 x = three.x - two.x;
  const T vec2_y = three.y - two.y;
  const T vec3_x = four.x - one.x;
  const T vec3_y = four.y - one.y;
  const T vec4_x = four.x - three.x;
  const T vec4_y = four.y - three.y;
```

```
const T dotProduct1 = vec1_x * vec2_x + vec1_y * vec2_y;
  const T dotProduct2 = vec3_x * vec1_x + vec3_y * vec1_y;
  const T dotProduct3 = vec3_x * vec4_x + vec3_y * vec4_y;
  const T vec1_length = sqrt(vec1_x * vec1_x + vec1_y * vec1_y);
  const T vec2_length = sqrt(vec2_x * vec2_x + vec2_y * vec2_y);
  if (dotProduct1 == 0 && dotProduct2 == 0 && dotProduct3 == 0 && vec1 length
== vec2_length) {
    return 1;
  }
  return 0;
}
template<class T>
vertex<double> Square<T>::Center() const {
  vertex<double> center;
  center = (one + three) / 2;
  return center;
}
template<class T>
void Square<T>::Print() const {
  std::cout << "Vertices: " << one << " " << two << " " << three << " " << four << \
n';
  std::cout << "Area:" << Area() << std::endl;
  std::cout << "Center:" << Center() << std::endl;</pre>
}
template<class T>
double Square<T>::Area() const {
  const T \text{ vec} X = \text{two.} x - \text{one.} x;
  const T vecY = two.y - one.y;
  return vecX * vecX + vecY * vecY;
}
#endif
vertex.h:
#ifndef D VERTEX H
#define D_VERTEX_H_
```

```
#include <iostream>
template<class T>
struct vertex {
  T x, y;
};
template<class T>
std::istream& operator>> (std::istream& is, vertex<T>& v){
  is >> v.x >> v.y;
  return is;
}
template<class T>
std::ostream& operator<< (std::ostream& os, const vertex<T>& v){
  os << "(" << v.x << ", " << v.y << ") ";
  return os:
}
template<class T>
vertex<T> operator+ (const vertex<T> lhs,const vertex<T> rhs){
  vertex<T> res;
  res.x = lhs.x + rhs.x;
  res.y = lhs.y + rhs.y;
  return res;
}
template<class T>
vertex<T> operator/ (const vertex<T> vert, const int num) {
  vertex<T> res:
  res.x = vert.x / num;
  res.y = vert.y / num;
  return res;
}
#endif
list.h:
#ifndef _D_LIST_H
#define _D_LIST_H
#include <iterator>
#include <memory>
#include <iostream>
```

```
namespace container {
template<class T>
class list {
private:
  struct node t;
public:
  struct forward_iterator {
     using value_type = T;
     using reference = T&;
     using pointer = T*;
     using difference_type = ptrdiff_t;
     using iterator_category = std::forward_iterator_tag;
     forward_iterator(node_t* ptr) : ptr_(ptr) {};
     T& operator*();
     forward iterator& operator++();
     forward_iterator operator++(int);
     bool operator==(const forward_iterator& it) const;
     bool operator!=(const forward_iterator& it) const;
     private:
       node_t* ptr_;
       friend list:
  };
  forward_iterator begin();
  forward_iterator end();
  void push(const T& value);
  void insert(const forward_iterator& it, const T& value);
  void insert(const int& pos, const T& value);
  void erase(const forward_iterator& it);
  void erase(int pos);
  void popFront();
  void printTail();
  list() = default;
  list(const list&) = delete;
  T operator[](int pos);
private:
  struct node_t {
     T value;
     std::unique_ptr<node_t> nextNode = nullptr;
     forward_iterator next();
```

```
node_t(const T& value, std::unique_ptr<node_t> next) : value(value),
nextNode(std::move(next)) {};
  };
  std::unique_ptr<node_t> head = nullptr;
  node_t* tail = nullptr;
  list& operator=(const list&);
};
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::node_t::next() {
  return nextNode.get();
}
template<class T>
T& list<T>::forward iterator::operator*() {
  return ptr_->value;
}
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator& list<T>::forward_iterator::operator++() {
  *this = ptr_->next();
  return *this;
}
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward iterator list<T>::forward iterator::operator++(int) {
  forward_iterator old = *this;
  ++*this;
  return old;
}
template<class T>
bool list<T>::forward_iterator::operator!=(const forward_iterator& it) const {
  return ptr != it.ptr ;
}
template<class T>
bool list<T>::forward_iterator::operator==(const forward_iterator& it) const {
  return ptr_ == it.ptr_;
}
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::begin() {
  return head.get();
}
```

```
template<class T>
typename list<T>::forward_iterator list<T>::end() {
  return nullptr;
}
template<class T>
void list<T>::push(const T& value) {
  insert(this->begin(), value);
}
template<class T>
void list<T>::insert(const forward_iterator& it, const T& value) {
  std::unique_ptr<node_t> newNode(new node_t(value, nullptr));
  if (head == nullptr) {
    head = std::move(newNode);
  } else if (head->nextNode == nullptr) {
    if (it.ptr_) {
       tail = head.get();
       newNode->nextNode = std::move(head);
       head = std::move(newNode);
     } else {
       tail = newNode.get();
       head->nextNode = std::move(newNode);
  } else if (head.get() == it.ptr_) {
    newNode->nextNode = std::move(head);
    head = std::move(newNode);
  } else if (it.ptr_ == nullptr) {
     tail->nextNode = std::move(newNode);
    tail = newNode.get();
  } else {
     auto temp = this->begin();
     while (temp.ptr_->next() != it.ptr_) {
       ++temp;
     }
    newNode->nextNode = std::move(temp.ptr_->nextNode);
    temp.ptr_->nextNode = std::move(newNode);
  }
}
template<class T>
void list<T>::insert(const int& pos, const T& value) {
  int i = 0;
```

```
auto temp = this->begin();
  if (pos == 0) {
     insert(temp, value);
     return;
  }
  while(i < pos) {
     if (temp.ptr_ == nullptr) {
       break;
     ++temp;
     ++i;
  if (i < pos) {
     throw std::logic_error("Out of bounds");
  this->insert(temp, value);
}
template<class T>
void list<T>::popFront() {
  if (list<T>::head == nullptr) {
     throw std::logic_error("no elements");
  erase(list<T>::begin());
}
template<class T>
void list<T>::erase(const forward_iterator& it) {
  if (it == nullptr) {
     throw std::logic_error("Invalid iterator");
  if(head == nullptr) {
     throw std::logic_error("Deleting from empty list");
  if (it == this->begin()) {
     head = std::move(head->nextNode);
  } else {
     auto temp = this->begin();
     while(temp.ptr_->next() != it.ptr_) {
       ++temp;
     temp.ptr_->nextNode = std::move(it.ptr_->nextNode);
  }
}
```

```
template<class T>
void list<T>::erase(int pos) {
  auto temp = this->begin();
  int i = 0;
  while (i < pos) {
     if(temp.ptr_ == nullptr) {
       break;
     ++temp;
     ++i;
  if (temp.ptr_ == nullptr) {
     throw std::logic_error("Out of bounds");
  }
  erase(temp);
}
template<class T>
T list<T>::operator[](int pos) {
  auto temp = this->begin();
  int i = 0;
  while (i < pos) {
     if (temp.ptr_ == nullptr) {
       break;
     }
     ++temp;
     ++i;
  if (temp.ptr_ == nullptr) {
     throw std::logic_error("Out of bounds");
  } else {
     return temp.ptr_->value;
}
}
#endif
main.cpp:
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include "list.hpp"
```

```
#include "square.hpp"
int main() {
  container::list<Square<double>> list;
  int command, pos;
  while(true) {
     std::cout << std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout << "0 - quit" << std::endl;
     std::cout << "1 - add element to list by index or push front" << std::endl;
     std::cout << "2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by
iterator)" << std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout << "3 - range-based for print" << std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout << "4 - count_if example" << std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout << "5 - print element by [index]" << std::endl;
     std::cin >> command;
     if(command == 0) {
        break;
     \} else if(command == 1) {
        std::cout << "Enter coordinates" << std::endl;</pre>
        Square<double> square(std::cin);
        std::cout << "1 - PushFront" << std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "2 - insert by index" << std::endl;
        std::cin >> command;
        if(command == 1) {
          list.push(square);
          continue;
        } else if(command == 2) {
          std::cout << "Enter index" << std::endl;</pre>
          std::cin >> pos;
          list.insert(pos, square);
          continue;
        } else {
          std::cout << "Wrong command" << std::endl;</pre>
          std::cin >> command;
          continue;
        }
     } else if(command == 2) {
        std::cout << "1 - erase by index" << std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << "2 - erase by iterator" << std::endl;
        std::cout << "3 - pop front" << std::endl;</pre>
```

```
if(command == 1) {
          std::cout << "Enter index" << std::endl;
          std::cin >> pos;
          list.erase(pos);
          continue;
        } else if(command == 2) {
          std::cout << "Enter index" << std::endl;</pre>
          std::cin >> pos;
          auto temp = list.begin();
          for(int i = 0; i < pos; ++i) {
             ++temp;
          list.erase(temp);
          continue;
        } else if (command == 3) {
          try {
             list.popFront();
          } catch(std::exception& e) {
             std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;</pre>
             continue;
          }
        }
       else {
          std::cout << "Wrong command" << std::endl;</pre>
          std::cin >> command;
          continue;
        }
     } else if(command == 3) {
       for(const auto& item : list) {
          item.Print();
          continue;
        }
     } else if(command == 4) {
       std::cout << "Enter required area" << std::endl;</pre>
       std::cin >> pos;
       std::cout << "Number of squares with area less than " << pos << " equals ";
       std::cout << std::count_if(list.begin(), list.end(), [pos](Square<double>
square) {return square.Area() < pos;}) << std::endl;</pre>
       continue;
     } else if (command == 5) {
```

std::cin >> command;

```
std::cout << "Enter index to print for" << std::endl;</pre>
       std::cin >> pos;
       try {
          list[pos].Print();
        } catch(std::exception& e) {
          std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;</pre>
          continue;
        }
       continue;
     } else {
       std::cout << "Wrong command" << std::endl;</pre>
       continue;
     }
  }
  return 0;
}
```

2. Ссылка на репозиторий на GitHub.

https://github.com/vladiq/oop_exercise_05

3. Набор тестов.

```
test_01.test:
1
10
11
01
00
1
2
3
0
test_02.test:
20
22
02
00
2
0
```

1 10 0

```
10 10
0.10
0.0
4
1000
0
0
test_03.test:
1
10
1 1
0.1
0.0
4
0
0
                      4. Результаты выполнения тестов.
test_01.result:
```

```
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
Enter coordinates
1 - PushFront
2 - insert by iterator
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
1 - erase by index
2 - erase by iterator
3 - pop front
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
```

test_02.result:

```
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
Enter coordinates
1 - PushFront
2 - insert by iterator
Enter index
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
Enter coordinates
1 - PushFront
2 - insert by iterator
Wrong command
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
Enter index to print for
Vertices: (2, 0) (2, 2) (0, 2) (0, 0)
Area:4
Center: (1, 1)
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
```

test_03.result:

```
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
rator)
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
Enter coordinates
1 - PushFront
2 - insert by iterator
Wrong command
0 - quit
1 - add element to list by iterator or PushFront
2 - delete element from list (pop front / erase by index / erase by ite
3 - range-based for print
4 - count_if example
5 - print element by [index]
```

5. Объяснение результатов работы программы.

Площадь квадрата находится путем получения квадрата стороны, а геометрический центр — как точка пересечения его диагоналей. Все ошибки в списке обрабатываются try-catch, а если пользователь вводит некорректную фигуру, то вызывается assert().

6. Вывод.

Выполняя данную лабораторную, я получил опыт работы с итераторами и умными указателями в C++. Узнал о применении итераторов в STL. Понял, как важно использовать свое пространство имен при создании своего контейнера. Умение работать с умными указателями позволяет избежать утечек памяти.