

#### **Installing OpenMPI**

apt-get install libopenmpi-dev openmpi-bin openmpi-doc openmpi-common



#### **Compiling and running MPI programs**

mpicc test.c

mpirun –np 4 a.out mpirun –np 3 date Starts 4 processes. Possibly on different machines.

They are identical but have different ids.
Works with non-MPI programs.

./a.out ← Works but starts only one process.



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
      int rank;
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
      return 0;
```



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
                                      Start MPI Process
      int rank;
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
      return 0;
```



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
                                        Get the id (rank)
      int rank;
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
      return 0;
```



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
                                     Get the total number of
      int rank;
                                     processed
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
      return 0;
```



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
      int rank;
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
                                    Print hello from all
      return 0;
                                    processes.
```



```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
      int rank;
      int nProcesses;
      MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
      MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
      MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
      printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
      MPI_Finalize();
                                   Stop the MPI
      return 0;
                                   environment.
```



#### MPI example executed

```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    int rank;
    int nProcesses;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
    printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

#### Hello from 0/4

```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    int rank;
    int nProcesses;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
    printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

Hello from 2/4

```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    int rank;
    int nProcesses;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
    printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

#### Hello from 3/4

```
#include<mpi.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    int rank;
    int nProcesses;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &nProcesses);
    printf("Hello from %i/%i\n", rank, nProcesses);
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

Hello from 1/4

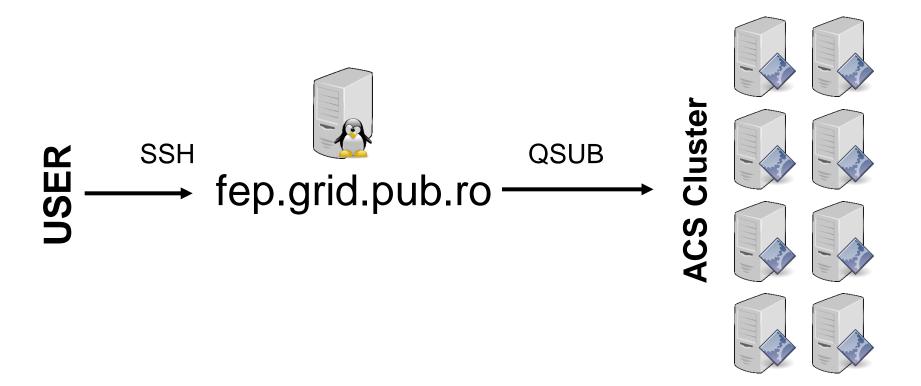


#### **MPI** memory

- There is no such thing as shared memory in MPI
- All variables are local per process (equivalent to private in OpenMP)
- To get information from one process to the other you have to use explicit communication
  - Send/Recv
  - Broadcast
  - Scatter
  - Gather



#### Running on the cluster





#### **Account**

# cs.curs.pub.ro Account

name.familyName



#### **QSUB**

### **Parameters**

-cwd (change working directory)-q queue\_name (select a queue)



### Run on fep.grid.pub.ro:

```
gsub -cwd -pe openmpi*1 <nTasks> <<EOF
```

- > module load libraries/openmpi-1.6-gcc-4.7.0
- > mpirun -n <nTasks> ./executable name
- > EOF

### **Current Working Directory** Makes sure the input/output files are taken/placed in the current directory.



## Run on fep.grid.pub.ro:

```
qsub -cwd -pe openmpi*1 <nTasks> <<EOF
```

- > module load libraries/openmpi-1.6-gcc-4.7.0
- > mpirun -n <nTasks> ./executable\_name
- > EOF

### Specify how many machines/tasks to use



## Run on fep.grid.pub.ro:

```
qsub -cwd -pe openmpi*1 <nTasks> <<EOF
```

- > module load libraries/openmpi-1.6-gcc-4.7.0
- > mpirun -n <nTasks> ./executable\_name
- > EOF

### Bash shorthand tells qsub a script is following The script is surrounded by EOF



# Using a bash script bash script:

qsub -cwd -pe openmpi\*1 <nTasks> script.sh

script.sh contents: #!/bin/bash module load libraries/openmpi-1.6-gcc-4.7.0 mpirun –n <nTasks> ./executable\_name