DETWIRCHE SCIENTIFIQUE RAPPER la mithade explicite a Euler Le problème de Cauchy: $\begin{cases} dq = \int (t, q(t)) \\ q(0) = q. \end{cases}$ la méthode de resolution nunerique la glu simple est la milhoor explique d'Euler C= N N= 4 $t_{0}=0$ $t_{1}=z$ $t_{2}=2z$ $t_{3}=3z$ $t_{4}=4z$ $q_{y} \approx q(t_{y} = T)$ q_{\circ} $q_{\circ} \approx q(t_1)$ $q_{\circ} \approx q(t_2)$ $q_{\circ} \approx q(t_3)$ le ochina (milhode) explicate d'Edu s'expline par un formule de récurerce à 2 termes: SCHOIA $q_{n+1} = q_n + \zeta \int_{\Gamma} (t_n, q_n) = t_{n}$ ANE[I,N], RAPPEC: les suites Ex: la suite de Fibonacci

$$\begin{array}{c} \left(\begin{array}{c} u_{0}=0 \\ u_{1}=1 \\ u_{1}=1 \\ u_{1}=2 \\ u_{1}+u_{1}, \end{array}\right) \sqrt{r} \in \mathbb{N} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Application: \quad u_{2}=1 \\ u_{3}=u_{1}+u_{2}=1+1=2 \\ u_{4}=u_{2}+u_{3}=1+2=3 \\ u_{5}=u_{5}+u_{4}=2+3=5 \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Sutc \ gionifiques \\ u_{0}=a \\ u_{1}=n \ u_{r} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} u_{0}=a \\ u_{1}=n \ u_{r} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} u_{0}=a \\ u_{1}=n \ u_{r} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{1}=a \\ sin \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{2}=a \\ sin \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{1}=a \\ sin \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{2}=a \\ sin \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{1}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{2}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{3}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{4}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{1}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{2}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{3}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{4}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{1}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{2}=a \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} S_{3}=a \\ \end{array}$$

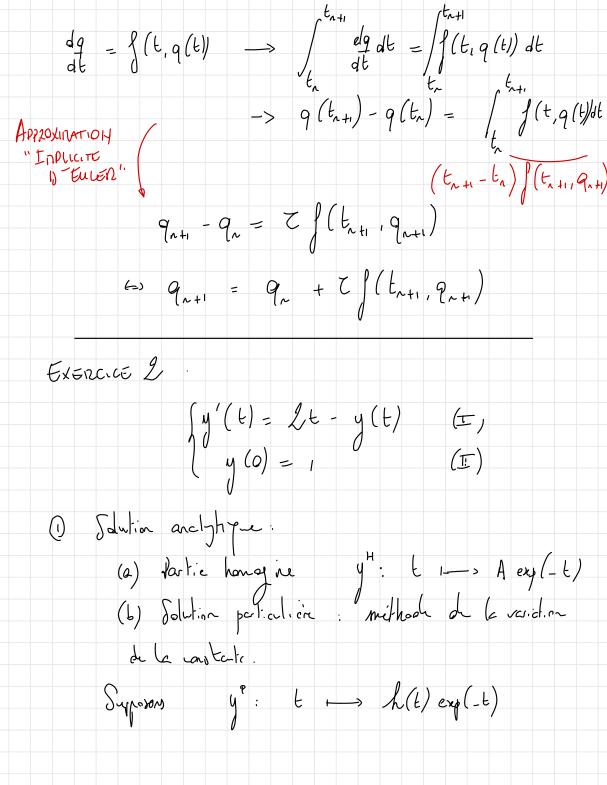
$$\begin{array}{c} S_{4}=a \\ \end{array}$$

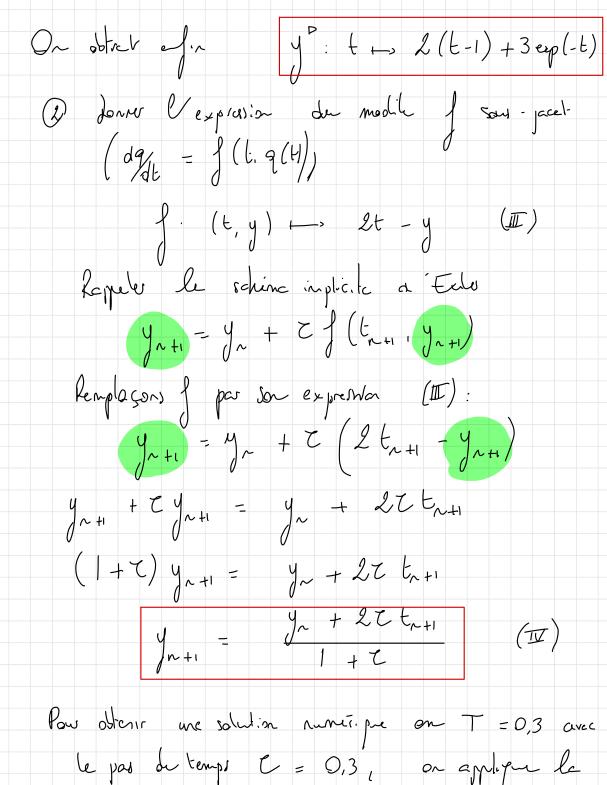
SCHEIN $q_{n+1} = q_n + C \int_{0}^{\infty} (t_n, q_n) = t_n$ VN E[I, N], RAPPER (THERIPO) Forction d'éter. In (P,V,T) = 0 FONCTIONS IMPLICITES

Ex G.P.

h: (x, y, z) - xy - mRz

h: (P, V, T) - PV - mRT Schina impliale d'Euler: $h:(x,y) \longrightarrow x-y-zf(t_{n+1},x)$ h: (9,1,9) -> 9,+1-9,- 2 fltni, 9,+1) 9n+1=9n+ = f(tn+1,9n+1) = h(9n+1,9n) = 0 CONSTRUCTION GRAPHIQUE g. t _s f(t, q(t)) 9(0,q₀) t=0 t=z





formula
$$T = 0.3 = 3$$
 for $T = T = T = 1$

Introduction:

 $T = 0.3 = 3$ for $T = T = T = 1$
 $T = 0.3$
 $T =$

-> INVUCIT $y_{n+1} = y_n + \zeta \int (t_{n+1}, y_{n+1}) = y_n + \zeta (2t_{n+1} - y_{n+1}^2)$ =) Tyn+1 - yn+1 - (27tn+1+yn)=0 Incomm (II) et $x = y^2$ Poins a = T b = -1 c = -27t, - y, $a x^2 + bx + c = 0$ du 2nd a x = 0Alon (II) sicil: Deux antres schences penset itre construits fecilement de leçon graphique: le mithade des tropiques at le mithade du point milieu

