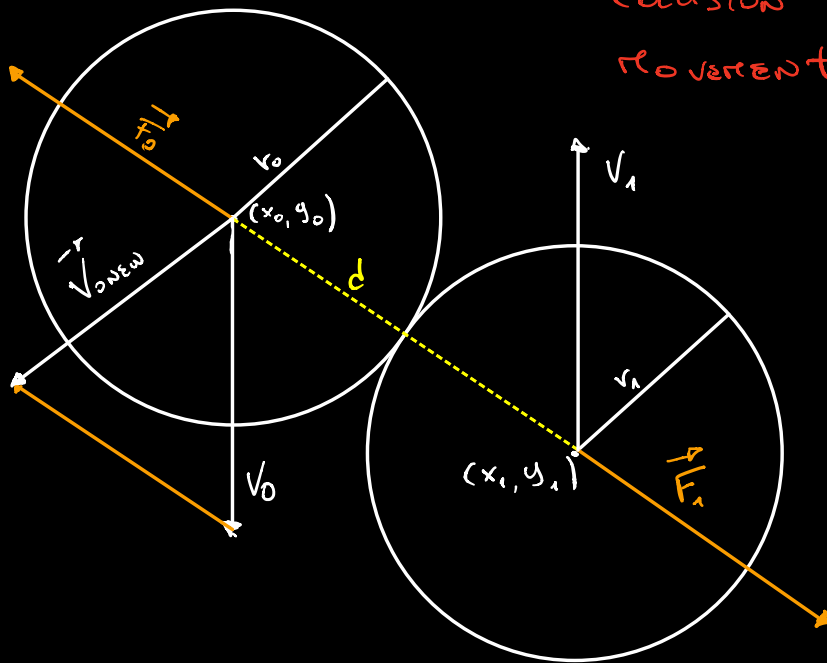


Collision of 2 Balls in  
reversent with same  
mass



$$d = 2r = \text{diameter} = (x_0, y_0) - (x_1, y_1) = \vec{v} - \vec{s}$$

if Balls have same size  $\frac{u}{v} \quad \frac{s}{s}$

$$dx = (x_0 - x_1)$$

$$dy = (y_0 - y_1)$$

$$\vec{F}_0 = \vec{u} \cdot \alpha$$

Unit Vector  
in the direction  
of d

Velocity

$\alpha$  in 1D case is a constant

$$\vec{u} = \frac{d}{\|d\|}$$

$$\|d\| = d \cdot d^T = \sqrt{d_1^2 + d_2^2}$$

$$\vec{v}_{0\text{new}} = \vec{v}_0 + \vec{F}_0$$

$$\vec{v}_{1\text{new}} = \vec{v}_1 + \vec{F}_1$$

Same thing for  $\vec{F}_1$ , but use the unit vector or  
the velocity in opposite direction,