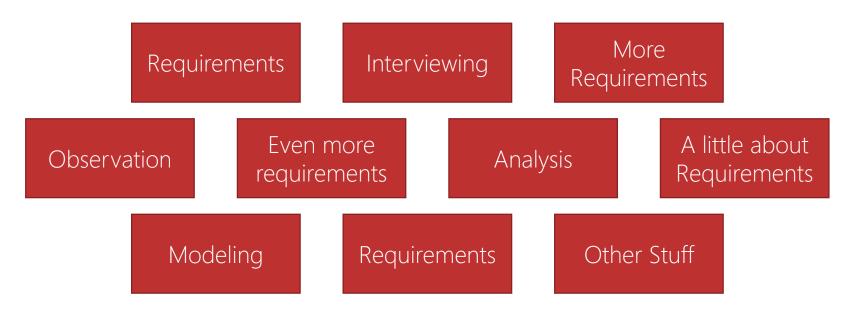
Fundamentals of Business Analysis

This course = everything you need to get started as a BA.



Don't just binge-watch the videos. Do the work!

Don't Stay Stuck!

Question-answering process:

- 1. Google around a little bit
- 2. E-mail me at don.hussey@norwalkaberdeen.com

About Me

Don Hussey Managing Director, NorwalkAberdeen

15+ years of leading and performing business analysis

- Head, Business Analysis Center of Excellence (Bank)
- SVP, Business Analysis and Project Management (Bank)
- VP, Project Manager (Bank)
- VP, International Institute of Business Analysis (NYC Chapter)
- Business Analyst/Project Manager (Different Bank)



- Software development and product management
- Organizational change
- Business process development



About Us

- We have a very narrow focus: business analysis only
 - BA Training
 - BA Coaching
 - BA Advisory & Consulting
- We see ourselves as Business Analysts, not trainers
 - Focus on real-world practice
 - No dogma
 - No nonsense

Fundamentals of Business Analysis

What is Business Analysis?

International Institute of Business Analysis (IIBA):

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx

Project Work

Most of our work is on projects and, regardless of their size, they change our organization.

Pre-Project Work

Work done (usually) to figure out *which* projects to run. Usually called "Strategy Analysis."

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Solutions may include:

Systems

System Features

Business Processes

Policies

Training

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Stakeholder: Anyone impacted by our work.

Management, other departments, regulators, partnering businesses, customers, etc, etc, etc.

Fundamentals of Business Analysis

The Value of Business Analysis

IIBA Definition:

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx

- What happens if an organization isn't enabling change?
- What happens if an organization isn't identifying its needs?
- What happens if an organization isn't finding solutions to its needs?
- What happens if the solutions don't meet the needs of its stakeholders?

IIBA Definition:

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx What happens if an organization isn't enabling change?

The organization does not just stay the same – it loses ground.

Some ramifications could include:

- Loss of customers
- Substantial increase in costs
- Substantial drop in revenues

IIBA Definition:

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx What happens if an organization isn't identifying its needs?

Real Question: How on earth can an organization make positive change, if it doesn't know what it needs?

If it doesn't understand its own needs, the organization will make bad decisions, and business will suffer.

IIBA Definition:

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx What happens if an organization isn't finding solutions to its needs?

Again, the organization is losing ground. It's failing to achieve the positive change it needs to succeed.

IIBA Definition:

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http://www.iiba.org/Careers/What-is-Business-Analysis.aspx What happens if the solutions don't meet the needs of its stakeholders?

Solutions that don't meet the needs of all their stakeholders are poor or incomplete solutions.

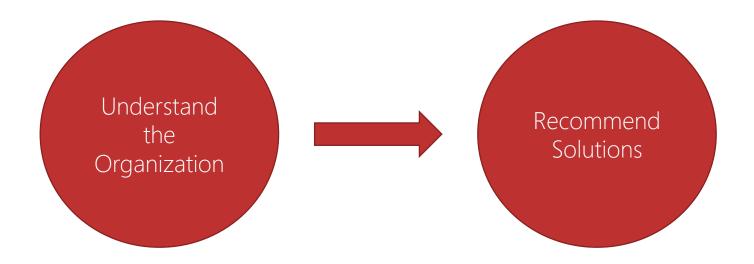
And the more important the need (or stakeholder) that is missed, the worse the solution.

Fundamentals of Business Analysis

What Problems does it Address?

Three typical business analysis scenarios

Business analysis at work!



XYZ Company: Losing customers due to poor service

Approaches to understanding:

- Getting feedback from former customers
- Interviewing Customer Service team
- Analyzing data
- Observing calls

Possible solutions:

- XYZ invests in training for Customer Service team
- XYZ creates a customer service portal
- XYZ appoints a customer advocate

XYZ Company: Slow growth due to lack of online portal

Approaches to understanding:

- Interview internal and external stakeholders
- What features are needed?
- How will those features work?
- What brand impression do we want to portray?

Possible solutions:

- Development of web portal meeting the needs of all the stakeholders
- Or are there other solutions not yet considered?

Government Department: Needs to reduce budget while maintaining services to public

Approaches to understanding:

- Interview stakeholders
- Analyze public service offering

Possible solutions:

- Automate tasks
- Simplify processes

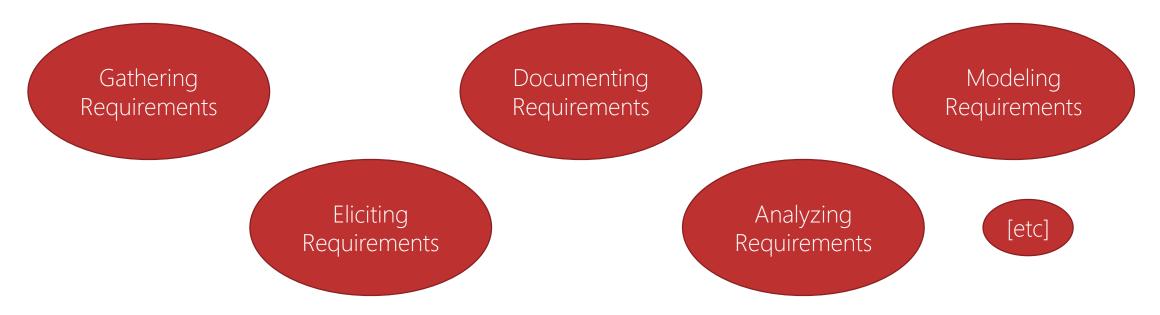
Fundamentals of Business Analysis

Requirements

Requirements

Requirements are a big deal for us Business Analysts.

Most of our day-to-day activities have something to do with them:



The IIBA/BABOK Definition

Requirement (ruh-kwai-er-mint)

"A requirement is a usable representation of a need. Requirements focus on understanding what kind of value could be delivered if a requirement is fulfilled. The nature of the representation may be a document (or set of documents), but can vary widely depending on the circumstances."

Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge (BABOK), Version 3

Requirements are Representations

Requirement

"A requirement is a usable representation of a need. Requirements focus on understanding what kind of value could be delivered if a requirement is fulfilled. The nature of the representation may be a document (or set of documents), but can vary widely depending on the circumstances."

Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge (BABOK), Version 3

Requirements are documentation.

They can be Word docs. PowerPoints. Prototypes or mockups. Flowcharts. Requirements data in a system.

95% of requirements documentation is in Word docs.

(I made that 95% number up, but it's about right.)

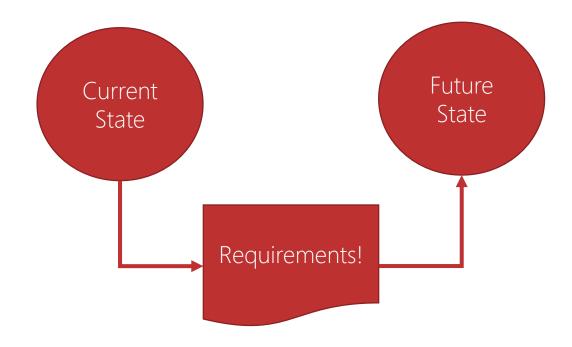
Requirements represent Needs

Requirement

"A requirement is a usable representation of a need. Requirements focus on understanding what kind of value could be delivered if a requirement is fulfilled. The nature of the representation may be a document (or set of documents), but can vary widely depending on the circumstances."

Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge (BABOK), Version 3

Requirements provide the organizational change road map.



(Good) Requirements are Usable

Requirement

"A requirement is a usable representation of a need. Requirements focus on understanding what kind of value could be delivered if a requirement is fulfilled. The nature of the representation may be a document (or set of documents), but can vary widely depending on the circumstances."

Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge (BABOK), Version 3

Requirements need to be easy to use:

- ✓ Easy to read
- ✓ Easy to understand
- ✓Clear
- ✓ Well-structured
- ✓ Straightforward to implement
- ✓ Straightforward to test

Requirements provide Value

Requirement

"A requirement is a usable representation of a need. Requirements focus on understanding what kind of value could be delivered if a requirement is fulfilled. The nature of the representation may be a document (or set of documents), but can vary widely depending on the circumstances."

Guide to the Business Analysis Body of Knowledge (BABOK), Version 3

There is a rationale behind every single requirement.

We Business Analysts need to understand it...

...And maximize that value in our solution.

It is tough, yes, but you can do it.

Fundamentals of Business Analysis

Who Performs Business Analysis?

Category #1: Business Analysts

You had probably already figured this one out.

Category #2: Product Managers

Product Managers are responsible for designing, developing, and managing products for companies.

They have specialized requirements document types that are suited to their specific needs.

Category #3: Product Owners

The role of Product Owner comes from the world of Agile Development.

Product Owners are the "business person" on agile projects.

They manage the list of requirements, prioritize requirements, provide input to the development team on features, and perform other business-related tasks.

Category #4: Technologists

When a project lacks a dedicated BA, sometimes a technologist will step in to do that work.

Category #5: Just about anyone else

[Insert unnecessarily long story about Don's career experiences]

[Insert another one]

Stakeholders providing requirements to you

This can be done in interviews or workshops or simple phone conversations.

These stakeholders are playing a critical role in the analysis process.

Stakeholders reviewing the requirements you've written

These stakeholders usually represent a wide array of roles and expertise.

Their role (in this capacity) is to validate the requirements that have been collected and documented so far.

Fundamentals of Business Analysis

The Business Analyst Role

This Lecture

Two Topics

#0: The mission of the Business Analyst

#1: The day-to-day work of a Business Analyst

The Mission of the Business Analyst

Our mission:

To effect positive change for our companies and customers.

We don't just write requirements.

We are problem-solvers.

Business Analysis:

"The practice of enabling change in an organizational context, by defining needs and recommending solutions that deliver value to stakeholders."

IIBA
http://www.iiba.org/Careers/
What-is-Business-
Analysis.aspx

A Typical Day

8:00 - 9:00	Plan the day
9:00 - 9:30	Daily stand-up meeting
9:30 – 10:00	Help developers with questions/problems
10:00 - 11:00	Research marketing automation
11:00 – 12:00	Meet with head of Marketing to kick off marketing automation project
12:00 – 12:30	Lunch at desk while multitasking
12:30 – 1:00	Distribute meeting notes to Marketing head and team

1:00 - 1:30	BA team meeting
1:30 - 2:00	Write requirements for Project X
2:00 - 2:30	Write requirements for Project X
2:30 – 3:30	WRITE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECT X!!!
3:30 - 4:00	Coffee and chill
4:00 - 5:00	Project X requirements walk- through
5:00 - 5:30	Make edits to Project X requirements
5:30 - 6:00	Check on offshore development team