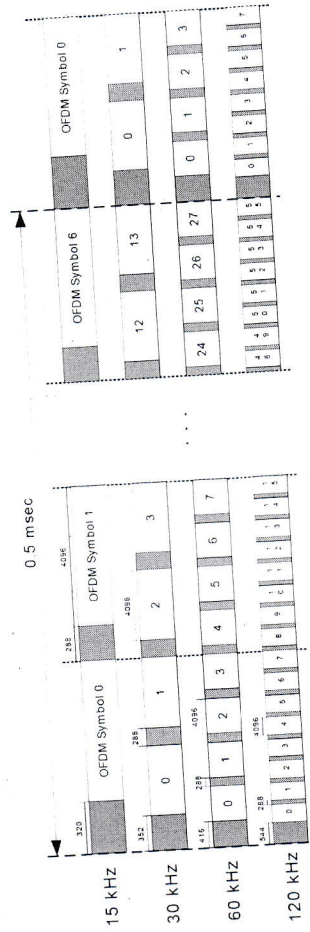


System dimensioning for 5G-NR

- NR baseband bandwidth = 50 MHz and usable baseband bandwidth = 49.5 MHz
 - NR uses guard band of 0.5 MHz for 50 MHz bandwidth
- Subcarrier spacing $\Delta f = 15$ kHz
- Total subcarriers required $N_c = 3300$ ($15 \cdot 3300 = 49.5$ MHz)
- (I)FFT size used $N = 4096$
- OFDM symbol duration $T_u = \frac{1}{\Delta f}$
 - OFDM symbol duration is fixed once subcarrier spacing is fixed
- Sampling time in the last slide $T_s = \frac{T_u}{4096}$
- Sampling rate
$$F_s = \frac{1}{T_s} = \frac{4096}{T_u} = 4096 \cdot \Delta f = 4096 \cdot 15 = 61.44 \text{ MHz}$$
- Sampling rate required according to Nyquist criteria = 49.5 MHz

Q ✓

Time domain structure in detail (15 KHz)



Recall for 50 MHz system: i) (IFFT size $N = 4096$ ii) Number of CP samples: 288

- Total number of samples in 14 symbols: $14 \cdot (288 + 4096) = 61376$
- Recall sampling rate for 50 MHz system: 61.44 MHz. Samples generated in 1 msec = 61440
- Extra samples $61440 - 61376 = 64$. 32 samples are added to CP of first and eighth symbol in each slot

Standards Design (Rohit Budhiraja, IITK)

5G Frame Structure

Slot is 14 Symbols which is 1 msec. of 14 symbols

Subframe 211

No of sub 225x14

3✓

- [26] R. Budhiraja and B. Ramamurthi, "Joint transceiver design for QoS-constrained mimo two-way non-regenerative relaying using geometric programming," *IEEE Trans. Wireless Commun.*, vol. 15, no. 5, pp. 3453–3465, May 2016.
- [27] S. P. Boyd, S. J. Kim, L. Vandenberghe, and A. Hassibi, "A tutorial on geometric programming," 2004.
- [28] Y. Dai and X. Dong, "Power allocation for multi-pair massive mimo two-way af relaying with linear processing," *IEEE Trans. Wireless Commun.*, vol. 15, no. 9, pp. 5932–5946, Sep. 2016.

Q2 4

$$y_1 = h_1 x + n_1$$

$$y_2 = h_2 x + n_2$$

$$h_1^* y_1 + h_2^* y_2 = |h_1|^2 x + h_1^* n_1 + |h_2|^2 x + h_2^* n_2$$

$$= (|h_1|^2 + |h_2|^2) x + h_1^* n_1 + h_2^* n_2$$

$$\underline{b} \quad SNR = \frac{(|h_1|^2 + |h_2|^2)^2 P}{E[(h_1^* n_1 + h_2^* n_2)(h_1 n_1^* + h_2 n_2^*)]}$$

$$= \frac{(|h_1|^2 + |h_2|^2)^2 P}{|h_1|^2 \sigma^2 + |h_2|^2 \sigma^2} = \frac{|h_1|^2 |h_2|^2 P}{\sigma^2}$$

c No.

✓

3a)

- a) $B = C + \text{CRC} = 33816 + 24 \text{ (TB+CRC)}$
- b) Number of code blocks $C = \text{ceil}(B/8448 - 24) = 5$;
- c) Effective payload length $B' = B + 5 * 24 = 33960$, $(B + C * L)$
- d) Each code block size should be $K' = B' / 5 = 6792$;
- e) Find Minimum value of lifting size such that
 $K_b * Z_c = K > K'$
 $22 * 320 = 7040 > 6792$
- f) Number of filler bits $F = K - K' = 7040 - 6792 = 248$
- g) Circular buffer length = $7040 * 3 = 21120$; $(66 * Z_c) = N$
- h) RV_indices = 0, 4160, 8000, 13760

3b)

- a) $B = C + \text{CRC} = 576 + 24 \text{ (TB+CRC)}$
- b) Number of code blocks $C = 1$;
- c) Effective payload length $B' = B + 1 * 0 = 600$, $(B + C * L = 0)$
- d) Each code block size should be $K' = B' / 1 = 600$;
- e) Find Minimum value of lifting size such that
 $K_b * Z_c = K > K'$
 $22 * 28 = 616 > 600$
- f) Number of filler bits $F = K - K' = 616 - 600 = 16$
- g) Circular buffer length = $616 * 3 = 1848$; $(66 * Z_c)$
- h) RV_indices = 0, 364, 700, 1204

~~5440, 10560, 17920~~ 5440, 10560, 17920

426, 924, 1568

RV020

$$1 = \left\lceil \frac{17 \text{ Mcb}}{66 Z_c} \right\rceil \cdot Z_c$$

$$2 = \left\lceil \frac{33 \text{ Mcb}}{66 Z_c} \right\rceil \cdot Z_c$$

$$3 = \left\lceil \frac{56 \text{ Mcb}}{66 Z_c} \right\rceil \cdot Z_c$$