**Quadratic Problems** 

(QP) min 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^TPx + q^Tx$$
  
convex  $P \ge 0$   $Gx \le h$  Ax = 6 linear

Note: when no constraints
then

min 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^TPx + q^Tx$$

$$=) \nabla \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{T}Px+q^{T}x\right)=0$$

$$or Px+q=0$$

QCQP: quadratically constrained QP

min 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^TP_0x + q_0^Tx$$
  
 $\frac{1}{2}x^TP_ix + q_i^Tx + \gamma_i \leq 0$   
 $Ax = b$ 

convex PosPi >0

Eg: 
$$W = \min_{x} XAx$$
 where  $A \neq D$  not P.S.D.  
 $A \in S^{n}$ 

suppose  $Au = \lambda_{min}(A)u$ 

## eigenvector

take 
$$X = \alpha U$$

$$\omega = \min XAX$$

$$x = \alpha u \rightarrow additional$$
worstraint

$$\omega \leq o$$

more constraints

$$= \min_{\mathcal{K}} \alpha^2 (u A u)$$

$$= \min_{\alpha} \frac{(\alpha^2 \ln |A||u|)^2}{\alpha} \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$= \sum_{\alpha} \frac{(\alpha^2 \ln |A||u|)^2}{\alpha} \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$= \sum_{\alpha} \frac{(\alpha^2 \ln |A||u|)^2}{\alpha} \rightarrow -\infty$$

(unbounded below)