

Introduction to Reinforcement Learning

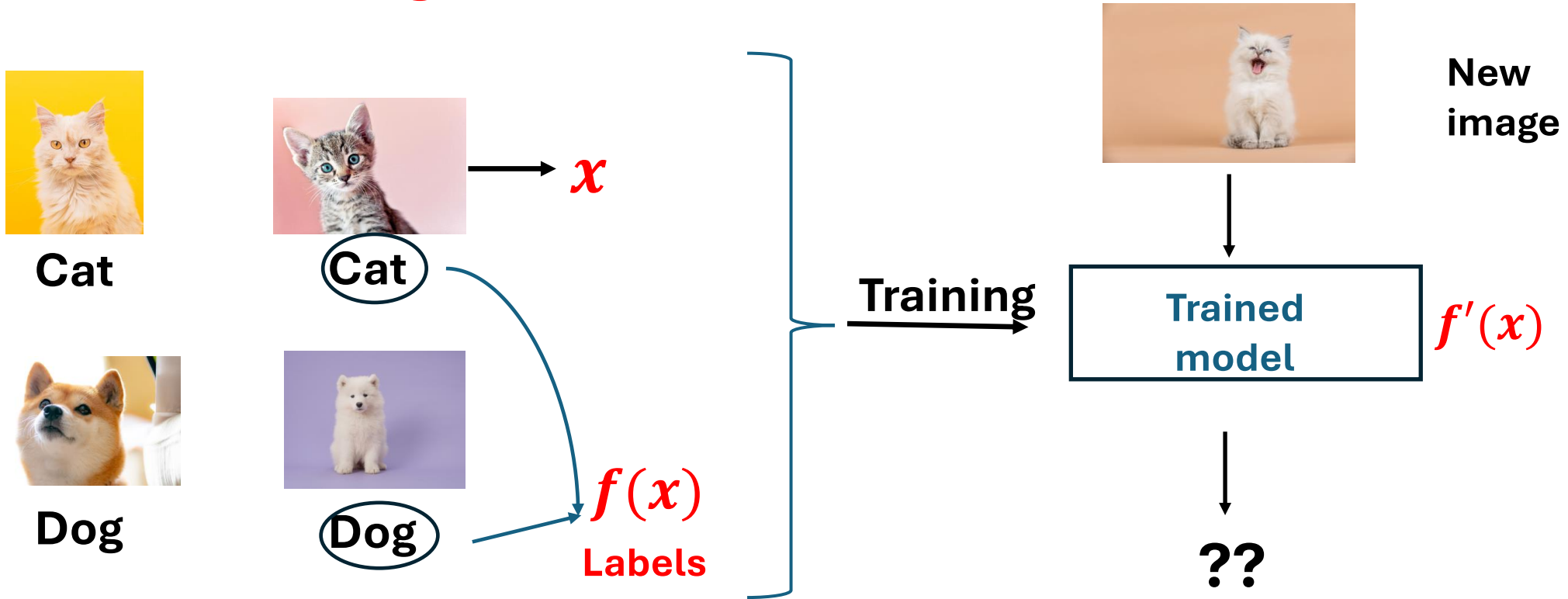
Subrahmanya Swamy Peruru

Paradigms of Machine Learning

- Supervised Learning
- Unsupervised Learning
- Reinforcement Learning

Supervised Learning

Labeled Training Data

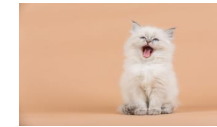
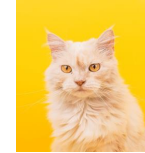


Unsupervised Learning

Unlabeled Data



**Identify
patterns**



Reinforcement Learning

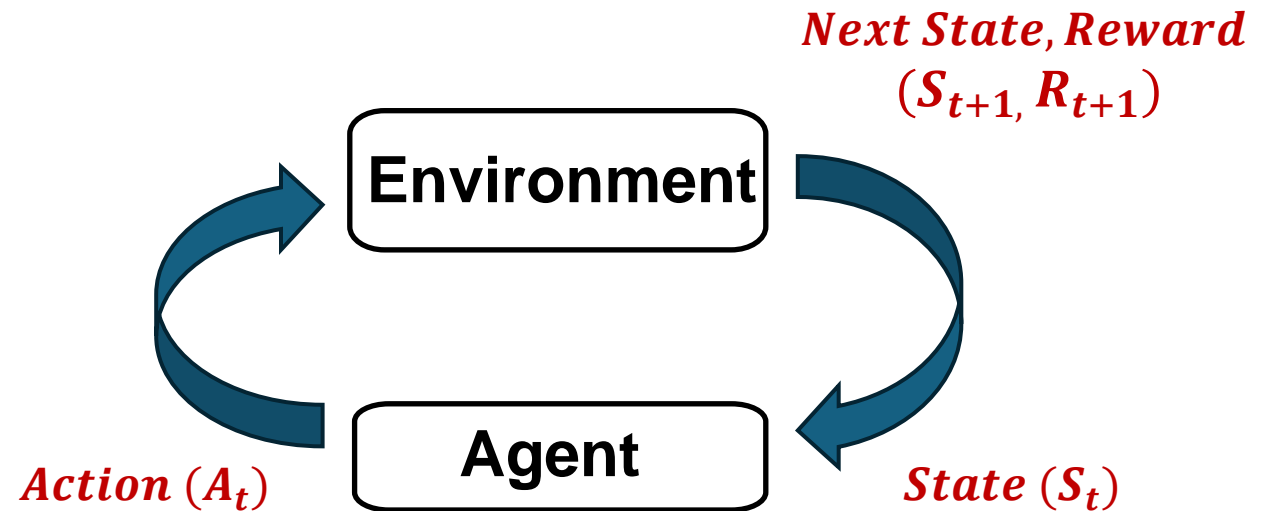


Feedback:
Score,
new display

State:
Display

Actions:
UP / Left /
Right / Down

Learn by Trial and Error



1. Agent observes the state and takes action
2. Environment puts the agent in a new state &
3. Gives a reward based on the action taken

GOAL: Learn policy to maximize the cumulative reward

$$\sum_t R_t$$

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 - $y \approx f(x)$
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 - E.g. Clustering
- Reinforcement Learning

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- Reinforcement Learning
 - Learning sequential tasks through **trial and error**
 - Feedback through **reward/penalty**

RL Demonstrations

Autonomous Helicopter

Pong game

AlphaGo by DeepMind

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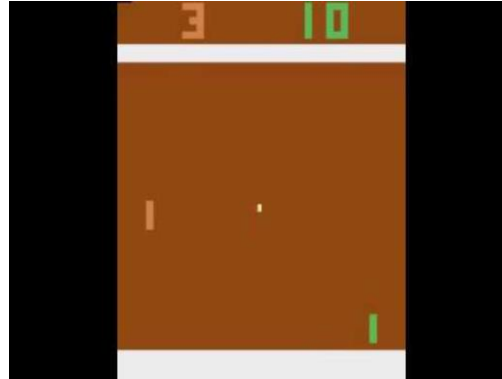


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One State RL: Multi-arm Bandits

- Simplified version of RL problem: “Multi-arm Bandit” problem.
 - Only one state
 - Multiple actions (a.k.a. arms)
 - \mathcal{A} – Action set
- A reward distribution corresponding to each arm
 - \mathcal{R}_a – Reward distribution for action a
 - $\mu_a = \mathbb{E}[\mathcal{R}_a]$ – Expected reward for action a
- Applications: Recommendation systems, Ad placement, ...

Multi-arm Bandits

Arm 1



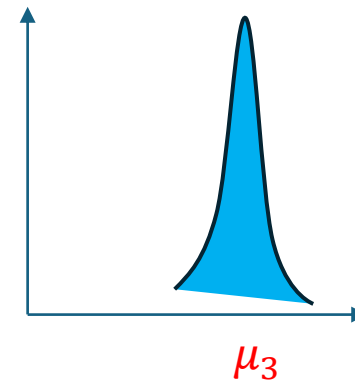
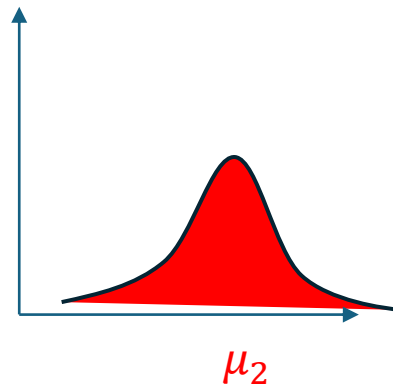
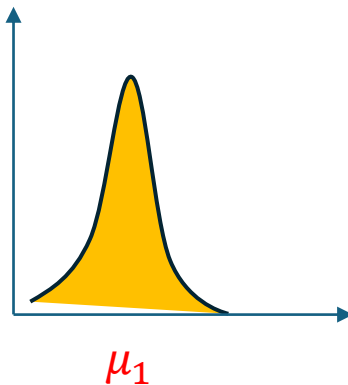
Arm 2



Arm 3



Reward
Distributions



Problem:

- Reward distributions are **unknown**
- Given **T chances** to pull the arms
- Which arms should be pulled to **maximize the total reward** in those T rounds

Exploration

Vs

Exploitation dilemma

ETC (Explore-Then-Commit)

1. **Explore:** Play each arm N times
2. Compute the sample average rewards $\bar{\mu}(a) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{t=1}^{KN} R_t \mathbf{1}\{a_t = a\}$ for each arm $a \in \mathcal{A}$
3. **Commit:** Play the arm with the highest sample average for the remaining $T - KN$ rounds

μ^* - Optimal arm's expected reward R_t - Sample reward obtained in round t

a_t - Arm played in round t T - Total number of rounds

K - Number of arms

Performance (ETC Vs Best possible reward): $T\mu^* - \sum_{t=1}^T \mathbb{E}[R_t]$

How much to Explore? $N \approx \left(\frac{T}{K}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

ϵ -Greedy (Explore uniformly)

1. Play each arm once
2. In each round t :
 - Toss a coin with bias ϵ .
 - If it lands in head: Explore - Play any arm randomly
 - Else: Exploit - Play the arm with the highest sample average so far

What ϵ to choose? $\epsilon \approx \left(\frac{K}{T}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

UCB (Upper Confidence Bound)

Optimism under UnCertainty

1. Play each arm once in the first K rounds

2. For $t > K$:

- Play the arm with the highest $UCB_t(a) = \overset{\text{Exploit}}{\bar{\mu}_{t-1}(a)} + \overset{\text{Explore}}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \log T}{n_{t-1}(a)}}}$
- Based on the observed sample reward R_t , update $n_t(a_t)$ and $\bar{\mu}_t(a_t)$
 - $n_t(a_t) = n_{t-1}(a_t) + 1$
 - $\bar{\mu}_t(a_t) = \frac{1}{n_t(a_t)} [(n_t(a_t) - 1) \bar{\mu}_{t-1}(a_t) + R_t]$

Exploit: High sample reward arms are favoured

Explore: Least played arms are favoured

Contextual Bandits – Multiple states

- News article Recommendation systems



- Articles – arms
- Like / Dislike – Reward
- User – State

Different users have different preferences to articles