

Started on	Saturday, 11 November 2023, 8:24 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 11 November 2023, 9:37 PM
Time taken	1 hour 13 mins
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question **1**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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PDF of multivariate Gaussian is given as

Select one:

- ☒ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^n|\mathbf{R}|}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})}$ ✓
- ☐ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^n|\mathbf{R}|}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})^T \mathbf{R}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})}$
- ☐ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^n|\mathbf{R}|}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}) \mathbf{R}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})^T}$
- ☐ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^n|\mathbf{R}^{-1}|}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^n|\mathbf{R}|}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mathbf{x}}-\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}})}$

Question **2**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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The LDA-based classifier for the classification of two Gaussian classes $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0, \mathbf{R})$, $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1, \mathbf{R})$ reduces to choose \mathcal{H}_0 if

Select one:

- ☐ $(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 - \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1)^T \mathbf{R} \left(\bar{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 + \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1) \right) \geq 0$
- ☐ $(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 - \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1)^T \left(\bar{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 + \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1) \right) \geq 0$
- ☒ $(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 - \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \left(\bar{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 + \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1) \right) \geq 0$ ✓
- ☐ $(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 + \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \left(\bar{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 - \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1) \right) \geq 0$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 - \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \left(\bar{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}(\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_0 + \bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}_1) \right) \geq 0$

Question **3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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Consider the LDA-based classifier for the classification of two Gaussian classes $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_0, \mathbf{R})$, $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_1, \mathbf{R})$. The corresponding probability of error is

Select one:

- ☒ $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)}\right)$ ✓
- ☐ $Q(\sqrt{(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)})$
- ☐ $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)\right)$
- ☐ $Q((\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0))$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)^T \mathbf{R}^{-1}(\bar{\mu}_1 - \bar{\mu}_0)}\right)$

Question **4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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The LDA-based classifier for the classification of two Gaussian classes $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_0, \mathbf{R})$, $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_1, \mathbf{R})$ for $\mathbf{R} = \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}$ reduces to

Select one:

- ☐ The plane parallel to $\bar{\mu}_0, \bar{\mu}_1$
- ☐ Circle with diameter $\bar{\mu}_0, \bar{\mu}_1$
- ☐ Ellipsoid with semi major axis $\bar{\mu}_0, \bar{\mu}_1$
- ☒ The perpendicular bisector of $\bar{\mu}_0, \bar{\mu}_1$ ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: The perpendicular bisector of $\bar{\mu}_0, \bar{\mu}_1$

Question **5**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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Determine the classifier for the **Gaussian classification** problem with the two classes $\mathcal{C}_0, \mathcal{C}_1$ distributed as

$$\mathcal{C}_0 \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}\right), \mathcal{C}_1 \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

The LDA-based classifier chooses \mathcal{H}_0 if

Select one:

- ☐ $2x_1 - 4x_2 \geq 1$
- ☐ $4x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 1$
- ☒ $x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 1$ ✓
- ☐ $-4x_1 - 2x_2 \geq 1$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 1$

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

🚩 Flag question

Consider the classifier for the **Gaussian classification** problem with the two classes $\mathcal{C}_0, \mathcal{C}_1$ distributed as

$$\mathcal{C}_0 \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}\right), \mathcal{C}_1 \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

The probability of error is given as

Select one:

- ☐ $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{152}\right)$
- ☒ $Q(\sqrt{108})$ ✓
- ☐ $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{304}\right)$
- ☐ $Q\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{216}\right)$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $Q(\sqrt{108})$

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

🚩 Flag question

Consider the LDA-based classifier for the classification of two Gaussian classes $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_0, \mathbf{R}), \mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_1, \mathbf{R})$. The optimal signal $\bar{s} = \bar{\mu}_0 - \bar{\mu}_1$ that minimizes the probability of error is given as

Select one:

- ☐ The eigenvector corresponding to the maximum eigenvalue of \mathbf{R}
- ☒ The eigenvector corresponding to the minimum eigenvalue of \mathbf{R} ✓
- ☐ Any eigenvector of \mathbf{R}
- ☐ Any unit-norm vector that does not lie in the null space of \mathbf{R}

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: The eigenvector corresponding to the minimum eigenvalue of \mathbf{R}

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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Consider the LDA-based classifier for the classification of two Gaussian classes $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_0, \mathbf{R})$, $\mathcal{N}(\bar{\mu}_1, \mathbf{R})$ with the covariance matrix

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

The optimal signal $\bar{s} = \bar{\mu}_0 - \bar{\mu}_1$ that minimizes the probability of error is given as

Select one:

- ☐ $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$
- ☐ $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$
- ☐ $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$
- ☒ $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$ ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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For a given $SNR = \rho$, the average BER for detection of BPSK symbols over a fading wireless channel is given as

Select one:

- ☐ $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{2+\rho}{\rho}} \right)$
- ☐ $\left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{2+\rho}} \right)$
- ☒ $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{2+\rho}} \right)$ ✓
- ☐ $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{2}} \right)$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{\rho}{2+\rho}} \right)$

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

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Find BER of Wireless channel for SNR = 30 dB.

Select one:

- ☐ 5×10^{-7}
- ☐ 5×10^{-6}
- ☐ 5×10^{-5}
- ☒ 5×10^{-4} ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 5×10^{-4}

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