

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

import io
df = pd.read_csv('15 dataset.csv')
df.head()
```

	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
0	N4369	55.0	12.27	Comedy	Standard	7	No
1	B8091	35.0	19.02	Drama	Standard	Alone	Yes
2	V6341	55.0	22.52	Horror	VIP	3	No
3	B3243	53.0	23.01	Drama	Standard	6	Yes
4	I3814	30.0	21.81	Comedy	VIP	4	Yes

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

	0
Ticket_ID	0
Age	116
Ticket_Price	75
Movie_Genre	91
Seat_Type	0
Number_of_Person	0
Purchase_Again	0

```
print(df.dropna())
```

	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	\
0	N4369	55.000000	12.27000	Comedy	Standard	
1	B8091	35.000000	19.02000	Drama	Standard	
2	V6341	55.000000	22.52000	Horror	VIP	
3	B3243	53.000000	23.01000	Drama	Standard	
4	I3814	30.000000	21.81000	Comedy	VIP	
...
1841	K4923	47.000000	12.39000	Sci-Fi	Standard	
1843	S7944	252.855055	10106.06919	Action	Standard	
1844	L3265	22.000000	15.46000	Drama	VIP	
1845	P0092	48.000000	19.63000	Action	VIP	
1846	C9487	37.000000	18.64000	Drama	Standard	

	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
0	7	No
1	Alone	Yes
2	3	No
3	6	Yes
4	4	Yes
...
1841	Alone	Yes
1843	Alone	Yes
1844	Alone	Yes
1845	Alone	Yes
1846	4	No

```
[1582 rows x 7 columns]
```

```
df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
df.fillna(method='bfill', inplace=True)
print(df.info())

df.head()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1847 entries, 0 to 1846
Data columns (total 7 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Ticket_ID             1847 non-null   object
 1   Age                   1847 non-null   float64
 2   Ticket_Price          1847 non-null   float64
 3   Movie_Genre           1847 non-null   object
 4   Seat_Type             1847 non-null   object
 5   Number_of_Person      1847 non-null   object
 6   Purchase_Again        1847 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(2), object(5)
memory usage: 101.1+ KB
None
<ipython-input-7-8cc1d32b826a>:1: FutureWarning: DataFrame.fillna with 'method' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use
df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
<ipython-input-7-8cc1d32b826a>:2: FutureWarning: DataFrame.fillna with 'method' is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Use
df.fillna(method='bfill', inplace=True)

```

	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
0	N4369	55.0	12.27	Comedy	Standard	7	No
1	B8091	35.0	19.02	Drama	Standard	Alone	Yes
2	V6341	55.0	22.52	Horror	VIP	3	No
3	B3243	53.0	23.01	Drama	Standard	6	Yes
4	I3814	30.0	21.81	Comedy	VIP	4	Yes

```

df = df.drop_duplicates()
print(df)

```

```

Ticket_ID  Age  Ticket_Price  Movie_Genre  Seat_Type  Number_of_Person  \
0      N4369  55.0         12.27        Comedy  Standard              7
1      B8091  35.0         19.02         Drama  Standard             Alone
2      V6341  55.0         22.52        Horror    VIP                3
3      B3243  53.0         23.01         Drama  Standard             6
4      I3814  30.0         21.81        Comedy    VIP                4
...      ...    ...         ...         ...         ...         ...
1800     A2032  44.0         12.08        Action    VIP             Alone
1803     G6931  27.0         11.31        Action  Premium             Alone
1826     R8949  26.0         23.43        Comedy  Standard             Alone
1831     A2032  44.0         16.21        Action    VIP             Alone
1842     O7454  47.0         16.34        Comedy  Premium             Alone

Purchase_Again
0      No
1      Yes
2      No
3      Yes
4      Yes
...      ...
1800    Yes
1803    No
1826    Yes
1831    Yes
1842    Yes

[1522 rows x 7 columns]

```

```

df["Age"].fillna(df["Age"].mode(), inplace=True)
df["Ticket_Price"].fillna(df["Ticket_Price"].mean(), inplace=True)

```

```

<ipython-input-11-fd76c88bd32c>:1: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained ass
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col]

df["Age"].fillna(df["Age"].mode(), inplace=True)
<ipython-input-11-fd76c88bd32c>:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained ass
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col]

df["Ticket_Price"].fillna(df["Ticket_Price"].mean(), inplace=True)

```

```
df
```



	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
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3	B3243	53.0	23.01	Drama	Standard	6	Yes
4	I3814	30.0	21.81	Comedy	VIP	4	Yes
...
1800	A2032	44.0	12.08	Action	VIP	Alone	Yes
1803	G6931	27.0	11.31	Action	Premium	Alone	No
1826	R8949	26.0	23.43	Comedy	Standard	Alone	Yes
1831	A2032	44.0	16.21	Action	VIP	Alone	Yes
1842	O7454	47.0	16.34	Comedy	Premium	Alone	Yes

1522 rows × 7 columns

```
df['Movie_Genre'].fillna(df['Movie_Genre'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```



<ipython-input-14-cdcc0498e1f4>:1: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment. The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting is a copy. For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value, inplace=True)'

```
df['Movie_Genre'].fillna(df['Movie_Genre'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

df



	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
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3	B3243	53.0	23.01	Drama	Standard	6	Yes
4	I3814	30.0	21.81	Comedy	VIP	4	Yes
...
1800	A2032	44.0	12.08	Action	VIP	Alone	Yes
1803	G6931	27.0	11.31	Action	Premium	Alone	No
1826	R8949	26.0	23.43	Comedy	Standard	Alone	Yes
1831	A2032	44.0	16.21	Action	VIP	Alone	Yes
1842	O7454	47.0	16.34	Comedy	Premium	Alone	Yes

1522 rows × 7 columns

```
Q1 = df['Ticket_Price'].quantile(0.25)
```

```
Q3 = df['Ticket_Price'].quantile(0.75)
```

```
IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
# Define bounds
```

```
lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
```

```
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
```

```
outliers = df[(df['Ticket_Price'] < lower_bound) | (df['Ticket_Price'] > upper_bound)]
```

```
print("\nOutliers detected:\n", outliers)
```



Outliers detected:

	Ticket_ID	Age	Ticket_Price	Movie_Genre	Seat_Type	\
8	A2029	252.855055	10106.06919	Sci-Fi	Standard	
20	F5223	252.855055	10106.06919	Horror	Standard	
31	E7092	252.855055	10106.06919	Comedy	Premium	
37	A6397	252.855055	10106.06919	Drama	Premium	
40	I6521	252.855055	10106.06919	Comedy	VIP	
...	
1457	I2406	252.855055	10000.00000	Sci-Fi	Premium	
1466	U7953	252.855055	10106.06919	Comedy	Premium	
1481	R4165	200.000000	10000.00000	Horror	VIP	
1482	S9225	200.000000	10000.00000	Sci-Fi	Standard	

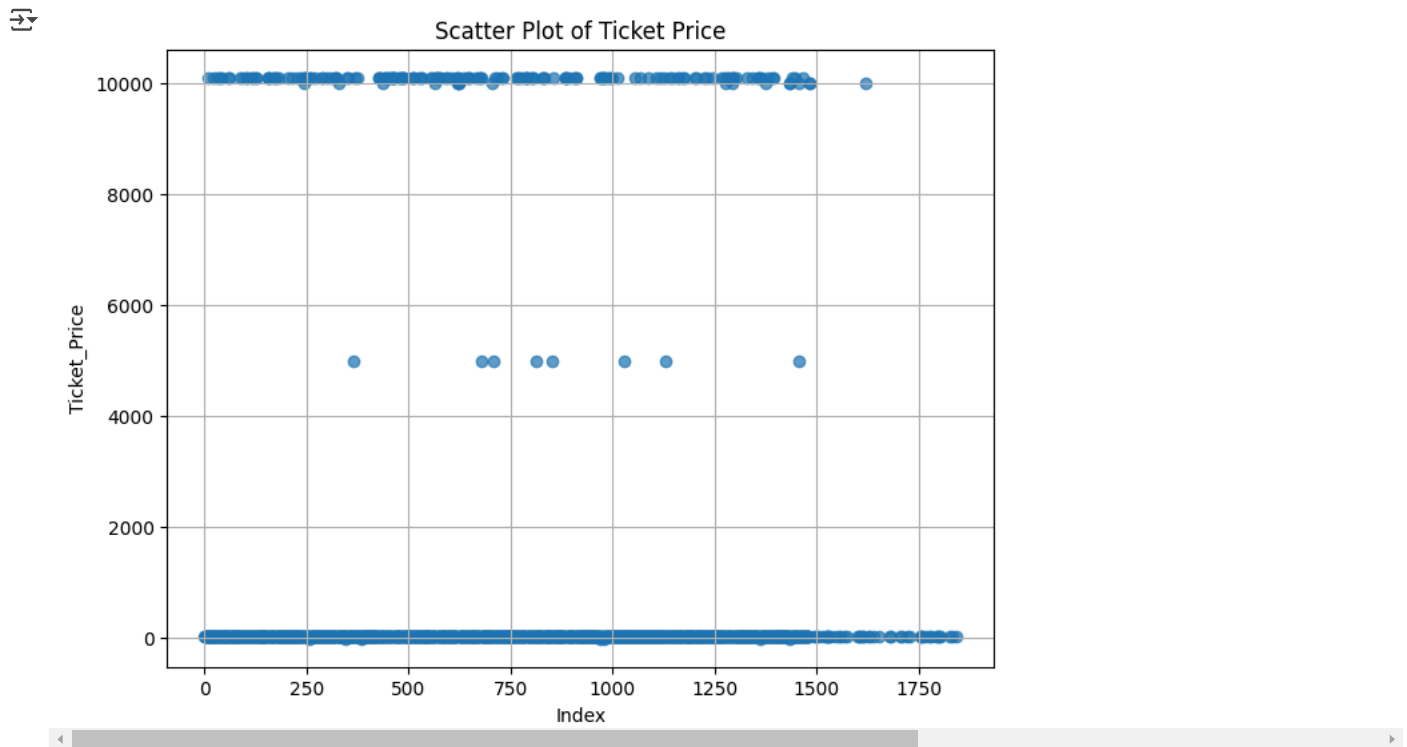
1619 R4165 21.000000 10000.00000 Horror VIP

	Number_of_Person	Purchase_Again
8	Alone	Yes
20	Alone	No
31	7	No
37	5	Yes
40	7	No
...
1457	3	Yes
1466	3	Yes
1481	4	No
1482	Alone	Yes
1619	4	No

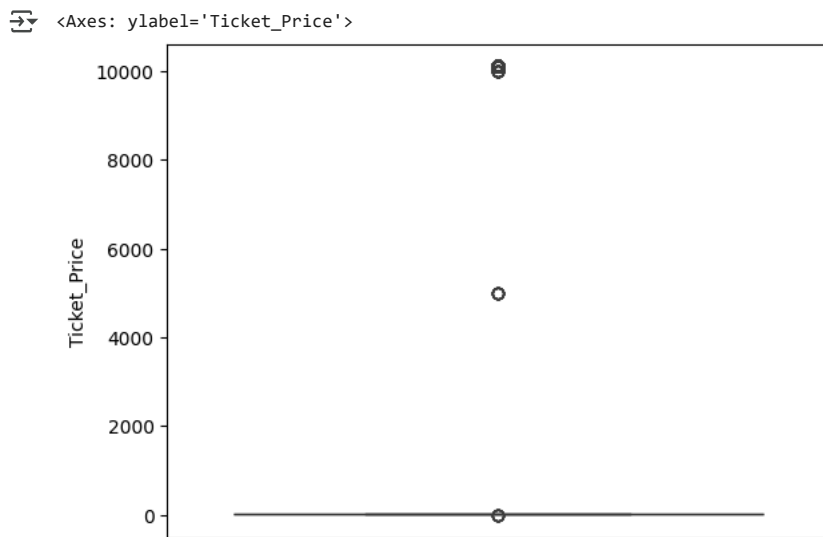
[194 rows x 7 columns]

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(df.index, df['Ticket_Price'], marker='o', alpha=0.7)
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Ticket_Price')
plt.title('Scatter Plot of Ticket Price')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
sns.boxplot(data=df, y='Ticket_Price')
```



```
df.to_csv('cleaned_dataset.csv', index=False)
```

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