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# Static Verification Results Visualization in the Context of SV-COMP

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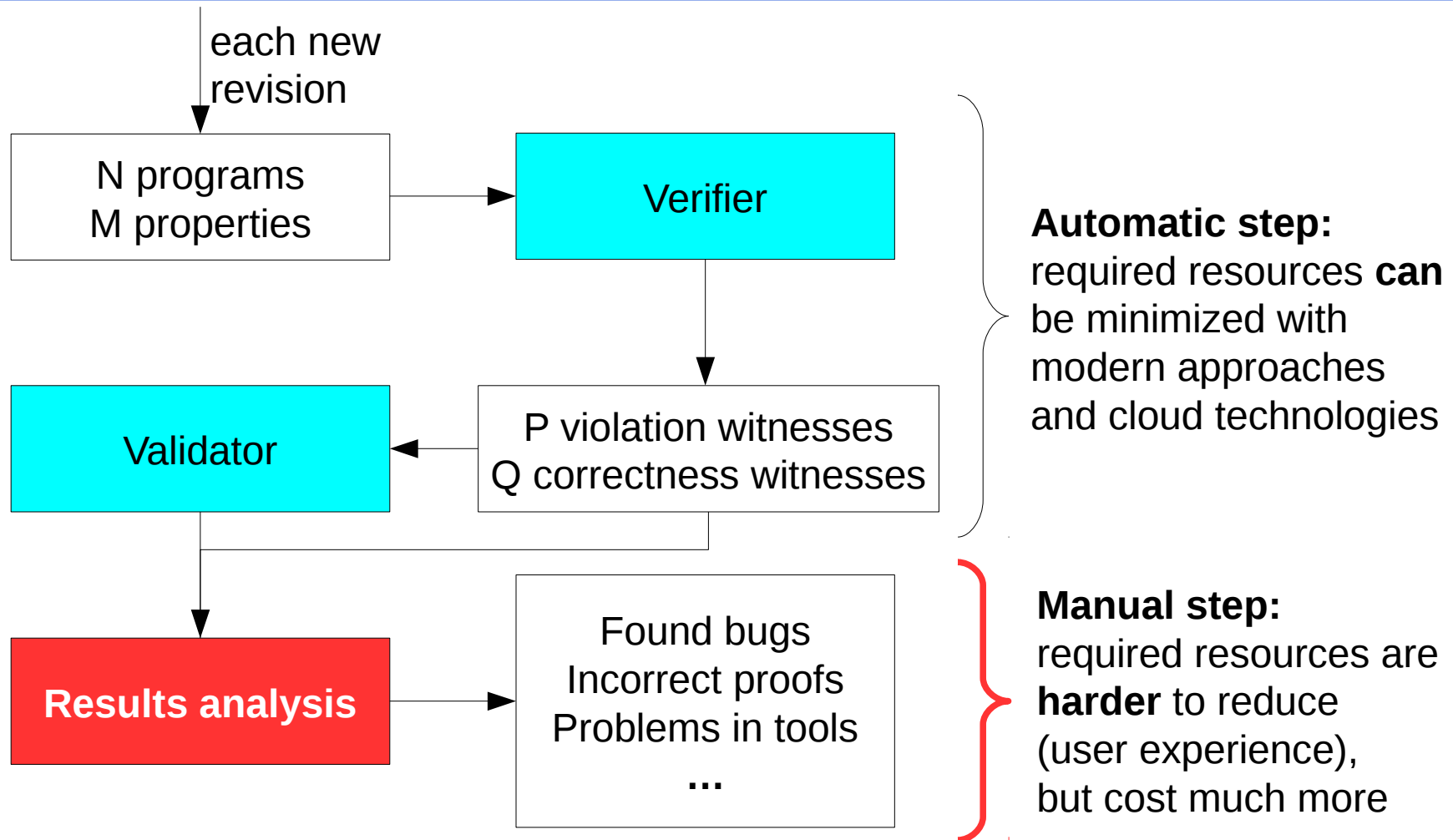
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# Static Verification State of the Art

- More than 31 tools\*
- Improvements in effectiveness and efficiency\*
- Validation of verification results\*
  - Both property violations and correctness proofs\*
- Different properties\*
  - Potential for extensions (e.g., property automata)
- Verification of C and Java programs\*

 What about results analysis?

# Verification of Industry System



# Related Work

- BenchExec\* table-generator
    - Score (based on tasks definition)
    - Plots with consumed resources
    - Comparison tables
    - Witness validation results
    - **Witnesses are not visualized**
  - LDV Tools (Klever)\*\*
    - Preset environment models for Linux/BusyBox/etc.
    - Violation witnesses visualization
      - **Specific format**
- ➔ **Cannot** visualize generic witness from SV-COMP tools

Presented in  
machine-readable  
format

Not supported  
by SV-COMP tools

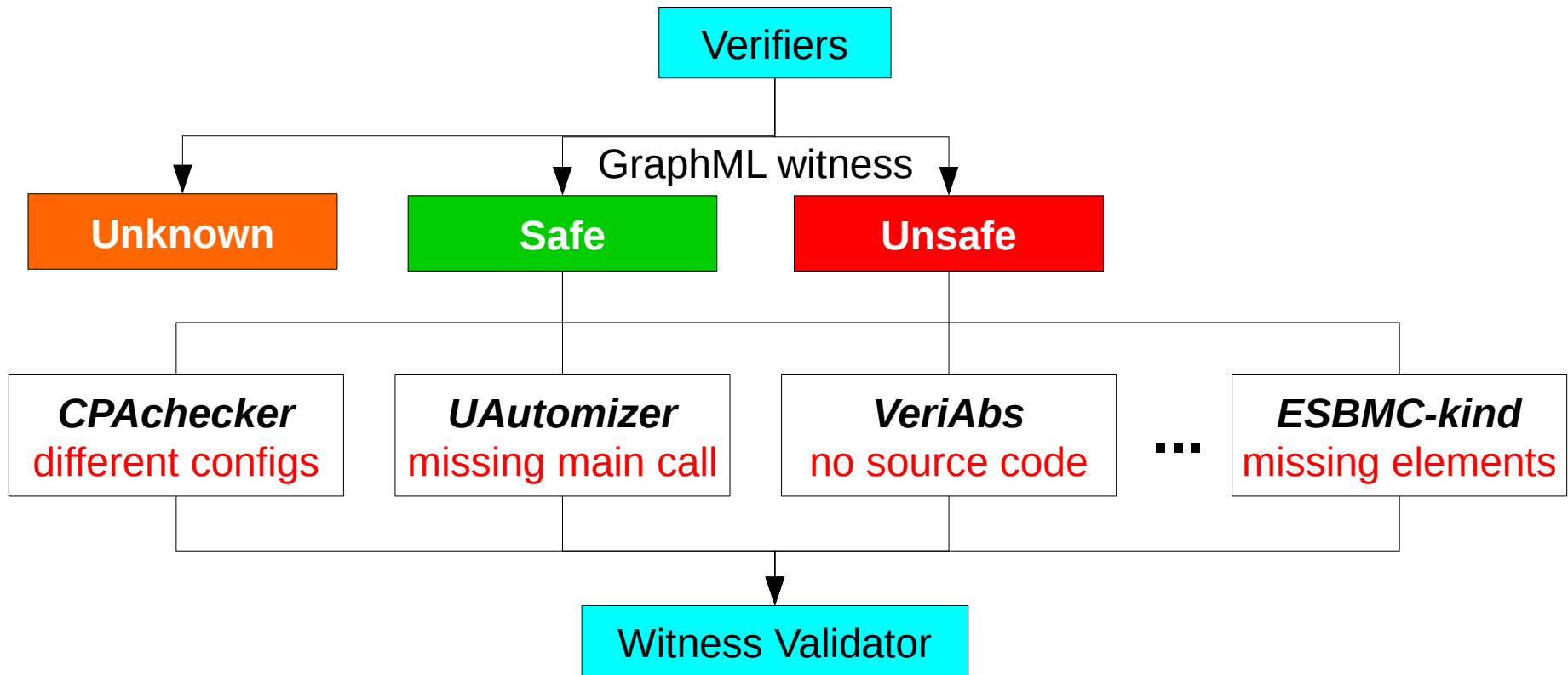
\* <https://github.com/sosy-lab/benchexec>

\*\* <https://forge.ispras.ru/projects/klever>

# Suggested Solutions

- Witness Visualizer (user-friendly witnesses)
  - Helps to locate bugs for the users
  - Helps to reveal problems in tools
- Correctness witnesses visualization (idea)
  - Shows main proof hints (for developers)
  - Presents source code coverage (for users)
- Benchmark Visualizer (continuous verification)
  - Visualizes BenchExec results
  - Groups witnesses for each benchmark

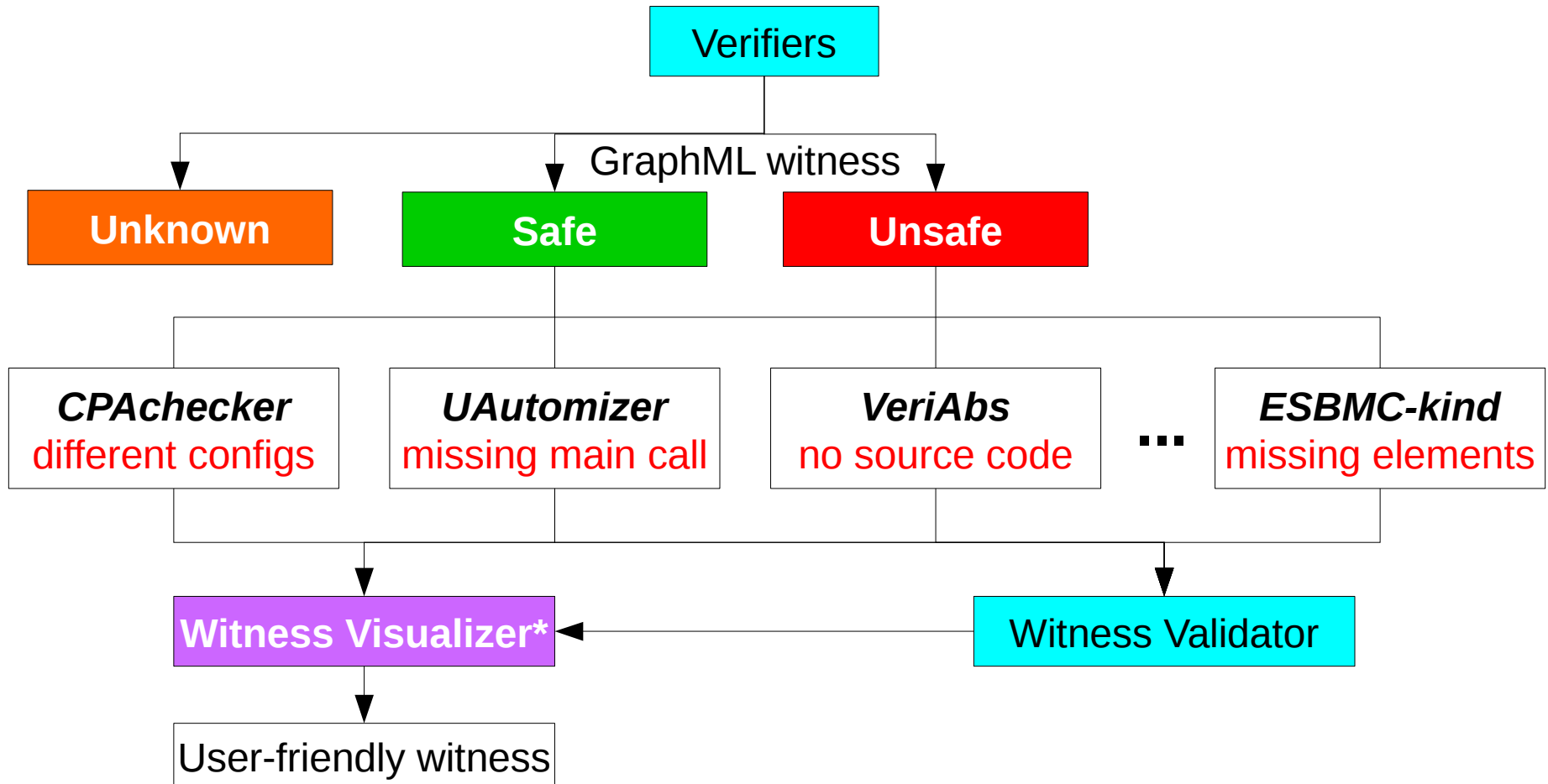
# Common Witness Format\*



- Machine-readable format
- There are still differences among tools

\* D. Beyer, M. Dangl, D. Dietsch, M. Heizmann, A. Stahlbauer. *Witness validation and stepwise testification across software verifiers*. ACM, 2015.

# Witness Visualizer



# Requirements to the Witness Visualizer

- Fault tolerance (to the missing elements)
  - Support common witness format (GraphML)
- Quality control (for developers)
  - Provide feedback on the missing elements
- Support violation hints
  - Helps with large witnesses
- Provide operations with witnesses
  - Comparison
- Support both violation and correctness types




# Fault Tolerance

- Cannot be tolerated
  - Parsing failures (wrong format)
  - Empty witnesses
- Restorable missing elements
  - Source code (program file + line/offset)
  - Entry point (based on property description)
  - Property violation (last edge)
- Elements, which cannot be restored
  - Call stack
  - Assumptions/controls

# Quality Control

- Provide useful feedback to the developers
  - Source files do not exist
  - Call stack is missing
  - Conditions are missing
  - Entry point is missing
  - Produced warnings during visualization



1) No call stack (enterFunction tag)  
2) No conditions (control tag)

**Warning: some elements are missing**

# Violation Hints

- Core elements, which describe the given violation
- Reason – visualize large witnesses
  - Highlight violation hints
    - With call stack, source code link, thread id, etc.
  - Hide other elements
- Violation hints extraction
  - From witnesses (“note”, “warning”)  
`<data key="note">Acquire mutex_lock</data>*`
  - From property
  - From source code\*\*

```
OBSERVER AUTOMATON A
...
MATCH {func($?)} -> ...
...
```

\* Example is based on witnesses from *CPA-Lockator* tool.

\*\* Based on model comments (applied in LDV Tools).

# Violation Hints Usage Example

## Initial witness

```
main()
  void *x = NULL;
  int flags;
  int size;
  int i = 0;
  f1(i)
    assume(i < 10)
    f2(i)
      f3(i)
        i := i + 1
      ...
    x = alloc(size, flags)
    return NULL
  ...
  free(x)
```



## Processed witness

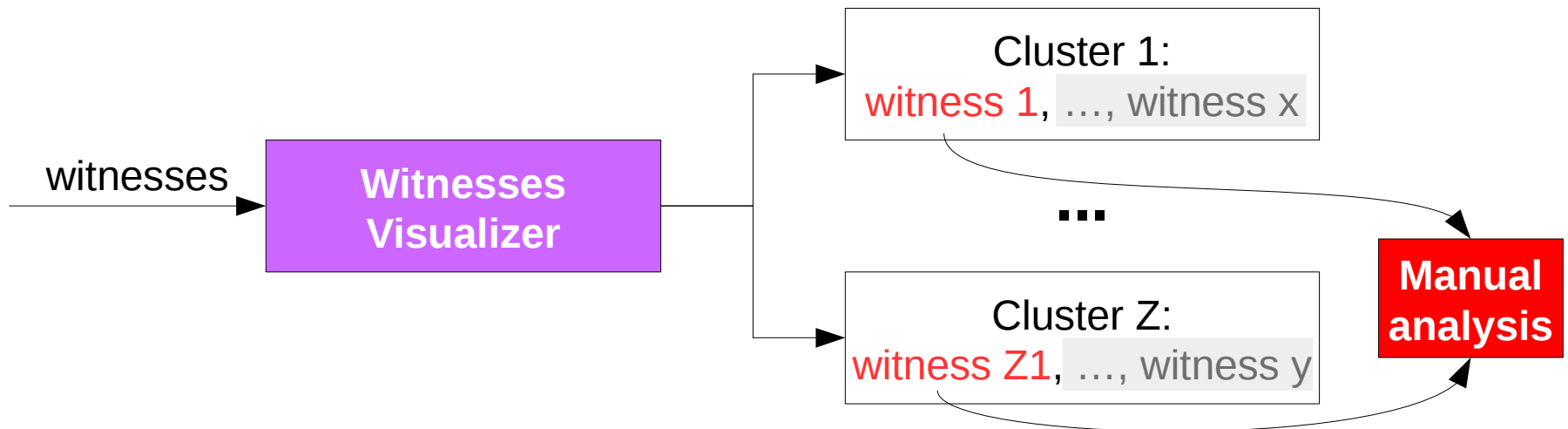
```
main()
  void *x = NULL;
  int flags;
  int size;
  int i = 0;
  f1(i)
    assume(i < 10)
    f2(i)
      f3(i)
        i := i + 1
      ...
  Allocate memory for x
  Failed to allocate x
  ...
  Null ptr dereference on x
```

Hidden  
elements

Violation  
hints

# Operations with Witnesses

- Witnesses comparison
  - Distinguish different witnesses (error paths)
  - Filter several witnesses\*
  - Can be done for validated witnesses only



\* For example, SV-COMP tool *CPA-Lockator* can produce several witnesses for concurrency properties.

# SV-COMP Tools Violation Witnesses

SV-COMP Tool	Witness elements			Source code				Violation Hints
	Call stack	Entry point	Assumptions/controls	String	Offset	Line number	File name	
2LS	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
AProVE	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	-
CBMC	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
CBMC-Path	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
CPA-BAM-BnB	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+	+/-
CPA-Lockator	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+	+/-
CPA-Seq	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+	+/-
DepthK	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-
DIVINE-explicit	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-
DIVINE-SMT	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-
ESBMC-kind	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-
Lazy-CSeq	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-
Map2Check	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
PeSCo	+	+	+	+/-	+	+	+	+/-
Pinaka	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
PredatorHP	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-
Skink	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
SMACK	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
Symbiotic	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
UAutomizer	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-
UKojak	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-
UTaipan	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	-
VeriAbs	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-
VeriFuzz	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-
VIAP	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	-
Yogar-CBMC	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-
Yogar-CBMC-Parallel	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-

\* 4 verifiers for Java programs were excluded from this comparison, because they do not produce witnesses.

# Example of a Witness with Violation Hints

- Input/output memory map operations: `ioremap`, `pci_ioremap_bar`, ...
- Input/output memory unmap operation: `iounmap`

```
449 Generated entry point
479 tmp = gxfb_probe(arg1, (struct pci_device_id const *)arg2);
376 struct gxfb_par *par;
377 struct fb_info *info;
378 int ret;
379 unsigned long val;
380 struct fb_videomode *modedb_ptr;
381 unsigned int modedb_size;
382 int err;
383 u64 tmp;
384 int tmp_0;
384 info = gxfb_init_fbinfo(&pdev->dev);
385 assume(((unsigned long)info) == ((unsigned long)((struct fb_info *)0)));
385 assume(((unsigned long)info) != ((unsigned long)((struct fb_info *)0)));
387 par = (struct gxfb_par *)info->par;
389 ret = gxfb_map_video_memory(info, pdev);
389 assume(ret < 0);
389 assume(ret >= 0);
390 dev_err((struct device const *)&pdev->dev, "failed to map frame buffer or controller registers\n");
430 assume(!_CPAchecker_TMP_2 == ((unsigned long)((char *)0)));
431 iounmap
439 iounmap
Unmapping io-memory without map...
```

```
411
412
413 /* Clear the frame buffer of garbage. */
414 memset_io(info->screen_base, 0, info->fix.smem_len);
415
416 gxfb_check_var(&info->var, info);
417 gxfb_set_par(info);
418
419 pm_set_vt_switch(vt_switch);
420
421 if (register_framebuffer(info) < 0) {
422     ret = -EINVAL;
423     goto err;
424 }
425 pci_set_drvdata(pdev, info);
426 fb_info(info, "%s frame buffer device\n", info->fix.id);
427 return 0;
428
429 err:
430 if (info->screen_base) {
431     iounmap(info->screen_base);
432     pci_release_region(pdev, 0);
433 }
434 if (par->vid_regs) {
435     iounmap(par->vid_regs);
436     pci_release_region(pdev, 3);
437 }
438 if (par->dc_regs) {
439     iounmap(par->dc_regs);
440     pci_release_region(pdev, 2);
441 }
442 if (par->gp_regs) {
443     iounmap(par->gp_regs);
444     pci_release_region(pdev, 1);
445 }
446
447 fb_dealloc_cmap(&info->cmap);
448 framebuffer_release(info);
449 return ret;
450 }
451
452 static void gxfb_remove(struct pci_dev *pdev)
453 {
454     struct fb_info *info = pci_get_drvdata(pdev);
455     struct gxfb_par *par = info->par;
456
457     unregister_framebuffer(info);
458
459     iounmap((void __iomem *)info->screen_base);
460     pci_release_region(pdev, 0);
461
462     iounmap(par->vid_regs);
463     pci_release_region(pdev, 3);
464
465     iounmap(par->dc_regs);
466     pci_release_region(pdev, 2);
467
468     iounmap(par->gp_regs);
469     pci_release_region(pdev, 1);
470
471     fb_dealloc_cmap(&info->cmap);
472     framebuffer_release(info);
473 }
474
475
476 static struct pci_device_id gxfb_id_table[] = {
477     { PCI_DEVICE(PCI_VENDOR_ID_NS, PCI_DEVICE_ID_NS_GX_VIDEO) },
478     { 0, }
```

# Example of a Witness with Violation Hints

- Input/output memory map operations: `ioremap`, `pci_ioremap_bar`, ...
- Input/output memory unmap operation: `iounmap`

The image displays a kernel error trace on the left and the corresponding source code on the right. The error trace, titled "Error trace", shows a sequence of operations. At line 431, the function `iounmap` is called with `(void volatile *)info->screen_base`. A red circle highlights this argument, and a red arrow points from it to the source code. In the source code, at line 266, the same expression `info->screen_base` is used as the first argument to `ioremap`. A red circle highlights this argument, and a red arrow points from it to the error trace. Another red arrow points from line 236 of the error trace to line 236 of the source code, where `return ret;` is called. A red arrow points from the text "error path" to line 236 of the source code. Another red arrow points from the text "missing io-memory map" to line 266 of the source code. The source code is from `/home/vitaly/klever/work/linux-4.0-rc1/drivers/video/fbdev/geode/gxfb_core.c`. The error trace shows a "Generated entry point" at line 449, followed by a series of operations including `tmp = gxfb_probe`, `gxfb_init`, `gxfb_map_video_memory`, and `iounmap`. The error message at line 390 is "failed to map frame buffer or controller registers".

```
449 Generated entry point
479 tmp = gxfb_probe(arg1, (struct pci_device_id const *)arg2);
376 struct gxfb_par *par;
377 struct fb_info *info;
378 int ret;
379 unsigned long val;
380 struct fb_videomode *modeb_ptr;
381 unsigned int modeb_size;
382 int err;
383 u64 tmp;
384 int tmp_0;
384 info = gxfb_init_fbinfo(&pdev->dev);
385 assume(((unsigned long)info) == ((unsigned long)((struct fb_info *)0)));
385 assume(((unsigned long)info) != ((unsigned long)((struct fb_info *)0)));
387 par = (struct gxfb_par *)info->par;
389 ret = gxfb_map_video_memory(info, pdev);
231 struct gxfb_par *par;
232 int ret;
233 unsigned int tmp;
234 void *tmp_0;
231 par = (struct gxfb_par *)info->par;
234 ret = pci_enable_device(dev);
235 assume(ret < 0);
235 assume(ret >= 0);
236 return ret;
389 assume(ret < 0);
389 assume(ret >= 0);
390 dev_err((struct device const *)&pdev->dev, "failed to map frame buffer or controller registers\n");
430 assume(__CPAchecker_TMP_2 == ((unsigned long)((char *)0)));
431 iounmap
431 iounmap((void volatile *)info->screen_base);
1299 Unmapping io-memory without map
```

```
216 return -EINVAL;
217
218 gx_set_hw_palette_reg(info, regno, red, green, blue);
219
220 return 0;
221
222 }
223
224 static int gxfb_blank(int blank_mode, struct fb_info *info)
225 {
226     return gx_blank_display(info, blank_mode);
227 }
228
229 static int gxfb_map_video_memory(struct fb_info *info, struct pci_dev *dev)
230 {
231     struct gxfb_par *par = info->par;
232     int ret;
233
234     ret = pci_enable_device(dev);
235     if (ret < 0)
236         return ret;
237
238     ret = pci_request_region(dev, 3, "gxfb (video processor)");
239     if (ret < 0)
240         return ret;
241     par->vid_regs = pci_ioremap_bar(dev, 3);
242     if (!par->vid_regs)
243         return -ENOMEM;
244
245     ret = pci_request_region(dev, 2, "gxfb (display controller)");
246     if (ret < 0)
247         return ret;
248     par->dc_regs = pci_ioremap_bar(dev, 2);
249     if (!par->dc_regs)
250         return -ENOMEM;
251
252     ret = pci_request_region(dev, 1, "gxfb (graphics processor)");
253     if (ret < 0)
254         return ret;
255     par->gp_regs = pci_ioremap_bar(dev, 1);
256     if (!par->gp_regs)
257         return -ENOMEM;
258
259     ret = pci_request_region(dev, 0, "gxfb (framebuffer)");
260     if (ret < 0)
261         return ret;
262
263     info->fix.smem_start = pci_resource_start(dev, 0);
264     info->fix.smem_len = vram ? vram : gx_frame_buffer_size();
265     info->screen_base = ioremap(info->fix.smem_start, info->fix.smem_len);
266     if (!info->screen_base)
267         return -ENOMEM;
268
269     /* Set the 16MiB aligned base address of the graphics memory region
270      * in the display controller */
271     write_dc(par, DC_GLIU0_MEM_OFFSET, info->fix.smem_start & 0xFF000000);
272
273     dev_info(&dev->dev, "%d KiB of video memory at 0x%lx\n",
274             info->fix.smem_len / 1024, info->fix.smem_start);
275
276     return 0;
277 }
278
279 static struct fb_ops gxfb_ops = {
280     .owner = THIS_MODULE,
281     .fb_check_var = gxfb_check_var
282 }
```



# Example of a Witness with Missing Elements

Error trace

```
0 entry point
3964 tmp_0 = 0;
6450 tmp_0 = 0;
6451 ldvar3 = 0;
3964 tmp_0 = -1;
3964 tmp_0 = 0;
6465 ldvar5 = 4294967295;
6473 tmp_7 = 1;
6484 tmp_0 = 1;
6242 ldv_retval_0 = 0;
3964 tmp_0 = -1;
3964 tmp_0 = -1;
3964 tmp_0 = -1;
6473 tmp_7 = 3;
6717 tmp_10 = 0;
4281 return (struct max3421_hcd *)(&hcd->hcd_priv);
4281 return (struct max3421_hcd *)(&hcd->hcd_priv);
6117 max3421_hcd_list = max3421_hcd;
6185 ldv_retval_2 = -12;
6473 tmp_7 = 2;
6527 tmp_9 = 10;
5720 max3421_ep = (struct max3421_ep *)(&urb->ep)->hcd_priv;
6794 flags = 4294967295;
4808 Property violation
```

some/vitaly/ose/bl/esbmc/sv-benchmarks/c/ldv-linux-3.16-rc1/43\_2a\_bitvector\_linux-3.16-rc1.tar.xz-43\_2a-drivers-usb-host-max3421-hcd.ko-entry\_point\_false-unreach-call.cil.out.c

```
6768 {
6769     inline static void *kmallocc(size_t size , gfp_t flags )
6770     {
6771         {
6772             ldv_check_alloc_flags(flags);
6773             ldv_kmallocc_12(size, flags);
6774             return ((void *)0);
6775         }
6776     }
6777 }
6778 void *ldv_kmem_cache_alloc_16(struct kmem_cache *ldv_func_arg1 , gfp_t flags )
6779 {
6780     {
6781         {
6782             ldv_check_alloc_flags(flags);
6783             kmem_cache_alloc(ldv_func_arg1, flags);
6784             return ((void *)0);
6785         }
6786     }
6787 }
6788 inline static void *kzallocc(size_t size , gfp_t flags )
6789 {
6790     {
6791         ldv_check_alloc_flags(flags);
6792         return ((void *)0);
6793     }
6794 }
6795 }
6796 }
6797 }
6798 }
6799 }
6800 }
6801 }
6802 }
6803 }
6804 }
6805 }
6806 }
6807 {
6808     tmp = request_irq(irq, handler, flags, name, dev);
6809     ldv_func_res = tmp;
6810     tmp_0 = req_check_1(handler);
6811     if (tmp_0 != 0 && ldv_func_res == 0) {
6812         activate_suitable_irq_1((int) irq, dev);
6813     } else {
6814     }
6815 }
6816 }
6817 }
6818 }
6819 }
6820 }
6821 }
6822 }
6823 }
6824 }
6825 }
6826 }
6827 }
6828 }
6829 }
6830 }
6831 }
6832 }
6833 }
6834 }
6835 }
6836 }
6837 }
6838 }
6839 }
6840 }
6841 }
6842 }
6843 }
6844 }
6845 }
6846 }
6847 }
6848 }
6849 }
6850 }
6851 }
6852 }
6853 }
```

Warning: some elements are missing

- 1 No call stack (please add tags "enterFunction" and "returnFrom" to improve visualization)
- 2 No conditions (please add tags "control" to improve visualization)

# Witness Visualizer Application Area

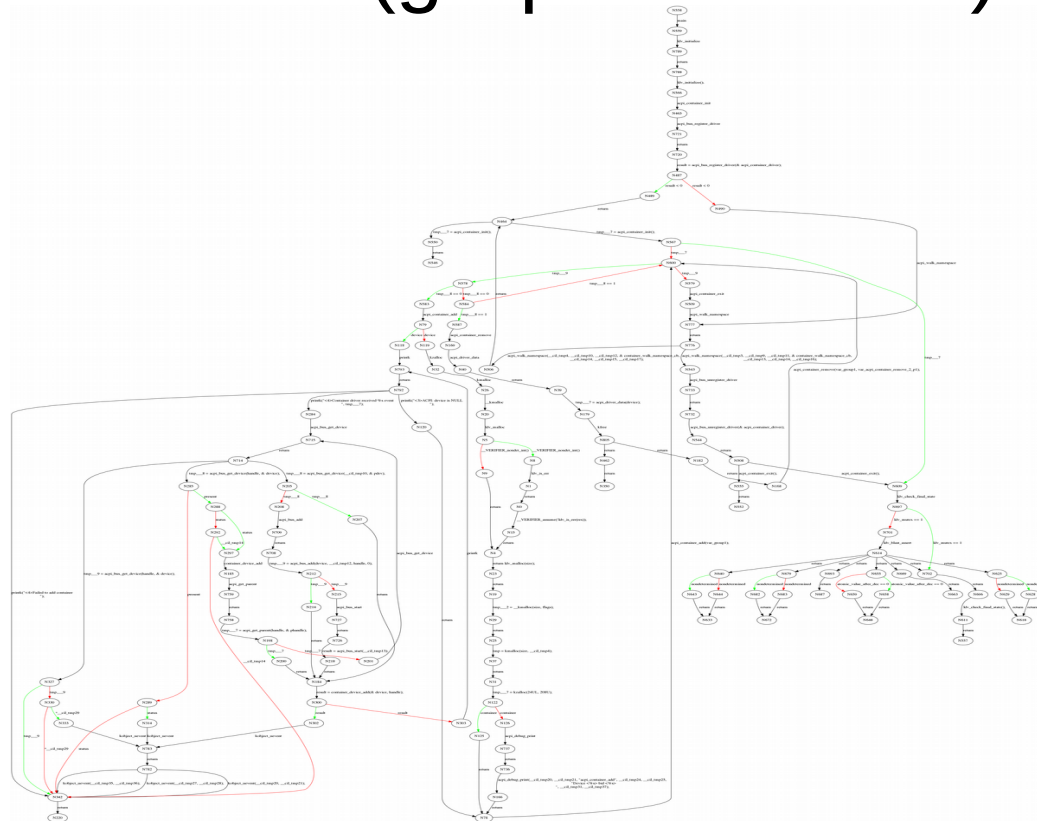
- Demonstration of a generic witness
  - Supports any SV-COMP tool
- Feedback to the developers
  - Missing elements, warnings, etc.
- Large witnesses visualization
  - Based on extracted violation hints
- Comparison of witnesses
  - Required for several witnesses

# Suggested Solutions

- Witness Visualizer (user-friendly witnesses)
  - Helps to locate bugs for the users
  - Helps to reveal problems in tools
- Correctness witnesses visualization (idea)
  - Shows main proof hints (for developers)
  - Presents source code coverage (for users)
- Benchmark Visualizer (continuous verification)
  - Visualizes BenchExec results
  - Groups witnesses for each benchmark

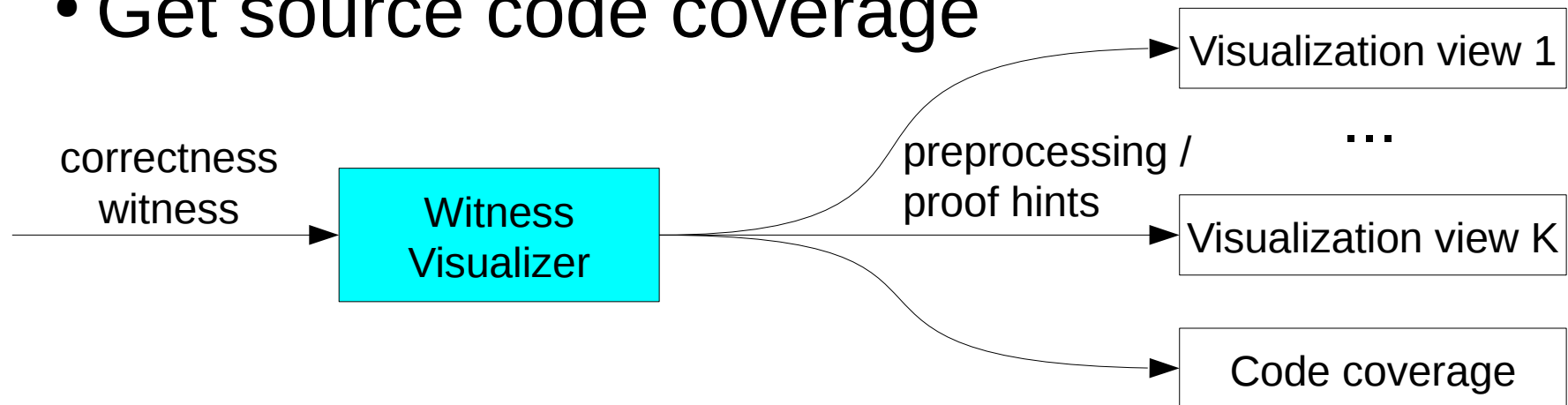
# Correctness Witnesses

- Present main verification result (proof)
  - Ensure the absence of missed bugs
- Hard to visualize (graph structure)



# General Ideas of the Visualization

- Support of common format\* (GraphML)
- Witness preprocessing
  - Convert to the plain structure
- Extract main proof hints
  - Conditions, invariants, etc.
- Get source code coverage



\* D. Beyer, M. Dangl, D. Dietsch, M. Heizmann. *Correctness witnesses: exchanging verification results between verifiers*. ACM, 2016.

# Implementation of the Suggested Ideas

- Proof hints
  - Conditions
  - Invariants (common and local)
- Witness preprocessing
  - Sort all elements by line/thread/source file
  - Combine all assumptions for conditions
  - Extract common invariants
- Witness comparison
  - Is not supported (only 1 (?) witness is expected)

# Correctness Witness Model Example

## “Developer” view

### Main proof hints

```
Conditions
  condition(cond1)
  condition(cond2)
  ...
Common invariants
  invariant(inv1)
  ...
Invariants
  Multiple invariants
    invariant(inv2)
    invariant(inv3)
  ...
```

All branches  
are covered

Some  
branches were  
not covered

## “User” view

### Source code coverage

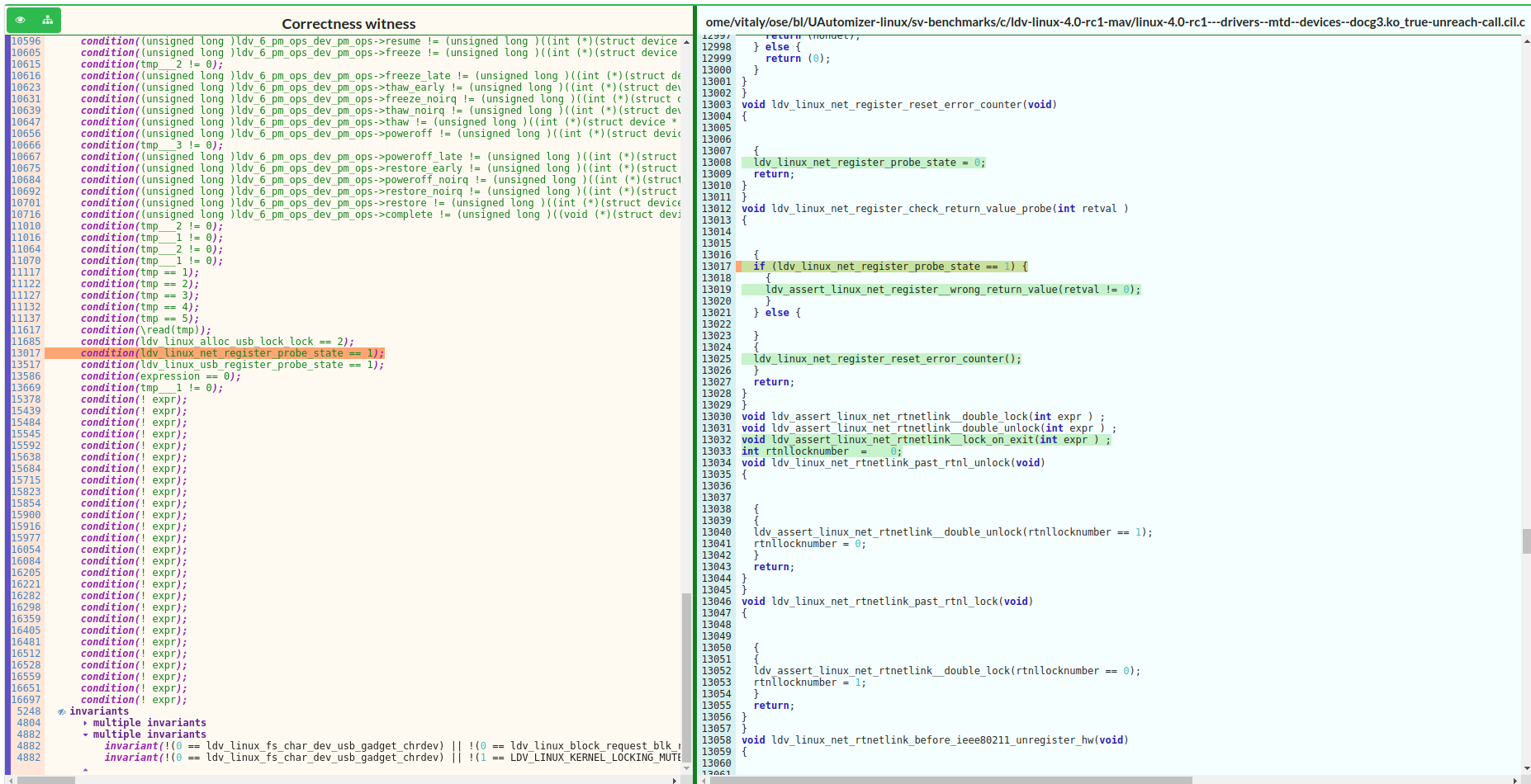
```
Line 1 - covered
         condition
Line 2 - covered line
Line 3 - uncovered
```

...  
Condition line

Invariant scope

# Correctness Witness Example

## UAutomizer correctness witness visualization\*



The image displays a correctness witness visualization tool. The left panel, titled "Correctness witness", shows a list of conditions and invariants. The right panel shows the source code file "ome/vitaly/ose/bl/UAutomizer-linux/sv-benchmarks/c/ldv-linux-4.0-rc1-mav/linux-4.0-rc1---drivers-mtd-devices-docg3.ko\_true-unreach-call.cil.c".

**Correctness witness**

```
10596 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->resume != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10605 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->freeze != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10615 condition(tmp_2 != 0);
10616 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->freeze_late != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10623 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->thaw_early != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10631 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->freeze_noirq != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10639 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->thaw_noirq != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10647 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->thaw != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10656 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->poweroff != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10666 condition(tmp_3 != 0);
10667 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->poweroff_late != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10675 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->restore_early != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10684 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->poweroff_noirq != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10692 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->restore_noirq != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10701 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->restore != (unsigned long)((int (*)(struct device *)
10710 condition(unsigned long)ldv_6_pm_ops_dev_pm_ops->complete != (unsigned long)((void (*)(struct device *)
11010 condition(tmp_2 != 0);
11016 condition(tmp_1 != 0);
11064 condition(tmp_2 != 0);
11070 condition(tmp_1 != 0);
11117 condition(tmp == 1);
11122 condition(tmp == 2);
11127 condition(tmp == 3);
11132 condition(tmp == 4);
11137 condition(tmp == 5);
11617 condition(read(tmp));
11685 condition(ldv_linux_alloc_usb_lock_lock == 2);
13017 condition(ldv_linux_net_register_probe_state == 1);
13517 condition(ldv_linux_usb_register_probe_state == 1);
13586 condition(expression == 0);
13669 condition(tmp_1 != 0);
15378 condition(! expr);
15439 condition(! expr);
15484 condition(! expr);
15545 condition(! expr);
15592 condition(! expr);
15638 condition(! expr);
15684 condition(! expr);
15715 condition(! expr);
15823 condition(! expr);
15854 condition(! expr);
15900 condition(! expr);
15916 condition(! expr);
15977 condition(! expr);
16054 condition(! expr);
16094 condition(! expr);
16205 condition(! expr);
16221 condition(! expr);
16282 condition(! expr);
16298 condition(! expr);
16359 condition(! expr);
16405 condition(! expr);
16481 condition(! expr);
16512 condition(! expr);
16528 condition(! expr);
16559 condition(! expr);
16651 condition(! expr);
16697 condition(! expr);
5248 invariants
4804   multiple invariants
4882   multiple invariants
4882     invariant(!(0 == ldv_linux_fs_char_dev_usb_gadget_chrdev) || !(0 == ldv_linux_block_request_blk)
4882     invariant(!(0 == ldv_linux_fs_char_dev_usb_gadget_chrdev) || !(1 == LDV_LINUX_KERNEL_LOCKING_MUTE
```

**ome/vitaly/ose/bl/UAutomizer-linux/sv-benchmarks/c/ldv-linux-4.0-rc1-mav/linux-4.0-rc1---drivers-mtd-devices-docg3.ko\_true-unreach-call.cil.c**

```
12997 return (0);
12998 } else {
12999 return (0);
13000 }
13001 }
13002 }
13003 void ldv_linux_net_register_reset_error_counter(void)
13004 {
13005 {
13006 ldv_linux_net_register_probe_state = 0;
13007 return;
13008 }
13009 }
13010 }
13011 }
13012 void ldv_linux_net_register_check_return_value_probe(int retval)
13013 {
13014 {
13015 if (ldv_linux_net_register_probe_state == 1) {
13016 ldv_assert_linux_net_register_wrong_return_value(retval != 0);
13017 } else {
13018 }
13019 }
13020 }
13021 }
13022 }
13023 }
13024 {
13025 ldv_linux_net_register_reset_error_counter();
13026 }
13027 return;
13028 }
13029 }
13030 void ldv_assert_linux_net_rtnetlink_double_lock(int expr) ;
13031 void ldv_assert_linux_net_rtnetlink_double_unlock(int expr) ;
13032 void ldv_assert_linux_net_rtnetlink_lock_on_exit(int expr) ;
13033 int rtnllocknumber = 0;
13034 void ldv_linux_net_rtnetlink_past_rtnl_unlock(void)
13035 {
13036 {
13037 {
13038 ldv_assert_linux_net_rtnetlink_double_unlock(rtnllocknumber == 1);
13039 rtnllocknumber = 0;
13040 }
13041 }
13042 }
13043 return;
13044 }
13045 }
13046 void ldv_linux_net_rtnetlink_past_rtnl_lock(void)
13047 {
13048 {
13049 {
13050 ldv_assert_linux_net_rtnetlink_double_lock(rtnllocknumber == 0);
13051 rtnllocknumber = 1;
13052 }
13053 }
13054 }
13055 }
13056 }
13057 }
13058 void ldv_linux_net_rtnetlink_before_ieee80211_unregister_hw(void)
13059 {
13060 }
```

\* Sometimes SV-COMP tools may produce empty correctness witnesses.



# Correctness Witnesses Visualization

- Suggested general ideas of the visualization
  - Based on plain structure and proof hints
- Suggested implementation of the ideas
  - Based on conditions and invariants
  - Other implementations can be suggested
- Idea to extract source code coverage
- Can be useful for both developers and users

# Suggested Solutions

- Witness Visualizer (user-friendly witnesses)
  - Helps to locate bugs for the users
  - Helps to reveal problems in tools
- Correctness witnesses visualization (idea)
  - Shows main proof hints (for developers)
  - Presents source code coverage (for users)
- Benchmark Visualizer (continuous verification)
  - Visualizes BenchExec results
  - Groups witnesses for each benchmark

# Benchmark Visualizer\*

- Web-interface\*\* for verification results visualization
  - Easy to setup and use
- Database
  - Benchmark verification results
  - User marks: bugs, incorrect proofs, etc.

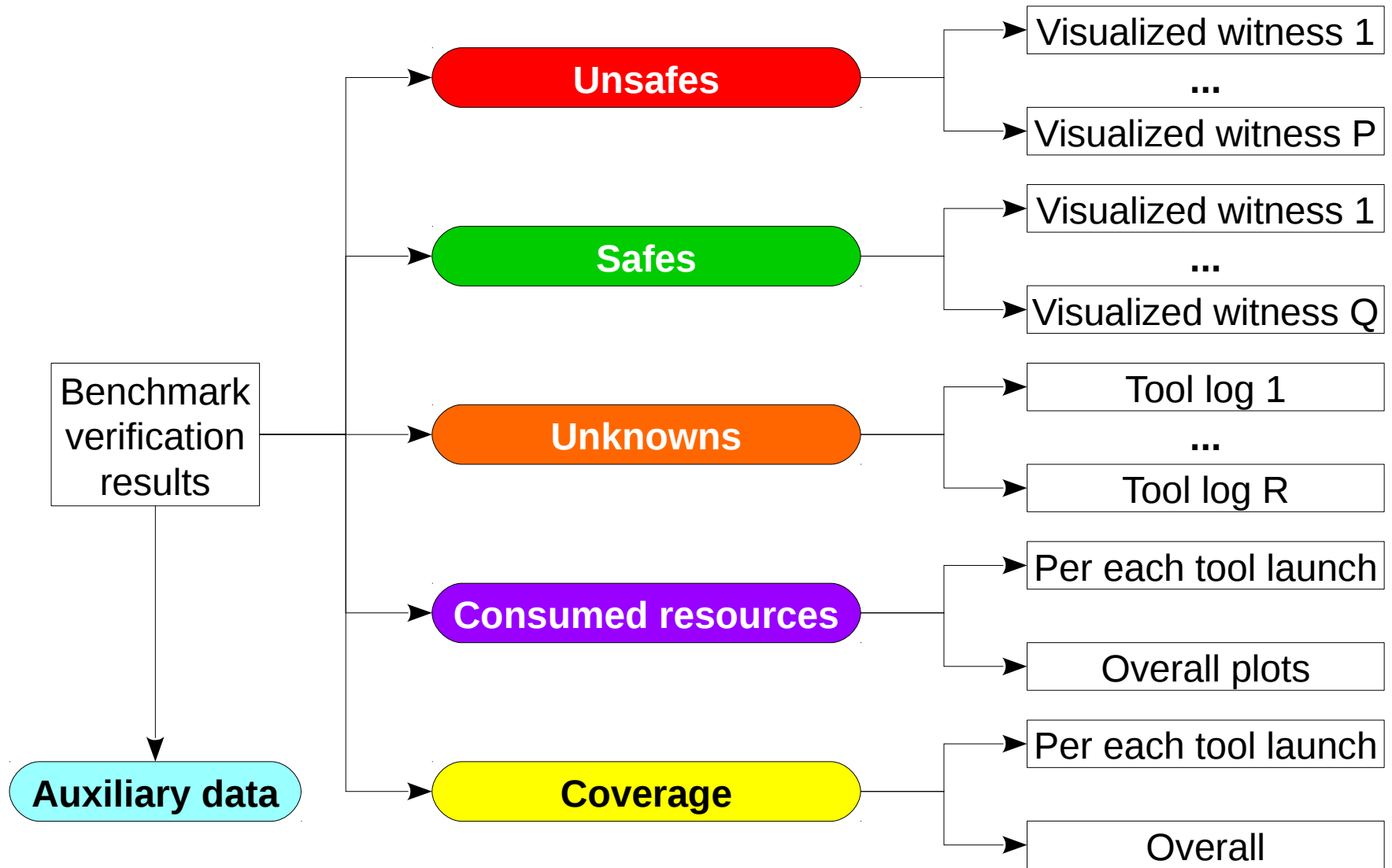
## Differences with BenchExec table-generator

- Witnesses in user-friendly format
- Means for manual results analysis
- Coverage (if presented)

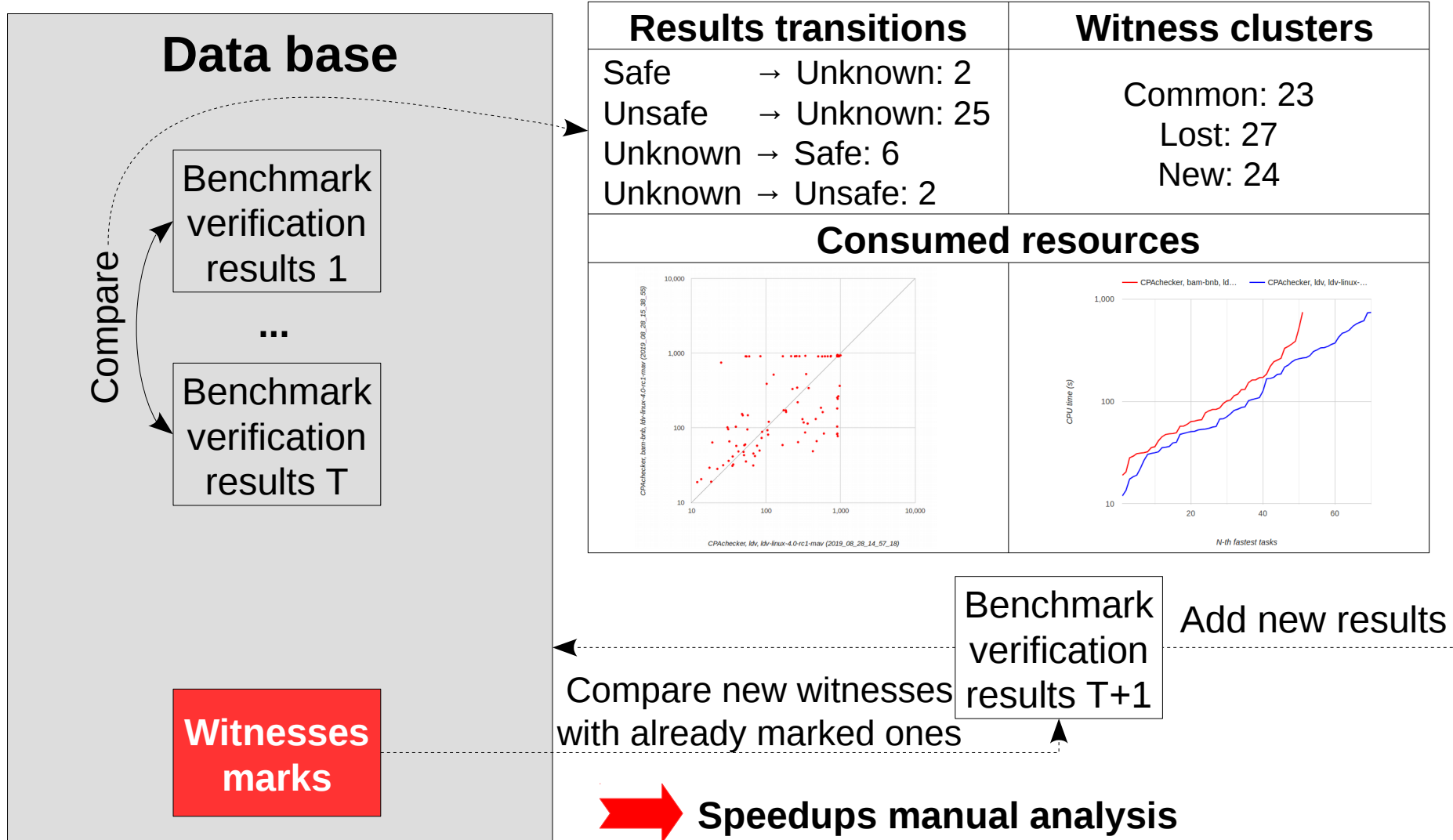
\* <https://github.com/ispras/cv>

\*\* <https://github.com/mutilin/klever> (branch cv-v2.0)

# Benchmark Verification Results Visualization



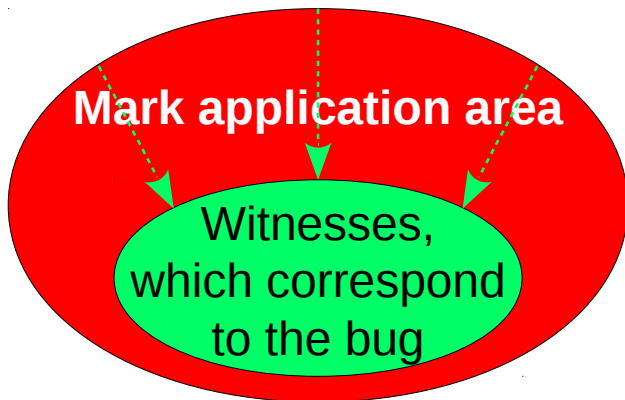
# Benchmark Visualizer Database



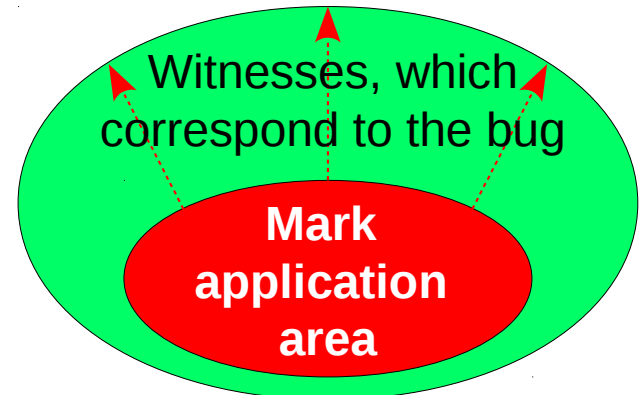
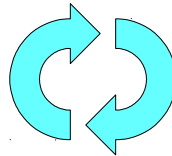
# Manual Results Analysis\*

- User analyses a witness to determine a bug
- User creates a mark for a bug
  - Witness + comparison criteria + description
- User adjusts the created mark

The mark is applied to a witness, which corresponds to other bugs



There is a witness, which corresponds to the same bug, but the mark was not applied to it



# Benchmark Visualizer Example

## Violation witnesses

Unsafes: 59

### Details

- ⊕ Bugs: 1
- ⊖ False positives: 13
  - 🔥 Rule: 5
  - 🔥 EnvironmentModel: 8
- ⊕ Unknown: 3
- ⊖ Without marks: 42

## Correctness witnesses

Safes: 11

### Details

- ⊖ Unknown: 7
  - 🔥 Low coverage: 7
- ⊕ Without marks: 4

## Verifier logs

Unknowns: 28

### Components

- ⊖ CPAchecker: 28
  - 🔥 Assertion: 19
  - 🔥 Parsing: 1
  - 🔥 Soft time limit: 23
  - 🔥 Time limit: 23

Coverage: 56.61% by functions / 20.81% by lines

### Details

Coverage type	Function coverage	Line coverage
Covered by all properties	56.61%	20.81%
Property 'unreach-call'	56.61%	20.81%

## Coverage per property

Consumed resources: 35 835 s / 15 GB

### Details

Component	CPU time	Memory	Wall time
CPAchecker	35 789 s	15 GB	8.1 h
Coverage	8 s	52 MB	16 s
Exporter	0 s	21 MB	290 ms
Launcher	1 s	20 MB	15 s
MEA	36 s	91 MB	37 s
Overall	35 835 s	15 GB	15 s

## Consumed resources plots

CPAchecker, ldv, ldv-linux-4.0-rc1-mav (2019\_08\_28\_14\_57\_18)

Description	SV-COMP benchmarks results
Last change	2 weeks, 5 days ago (uploader uploader)
Status	Solved (components tree)

### Attributes filters

Apply

Rule specification	<input type="checkbox"/> unreach-call
Verification object	▶ 98 elements

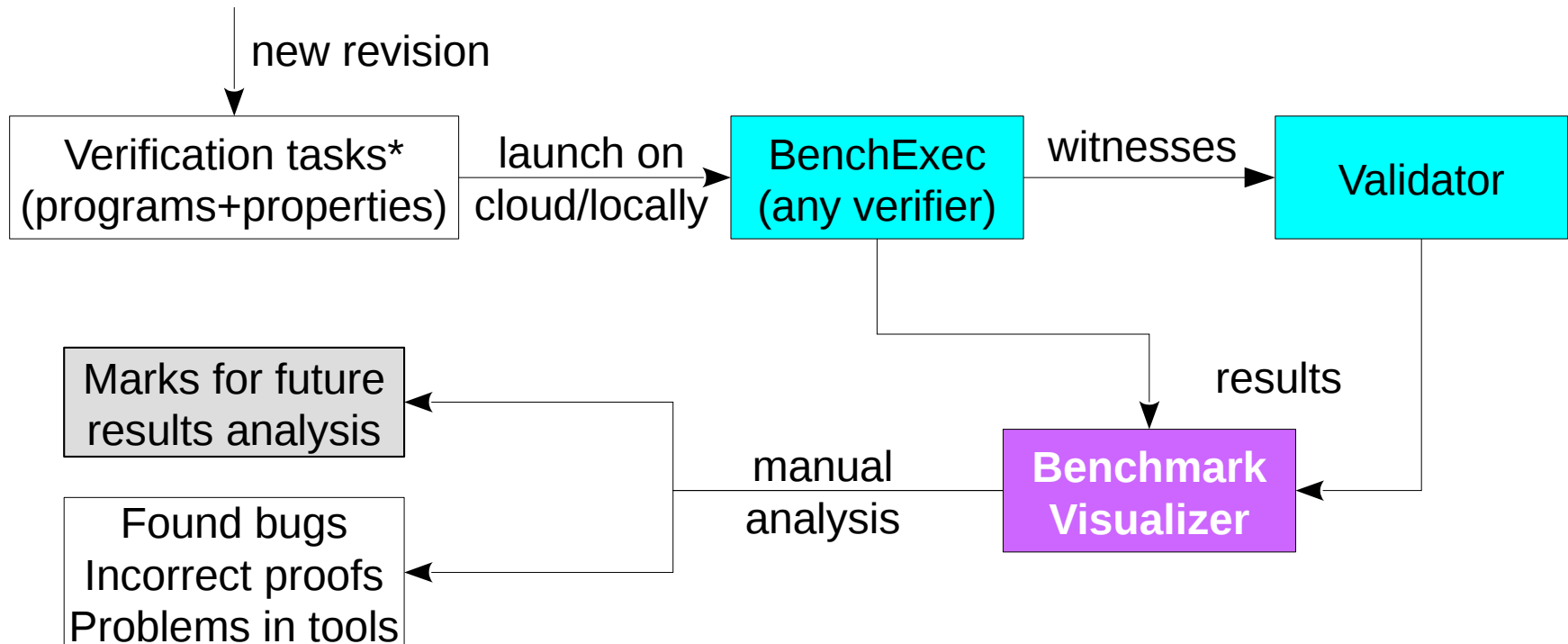
### Configuration

CPU cores limit	2
CPU time limit	900s
Memory limit	16000000000
Options	▶ Show

## Auxiliary data / filters

# Benchmark Visualizer Application Area

- Continuous verification of industry systems



- SV-COMP tasks
  - Similar work-flow with the given verification tasks



# Conclusion

- Witness Visualizer
  - Converts witnesses to user-friendly format
- Correctness witnesses visualization
  - New ideas of visualization
  - A simple implementation of the ideas
- Benchmark Visualizer
  - Successfully applied to continuous verification
  - Can be applied for SV-COMP tasks

# Future Plans

- Witness Visualizer improvements
  - Restore missing elements where possible
  - Improve feedback to the developers
- Correctness witnesses visualization
  - Suggest other views based on proof hints
  - Implement automatic coverage extraction
- Benchmark Visualizer improvements
  - Regression verification
  - Verification tasks preparation

The joint 4rd International Workshop on CPAchecker (CPA'19) and  
9th Linux Driver Verification (LDV) Workshop  
October 2, 2019, Frauenchiemsee, Germany

Thank you

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