

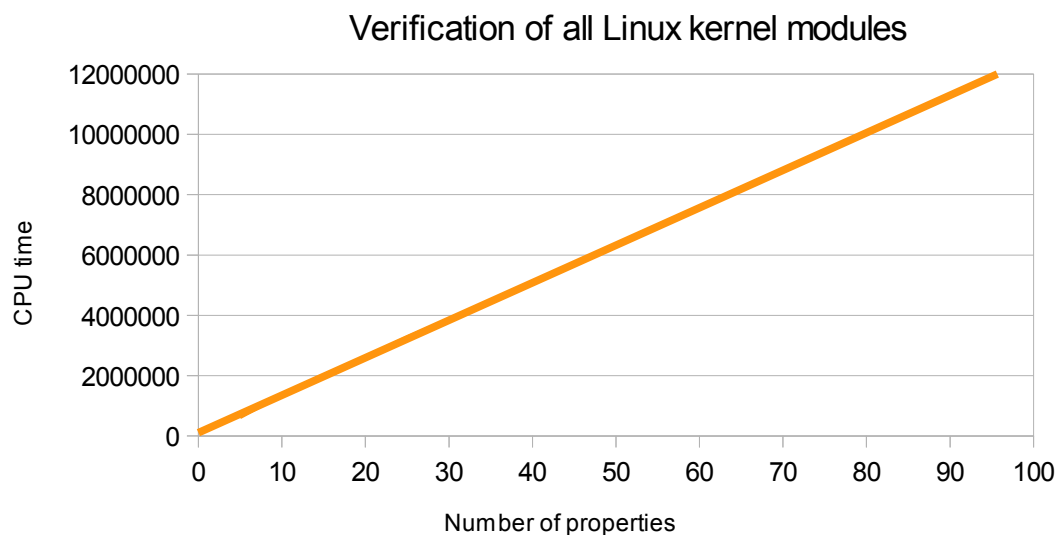
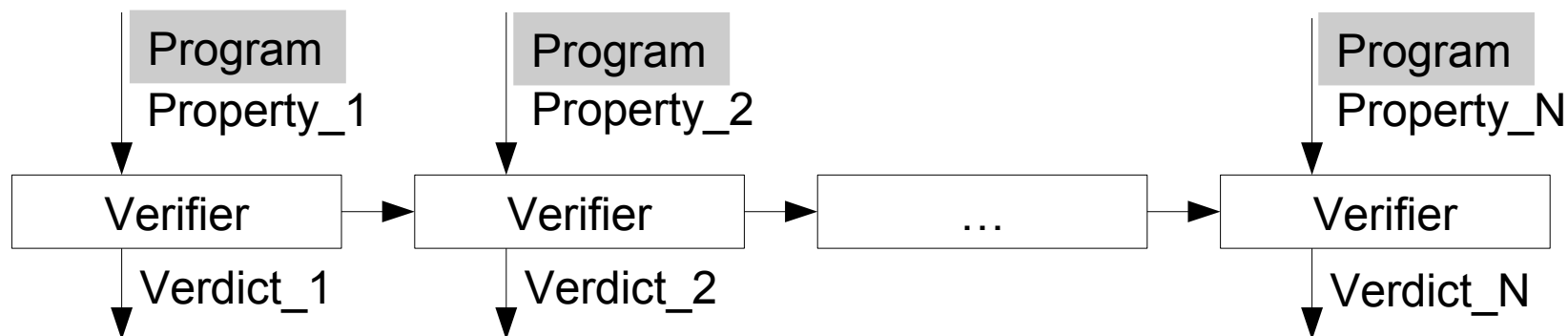
# Further Development of Methods for Verifying Several Properties at once



Vitaly Mordan  
*mordan@ispras.ru*

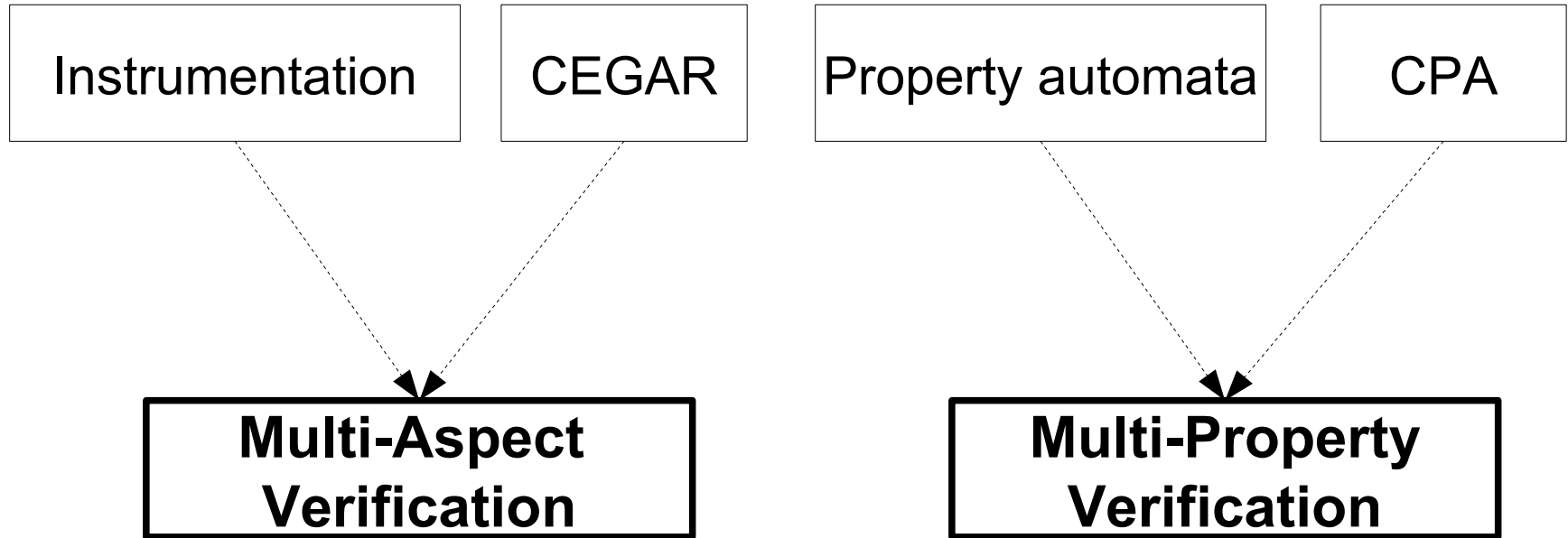


# Separated Verification of Properties



- **Lose** of intermediate results
- **Waste** of resources

# Verifying Several Properties at once



# Multi-Aspect Verification Results\*

- 17 properties, 6021 tasks
- 3 times overall speedup
- 5 times average speedup
- 5 times speedup with tasks preparation
- 2% losses

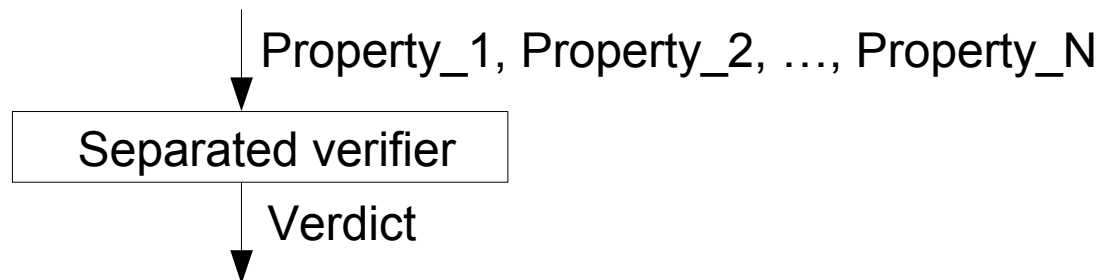
\* V. Mordan, V. Mutilin. *Checking Several Requirements at once by CEGAR*. LNCS 9609.

# Multi-Property Verification Results\*

- 14 properties, 4336 tasks
- 3 times overall speedup
- 8 times average speedup
- 0.4% losses

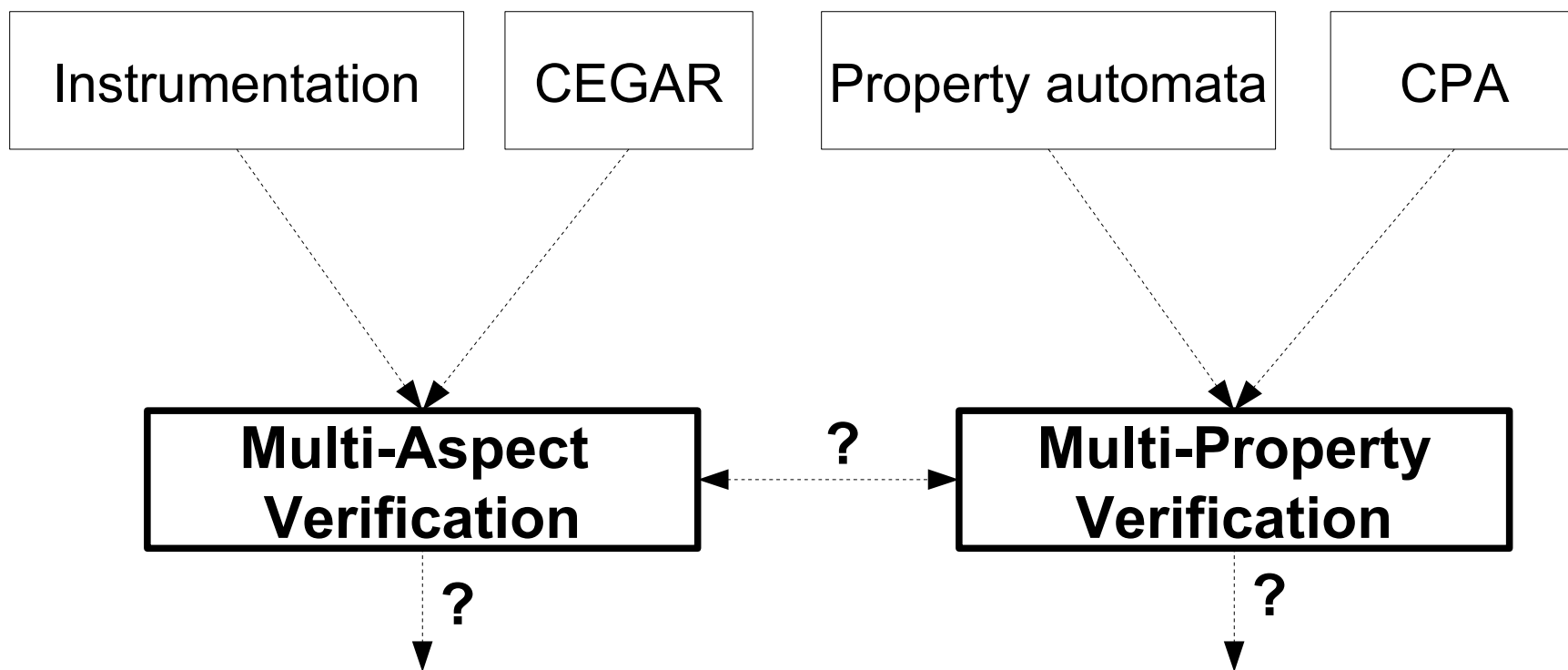
\* S. Apel, D. Beyer, V. Mordan, V. Mutilin, A. Stahlbauer. *On-The-Fly Decomposition of Specifications in Software Model Checking*. FSE 2016. 5

# Batch Methods Results



- Almost **no speedup**
- **>15%** losses

# Verifying Several Properties at once



# Instrumentation vs Automata

## Instrumentation

More general (?)  
Complicate tasks

## Property automata

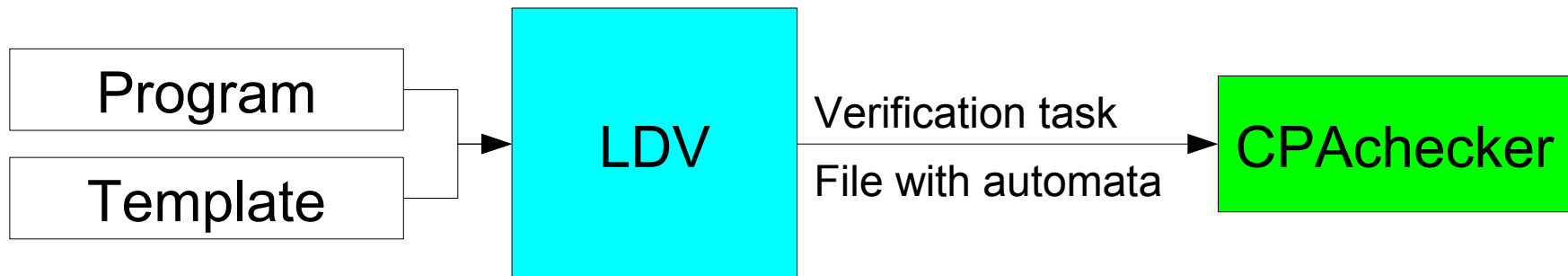
**Extension\***  
Do not affect tasks  
More efficient

\* S. Apel, D. Beyer, V. Mordan, V. Mutilin, A. Stahlbauer. *On-The-Fly Decomposition of Specifications in Software Model Checking*. FSE 2016. 8



# Complex Property Automata

- Generate several automata for property
- Use templates (LDV infrastructure)



# File with Automata Example

## Template

```
OBSERVER AUTOMATON linux_mutex_{{ arg_sign.id }}  
...  
MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock{{ arg_sign.id }}($?)} -> ...
```

## File with automata

```
OBSERVER AUTOMATON linux_mutex_mutex_1  
...  
MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock_mutex_1($?)} -> ...  
OBSERVER AUTOMATON linux_mutex_mutex_2  
...  
MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock_mutex_2($?)} -> ...
```

mutex\_1 and mutex\_2

program

# Experiments Setup

- CMAV
  - CPAchecker branch *cmav*, revision 20410
- MPV
  - CPAchecker branch *muauto*, revision 20125
- Machines
  - Intel Xeon E312xx (Sandy Bridge) 2.6GHz (8 cores)
  - 64Gb RAM
  - Ubuntu 14.04 (64-bit) with Linux 3.13
  - Java version 1.7.0\_95

# Experiments Setup

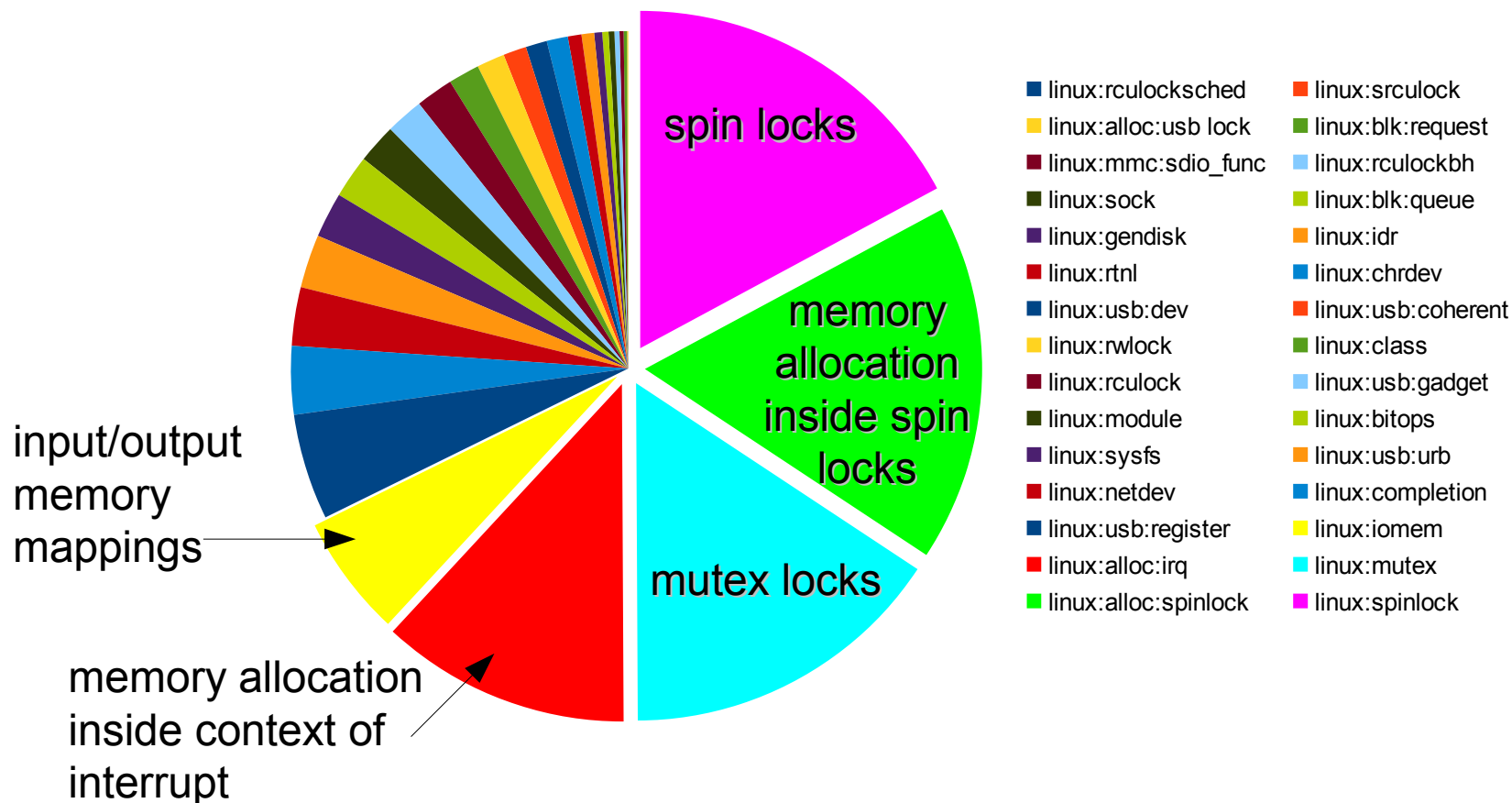
- 30 LDV properties (including 6 complex)
  - Instrumentation and automata
- 4044 verification tasks
  - Based on linux-4.0-rc1
- Limitations
  - 900\* CPU seconds (per 1 task and per 1 property)
  - 15GB\* of RAM and 13GB Java heap (per 1 verifier run)

**27 000** CPU seconds  
per 1 task and  
per 30 properties

\* According to Competition on Software Verification

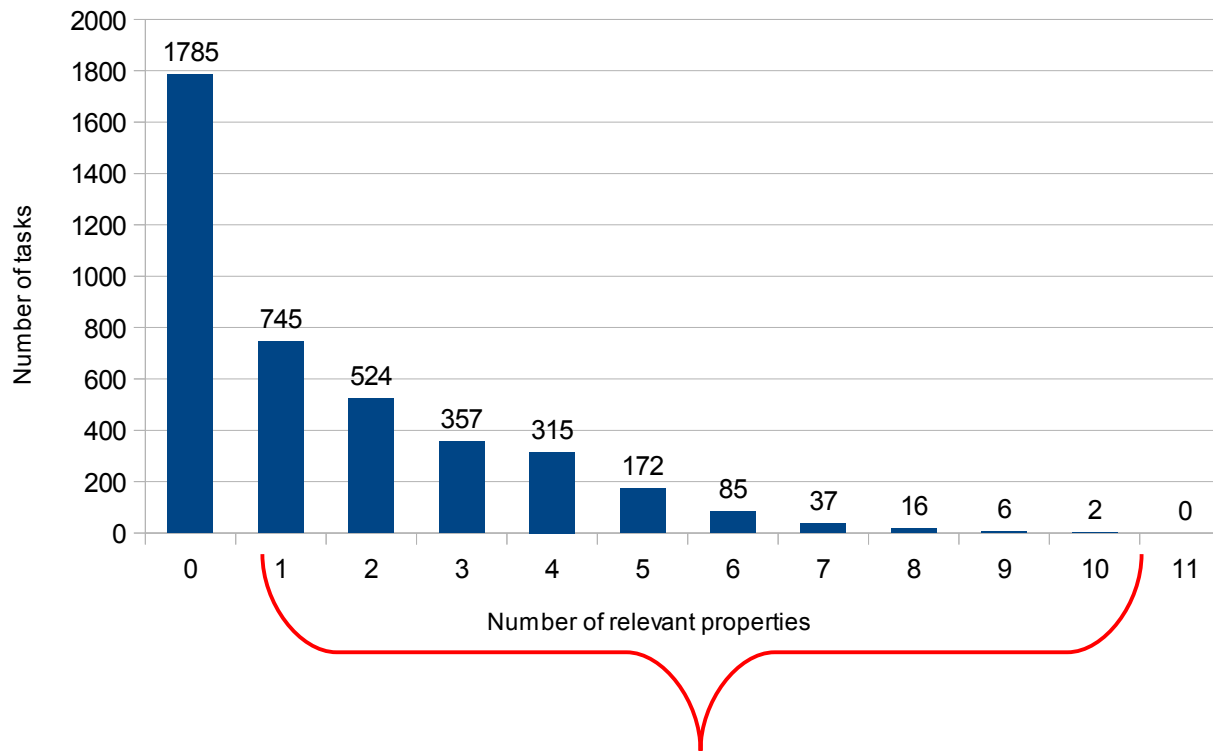
# Evaluation of Properties

## Distribution of relevant tasks per property



# Evaluation of Tasks

- 1.46 properties are relevant per one task



may cause complications

# Instrumentation vs Automata Evaluation

Method	Safe	Unsafe	CPU Time
Instrumentation	<b>118 704</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>3 867 000</b>
Property automata	<b>118 946</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>3 485 000</b>

Overall:

- Property automata are faster in **1.11** times
- Property automata solve **0.21%** more tasks

# Detailed Comparison for Unsafes

- **0** transitions
    - Safe->Unsafe (additional false alarms)
    - Unsafe->Safe (missed bugs)
  - **36** new Unsafes
    - time limits in instrumentation
  - **24** lost Unsafes
    - 2 exceptions in automata
    - 22 time limits in automata
- 
- +17 Unsafes**  
(input/output memory mappings)
- 5 Unsafes**  
(mutex locks)



# Features of Automata

- Pure functions with no parameters

```
extern int rtnl_trylock(void);
```

- Potential error trace

```
if (rtnl_trylock()) {  
    rtnl_unlock();  
} else {  
    // . . .  
    if (rtnl_trylock()) {  
        // no rtnl_unlock  
    }  
}
```

returns 0

Change of rtnl

returns 1

**ERROR**

# Features of Automata

- Instrumentation

```
int ldv_rtnl_trylock(void) {  
    if (/*...*/) {  
        /*...*/  
        return 1;  
    } else  
        return 0;  
}
```

- Automata

- Model it by pure function with parameter
- Add function in CPAchecker configuration

# Limitations of Automata

- Do not support pointers

MATCH ENTRY -> ENCODE {void \*pointer;} ...

Exception!

- Currently properties do not need it

# Checking Each Assert

Checking only **double locks**

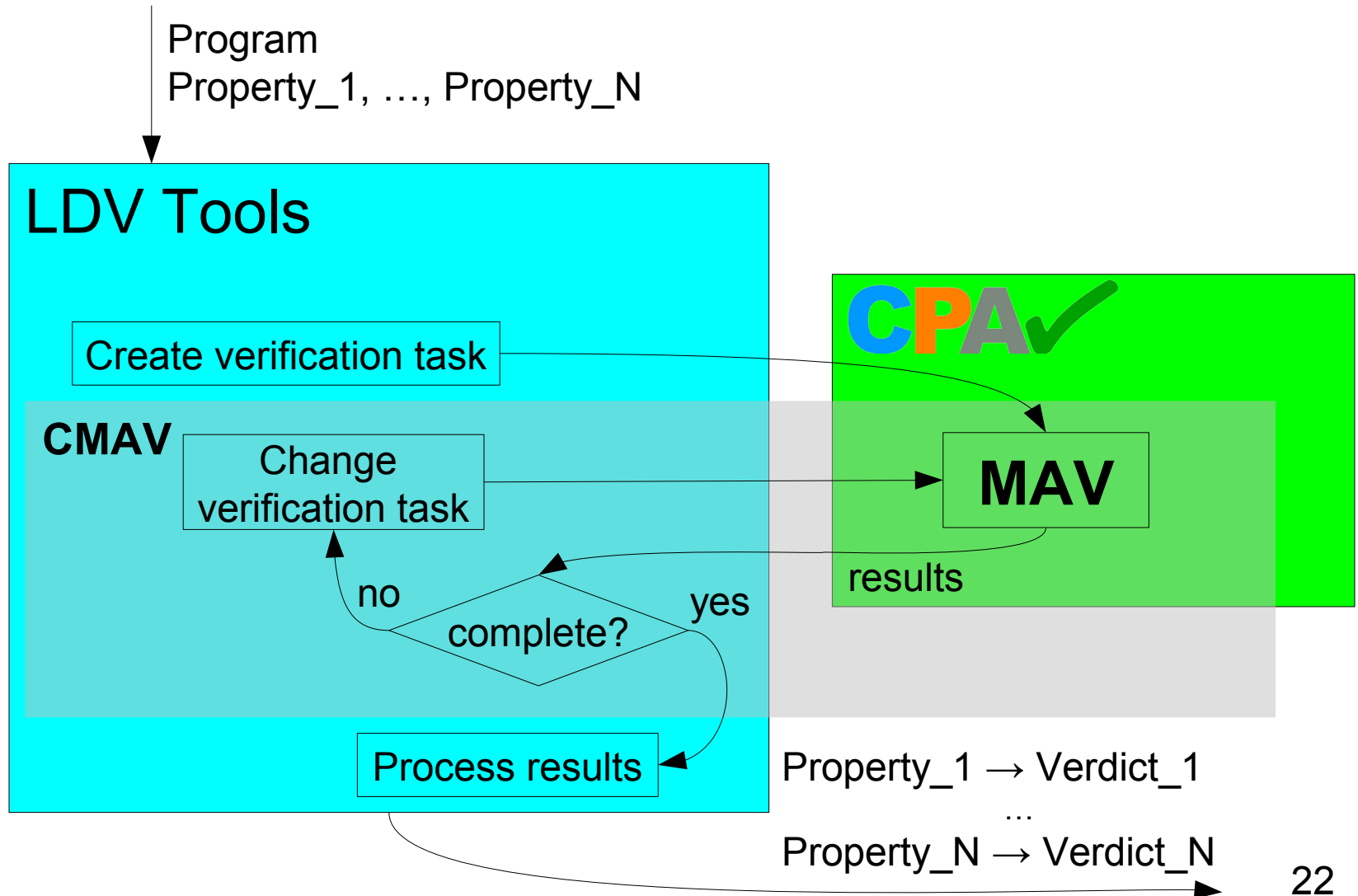
```
STATE USEFIST Unlocked :  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock($?)} -> GOTO Locked;  
  MATCH {ldv_mutex_unlock($?)} -> ERROR("double unlock");  
STATE USEFIST Locked :  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock($?)} -> ERROR("double lock");  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_unlock($?)} -> GOTO Unlocked;  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_check_final_state($?)} -> ERROR("locked at exit");
```

```
STATE USEFIST Unlocked :  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock($?)} -> GOTO Locked;  
  MATCH {ldv_mutex_unlock($?)} -> GOTO Unlocked;  
STATE USEFIST Locked :  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_lock($?)} -> ERROR("double lock");  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_mutex_unlock($?)} -> GOTO Unlocked;  
  MATCH CALL {ldv_check_final_state($?)} -> GOTO Locked;
```

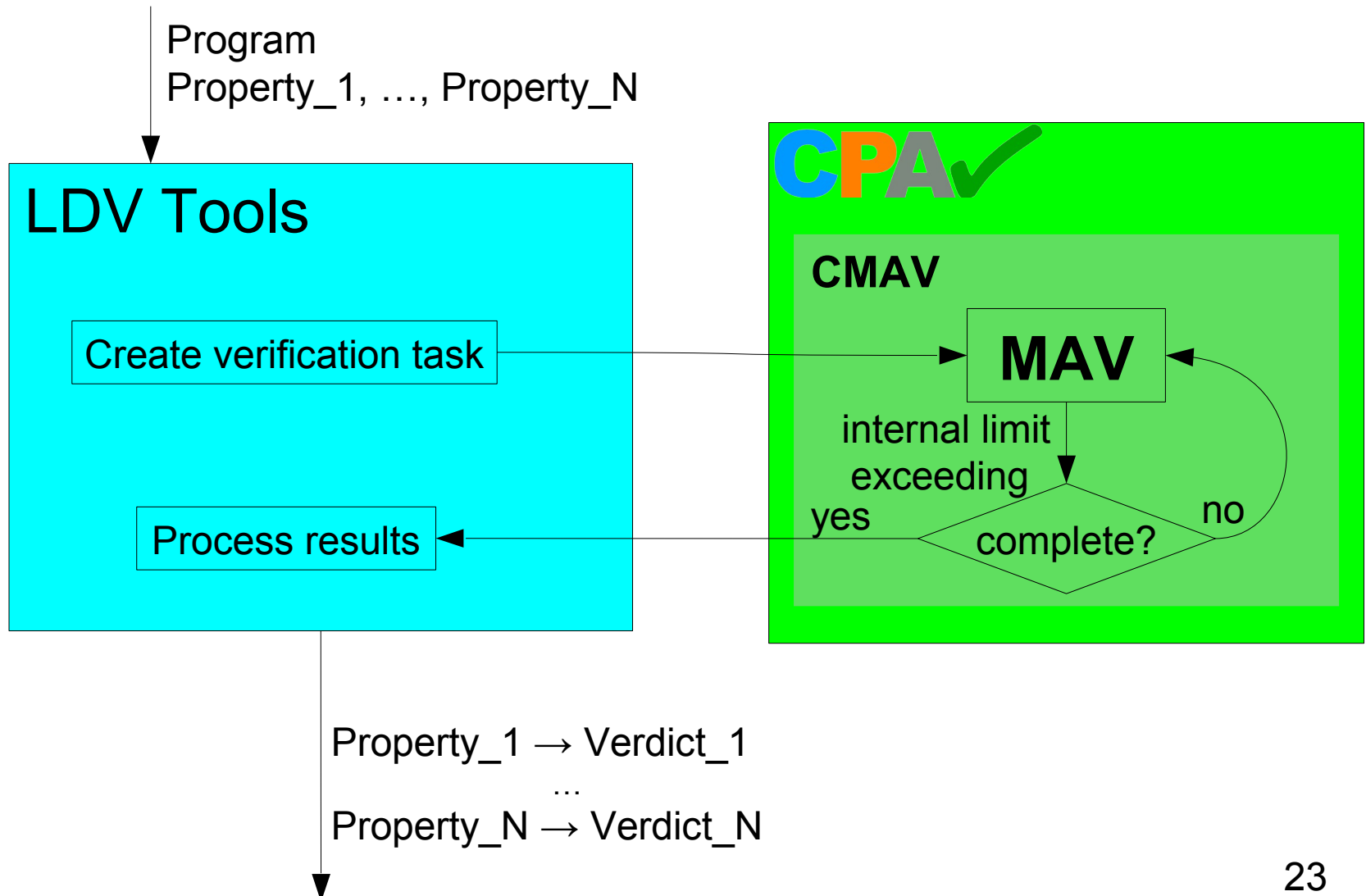
# Further Development of MAV

- Internal relaunch
  - Balance between reuse
- Different configurations of internal limitations
  - Balance between speedup and quality

# External CMAV



# Internal CMAV



# Internal vs External

## External relaunch

- Change of tasks
- Detect exceptions
- Loss of CFA, caches
- More additional actions
- Low limitations for iteration

## Internal relaunch

- No change of tasks
- Cannot detect exceptions
- Reuse of CFA, caches
- Less additional actions
- Require more RAM



# Internal vs External CMAV Evaluation

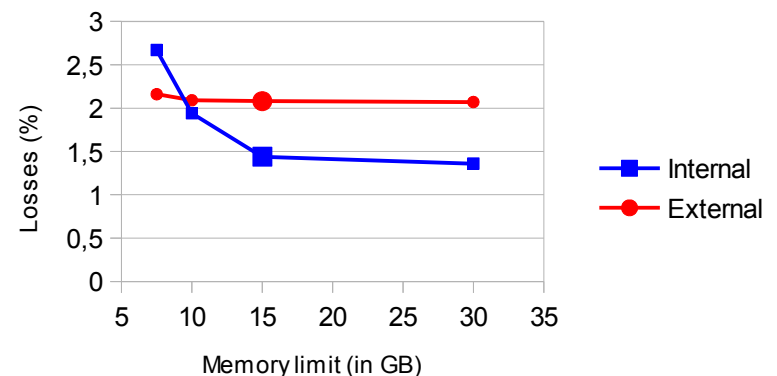
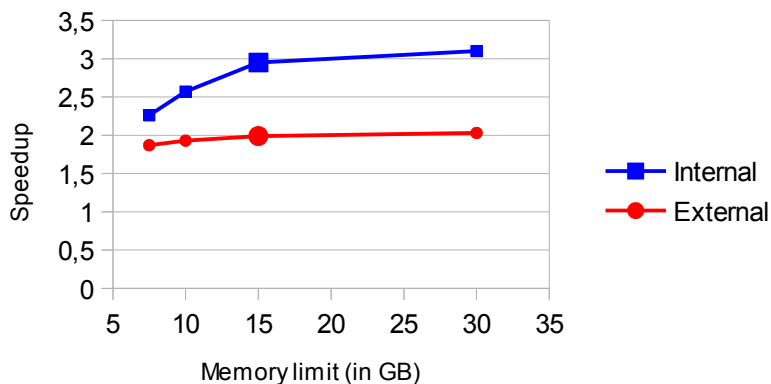
- Limitations per 1 verifier run
  - Internal: 27 000 CPU seconds
  - External: 1200 CPU seconds
  - All iterations no longer than 27 000 seconds

To clean ARG

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
External CMAV	116 266	621	2.08	1 940 000 1.99	248 000 10.62	2 188 000 2.97
Internal CMAV	117 006	643	1.44	1 310 000 2.95	220 000 12	1 530 000 4.25

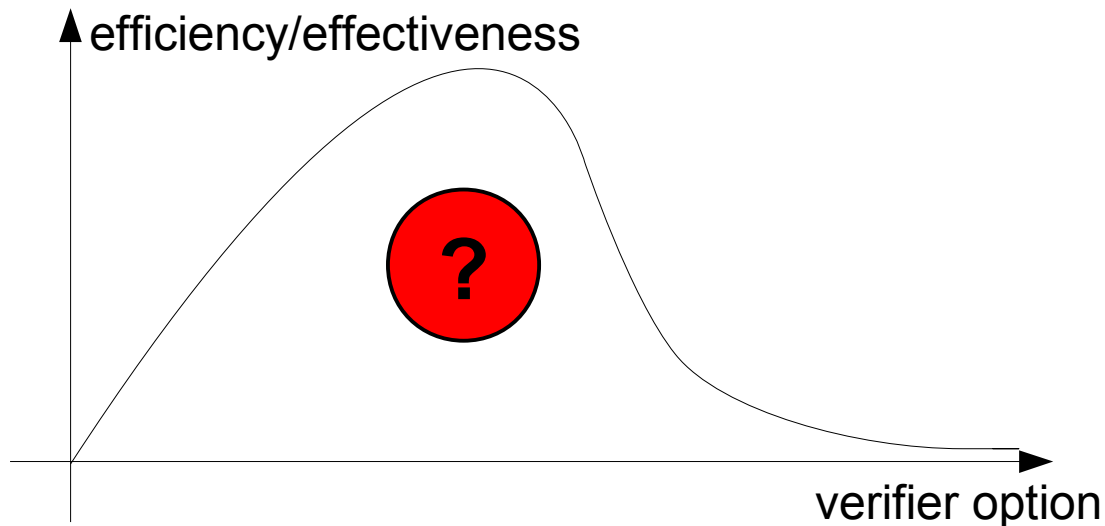
# Internal vs External CMAV (Different Memory Limitations)

- Memory limit
  - 7.5GB, 10GB, **15GB**, 30GB
- Java heap limit
  - 13/15 of memory limit



# Internal Limitations Idea

- Specify used heuristics
- Implicitly change quality of verification
- **DO NOT** change resources  
per 1 task and per 1 property



# Internal Limitations

## L4. No heuristics

same as in separated verification

for CMAV iterations

- ATL: 900s, IITL: 20s

## L3. Long intervals in MAV leads to Unknown

- ATL: 900s, IITL: 20s, BITL: 450s







## L2. More strict version of L3

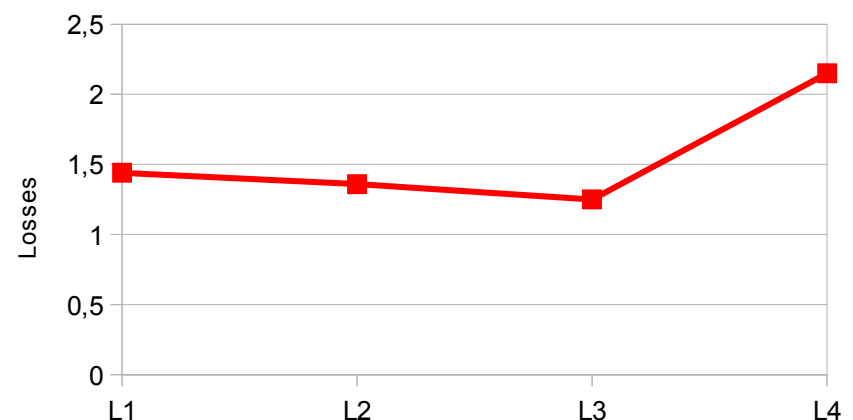
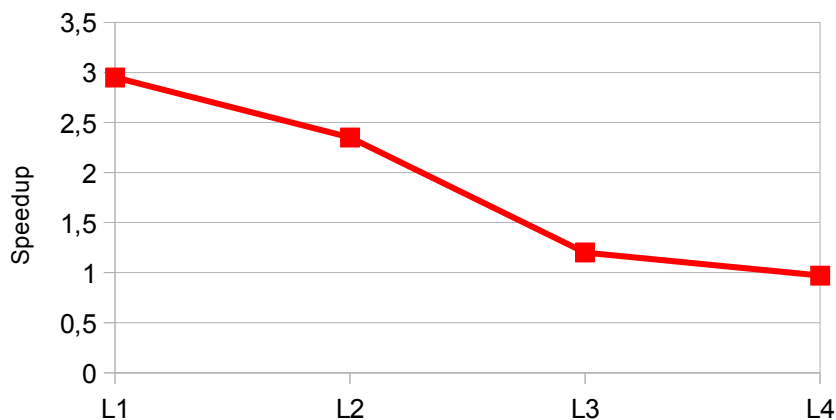
- ATL: 900s, IITL: 20s, BITL: 100s

## L1\* L2 + long first interval leads to Unknown for all properties

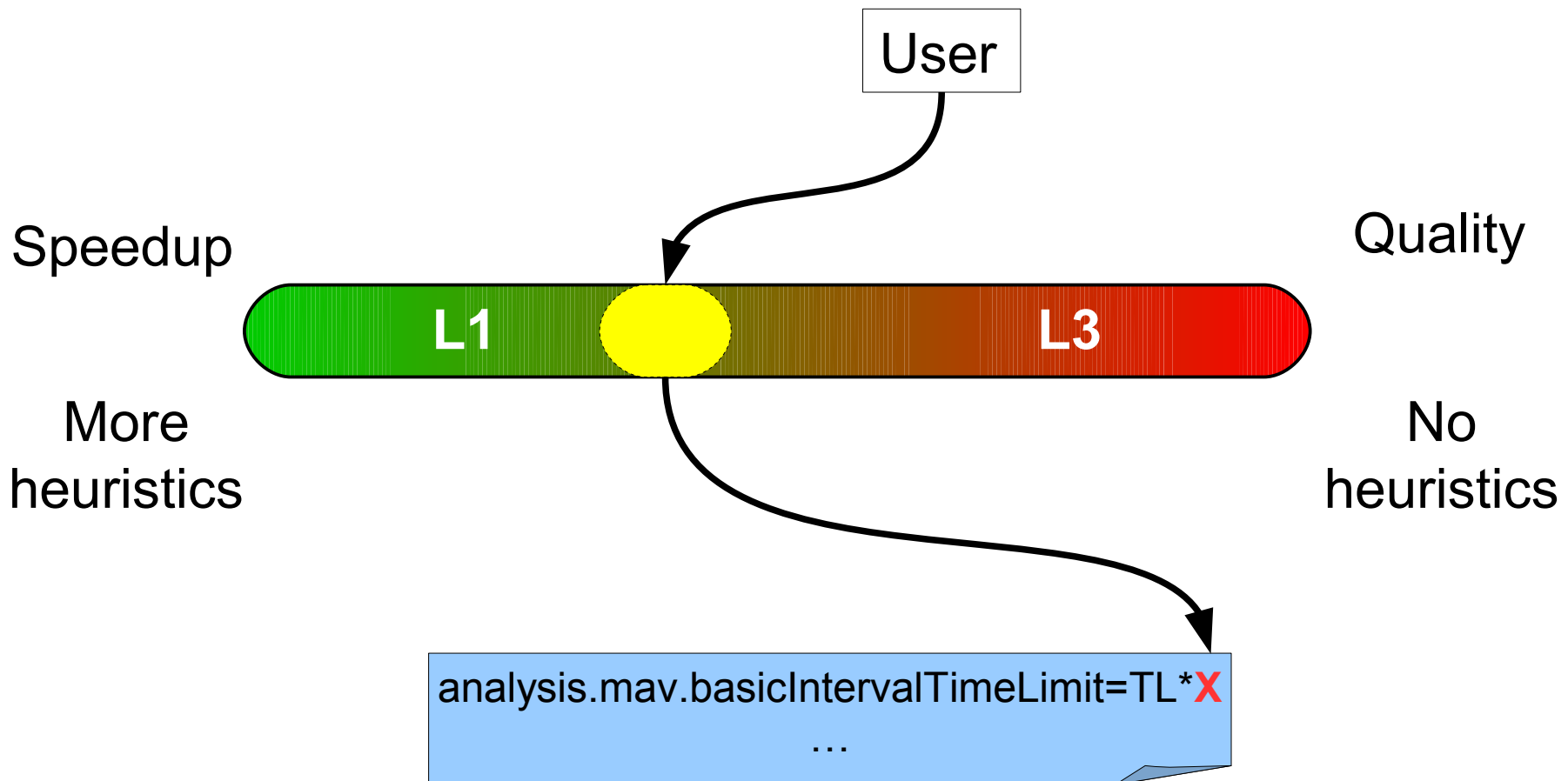
- ATL: 900s, IITL: 20s, BITL: 100s, FITL: 100s

# Different Internal Limitations Evaluation

Method	Safe	Unsafe	CPU Time	Speedup	Losses
L1	117 006	643	1 310 000	2.95 	1.44% 
L2	117 100	643	1 642 000	2.36 	1.36% 
L3	117 220	656	3 218 000	1.2 	1.25% 
<b>L4</b>	<b>115 838</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>3 971 000</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>2.15%</b>



# User Perspective



# MAV vs MPV Comparison Idea

- Irrelevant tasks
- “Easy” tasks
- “Hard” tasks
- All tasks (4044)

## Setup

- CMAV: L1 configuration, internal relaunch
- MPV: strategy *Relevance*  
(step 1: 200s; step 2: 1200s; step 3: 900s)

# MAV vs MPV (Irrelevant Tasks)

- 1785 tasks (irrelevant for all properties)
- 53 550 Safe verdicts
- MAV
  - **55 000** CPU seconds
- MPV
  - **39 000** CPU seconds (**1.4 faster**)
- Instrumentation **complicates** tasks
- **40%** of all tasks → **3-4%** of overall CPU time



# MAV vs MPV (“Easy” Tasks)

- 90 tasks (based on auxiliary modules)
- 2690 Safes, 5 Unsafes, 5 Unknowns
- MAV
  - **7 000** CPU seconds (**~1.57 faster**)
- MPV
  - **11 000** CPU seconds
- MAV solves tasks **faster**
  - **Heuristics**

# MAV vs MPV (“Hard” Tasks)

- 96 tasks (based on *fs* modules)
- MAV
  - **64 000** CPU seconds
  - **2 517** Safes, 10 Unsafes
- MPV
  - **57 000** CPU seconds (**1.12 faster**)
  - **2 601** Safes, 10 Unsafes (**3%** more solved)
- MPV solves **more** tasks **faster**
  - **Heuristics**

# MAV vs MPV (All Tasks)

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
Separated (instrumentation)	118 704	667	0	3 867 000 -	2 639 000 -	6 506 000 -
Separated (automata)	118 946	679	-0.21	3 485 000 1.11	2 639 000 -	6 124 000 1.06
CMAV	117 006	643	1.44	<b>1 310 000</b> <b>2.95</b>	220 000 12	1 530 000 <b>4.25</b>
MPV	<b>118 312</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>0.54</b>	1 357 000 2.57	<b>169 000</b> <b>15.62</b>	<b>1 526 000</b> 4.01

# MAV and MPV vs Batch

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
<b>CMAV</b> (no limitations)	<b>111 156</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>6.31</b>	<b>4 558 000</b> <b>0.85</b>	220 000 12	<b>4 778 000</b> <b>1.36</b>
CMAV ( <i>L1</i> )	117 006	643	1.44	1 310 000 2.95	220 000 12	1 530 000 4.25
<b>MPV</b> ( <i>All</i> )	<b>110 681</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>7.03</b>	<b>6 275 000</b> <b>0.56</b>	169 000 15.62	<b>6 444 000</b> <b>0.95</b>
MPV ( <i>Relevance</i> )	118 312	669	0.54	1 357 000 2.57	169 000 15.62	1 526 000 4.01

CMAV is more **optimized**

- Cleaning precision
- Single property automaton

# “Unfair” CMAV

- Observation
  - Some properties are better to verify separately
- Heuristic manual decomposition



Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
CMAV	117 006	643	1.44	1 310 000 2.95	<b>220 000</b> <b>12</b>	1 530 000 4.25
“Unfair” CMAV	<b>117 404</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1 066 000</b> <b>3.63</b>	<b>324 000</b> <b>8.15</b>	<b>1 390 000</b> <b>4.68</b>

x2 tasks

# Overhead Costs of MPV

- MPV (*Sep*) vs Separated runs
  - Reuse CFA and caches
  - Overhead costs (?)

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
Separated (automata)	118 946	679	0	3 485 000 -	2 639 000 -	6 124 000 -
MPV ( <i>Relevance</i> )	<b>118 312</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>0.54</b>	<b>1 357 000</b> <b>2.57</b>	<b>169 000</b> <b>15.62</b>	<b>1 526 000</b> <b>4.01</b>
MPV ( <i>Sep</i> )	117 688	652	1.07	<b>3 496 000</b> <b>0.99</b>	169 000 15.62	3 665 000 1.67

# MAV and MPV

## MAV

Better for: easy tasks

More optimized

More speedup

More heuristics

More losses

## MPV

Better for: hard tasks

More resource intensive

Less speedup

Less heuristics

Less losses

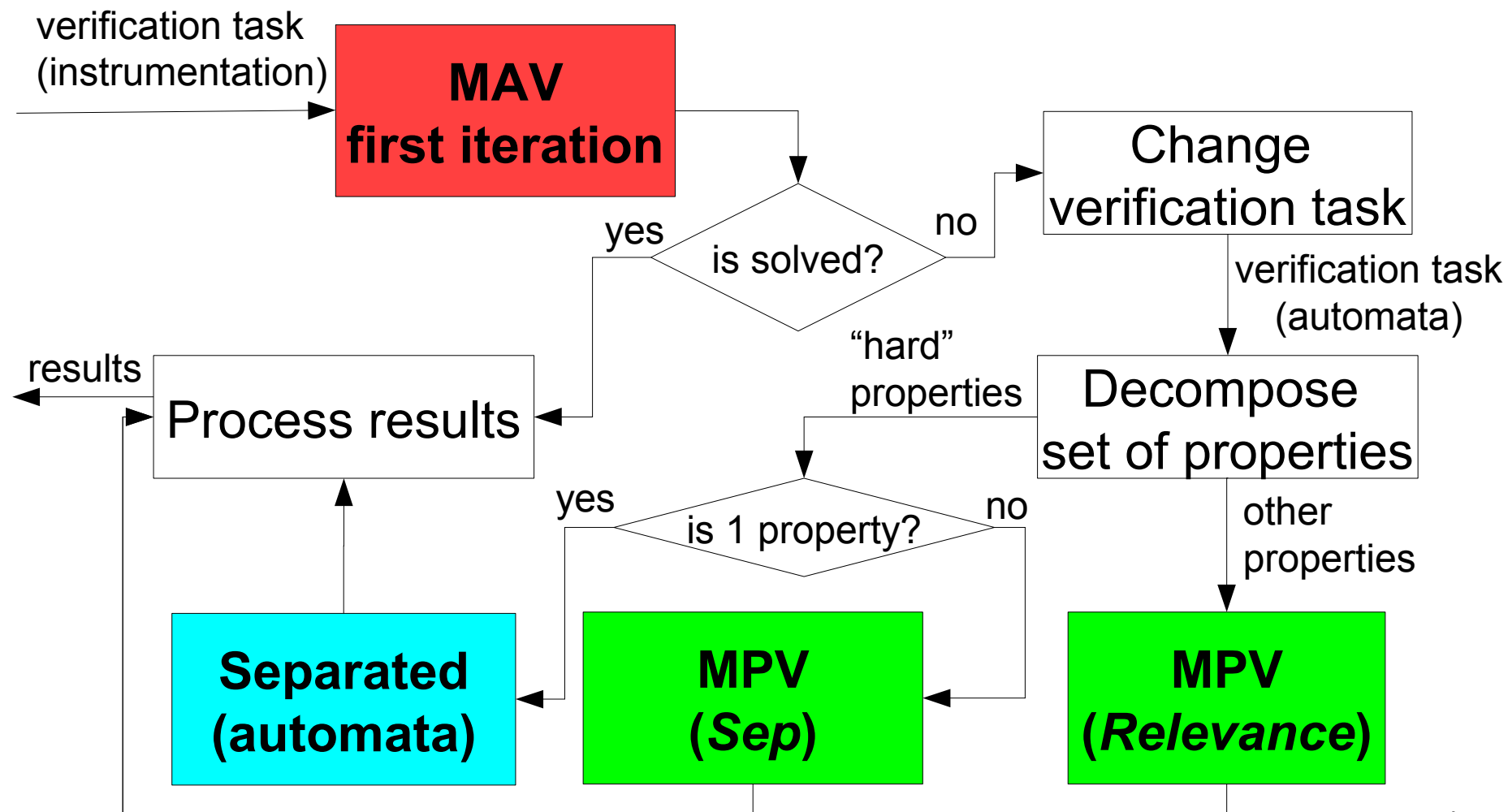
**Methods have different application area**

# Sequential Combination Idea

- Unite **strengths** of MAV and MPV
  - Instrumentation vs Automata
  - Internal vs External relaunches
  - Heuristics and optimizations vs Quality
- Minimize the influence of their **weaknesses**
- Default method for the users



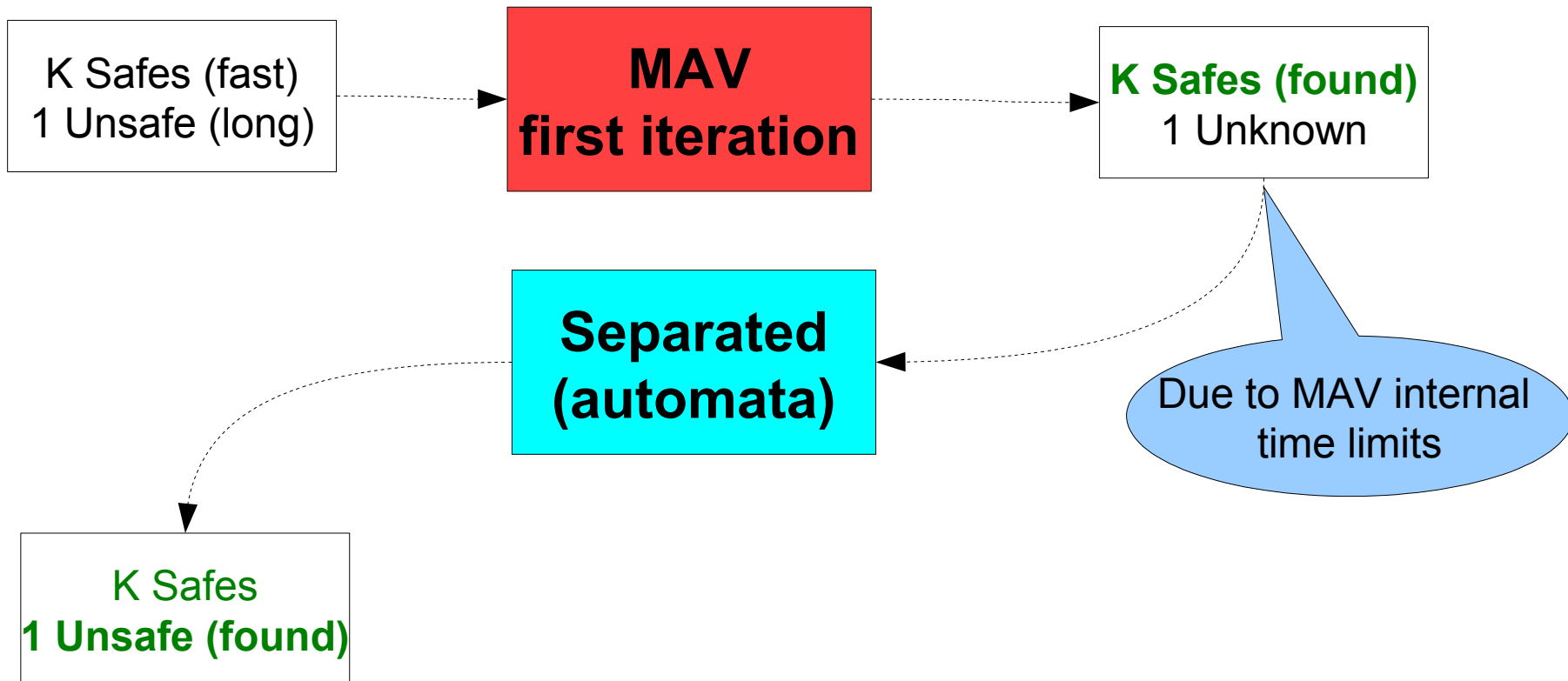
# Sequential Combination Schema



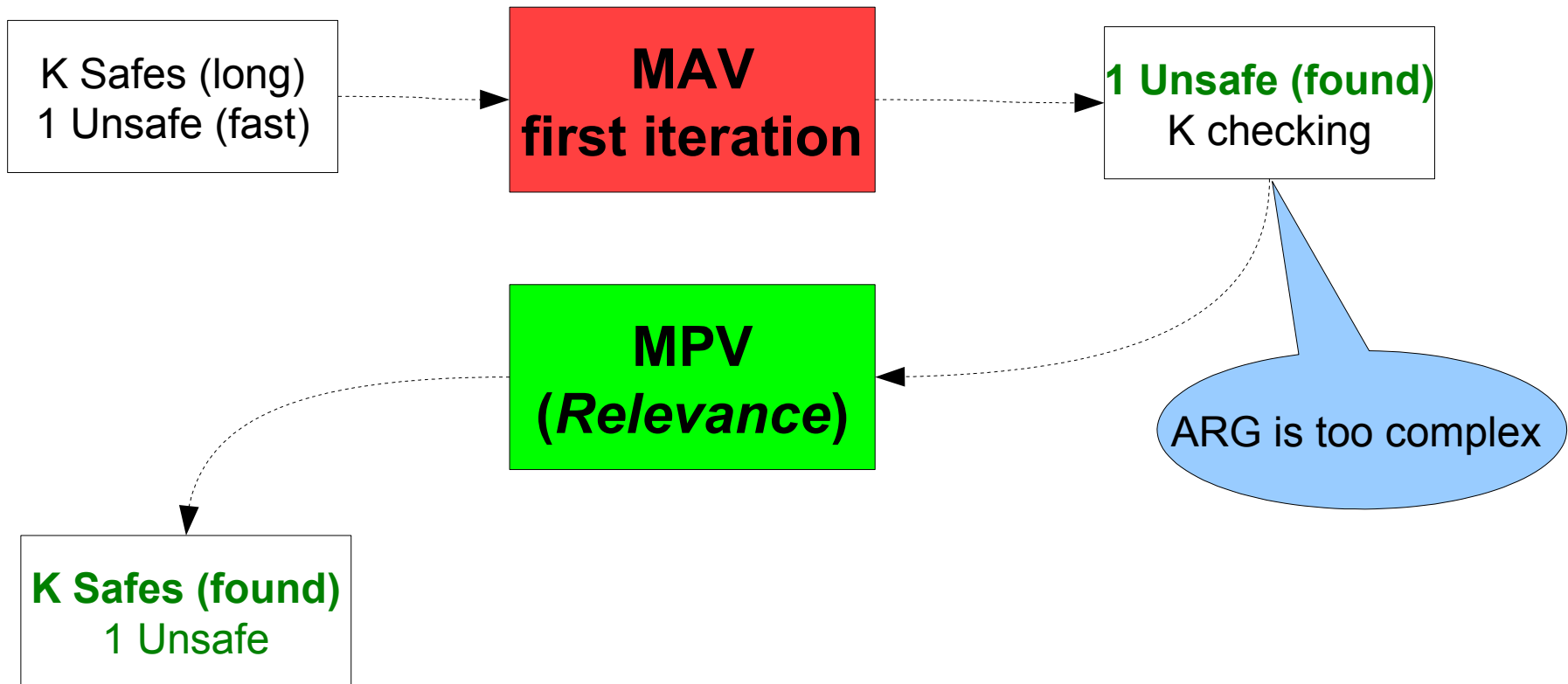
# Sequential Combination Advantages

- Relaunches
  - External between steps – **change tasks**
  - Internal inside each step – **efficiency**
- Preparation of verification tasks
  - **Strengths** of instrumentation and automata
- MAV solves “easy” tasks – **optimizations**
- MPV solves “hard” tasks – **quality**

# Motivating Example 1



# Motivating Example 2



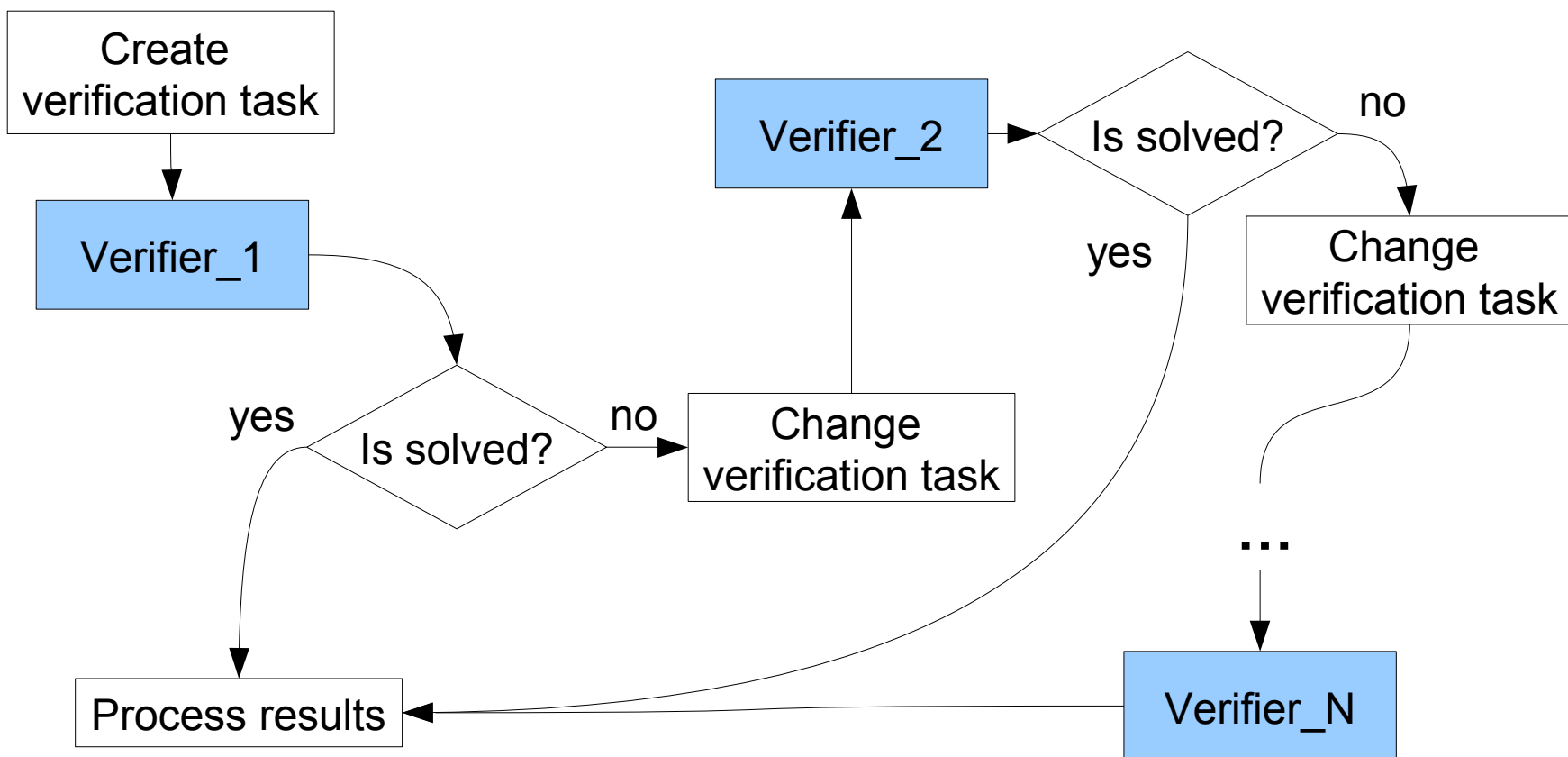
# Sequential Combination Implementation

- Sequential Combination 1 (precise)
  - Recheck all “heuristic” **Unknowns** of MAV
    - “Hard” properties
  - Limit MAV to half of basic time limit
- Sequential Combination 2 (fast)
  - Recheck only “heuristic” L1 **Unknowns**
  - Limit MAV as external (1200 CPU seconds)
- ...

# Evaluation

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
Separated (instrumentation)	118 704	667	0	3 867 000 -	2 639 000 -	6 506 000 -
Separated (automata)	118 946	679	-0.21	3 485 000 1.11	2 639 000 -	6 124 000 1.06
CMAV	117 006	643	1.44	<b>1 310 000</b> <b>2.95</b>	<b>220 000</b> <b>12</b>	<b>1 530 000</b> <b>4.25</b>
MPV	<b>118 312</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>0.54</b>	1 357 000 2.57	<b>169 000</b> <b>15.62</b>	1 526 000 4.01
Sequential combination 1	<b>118 734</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>-0.05</b>	<b>1 342 000</b> <b>2.88</b>	227 000 11.63	<b>1 569 000</b> <b>4.14</b>
Sequential combination 2	<b>118 492</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>1 231 000</b> <b>3.14</b>	<b>223 000</b> <b>11.82</b>	<b>1 454 000</b> <b>4.47</b>

# General Case Schema



# Any Number of Properties

- In practice
  - Hundreds of properties
- Methods may lose efficiency/effectiveness
  - Instrumentation in MAV
  - Overhead costs in MPV
- Manual decomposition?
  - Solve more tasks, which are more “easier”

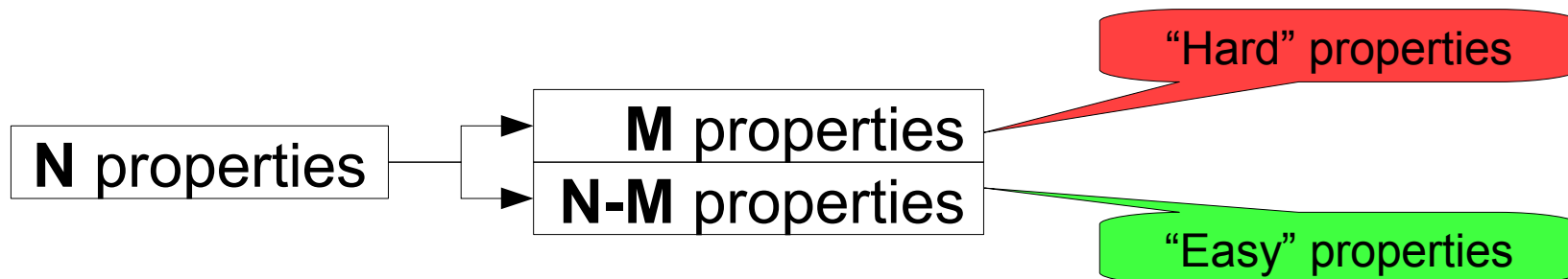


# Manual Decomposition of Properties

- Random decomposition



- **Significant loss of efficiency**
- Based on difficulty function (“unfair” CMAV)

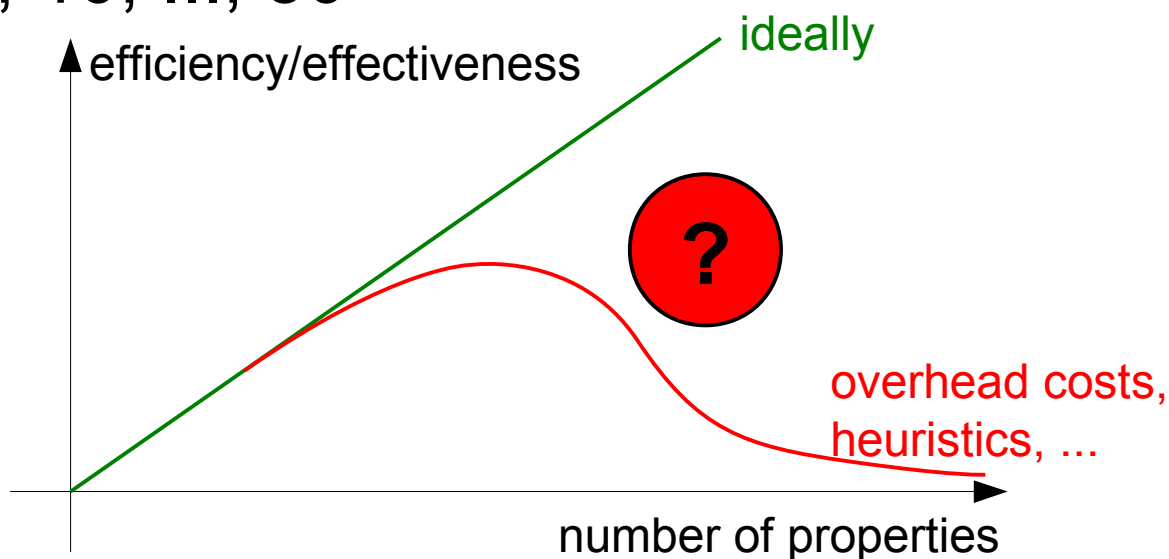


- **ONLY for fixed set of tasks**

# Different Number of Properties

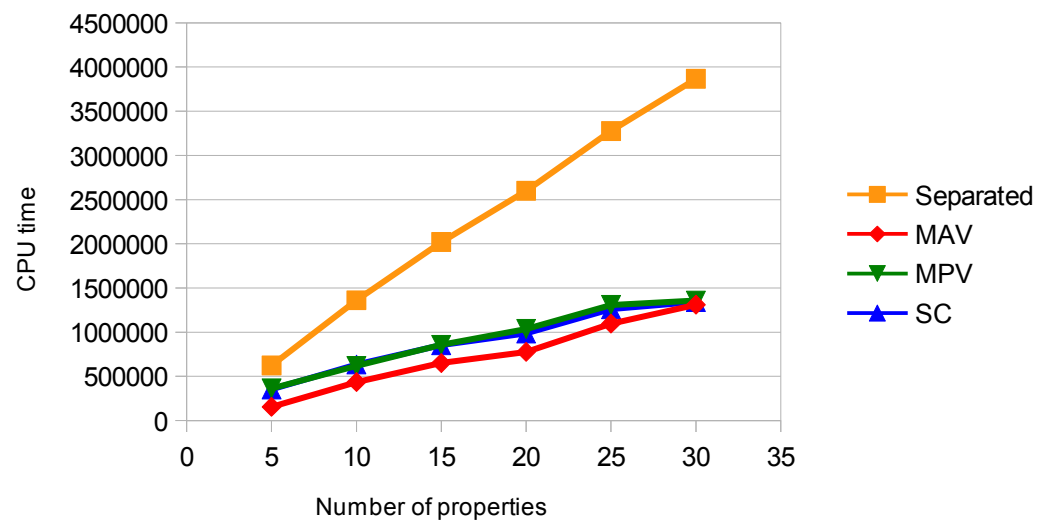
## Experiment Idea

- Sort 30 properties randomly
  - *linux:module, linux:alloc:irq, ..., linux:rtnl*
- Take N properties to verify
  - 5, 10, ..., 30



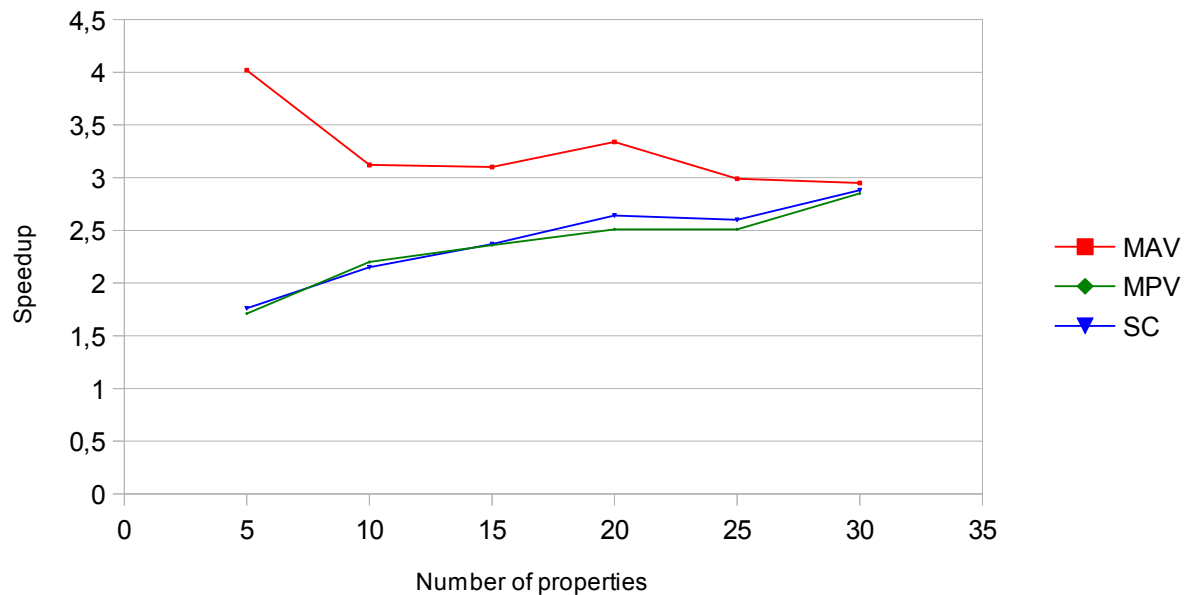
# Comparison of CPU Time

Properties	Separated	CMAV	MPV	SC
5	623 000	155 000	364 000	353 000
10	1 361 000	436 000	619 000	634 000
15	2 020 000	651 000	857 000	853 000
20	2 599 000	777 000	1 036 000	986 000
25	3 276 000	1 096 000	1 307 000	1 260 000
30	3 866 000	1 310 000	1 357 000	1 342 000



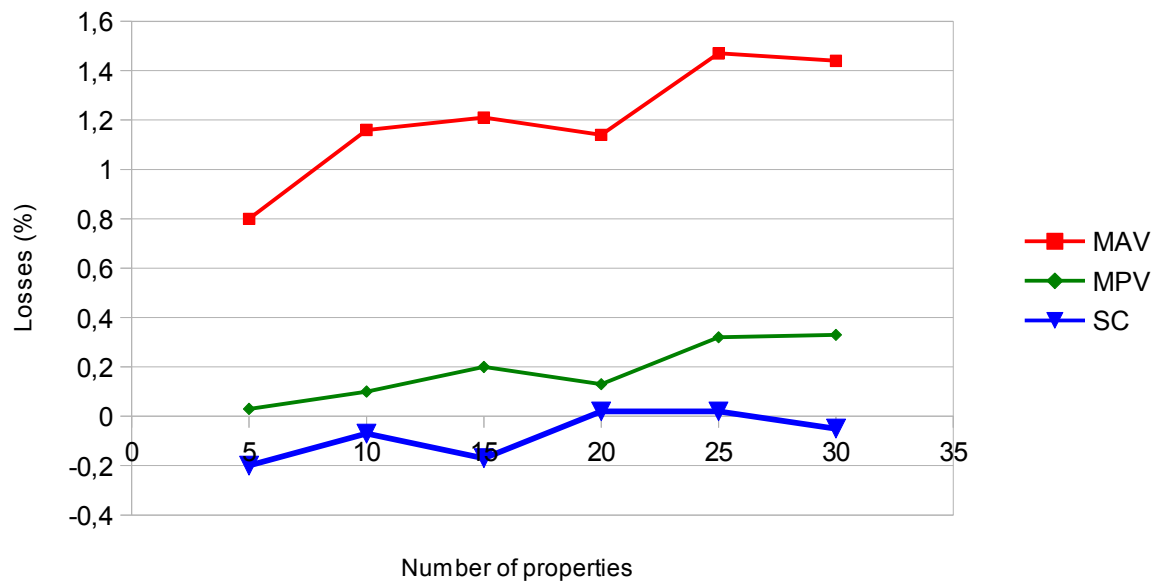
# Comparison of Speedup

Properties	CMAV	MPV	SC
5	4.02	1.71	1.76
10	3.12	2.2	2.15
15	3.1	2.36	2.37
20	3.34	2.51	2.64
25	2.99	2.51	2.6
30	2.95	2.85	2.88

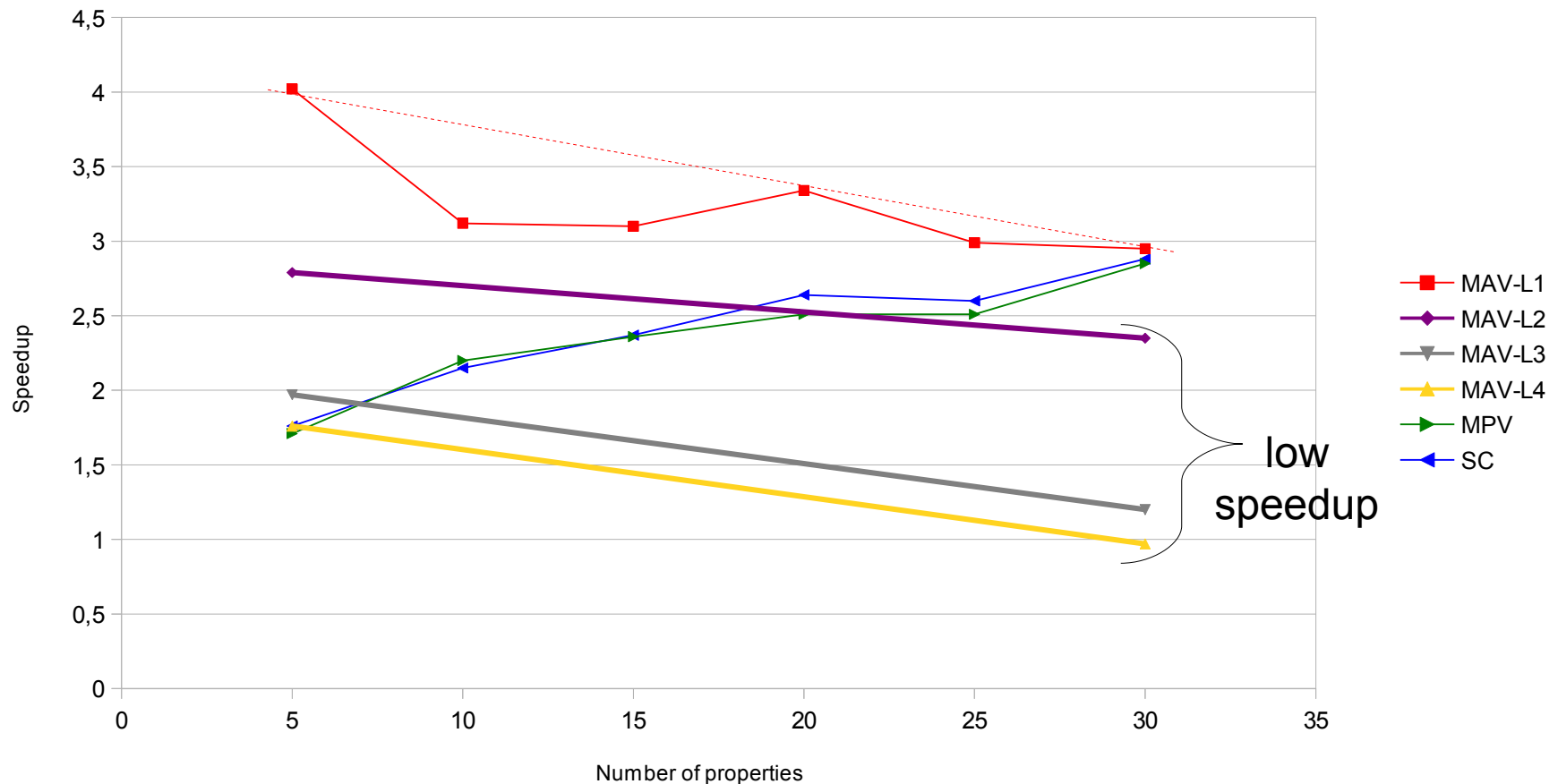


# Comparison of Losses

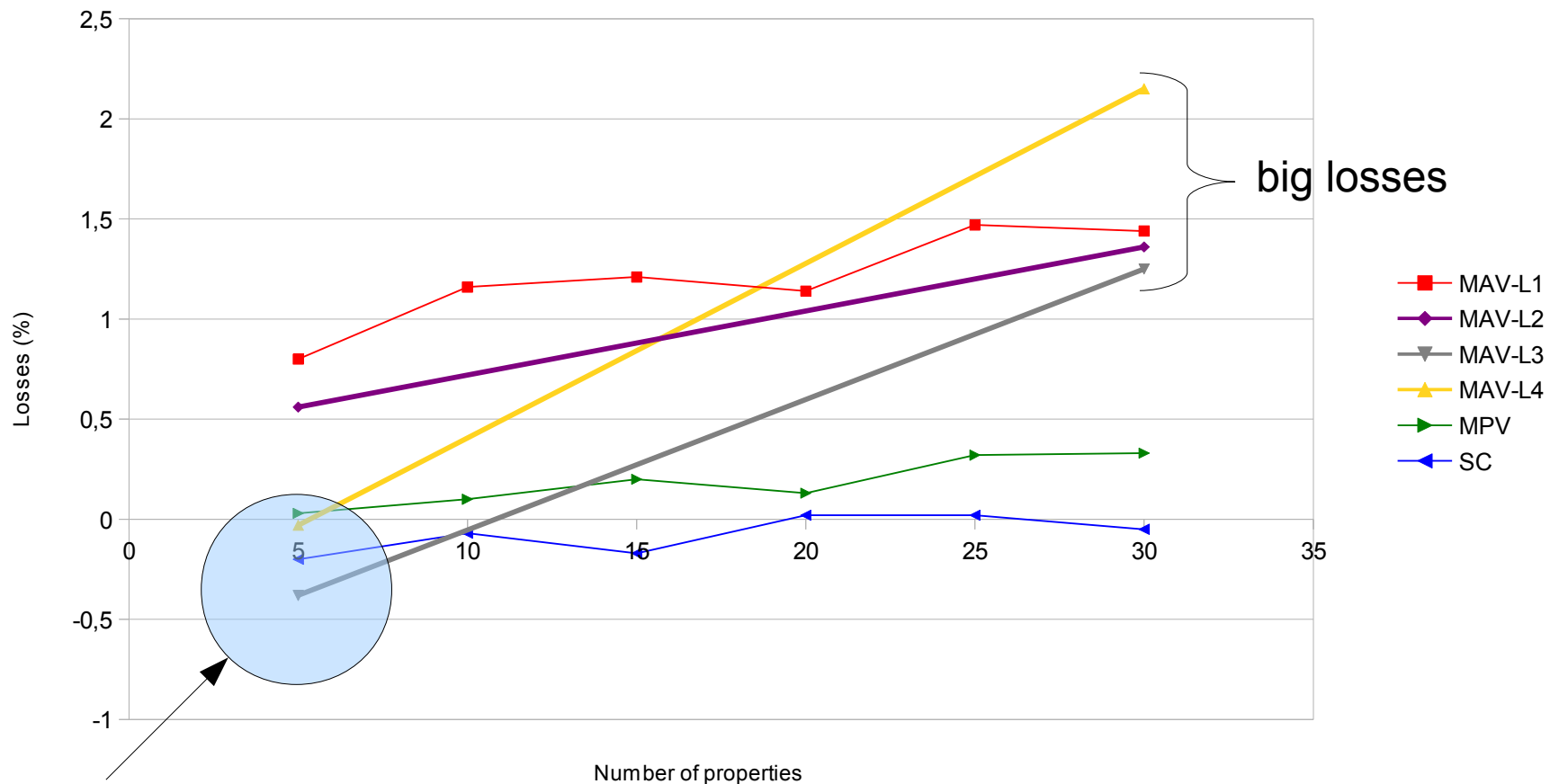
Properties	CMAV	MPV	SC
5	0.8	0.03	-0.2
10	1.16	0.1	-0.07
15	1.21	0.2	-0.17
20	1.14	0.13	0.02
25	1.47	0.32	0.02
30	1.44	0.33	-0.05



# Comparison of Speedup (CMAV)



# Comparison of Losses (CMAV)



# 88 Properties

- Each property → several asserts
- 30 properties → 88 asserts
- In practice

double lock

double unlock

```
mutex_lock(mutex_1);  
if (/*...*/) {  
    mutex_lock(mutex_1);  
    mutex_unlock(mutex_1);  
}  
mutex_unlock(mutex_1);
```

```
mutex_lock(mutex_1);  
if (/*...*/) {  
    mutex_lock(mutex_1);  
    mutex_unlock(mutex_1);  
}  
mutex_unlock(mutex_1);
```

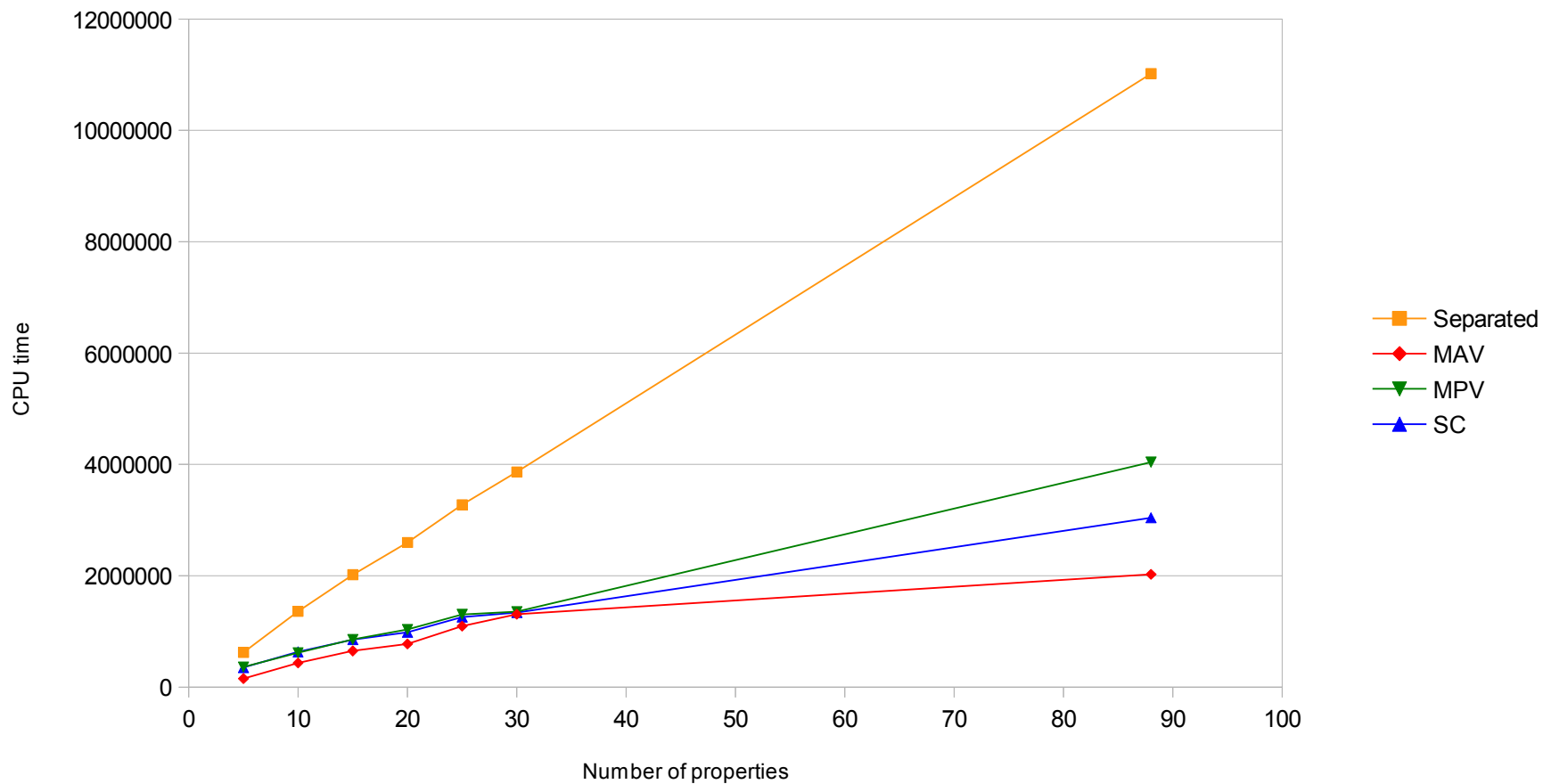


# 88 Properties (Evaluation)

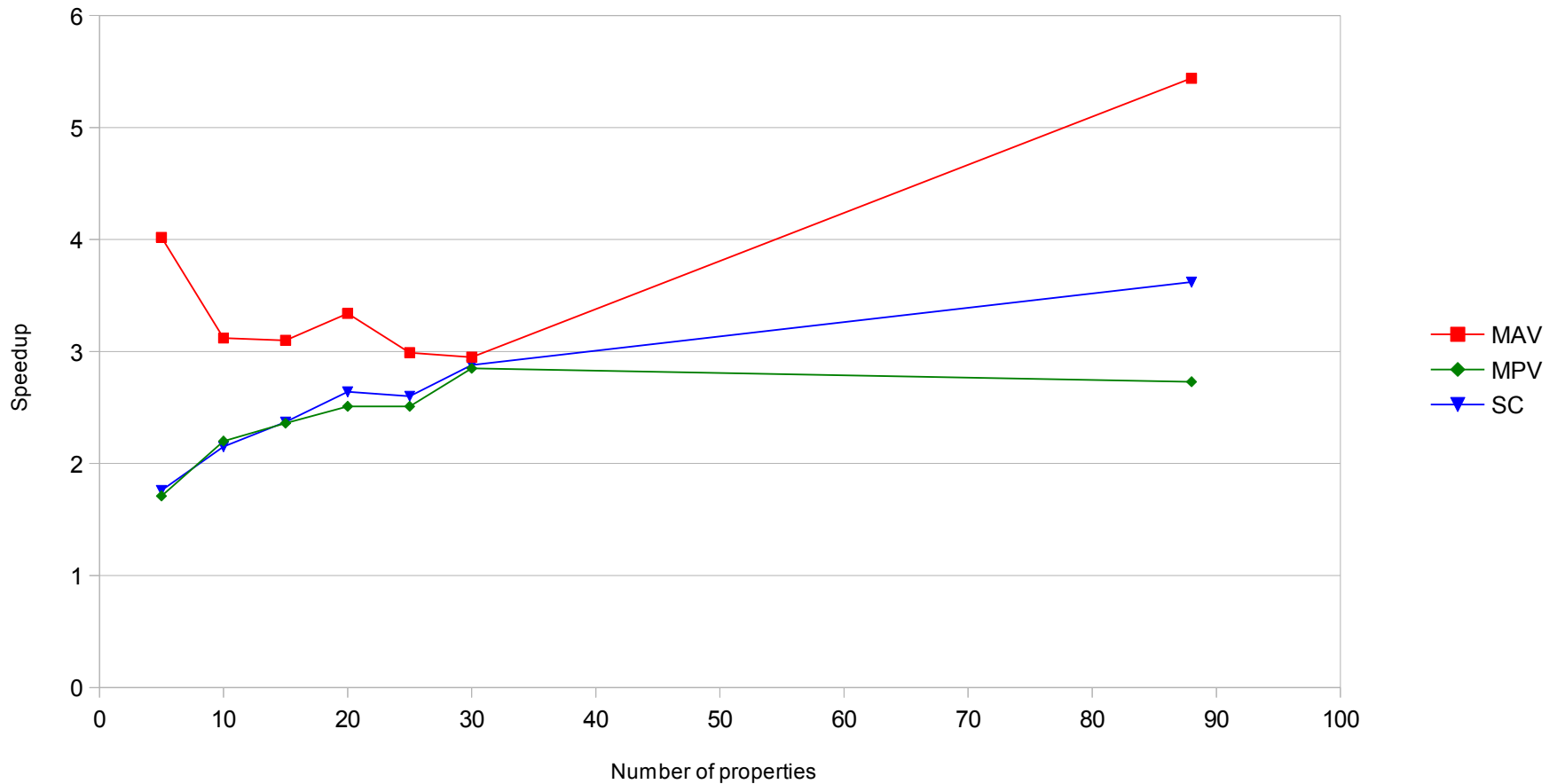
- Limitation per 1 task and 88 properties
  - 79 200 seconds (22 hours)

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses	CPU time	Speedup
Separated	349 884	1 059	0%	11 020 000	1
CMAV	344 903	952	1.45%	<b>2 027 000</b>	<b>5.44</b>
MPV	344 109	907	1.69%	4 043 000	2.73
Sequential combination	<b>347 594</b>	<b>1 045</b>	<b>0.66%</b>	3 042 000	3.62

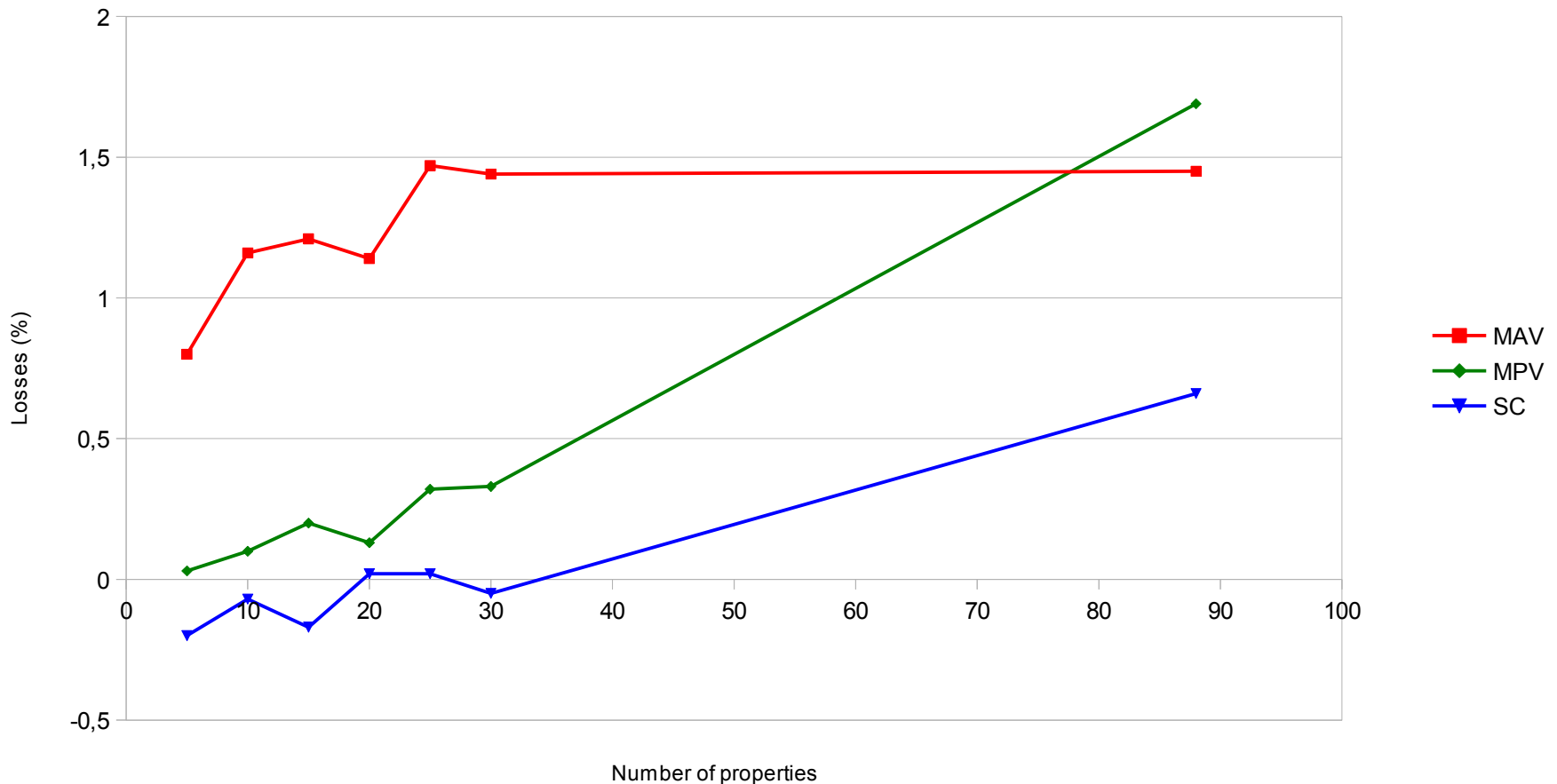
# 88 Properties (CPU Time)



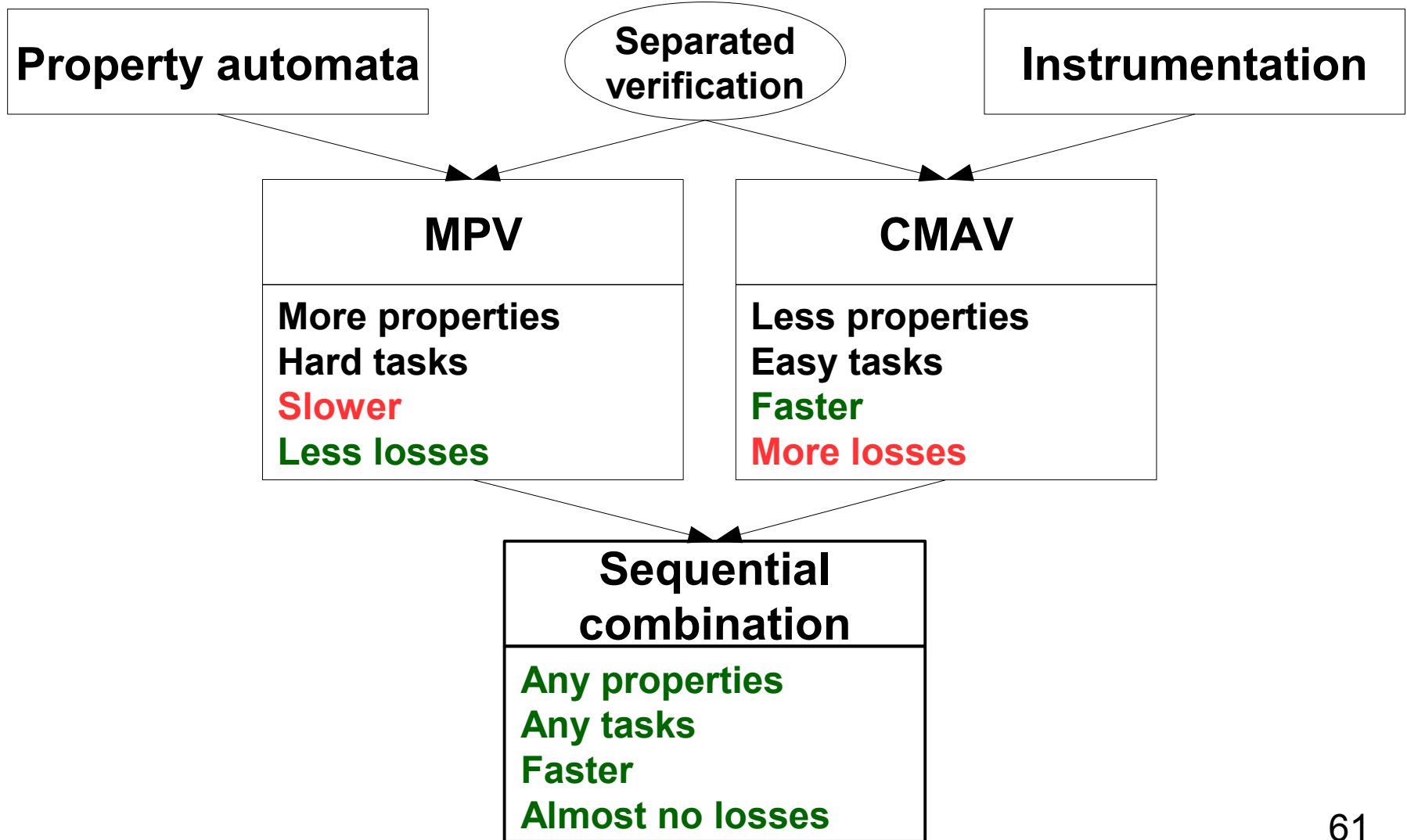
# 88 Properties (Speedup)



# 88 Properties (Losses)



# Conclusion



# Thank you



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# Comparison of Verdicts

Properties	Separated		CMAV		MPV		Sequential combination	
	Safe	Unsafe	Safe	Unsafe	Safe	Unsafe	Safe	Unsafe
5	19843	85	19684	85	19833	89	19879	89
10	39491	292	39036	285	39449	294	39515	296
15	59359	307	58646	298	59236	309	59457	313
20	79230	369	78338	353	79125	370	79202	382
25	98842	610	97406	582	98516	614	98791	639
30	118702	669	117006	643	118312	669	118734	691

# Instrumentation vs Automata

## (Detailed Unsafes)

Property	Instrumentation	Automata	Unknown ->Unsafe	Unsafe ->Unknown
linux:module	76	79	3	0
linux:gendisk	18	18	1	1
linux:blk:queue	13	15	2	0
linux:mux	56	52	1	5
linux:spinlock	22	22	1	1
linux:alloc:spin lock	5	6	1	0
linux:usb:urb	92	92	5	5
linux:usb:coherent	39	39	1	1
linux:class	3	4	1	0
linux:chrdev	9	9	1	1
linux:usb:dev	35	34	0	1
linux:completion	63	61	0	2
linux:sysfs	47	47	2	2
linux:iomem	131	143	17	5

There are no changes for other properties









# Internal vs External CMAV

## (Different Memory Limitations)

Method	Safe	Unsafe	Losses (%)	CPU time (seconds) / speedup		
				CPAchecker	LDV	Overall
External CMAV 7.5 GB	116 172	620	2.16	2 063 000 1.87	274 000 9.63	2 337 000 2.78
Internal CMAV 7.5 GB	115 559	629	2.67	1 710 000 2.26	220 000 12	1 930 000 3.37
External CMAV 10 GB	116 249	621	2.09	2 005 000 1.93	270 000 9.77	2 275 000 2.86
Internal CMAV 10 GB	116 434	629	1.94	1 505 000 2.57	220 000 12	1 725 000 3.77
External CMAV 30 GB	116 278	621	2.07	1 901 000 2.03	245 000 10.78	2 146 000 3.03
Internal CMAV 30 GB	117 107	643	1.36	1 249 000 3.1	220 000 12	1 469 000 4.43

# Different Internal Limitations (5 Properties)

Method	Safe	Unsafe	CPU Time	Speedup	Losses
L1	19 684	85	155 000	4.02 	0.8% 
L2	19 733	85	223 000	2.79 	0.55% 
L3	19 928	85	317 000	1.97 	-0.43% 
<b>L4</b>	<b>19 849</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>353 000</b>	<b>1.76</b>	<b>-0.03%</b>