



2. Dos partículas de masa m están separadas una distancia d y tienen velocidad v en la dirección

3. Los bloques de masa m de la figura pueden deslizar sin rozamiento. Los dos muelles son iguales y tienen constante elástica k. a) Obtén razonadamente las frecuencias propias de oscilación del sistema. b) Obtén los modos normales de oscilación correspondientes (sin necesidad de normalizarlos). c) Estando en la posición de equilibrio, ¿qué velocidades comunicarías a los bloques para excitar sólo el modo de vibración con menor frecuencia?

$$|T - \frac{1}{2}m(\dot{\eta}_{1}^{2} + \dot{\eta}_{2}^{2})|$$

$$|U - \frac{1}{2}k\eta_{1}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}k(\dot{\eta}_{1} - \dot{\eta}_{1})^{2} - k\eta_{1}^{2} - k\eta_{1}\eta_{2} + \frac{1}{2}k\dot{\eta}_{1}^{2}$$

$$|L - T - U - \frac{1}{2}m(\dot{\eta}_{1}^{2} + \dot{\eta}_{2}^{2}) + k\eta_{1}\eta_{2} - k\eta_{2}^{2} - \frac{1}{2}k\eta_{1}^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^{2}T}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}(0)} = m - \frac{\partial^{2}T}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}(0)} = \frac{\partial^{2}T}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}(0)} = 0 \implies T = \begin{pmatrix} m & n \\ 0 & m \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}} = 2K\eta_{1} - K\eta_{1} + \frac{\partial^{2}U}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}(0)} = 2K + \frac{\partial^{2}U}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}} = -K + \frac{\partial^{2}U}{\partial \dot{q}_{1}^{2}} =$$

$$|V-w^{2}T'|=0 \iff \left(\frac{2k-\omega^{2}m}{-k} - k\right)|=0 \iff -k^{2} + (2k-\omega^{2}m)(K-\omega^{2}m)=0 \iff \frac{3km \pm \sqrt{5k^{2}m^{2}}}{-k} = \frac{3km \pm \sqrt{5k^{2}m^{2}}}{2m^{2}} = \frac{km(3\pm\sqrt{5})}{2m^{2}} = \frac{k$$

$$\left(\overline{U} - \frac{K}{m} \frac{3+N5}{2} | \overline{U} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2K - K \frac{3+N5}{2} & -K \\ -K & K - \frac{3+N5}{2} k \end{pmatrix} = K \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \sqrt{15} & -1 \\ -1 & 1 + \sqrt{15} \\ -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1-15}{2} \times_{1} = \times_{2}$$

$$-\times_{1} + \frac{1+15}{2} \times_{1} = 0$$

$$= -\times_{1} = \times_{1}$$

$$Ke(U - \frac{1}{M} \frac{3+1}{2} T') = E_{NV} \left(\frac{1-1/5}{2}, 1 \right) = A_{1} = \left(\frac{1-1/5}{2}, 1 \right)$$

$$\left(U - \frac{1}{M} \frac{3-1/5}{2} T' \right) = \left(\frac{2K - k^{3-1/5}}{2} - K \right) = K \left(\frac{1+1/5}{2} - 1 \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1+1/5}{2} - 1 \right) = K \left(\frac{1+1/5}{2} - 1 \right)$$

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$$\left(\frac{1+1/5$$

$$\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}x_1=x_2$$

$$\iff x_1=x_3$$

We What y para haver que el sistema entre en este modo, la velociclad aplicada a ma debe ser 1+115 x 1618 veres la velocidad aplicada a me tal y como nos indica el autovector asociado