

kbengine Scan Report

Project Name kbengine

Scan Start Friday, June 21, 2024 4:16:21 PM

Preset Checkmarx Default

Scan Time 00h:27m:47s Lines Of Code Scanned 218751 Files Scanned 155

Report Creation Time Friday, June 21, 2024 5:02:24 PM

Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=30033

Team CxServer
Checkmarx Version 8.7.0
Scan Type Full
Source Origin LocalPath

Density 1/100 (Vulnerabilities/LOC)

Visibility Public

Filter Settings

Severity

Included: High, Medium, Low, Information

Excluded: None

Result State

Included: Confirmed, Not Exploitable, To Verify, Urgent, Proposed Not Exploitable

ΑII

Excluded: None

Assigned to

Included: All

Categories

Included:

Uncategorized All
Custom All
PCI DSS v3.2 All
OWASP Top 10 2013 All
FISMA 2014 All
NIST SP 800-53 All
OWASP Top 10 2017 All

2016

OWASP Mobile Top 10

Excluded:

Uncategorized None
Custom None
PCI DSS v3.2 None
OWASP Top 10 2013 None
FISMA 2014 None



NIST SP 800-53 None

OWASP Top 10 2017 None

OWASP Mobile Top 10 None

2016

Results Limit

Results limit per query was set to 50

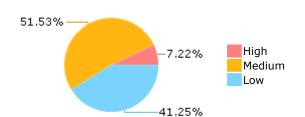
Selected Queries

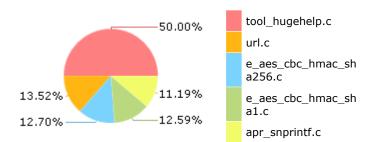
Selected queries are listed in Result Summary



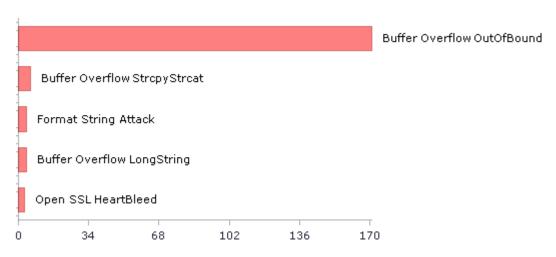
Result Summary

Most Vulnerable Files





Top 5 Vulnerabilities





Scan Summary - OWASP Top 10 2017 Further details and elaboration about vulnerabilities and risks can be found at: OWASP Top 10 2017

Category	Threat Agent	Exploitability	Weakness Prevalence	Weakness Detectability	Technical Impact	Business Impact	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
A1-Injection	App. Specific	EASY	COMMON	EASY	SEVERE	App. Specific	613	301
A2-Broken Authentication	App. Specific	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	591	591
A3-Sensitive Data Exposure	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	17	16
A4-XML External Entities (XXE)	App. Specific	AVERAGE	COMMON	EASY	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A5-Broken Access Control*	App. Specific	AVERAGE	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A6-Security Misconfiguration	App. Specific	EASY	WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	App. Specific	3	1
A7-Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)	App. Specific	EASY	WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0
A8-Insecure Deserialization	App. Specific	DIFFICULT	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities*	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	MODERATE	App. Specific	545	545
A10-Insufficient Logging & Monitoring	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0

^{*} Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and\or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.



Scan Summary - OWASP Top 10 2013 Further details and elaboration about vulnerabilities and risks can be found at: OWASP Top 10 2013

Category	Threat Agent	Attack Vectors	Weakness Prevalence	Weakness Detectability	Technical Impact	Business Impact	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
A1-Injection	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	ALL DATA	2	1
A2-Broken Authentication and Session Management	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL USERS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	SEVERE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A3-Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	AVERAGE	VERY WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND SYSTEM	0	0
A4-Insecure Direct Object References	SYSTEM USERS	EASY	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	EXPOSED DATA	0	0
A5-Security Misconfiguration	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	EASY	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	ALL DATA AND SYSTEM	3	1
A6-Sensitive Data Exposure	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS, USERS BROWSERS	DIFFICULT	UNCOMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	EXPOSED DATA	10	10
A7-Missing Function Level Access Control*	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL USERS	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	MODERATE	EXPOSED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A8-Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)	USERS BROWSERS	AVERAGE	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities*	EXTERNAL USERS, AUTOMATED TOOLS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	545	545
A10-Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards	USERS BROWSERS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0

^{*} Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and\or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.



Scan Summary - PCI DSS v3.2

Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.1 - Injection flaws - particularly SQL injection	9	9
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows	469	302
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.3 - Insecure cryptographic storage	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.4 - Insecure communications	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.5 - Improper error handling*	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.7 - Cross-site scripting (XSS)	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.8 - Improper access control	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.9 - Cross-site request forgery	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.10 - Broken authentication and session management	0	0

^{*} Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and\or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.



Scan Summary - FISMA 2014

Category	Description	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
Access Control	Organizations must limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other information systems) and to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to exercise.	10	10
Audit And Accountability*	Organizations must: (i) create, protect, and retain information system audit records to the extent needed to enable the monitoring, analysis, investigation, and reporting of unlawful, unauthorized, or inappropriate information system activity; and (ii) ensure that the actions of individual information system users can be uniquely traced to those users so they can be held accountable for their actions.	3	3
Configuration Management	Organizations must: (i) establish and maintain baseline configurations and inventories of organizational information systems (including hardware, software, firmware, and documentation) throughout the respective system development life cycles; and (ii) establish and enforce security configuration settings for information technology products employed in organizational information systems.	5	4
Identification And Authentication*	Organizations must identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices and authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access to organizational information systems.	595	595
Media Protection	Organizations must: (i) protect information system media, both paper and digital; (ii) limit access to information on information system media to authorized users; and (iii) sanitize or destroy information system media before disposal or release for reuse.	12	12
System And Communications Protection	Organizations must: (i) monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., information transmitted or received by organizational information systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems; and (ii) employ architectural designs, software development techniques, and systems engineering principles that promote effective information security within organizational information systems.	0	0
System And Information Integrity	Organizations must: (i) identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner; (ii) provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems; and (iii) monitor information system security alerts and advisories and take appropriate actions in response.	69	68

^{*} Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and\or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.



Scan Summary - NIST SP 800-53

Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
AC-12 Session Termination (P2)	0	0
AC-3 Access Enforcement (P1)	592	592
AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement (P1)	0	0
AC-6 Least Privilege (P1)	0	0
AU-9 Protection of Audit Information (P1)	0	0
CM-6 Configuration Settings (P2)	0	0
IA-5 Authenticator Management (P1)	0	0
IA-6 Authenticator Feedback (P2)	0	0
IA-8 Identification and Authentication (Non-Organizational Users) (P1)	0	0
SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management (P1)	2	2
SC-13 Cryptographic Protection (P1)	6	5
SC-17 Public Key Infrastructure Certificates (P1)	0	0
SC-18 Mobile Code (P2)	0	0
SC-23 Session Authenticity (P1)*	2	2
SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest (P1)	10	10
SC-4 Information in Shared Resources (P1)	10	10
SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)*	571	250
SC-8 Transmission Confidentiality and Integrity (P1)	0	0
SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)*	351	181
SI-11 Error Handling (P2)*	70	70
SI-15 Information Output Filtering (P0)	0	0
SI-16 Memory Protection (P1)	14	14

^{*} Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and\or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.



Scan Summary - OWASP Mobile Top 10 2016

Category	Description	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
M1-Improper Platform Usage	This category covers misuse of a platform feature or failure to use platform security controls. It might include Android intents, platform permissions, misuse of TouchID, the Keychain, or some other security control that is part of the mobile operating system. There are several ways that mobile apps can experience this risk.	0	0
M2-Insecure Data Storage	This category covers insecure data storage and unintended data leakage.	0	0
M3-Insecure Communication	This category covers poor handshaking, incorrect SSL versions, weak negotiation, cleartext communication of sensitive assets, etc.	0	0
M4-Insecure Authentication	This category captures notions of authenticating the end user or bad session management. This can include: -Failing to identify the user at all when that should be required -Failure to maintain the user's identity when it is required -Weaknesses in session management	0	0
M5-Insufficient Cryptography	The code applies cryptography to a sensitive information asset. However, the cryptography is insufficient in some way. Note that anything and everything related to TLS or SSL goes in M3. Also, if the app fails to use cryptography at all when it should, that probably belongs in M2. This category is for issues where cryptography was attempted, but it wasnt done correctly.	0	0
M6-Insecure Authorization	This is a category to capture any failures in authorization (e.g., authorization decisions in the client side, forced browsing, etc.). It is distinct from authentication issues (e.g., device enrolment, user identification, etc.). If the app does not authenticate users at all in a situation where it should (e.g., granting anonymous access to some resource or service when authenticated and authorized access is required), then that is an authentication failure not an authorization failure.	0	0
M7-Client Code Quality	This category is the catch-all for code-level implementation problems in the mobile client. That's distinct from server-side coding mistakes. This would capture things like buffer overflows, format string vulnerabilities, and various other codelevel mistakes where the solution is to rewrite some code that's running on the mobile device.	0	0
M8-Code Tampering	This category covers binary patching, local resource modification, method hooking, method swizzling, and dynamic memory modification. Once the application is delivered to the mobile device, the code and data resources are resident there. An attacker can either directly modify the code, change the contents of memory dynamically, change or replace the system APIs that the application uses, or	0	0



	modify the application's data and resources. This can provide the attacker a direct method of subverting the intended use of the software for personal or monetary gain.		
M9-Reverse Engineering	This category includes analysis of the final core binary to determine its source code, libraries, algorithms, and other assets. Software such as IDA Pro, Hopper, otool, and other binary inspection tools give the attacker insight into the inner workings of the application. This may be used to exploit other nascent vulnerabilities in the application, as well as revealing information about back end servers, cryptographic constants and ciphers, and intellectual property.	0	0
M10-Extraneous Functionality	Often, developers include hidden backdoor functionality or other internal development security controls that are not intended to be released into a production environment. For example, a developer may accidentally include a password as a comment in a hybrid app. Another example includes disabling of 2-factor authentication during testing.	0	0



Scan Summary - Custom

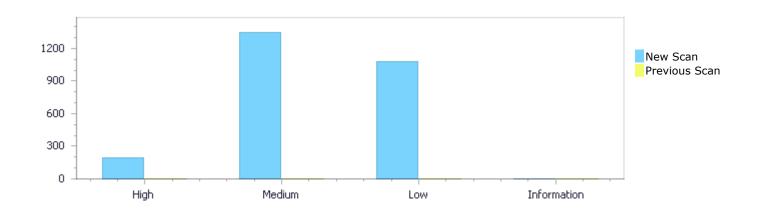
Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
Must audit	0	0
Check	0	0
Optional	0	0



Results Distribution By Status First scan of the project

	High	Medium	Low	Information	Total
New Issues	189	1,349	1,080	0	2,618
Recurrent Issues	0	0	0	0	0
Total	189	1,349	1,080	0	2,618

Fixed Issues	0	0	0	0	0
Tired Issues	-	-		-	-



Results Distribution By State

	High	Medium	Low	Information	Total
Confirmed	0	0	0	0	0
Not Exploitable	0	0	0	0	0
To Verify	189	1,349	1,080	0	2,618
Urgent	0	0	0	0	0
Proposed Not Exploitable	0	0	0	0	0
Total	189	1,349	1,080	0	2,618

Result Summary

Vulnerability Type	Occurrences	Severity
Buffer Overflow OutOfBound	171	High
Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat	6	High
Buffer Overflow LongString	4	High
Format String Attack	4	High
Open SSL HeartBleed	3	High



Buffer Overflow IndexFromInput	1	High
Dangerous Functions	545	Medium
Use of Zero Initialized Pointer	248	Medium
Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam	211	Medium
Memory Leak	101	Medium
MemoryFree on StackVariable	68	Medium
Wrong Size t Allocation	51	Medium
Integer Overflow	47	Medium
Long Overflow	14	Medium
<u>Use of Uninitialized Pointer</u>	13	Medium
Divide By Zero	11	Medium
Heap Inspection	9	Medium
Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned	5	Medium
<u>Double Free</u>	5	Medium
Short Overflow	5	Medium
Inadequate Encryption Strength	4	Medium
<u>Use of Uninitialized Variable</u>	4	Medium
Environment Injection	2	Medium
Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt	2	Medium
Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key	2	Medium
Boolean Overflow	1	Medium
Char Overflow	1	Medium
Improper Resource Access Authorization	581	Low
NULL Pointer Dereference	197	Low
<u>Unchecked Array Index</u>	90	Low
Sizeof Pointer Argument	80	Low
<u>Unchecked Return Value</u>	70	Low
<u>Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type</u>	14	Low
Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources	10	Low
<u>Information Exposure Through Comments</u>	9	Low
Potential Off by One Error in Loops	9	Low
TOCTOU	9	Low
Arithmenic Operation On Boolean	3	Low
Potential Precision Problem	3	Low
Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision	2	Low
Exposure of System Data to Unauthorized Control	1	Low
<u>Sphere</u>		LOVV
Privacy Violation	1	Low
<u>Use of Insufficiently Random Values</u>	1	Low

10 Most Vulnerable Files

High and Medium Vulnerabilities

File Name	Issues Found
kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	108
kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	107
kbengine/url.c	84
kbengine/multi.c	82
kbengine/s3_srvr.c	67
kbengine/http.c	63
kbengine/s3_clnt.c	47

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kbengine/ftp.c	39
kbengine/sds.c	34
kbengine/cookie.c	32



Scan Results Details

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow OutOfBound Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=19

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in out, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	255
Object	ciph_d	out

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 2:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=20

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in inp, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	254
Object	ciph_d	inp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

213. CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];

254. $ciph_d[i].inp = hash_d[i].ptr = hash_d[i - 1].ptr + frag;$

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 3:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=21

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	256
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

213. CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];

256. memcpy(ciph_d[i].out - 16, IVs, 16);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 4:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=22

Status New



The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	257
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 5:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=23

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	317
Object	ciph_d	blocks

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 6:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300



33&pathid=24
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Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in inp, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	327
Object	ciph_d	inp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];
...

ciph_d[i].inp += MAXCHUNKSIZE;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 7:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=25

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in out, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

-		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	328
Object	ciph_d	out

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];
....

ciph_d[i].out += MAXCHUNKSIZE;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 8:

Severity High



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=26

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	329
Object	ciph_d	blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];
....

ciph_d[i].blocks = MAXCHUNKSIZE / 16;

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 9:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=27

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	330
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,



Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 10:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=28

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	330
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

213. CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];

330. memcpy(ciph_d[i].iv, ciph_d[i].out - 16, 16);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 11:

. . . .

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=29

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	412
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,



```
CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];
...
412. memcpy(ciph_d[i].out, ciph_d[i].inp, len - processed);
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 12:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=30

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	412
Object	ciph_d	ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

....
213. CIPH_DESC ciph_d[8];
....

412. memcpy(ciph d[i].out, ciph d[i].inp, len - processed);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 13:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=31

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in inp, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	413
Object	ciph_d	inp



```
Code Snippet
```

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 14:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=32

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	413
Object	ciph_d	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 15:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=33

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	213	432



Object ciph_d blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 16:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=34

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	293
Object	hash_d	hash_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
293. memcpy(blocks[i].c + 13, hash_d[i].ptr, 64 - 13);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 17:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=35

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ptr, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

Source Destination



File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	254
Object	hash_d	ptr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 18:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=36

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ptr, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{C}}$		9
		Source	Destination
File		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	e	212	294
Obj	ect	hash_d	ptr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size t tls1 1 multi block encrypt(EVP AES HMAC SHA1 *key,

....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
294. hash_d[i].ptr += 64 - 13;

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 19:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=37

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a



buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	295
Object	hash_d	blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
295. hash_d[i].blocks = (len - (64 - 13)) / 64;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 20:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=38

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

\mathcal{C}		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	315
Object	hash_d	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 21:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=39

Status New



The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ptr, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	324
Object	hash_d	ptr

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 22:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=40

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	325
Object	hash_d	blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
hash_d[i].blocks -= MAXCHUNKSIZE / 64;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 23:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=41

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	343
Object	hash_d	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
343. off = hash_d[i].blocks * 64;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 24:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=42

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	344
Object	hash_d	i

```
Code Snippet
```

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];

const unsigned char *ptr = hash_d[i].ptr + off;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 25:



Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=43

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in q, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	279
Object	hash_d	q

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
279. blocks[i].q[0] = BSWAP8(seqnum + i);
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 26:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=44

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in c, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	286
Object	hash_d	С

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,



Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 27:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=45

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in c, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_			
	Source	Destination	
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	
Line	212	287	
Object	hash_d	С	

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
287. blocks[i].c[9] = ((u8 *)key->md.data)[9];

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 28:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=46

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1 1 multi block encrypt in c, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	288
Object	hash_d	С



Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 29:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=47

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in c, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	290
Object	hash_d	С

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 30:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=48

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in c, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	291



Object hash_d c

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 31:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=49

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_	<u> </u>	
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	293
Object	hash_d	blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
293. memcpy(blocks[i].c + 13, hash_d[i].ptr, 64 - 13);
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 32:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=50

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

Source	Destination
Source	Destination



File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	297
Object	hash_d	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
...
edges[i].ptr = blocks[i].c;

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 33:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=51

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

•	0		0	
		Source		Destination
File		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line		212		347
Object		hash_d		blocks

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size t tls1 1 multi block encrypt(EVP AES HMAC SHA1 *key,

HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
...

memcpy(blocks[i].c, ptr, off);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 34:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=52

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in c, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a



buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	348
Object	hash_d	С

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
348. blocks[i].c[off] = 0x80;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 35:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=53

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

\mathcal{C}		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	353
Object	hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 36:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=54

Status New



The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	360
Object	hash_d	d

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 37:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=55

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_			
	Source	Destination	
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	
Line	212	366	
Object	hash_d	i	

edges[i].ptr = blocks[i].c;

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 38:

366.

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=56

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	375
Object	hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 39:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=57

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

•		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	377
Object	hash_d	d

```
Code Snippet
```

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 40:



Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=58

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	379
Object	hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 41:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=59

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	_		
		Source	Destination
File		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line		212	381
Object		hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,



Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 42:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=60

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207

of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	383
Object	hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 43:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=61

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1 1 multi block encrypt in c, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	385
Object	hash_d	С



```
Code Snippet
```

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
...
blocks[i].c[20] = 0x80;
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 44:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=62

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in d, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	386
Object	hash_d	d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
386. blocks[i].d[15] = BSWAP4((64 + 20) * 8);

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 45:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=63

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in i, at line 207 of

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tlsl_l_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	401



Object hash_d i

Code Snippet
File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
401. edges[i].ptr = blocks[i].c;

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 46:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=64

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in inp, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

\mathcal{E}		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	254
Object	hash_d	inp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 47:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

Source

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=65

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in out, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207

of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

Destination



File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	255
Object	hash_d	out

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 48:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=66

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	0		0	
		Source		Destination
File		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c		kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line		212		256
Objec	:t	hash_d		ciph_d

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
256. memcpy(ciph_d[i].out - 16, IVs, 16);
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 49:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=67

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in ciph_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a



buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	257
Object	hash_d	ciph_d

```
Code Snippet
```

File Name

kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method

static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
....
212. HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];
....
257. memcpy(ciph_d[i].iv, IVs, 16);
```

Buffer Overflow OutOfBound\Path 50:

Severity Result State Online Results High To Verify

http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=68

Status New

The size of the buffer used by tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt in blocks, at line 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt passes to hash_d, at line 207 of kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	212	317
Object	hash_d	blocks

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/e aes cbc hmac sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

```
HASH_DESC hash_d[8], edges[8];

ciph_d[i].blocks = MAXCHUNKSIZE / 16;
```

Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)



OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=9

Status New

The size of the buffer used by parseurlandfillconn in path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that parseurlandfillconn passes to path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2139	2250
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,

2139. protobuf, slashbuf, conn->host.name, path);
....
2250. strcpy(path, "/");

Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 2:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=10

Status New

The size of the buffer used by parseurlandfillconn in path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that parseurlandfillconn passes to path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

_		_
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2150	2250
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,



Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 3:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=11

Status New

The size of the buffer used by parseurlandfillconn in path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that parseurlandfillconn passes to path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2062	2250
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,

```
color="block" color="bloc
```

Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 4:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=12

Status New

The size of the buffer used by parseurlandfillconn in path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that parseurlandfillconn passes to path, at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2064	2250
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c



Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 5:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=13

Status New

The size of the buffer used by *CRYPTO_strdup in ret, at line 364 of kbengine/mem.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *CRYPTO strdup passes to file, at line 364 of kbengine/mem.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	364	371
Object	file	ret

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method char *CRYPTO_strdup(const char *str, const char *file, int line)

....
364. char *CRYPTO_strdup(const char *str, const char *file, int line)
....
371. strcpy(ret, str);

Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat\Path 6:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=14

Status New

The size of the buffer used by Curl_sec_read_msg in buffer, at line 357 of kbengine/security.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that Curl sec read msg passes to buffer, at line 357 of kbengine/security.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/security.c	kbengine/security.c
Line	357	408
Object	buffer	buffer

Code Snippet



```
File Name kbengine/security.c
Method int Curl_sec_read_msg(struct connectdata *conn, char *buffer,

....
357. int Curl_sec_read_msg(struct connectdata *conn, char *buffer,
....
408. strcpy(buffer, buf);
```

Buffer Overflow LongString

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow LongString Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Buffer Overflow LongString\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1

Status New

The size of the buffer used by BF_set_key in tmp, at line 543 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to "8b \xd0\xc1\xd2\xcf\xcc\xd8", at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	817	593
Object	"8b \xd0\xc1\xd2\xcf\xcc\xd8"	tmp

Buffer Overflow LongString\Path 2:



Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2

Status New

The size of the buffer used by BF_set_key in tmp, at line 543 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to "8b \xd0\xc1\xd2\xcf\xcc\xd8", at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	817	595
Object	"8b \xd0\xc1\xd2\xcf\xcc\xd8"	tmp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

817. const char *test_key = "8b \xd0\xc1\xd2\xcf\xcc\xd8";

A

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static void BF_set_key(const char *key, BF_key expanded, BF_key initial,

Buffer Overflow LongString\Path 3:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=3

Status New

The size of the buffer used by BF_set_key in tmp, at line 543 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to "\xff\xa3", at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	856	595
Object	"\xff\xa3"	tmp

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

....
856. const char *k = "\xff\xa3" "34" "\xff\xff\xff\xa3"
"345";

٧

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static void BF_set_key(const char *key, BF_key expanded, BF_key initial,

Buffer Overflow LongString\Path 4:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=4

Status New

The size of the buffer used by BF_set_key in tmp, at line 543 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to "\xff\xa3", at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	856	593
Object	"\xff\xa3"	tmp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

.... 856. const char $*k = "\xff\xa3" "34" "\xff\xff\xa3" "345";$

A

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static void BF_set_key(const char *key, BF_key expanded, BF_key initial,

593. tmp[0] |= (unsigned char)*ptr; /* correct */

Format String Attack

Query Path:



CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Format String Attack Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Format String Attack\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=5

Status New

Method check_telnet_options at line 818 of kbengine/telnet.c receives the "%127[^=]%*[=]%255s" value from user input. This value is then used to construct a "format string" "%127[^=]%*[=]%255s", which is provided as an argument to a string formatting function in check_telnet_options method of kbengine/telnet.c at line 818.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	844	844
Object	"%127[^=]%*[=]%255s"	"%127[^=]%*[=]%255s"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static CURLcode check_telnet_options(struct connectdata *conn)

844. if(sscanf(head->data, "%127[^=]%*[=]%255s",

Format String Attack\Path 2:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=6

Status New

Method check_telnet_options at line 818 of kbengine/telnet.c receives the "%hu%*[xX]%hu" value from user input. This value is then used to construct a "format string" "%hu%*[xX]%hu", which is provided as an argument to a string formatting function in check_telnet_options method of kbengine/telnet.c at line 818.

_		_
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	877	877
Object	"%hu%*[xX]%hu"	"%hu%*[xX]%hu"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c



Method static CURLcode check_telnet_options(struct connectdata *conn)

if(sscanf(option_arg, "%hu%*[xX]%hu",

Format String Attack\Path 3:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=7

Status New

Method parseurlandfillconn at line 1985 of kbengine/url.c receives the "%*15[^\n/:]:%[^\n]" value from user input. This value is then used to construct a "format string" "%*15[^\n/:]:%[^\n]", which is provided as an argument to a string formatting function in parseurlandfillconn method of kbengine/url.c at line 1985.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2062	2062
Object	"%*15[^\n/:]:%[^\n]"	"%*15[^\n/:]:%[^\n]"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,

....
2062. rc = sscanf(data->change.url, "%*15[^\n/:]:%[^\n]", path);

Format String Attack\Path 4:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=8

Status New

Method parse remote port at line 3345 of kbengine/url.c receives

the "[%*45[0123456789abcdefABCDEF:.]%c" value from user input. This value is then used to construct a "format string" "[%*45[0123456789abcdefABCDEF:.]%c", which is provided as an argument to a string formatting function in parse_remote_port method of kbengine/url.c at line 3345.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3354	3354
Object	"[%*45[0123456789abcdefABCDEF:.]% c"	"[%*45[0123456789abcdefABCDEF:.]% c"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parse_remote_port(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
3354. if((1 == sscanf(conn->host.name,
"[%*45[0123456789abcdefABCDEF:.]%c",
```

Open SSL HeartBleed

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Open SSL HeartBleed Version:1

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2013: A5-Security Misconfiguration NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1) OWASP Top 10 2017: A6-Security Misconfiguration

Description

Open SSL HeartBleed\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=15

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2739	2758
Object	i	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

n2s(p, i);
....
2758. memcpy(tmp_id, p, i);

Open SSL HeartBleed\Path 2:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=16

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2739	1920
Object	i	encodedlen



File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

.... 2739. n2s(p, i);

¥

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_send_server_key_exchange(SSL *s)

1920. (unsigned char *)encodedPoint, encodedlen);

Open SSL HeartBleed\Path 3:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=17

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2821	1920
Object	i	encodedlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

2821. n2s(p, i);

A

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_send_server_key_exchange(SSL *s)

1920. (unsigned char *)encodedPoint, encodedlen);

Buffer Overflow IndexFromInput

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow IndexFromInput Version:1

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection



Description

Buffer Overflow IndexFromInput\Path 1:

Severity High
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=18

Status New

The size of the buffer used by decomp in PostfixExpr, at line 282 of kbengine/blast.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that main passes to stdin, at line 446 of kbengine/blast.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	453	371
Object	stdin	PostfixExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c Method int main(void)

453. ret = blast(inf, stdin, outf, stdout, &left, NULL);

A

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method local int decomp(struct state *s)

371. $s-\operatorname{out}[s-\operatorname{next}++] = \operatorname{symbol};$

Dangerous Functions

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Dangerous Functions Version:1

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2013: A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities OWASP Top 10 2017: A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

Description

Dangerous Functions\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=619

Status New

The dangerous function, _tcslen, was found in use at line 358 in kbengine/schannel.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	401	401
Object	_tcslen	_tcslen

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method get_cert_location(TCHAR *path, DWORD *store_name, TCHAR **store_path,

401. if(_tcslen(*thumbprint) != CERT_THUMBPRINT_STR_LEN)

Dangerous Functions\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=620

Status New

The dangerous function, _tcslen, was found in use at line 285 in kbengine/schannel_verify.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	378	378
Object	_tcslen	_tcslen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode verify_host(struct Curl_easy *data,

378. cert_hostname_len = _tcslen(

Dangerous Functions\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=621

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 213 in kbengine/_ctypes_test.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c



Line	219	219
Object	memcpy	memcpy

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(wchar_t *) my_wcsdup(wchar_t *src)

219. memcpy(ptr, src, (len+1) * sizeof(wchar_t));

Dangerous Functions\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=622

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 68 in kbengine/a_bitstr.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bitstr.c	kbengine/a_bitstr.c
Line	117	117
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bitstr.c

Method int i2c_ASN1_BIT_STRING(ASN1_BIT_STRING *a, unsigned char **pp)

117. memcpy(p, d, len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=623

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 125 in kbengine/a_bitstr.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bitstr.c	kbengine/a_bitstr.c
Line	163	163
Object	memcpy	memcpy



File Name kbengine/a_bitstr.c

Method ASN1_BIT_STRING *c2i_ASN1_BIT_STRING(ASN1_BIT_STRING **a,

163. memcpy(s, p, (int)len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=624

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 245 in kbengine/a_bytes.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	283	283
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method static int asn1_collate_primitive(ASN1_STRING *a, ASN1_const_CTX *c)

....
283. memcpy(&(b.data[num]), os->data, os->length);

Dangerous Functions\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=625

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 67 in kbengine/a_bytes.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	107	107
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c



Dangerous Functions\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=626

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 129 in kbengine/a_bytes.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	151	151
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method int i2d_ASN1_bytes(ASN1_STRING *a, unsigned char **pp, int tag, int xclass)

151. memcpy(p, a->data, a->length);

Dangerous Functions\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=627

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 157 in kbengine/a_bytes.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	212	212
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method ASN1_STRING *d2i_ASN1_bytes(ASN1_STRING **a, const unsigned char **pp,



.... 212. memcpy(s, p, (int)len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=628

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 114 in kbengine/a_int.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_int.c	kbengine/a_int.c
Line	160	160
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_int.c

Method int i2c_ASN1_INTEGER(ASN1_INTEGER *a, unsigned char **pp)

....
160. memcpy(p, a->data, (unsigned int)a->length);

Dangerous Functions\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=629

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 186 in kbengine/a_int.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_int.c	kbengine/a_int.c
Line	257	257
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_int.c

Method ASN1_INTEGER *c2i_ASN1_INTEGER(ASN1_INTEGER **a, const unsigned char

**pp,



.... 257. memcpy(s, p, (int)len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=630

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 281 in kbengine/a_int.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_int.c	kbengine/a_int.c
Line	325	325
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_int.c

Method ASN1_INTEGER *d2i_ASN1_UINTEGER(ASN1_INTEGER **a, const unsigned char

**pp,

325. memcpy(s, p, (int)len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=631

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 67 in kbengine/a_object.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_object.c	kbengine/a_object.c
Line	81	81
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_object.c

Method int i2d_ASN1_OBJECT(ASN1_OBJECT *a, unsigned char **pp)



```
memcpy(p, a->data, a->length);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=632

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 268 in kbengine/a_object.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_object.c	kbengine/a_object.c
Line	322	322
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_object.c

Method ASN1_OBJECT *c2i_ASN1_OBJECT(ASN1_OBJECT **a, const unsigned char

**pp,

322. memcpy(data, p, length);

Dangerous Functions\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=633

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 447 in kbengine/apr_snprintf.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	471	471
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method static char *conv_apr_sockaddr(apr_sockaddr_t *sa, char *buf_end, apr_size_t

*len)



```
....
471. memcpy(p + 1, ipaddr_str, sub_len);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=634

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 447 in kbengine/apr_snprintf.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	477	477
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method static char *conv_apr_sockaddr(apr_sockaddr_t *sa, char *buf_end, apr_size_t

*len)

477. memcpy(p, ipaddr str, sub len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=635

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 517 in kbengine/apr_snprintf.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	536	536
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method static char *conv_fp(register char format, register double num,



....
536. memcpy(buf, p, *len + 1);

Dangerous Functions\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=636

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 615 in kbengine/axtls.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/axtls.c	kbengine/axtls.c
Line	633	633
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/axtls.c

Method static ssize_t axtls_recv(struct connectdata *conn, /* connection data */

.... memcpy(buf, read_buf,

Dangerous Functions\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=637

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 701 in kbengine/b_print.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/b_print.c	kbengine/b_print.c
Line	720	720
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/b_print.c

Method doapr_outch(char **sbuffer,



memcpy(*buffer, *sbuffer, *currlen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=638

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 213 in kbengine/cms_enc.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_enc.c	kbengine/cms_enc.c
Line	222	222
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cms_enc.c

Method int cms_EncryptedContent_init(CMS_EncryptedContentInfo *ec,

222. memcpy(ec->key, key, keylen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=639

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 221 in kbengine/cms_pwri.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_pwri.c	kbengine/cms_pwri.c
Line	265	265
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cms_pwri.c

Method static int kek_unwrap_key(unsigned char *out, size_t *outlen,



```
memcpy(out, tmp + 4, *outlen);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=640

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 274 in kbengine/cms_pwri.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_pwri.c	kbengine/cms_pwri.c
Line	301	301
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cms_pwri.c

Method static int kek_wrap_key(unsigned char *out, size_t *outlen,

301. memcpy(out + 4, in, inlen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=641

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 610 in kbengine/connect.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	612	612
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method void Curl_persistconninfo(struct connectdata *conn)



```
....
612. memcpy(conn->data->info.conn_primary_ip, conn->primary_ip,
MAX_IPADR_LEN);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=642

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 610 in kbengine/connect.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	613	613
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method void Curl_persistconninfo(struct connectdata *conn)

....
613. memcpy(conn->data->info.conn_local_ip, conn->local_ip,
MAX IPADR LEN);

Dangerous Functions\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=643

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 674 in kbengine/connect.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	709	709
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method void Curl_updateconninfo(struct connectdata *conn, curl_socket_t sockfd)



....
709. memcpy(conn->ip_addr_str, conn->primary_ip, MAX_IPADR_LEN);

Dangerous Functions\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=644

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1343 in kbengine/connect.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	1370	1370
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method CURLcode Curl_socket(struct connectdata *conn,

....
1370. memcpy(&addr->sa_addr, ai->ai_addr, addr->addrlen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=645

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 426 in kbengine/cookie.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	725	725
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,



....
725. memcpy(co->path, path, pathlen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=646

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 644 in kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	696	696
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static char *BF_crypt(const char *key, const char *setting,

....
696. memcpy(data.ctx.S, BF_init_state.S, sizeof(data.ctx.S));

Dangerous Functions\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=647

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 644 in kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	766	766
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static char *BF_crypt(const char *key, const char *setting,



```
....
766. memcpy(output, setting, 7 + 22 - 1);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=648

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 814 in kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	842	842
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

....
842. memcpy(buf.s, test_setting, sizeof(buf.s));

Dangerous Functions\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=649

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 113 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	186	186
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_get_pathname(const char **cpp, char **path, char *homedir)



```
....
186. memcpy(&(*path)[pathLength], cp, (int)(end - cp));
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=650

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 32 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	56	56
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

memcpy(real_path, working_path + 3, 4 + working_path_len-3);

Dangerous Functions\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=651

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 32 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	58	58
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,



```
....
58. memcpy(real_path, working_path, 1 + working_path_len);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=652

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 32 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	70	70
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

....
70. memcpy(real_path, homedir, homelen);

Dangerous Functions\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=653

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 32 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	74	74
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,



```
....
74. memcpy(real_path + homelen + 1, working_path + 3,
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=654

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 32 in kbengine/curl_path.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	84	84
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

84. memcpy(real_path, working_path, 1 + working_path_len);

Dangerous Functions\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=655

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 580 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	612	612
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method static int dtls1_retrieve_buffered_fragment(SSL *s, long max, int *ok)



....
612. memcpy(&p[frag->msg_header.frag_off], frag->fragment,

Dangerous Functions\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=656

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 647 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	672	672
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msq_hdr, int

*ok)

672. memcpy(&(frag->msg header), msg hdr, sizeof(*msg hdr));

Dangerous Functions\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=657

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 752 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	809	809
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_process_out_of_seq_message(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st

*msg_hdr,



....
809. memcpy(&(frag->msg_header), msg_hdr, sizeof(*msg_hdr));

Dangerous Functions\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=658

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1108 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1124	1124
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method int dtls1_buffer_message(SSL *s, int is_ccs)

....
1124. memcpy(frag->fragment, s->init_buf->data, s->init_num);

Dangerous Functions\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=659

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1176 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1213	1213
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,



....
1213. memcpy(s->init_buf->data, frag->fragment,

Dangerous Functions\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=660

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1176 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1241	1241
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1 both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

....
1241. memcpy(save_write_sequence, s->s3->write_sequence,

Dangerous Functions\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=661

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1176 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1243	1243
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,



....
1243. memcpy(s->s3->write_sequence, s->d1->last_write_sequence,

Dangerous Functions\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=662

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1176 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1259	1259
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

1259. memcpy(s->d1->last_write_sequence, s->s3->write_sequence,

Dangerous Functions\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=663

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1176 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1261	1261
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,



....
1261. memcpy(s->s3->write_sequence, save_write_sequence,

Dangerous Functions\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=664

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1395 in kbengine/d1_both.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1439	1439
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method int dtls1_process_heartbeat(SSL *s)

....
1439. memcpy(bp, pl, payload);

Dangerous Functions\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=665

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 818 in kbengine/d1_clnt.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_clnt.c	kbengine/d1_clnt.c
Line	859	859
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_clnt.c

Method static int dtls1_get_hello_verify(SSL *s)



```
memcpy(s->d1->cookie, data, cookie_len);
```

Dangerous Functions\Path 48:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=666

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1903 in kbengine/d1_pkt.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	1911	1911
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method void dtls1_reset_seq_numbers(SSL *s, int rw)

1911. memcpy(&(s->d1->bitmap), &(s->d1->next_bitmap),
sizeof(DTLS1_BITMAP));

Dangerous Functions\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=667

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 1903 in kbengine/d1_pkt.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	1915	1915
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1 pkt.c

Method void dtls1_reset_seq_numbers(SSL *s, int rw)



....
1915. memcpy(s->d1->last_write_sequence, seq,

Dangerous Functions\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=668

Status New

The dangerous function, memcpy, was found in use at line 200 in kbengine/d1_pkt.c file. Such functions may expose information and allow an attacker to get full control over the host machine.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	211	211
Object	memcpy	memcpy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method static int dtls1_copy_record(SSL *s, pitem *item)

....
211. memcpy(&(s->s3->rbuf), &(rdata->rbuf), sizeof(SSL3_BUFFER));

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Use of Zero Initialized Pointer Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

Description

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1300

Status New

The variable declared in os at kbengine/a_bytes.c in line 245 is not initialized when it is used by os at kbengine/a_bytes.c in line 245.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	247	283



Object os os

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method static int asn1_collate_primitive(ASN1_STRING *a, ASN1_const_CTX *c)

ASN1_STRING *os = NULL;

memcpy(&(b.data[num]), os->data, os->length);

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1301

Status New

The variable declared in data at kbengine/a_bytes.c in line 245 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/a_bytes.c in line 245.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	253	295
Object	data	data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method static int asn1_collate_primitive(ASN1_STRING *a, ASN1_const_CTX *c)

....
253. b.data = NULL;
....
295. a->data = (unsigned char *)b.data;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1302

Status New

The variable declared in b at kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c in line 86 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c in line 86.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c	kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c



Line	88	97
Object	b	data

File Name kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c

Method void *ASN1_d2i_bio(void *(*xnew) (void), d2i_of_void *d2i, BIO *in, void **x)

88. BUF_MEM *b = NULL;

97. p = (unsigned char *)b->data;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1303

Status New

The variable declared in b at kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c in line 107 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c in line 107.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c	kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c
Line	109	118
Object	b	data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_d2i_fp.c

Method void *ASN1_item_d2i_bio(const ASN1_ITEM *it, BIO *in, void *x)

....
109. BUF_MEM *b = NULL;

118. p = (const unsigned char *)b->data;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1304

Status New

The variable declared in ssl at kbengine/axtls.c in line 134 is not initialized when it is used by ssl at kbengine/axtls.c in line 134.

Source	Destination
Source	Describation



File	kbengine/axtls.c	kbengine/axtls.c
Line	139	281
Object	ssl	ssl

File Name kbengine/axtls.c

Method static CURLcode connect_prep(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

....
139. SSL *ssl = NULL;
....
281. BACKEND->ssl = ssl;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1305

Status New

The variable declared in tkey at kbengine/cms_enc.c in line 70 is not initialized when it is used by key at kbengine/cms_enc.c in line 70.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_enc.c	kbengine/cms_enc.c
Line	146	169
Object	tkey	key

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cms_enc.c

Method BIO *cms_EncryptedContent_init_bio(CMS_EncryptedContentInfo *ec)

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1306

Status New

The variable declared in tkey at kbengine/cms_enc.c in line 70 is not initialized when it is used by key at kbengine/cms_enc.c in line 70.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_enc.c	kbengine/cms_enc.c
Line	77	169
Object	tkey	key

File Name kbengine/cms_enc.c

Method BIO *cms_EncryptedContent_init_bio(CMS_EncryptedContentInfo *ec)

```
....
77. unsigned char *tkey = NULL;
....
169. ec->key = tkey;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1307

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by lastc at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	983
Object	tok_buf	lastc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

```
....
749. char *tok_buf = NULL;
....
983. lastc = clist;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1308

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by laste at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	977
Object	tok_buf	lastc

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

749. char *tok_buf = NULL; 977. lastc = clist;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1309

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by cookies at kbengine/cookie.c in line 377.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	385
Object	tok_buf	cookies

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

749. char *tok_buf = NULL;

٧

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void remove_expired(struct CookieInfo *cookies)

....
385. co = cookies->cookies[i];

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1310

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by cookies at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	910
Object	tok_buf	cookies

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

```
char *tok_buf = NULL;
clist = c->cookies[myhash];
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1311

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by cookies at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	999
Object	tok_buf	cookies

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

```
749. char *tok_buf = NULL;
....
999. c->cookies[myhash] = co;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1312

Status New

The variable declared in tok_buf at kbengine/cookie.c in line 426 is not initialized when it is used by first at kbengine/cookie.c in line 242.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	749	253
Object	tok_buf	first

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

749. char *tok_buf = NULL;

¥

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static const char *get_top_domain(const char * const domain, size_t *outlen)

253. first = memrchr(domain, '.', (last - domain));

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1313

Status New

The variable declared in mainco at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by mainco at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	1265
Object	mainco	mainco

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,



```
1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;
....
1265. mainco = newco;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1314

Status New

The variable declared in mainco at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by mainco at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	1303
Object	mainco	mainco

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;
....
1303. mainco = array[0]; /* start here */

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1315

Status New

The variable declared in list at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1529 is not initialized when it is used by list at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1529.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1531	1556
Object	list	list

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static struct curl_slist *cookie_list(struct Curl_easy *data)



```
....
1531. struct curl_slist *list = NULL;
....
1556. list = beg;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1316

Status New

The variable declared in buf at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 174 is not initialized when it is used by frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 174.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	178	194
Object	buf	frag

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method static hm_fragment *dtls1_hm_fragment_new(unsigned long frag_len,

178. unsigned char *buf = NULL;
....
194. frag->fragment = buf;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1317

Status New

The variable declared in frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	714
Object	frag	reassembly

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c



Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1318

Status New

The variable declared in reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	722	721
Object	reassembly	frag

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

722. frag->reassembly = NULL;

721. OPENSSL free(frag->reassembly);

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1319

Status New

The variable declared in frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	721
Object	frag	frag



File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

.... 679. frag = NULL;

721. OPENSSL free(frag->reassembly);

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1320

Status New

The variable declared in frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	714
Object	frag	reassembly

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

679. frag = NULL;

. . . .

714. RSMBLY_BITMASK_MARK(frag->reassembly, (long)msg_hdr->frag_off,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1321

Status New

The variable declared in frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	714



Object frag reassembly

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

679. frag = NULL;

....

714. RSMBLY BITMASK MARK(frag->reassembly, (long)msg hdr->frag off,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1322

Status New

The variable declared in frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by frag at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	707
Object	frag	frag

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

679. frag = NULL;

707. frag->fragment + msg hdr-

>frag off,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1323

Status New

The variable declared in bitmask at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 174 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 174.

Source Destination



File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	179	209
Object	bitmask	reassembly

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method static hm_fragment *dtls1_hm_fragment_new(unsigned long frag_len,

....
179. unsigned char *bitmask = NULL;
....
209. frag->reassembly = bitmask;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1324

Status New

The variable declared in dest_len at kbengine/d1_pkt.c in line 771 is not initialized when it is used by dest_len at kbengine/d1_pkt.c in line 771.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	981	1050
Object	dest_len	dest_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method int dtls1_read_bytes(SSL *s, int type, unsigned char *buf, int len, int peek)

981. unsigned int *dest_len = NULL;
....
1050. *dest_len = dest_maxlen;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1325

Status New

The variable declared in database at kbengine/dict.c in line 126 is not initialized when it is used by database at kbengine/dict.c in line 126.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/dict.c	kbengine/dict.c
Line	131	192
Object	database	database

File Name kbengine/dict.c

Method static CURLcode dict_do(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

131. char *database = NULL;

. . . .

192. database,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1326

Status New

The variable declared in strategy at kbengine/dict.c in line 126 is not initialized when it is used by strategy at kbengine/dict.c in line 126.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/dict.c	kbengine/dict.c
Line	132	193
Object	strategy	strategy

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/dict.c

Method static CURLcode dict_do(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

132. char *strategy = NULL;

193. strategy,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1327

Status New

The variable declared in rwlock at kbengine/filestat.c in line 217 is not initialized when it is used by rwlock at kbengine/filestat.c in line 217.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/filestat.c	kbengine/filestat.c
Line	221	247
Object	rwlock	rwlock

File Name kbengine/filestat.c

Method int cstat (NXPathCtx_t ctx, char *path, struct stat *buf, unsigned long

requestmap, apr_pool_t *p)

```
....
221. apr_thread_rwlock_t *rwlock = NULL;
....
247. apr_pool_userdata_set ((void*)rwlock,
"STAT_CACHE_LOCK", apr_pool_cleanup_null, gPool);
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1328

Status New

The variable declared in path at kbengine/ftp.c in line 3133 is not initialized when it is used by prevpath at kbengine/ftp.c in line 3133.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3143	3210
Object	path	prevpath

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_done(struct connectdata *conn, CURLcode status,

```
char *path = NULL;
ftpc->prevpath = path;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1329

Status New



The variable declared in ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	258	482
Object	ludp	ludp

Code Snippet

File Name

Method

kbengine/ldap.c

258.

LDAP *server = NULL;

. . . .

482. rc = ldap search s(server, ludp->lud dn, ludp->lud scope,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 31:

Severity Medium Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1330

New Status

The variable declared in ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	258	482
Object	ludp	ludp

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/ldap.c

Method

258. LDAP *server = NULL;

482. rc = ldap search s(server, ludp->lud dn, ludp->lud scope,

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 32:

Severity Medium Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1331

New Status



The variable declared in ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	258	481
Object	ludp	ludp

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/ldap.c

Method

```
....
258. LDAP *server = NULL;
....
481.
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1332

Status New

The variable declared in ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by ludp at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	258	481
Object	ludp	ludp

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/ldap.c

Method

```
258. LDAP *server = NULL;
```

481.

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1333

Status New



The variable declared in user at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by inuser at kbengine/ldap.c in line 226.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	276	235
Object	user	inuser

```
Code Snippet
File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method

i...

235. if(user && passwd && (conn->data->set.httpauth & CURLAUTH_BASIC)) {
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1334

Status New

The variable declared in passwd at kbengine/ldap.c in line 253 is not initialized when it is used by inpass at kbengine/ldap.c in line 226.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	277	236
Object	passwd	inpass

```
Code Snippet
File Name kbengine/ldap.c
Method

....
277. char *user = NULL;

File Name kbengine/ldap.c
```



```
Method
....
236. inuser = Curl_convert_UTF8_to_tchar((char *) user);
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1335

Status New

The variable declared in ufds at kbengine/multi.c in line 988 is not initialized when it is used by ufds at kbengine/multi.c in line 988.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1000	1120
Object	ufds	ufds

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method CURLMcode curl_multi_wait(struct Curl_multi *multi,

1000. struct pollfd *ufds = NULL;
....
1120. unsigned r = ufds[curlfds + i].revents;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1336

Status New

The variable declared in newurl at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1882	2139
Object	newurl	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,



```
char *newurl = NULL;
msg->extmsg.data.result = result;
```

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1337

Status New

The variable declared in Pointer at kbengine/multi.c in line 515 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	654	2139
Object	Pointer	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_done(struct connectdata **connp,

.... *connp = NULL; /* to make the caller of this function better detect that

¥

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

....
2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1338

Status New

The variable declared in easy_conn at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

Source	Destination
	2 communication



File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1532	2139
Object	easy_conn	msg

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

1532. data->easy_conn = NULL; /* no more connection */

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1339

Status New

The variable declared in newurl at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1707	2139
Object	newurl	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

char *newurl = NULL;
msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1340

Status New

The variable declared in easy_conn at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2050	2139
Object	easy_conn	msg

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2050. data->easy_conn = NULL;

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1341

Status New

The variable declared in easy_conn at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2108	2139
Object	easy_conn	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2108. data->easy_conn = NULL;

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1342

Status New

The variable declared in dns_entry at kbengine/multi.c in line 515 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	592	2139
Object	dns_entry	msg

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_done(struct connectdata **connp,

592. conn->dns_entry = NULL;

٧

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1343

Status New

The variable declared in location at kbengine/multi.c in line 515 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	547	2139
Object	location	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_done(struct connectdata **connp,

547. data->reg.location = NULL;

¥

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,



.... 2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1344

Status New

The variable declared in newurl at kbengine/multi.c in line 515 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	545	2139
Object	newurl	msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_done(struct connectdata **connp,

545. data->req.newurl = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1345

Status New

The variable declared in Pointer at kbengine/multi.c in line 1194 is not initialized when it is used by msg at kbengine/multi.c in line 1327.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1213	2139



Object Pointer msg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_reconnect_request(struct connectdata **connp)

1213. *connp = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2139. msg->extmsg.data.result = result;

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1346

Status New

The variable declared in os at kbengine/rsa_ameth.c in line 531 is not initialized when it is used by os at kbengine/rsa_ameth.c in line 708.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rsa_ameth.c	kbengine/rsa_ameth.c
Line	535	726
Object	os	os

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rsa_ameth.c

Method static ASN1_STRING *rsa_ctx_to_pss(EVP_PKEY_CTX *pkctx)

535. ASN1_STRING *os = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/rsa_ameth.c

Method static int rsa_cms_sign(CMS_SignerInfo *si)

....
726. os = rsa_ctx_to_pss(pkctx);

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 48:

Severity Medium



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1347

Status New

The variable declared in os at kbengine/rsa_ameth.c in line 531 is not initialized when it is used by os1 at kbengine/rsa_ameth.c in line 733.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rsa_ameth.c	kbengine/rsa_ameth.c
Line	535	745
Object	os	os1

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rsa_ameth.c

Method static ASN1_STRING *rsa_ctx_to_pss(EVP_PKEY_CTX *pkctx)

....
535. ASN1_STRING *os = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/rsa_ameth.c

Method static int rsa_item_sign(EVP_MD_CTX *ctx, const ASN1_ITEM *it, void *asn,

745. $os1 = rsa_ctx_to_pss(pkctx);$

Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1348

Status New

The variable declared in pref_cipher at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893 is not initialized when it is used by sk at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1002	1070
Object	pref_cipher	sk

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_hello(SSL *s)



Use of Zero Initialized Pointer\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1349

Status New

The variable declared in peer at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 1172 is not initialized when it is used by sk at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1345	1070
Object	peer	sk

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_certificate(SSL *s)

1345. s->session->peer = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_hello(SSL *s)

1070. sk = ssl_get_ciphers_by_id(s);

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300



33&pathid=195

Status New

The size of the buffer used by *BF_crypt in Namespace1873623869, at line 644 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *BF_crypt passes to Namespace1873623869, at line 644 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	696	696
Object	Namespace1873623869	Namespace1873623869

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method static char *BF_crypt(const char *key, const char *setting,

....
696. memcpy(data.ctx.S, BF_init_state.S, sizeof(data.ctx.S));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=196

Status New

The size of the buffer used by *_crypt_blowfish_rn in Namespace1873623869, at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to Namespace1873623869, at line 814 of kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	842	842
Object	Namespace1873623869	Namespace1873623869

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

842. memcpy(buf.s, test_setting, sizeof(buf.s));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=197



Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_reassemble_fragment in msg_hdr, at line 647 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_reassemble_fragment passes to msg_hdr, at line 647 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	672	672
Object	msg_hdr	msg_hdr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

672. memcpy(&(frag->msg_header), msg_hdr, sizeof(*msg_hdr));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=198

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_process_out_of_seq_message in msg_hdr, at line 752 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_process_out_of_seq_message passes to msg_hdr, at line 752 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	809	809
Object	msg_hdr	msg_hdr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_process_out_of_seq_message(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st

*msg_hdr,

memcpy(&(frag->msg_header), msg_hdr, sizeof(*msg_hdr));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300



33&pathid=199

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_retransmit_message in ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_retransmit_message passes to ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1242	1242
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1 both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

1242. sizeof(s->s3->write_sequence));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=200

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_retransmit_message in ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_retransmit_message passes to ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1244	1244
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

1244. sizeof(s->s3->write_sequence));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=201



Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_retransmit_message in ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_retransmit_message passes to ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1260	1260
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

1260. sizeof(s->s3->write_sequence));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=202

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_retransmit_message in ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_retransmit_message passes to ->, at line 1176 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1262	1262
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

1262. sizeof(s->s3->write_sequence));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=203

Status New



The size of the buffer used by dtls1_reset_seq_numbers in DTLS1_BITMAP, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_reset_seq_numbers passes to DTLS1_BITMAP, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	1911	1911
Object	DTLS1_BITMAP	DTLS1_BITMAP

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=204

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_reset_seq_numbers in ->, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_reset_seq_numbers passes to ->, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	1916	1916
Object	->	->

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=205



The size of the buffer used by dtls1_copy_record in SSL3_BUFFER, at line 200 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_copy_record passes to SSL3_BUFFER, at line 200 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	211	211
Object	SSL3_BUFFER	SSL3_BUFFER

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method static int dtls1_copy_record(SSL *s, pitem *item)

....
211. memcpy(&(s->s3->rbuf), &(rdata->rbuf), sizeof(SSL3_BUFFER));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=206

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_copy_record in SSL3_RECORD, at line 200 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_copy_record passes to SSL3_RECORD, at line 200 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	212	212
Object	SSL3_RECORD	SSL3_RECORD

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method static int dtls1_copy_record(SSL *s, pitem *item)

....
212. memcpy(&(s->s3->rrec), &(rdata->rrec), sizeof(SSL3_RECORD));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=207



The size of the buffer used by dtls1_buffer_record in SSL3_BUFFER, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_buffer_record passes to SSL3_BUFFER, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	244	244
Object	SSL3_BUFFER	SSL3_BUFFER

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method dtls1_buffer_record(SSL *s, record_pqueue *queue, unsigned char *priority)

.... 244. memcpy(&(rdata->rbuf), &(s->s3->rbuf), sizeof(SSL3_BUFFER));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=208

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_buffer_record in SSL3_RECORD, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_buffer_record passes to SSL3_RECORD, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	245	245
Object	SSL3_RECORD	SSL3_RECORD

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method dtls1 buffer record(SSL *s, record pqueue *queue, unsigned char *priority)

....
245. memcpy(&(rdata->rrec), &(s->s3->rrec), sizeof(SSL3_RECORD));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=209



The size of the buffer used by dtls1_accept in ->, at line 162 of kbengine/d1_srvr.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_accept passes to ->, at line 162 of kbengine/d1_srvr.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_srvr.c	kbengine/d1_srvr.c
Line	355	355
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_srvr.c Method int dtls1_accept(SSL *s)

355. sizeof(s->s3->write_sequence));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=210

Status New

The size of the buffer used by multi_addtimeout in stamp, at line 2905 of kbengine/multi.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that multi_addtimeout passes to stamp, at line 2905 of kbengine/multi.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2918	2918
Object	stamp	stamp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method multi_addtimeout(struct Curl_easy *data,

2918. memcpy(&node->time, stamp, sizeof(*stamp));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=211

Status New

The size of the buffer used by bindlocal in Curl_sockaddr_storage, at line 241 of kbengine/connect.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source



buffer that bindlocal passes to Curl_sockaddr_storage, at line 241 of kbengine/connect.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	269	269
Object	Curl_sockaddr_storage	Curl_sockaddr_storage

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method static CURLcode bindlocal(struct connectdata *conn,

....
269. memset(&sa, 0, sizeof(struct Curl_sockaddr_storage));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=212

Status New

The size of the buffer used by bindlocal in Curl_sockaddr_storage, at line 241 of kbengine/connect.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that bindlocal passes to Curl_sockaddr_storage, at line 241 of kbengine/connect.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	447	447
Object	Curl_sockaddr_storage	Curl_sockaddr_storage

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method static CURLcode bindlocal(struct connectdata *conn,

....
447. memset(&add, 0, sizeof(struct Curl_sockaddr_storage));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=213

Status New

The size of the buffer used by *_crypt_blowfish_rn in Namespace1873623869, at line 814 of kbengine/crypt blowfish.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer



overflow attack, using the source buffer that *_crypt_blowfish_rn passes to Namespace1873623869, at line 814 of kbengine/crypt blowfish.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	845	845
Object	Namespace1873623869	Namespace1873623869

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char * crypt blowfish rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

845. memset(buf.o, 0x55, sizeof(buf.o));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=214

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_get_message in hm_header_st, at line 456 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_get_message passes to hm_header_st, at line 456 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	481	481
Object	hm_header_st	hm_header_st

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1 both.c

Method long dtls1_get_message(SSL *s, int st1, int stn, int mt, long max, int *ok)

481. memset(msg_hdr, 0x00, sizeof(struct hm_header_st));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=215

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_get_message in hm_header_st, at line 456 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source



buffer that dtls1_get_message passes to hm_header_st, at line 456 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	517	517
Object	hm_header_st	hm_header_st

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method long dtls1_get_message(SSL *s, int st1, int stn, int mt, long max, int *ok)

....
517. memset(msg_hdr, 0x00, sizeof(struct hm_header_st));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=216

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_get_message_header in hm_header_st, at line 1351 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_get_message_header passes to hm_header_st, at line 1351 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1353	1353
Object	hm_header_st	hm_header_st

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_get_message_header(unsigned char *data, struct hm_header_st

*msg_hdr)

1353. memset(msg_hdr, 0x00, sizeof(struct hm_header_st));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=217

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_get_ccs_header in ccs_header_st, at line 1362 of kbengine/d1_both.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the



source buffer that dtls1_get_ccs_header passes to ccs_header_st, at line 1362 of kbengine/d1_both.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1364	1364
Object	ccs_header_st	ccs_header_st

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method void dtls1 get ccs header(unsigned char *data, struct ccs header st *ccs hdr)

....
1364. memset(ccs_hdr, 0x00, sizeof(struct ccs_header_st));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=218

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_connect in ->, at line 164 of kbengine/d1_clnt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_connect passes to ->, at line 164 of kbengine/d1_clnt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_clnt.c	kbengine/d1_clnt.c
Line	274	274
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_clnt.c

Method int dtls1_connect(SSL *s)

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=219

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_reset_seq_numbers in DTLS1_BITMAP, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow



attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_reset_seq_numbers passes to DTLS1_BITMAP, at line 1903 of kbengine/d1 pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	1912	1912
Object	DTLS1_BITMAP	DTLS1_BITMAP

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method void dtls1_reset_seq_numbers(SSL *s, int rw)

```
1912. memset(&(s->d1->next_bitmap), 0x00,
sizeof(DTLS1_BITMAP));
```

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=220

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_buffer_record in SSL3_BUFFER, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that dtls1_buffer_record passes to SSL3_BUFFER, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	261	261
Object	SSL3_BUFFER	SSL3_BUFFER

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method dtls1_buffer_record(SSL *s, record_pqueue *queue, unsigned char *priority)

```
261. memset(&(s->s3->rbuf), 0, sizeof(SSL3_BUFFER));
```

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=221

Status New

The size of the buffer used by dtls1_buffer_record in SSL3_RECORD, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source



buffer that dtls1_buffer_record passes to SSL3_RECORD, at line 221 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	262	262
Object	SSL3_RECORD	SSL3_RECORD

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method dtls1_buffer_record(SSL *s, record_pqueue *queue, unsigned char *priority)

262. memset(&(s->s3->rrec), 0, sizeof(SSL3_RECORD));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=222

Status New

The size of the buffer used by aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_init_key in Namespace125441060, at line 116 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_init_key passes to Namespace125441060, at line 116 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	124	124
Object	Namespace125441060	Namespace125441060

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,

124. memset(&key->ks, 0, sizeof(key->ks.rd_key)),

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=223

Status New

The size of the buffer used by curl_easy_reset in UserDefined, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that curl easy reset passes to UserDefined, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, to overwrite the target buffer.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	1013	1013
Object	UserDefined	UserDefined

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method void curl_easy_reset(struct Curl_easy *data)

....
1013. memset(&data->set, 0, sizeof(struct UserDefined));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=224

Status New

The size of the buffer used by curl_easy_reset in Progress, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that curl easy reset passes to Progress, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	1017	1017
Object	Progress	Progress

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method void curl_easy_reset(struct Curl_easy *data)

....
1017. memset(&data->progress, 0, sizeof(struct Progress));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=225

Status New

The size of the buffer used by curl_easy_reset in auth, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that curl easy reset passes to auth, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

Source	Destination
--------	-------------



File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	1026	1026
Object	auth	auth

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method void curl_easy_reset(struct Curl_easy *data)

....
1026. memset(&data->state.authhost, 0, sizeof(struct auth));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=226

Status New

The size of the buffer used by curl_easy_reset in auth, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that curl_easy_reset passes to auth, at line 1003 of kbengine/easy.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

		<u>-</u>
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	1027	1027
Object	auth	auth

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method void curl_easy_reset(struct Curl_easy *data)

....
1027. memset(&data->state.authproxy, 0, sizeof(struct auth));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=227

Status New

The size of the buffer used by EVP_CIPHER_CTX_init in EVP_CIPHER_CTX, at line 80 of kbengine/evp_enc.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that EVP_CIPHER_CTX_init passes to EVP_CIPHER_CTX, at line 80 of kbengine/evp_enc.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/evp_enc.c	kbengine/evp_enc.c



Line 82 82

Object EVP_CIPHER_CTX EVP_CIPHER_CTX

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/evp_enc.c

Method void EVP_CIPHER_CTX_init(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx)

....
82. memset(ctx, 0, sizeof(EVP_CIPHER_CTX));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=228

Status New

The size of the buffer used by EVP_CIPHER_CTX_cleanup in EVP_CIPHER_CTX, at line 555 of kbengine/evp_enc.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that EVP_CIPHER_CTX_cleanup passes to EVP_CIPHER_CTX, at line 555 of kbengine/evp_enc.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/evp_enc.c	kbengine/evp_enc.c
Line	579	579
Object	EVP_CIPHER_CTX	EVP_CIPHER_CTX

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/evp_enc.c

Method int EVP_CIPHER_CTX_cleanup(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *c)

579. memset(c, 0, sizeof(EVP_CIPHER_CTX));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=229

Status New

The size of the buffer used by set_ciphers in ciphers, at line 302 of kbengine/gskit.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that set ciphers passes to ciphers, at line 302 of kbengine/gskit.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	331	331



Object ciphers ciphers

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode set_ciphers(struct connectdata *conn,

....
331. memset((char *) ciphers, 0, sizeof(ciphers));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=230

Status New

The size of the buffer used by inetsocketpair in addr1, at line 526 of kbengine/gskit.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that inetsocketpair passes to addr1, at line 526 of kbengine/gskit.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	539	539
Object	addr1	addr1

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method inetsocketpair(int sv[2])

539. memset((char *) &addr1, 0, sizeof(addr1));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=231

Status New

The size of the buffer used by curl_multi_add_handle in ->, at line 373 of kbengine/multi.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that curl multi add handle passes to ->, at line 373 of kbengine/multi.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	485	485
Object	->	->



Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method CURLMcode curl_multi_add_handle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

485. memset(&multi->timer_lastcall, 0, sizeof(multi>timer_lastcall));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=232

Status New

The size of the buffer used by multi_socket in ->, at line 2541 of kbengine/multi.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that multi_socket passes to ->, at line 2541 of kbengine/multi.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2638	2638
Object	->	->

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_socket(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2638. memset(&multi->timer_lastcall, 0, sizeof(multi>timer_lastcall));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=233

Status New

The size of the buffer used by nss_init_core in initparams, at line 1274 of kbengine/nss.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that nss init core passes to initparams, at line 1274 of kbengine/nss.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	1281	1281
Object	initparams	initparams

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_init_core(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *cert_dir)

....
1281. memset((void *) &initparams, '\0', sizeof(initparams));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=234

Status New

The size of the buffer used by polarssl_connect_step1 in x509_crt, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that polarssl_connect_step1 passes to x509_crt, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	259	259
Object	x509_crt	x509_crt

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn,

259. memset(&BACKEND->cacert, 0, sizeof(x509_crt));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=235

Status New

The size of the buffer used by polarssl_connect_step1 in x509_crt, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that polarssl_connect_step1 passes to x509_crt, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	289	289
Object	x509_crt	x509_crt

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c



```
Method polarssl_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn,
....
289. memset(&BACKEND->clicert, 0, sizeof(x509_crt));
```

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=236

Status New

The size of the buffer used by polarssl_connect_step1 in x509_crl, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that polarssl_connect_step1 passes to x509_crl, at line 219 of kbengine/polarssl.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	328	328
Object	x509_crl	x509_crl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn,

memset(&BACKEND->crl, 0, sizeof(x509_crl));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=237

Status New

The size of the buffer used by myssh_statemach_act in ssh_conn, at line 546 of kbengine/ssh-libssh.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that myssh_statemach_act passes to ssh_conn, at line 546 of kbengine/ssh-libssh.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ssh-libssh.c	kbengine/ssh-libssh.c
Line	1881	1881
Object	ssh_conn	ssh_conn

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ssh-libssh.c

Method static CURLcode myssh_statemach_act(struct connectdata *conn, bool *block)



....
1881. memset(sshc, 0, sizeof(struct ssh_conn));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=238

Status New

The size of the buffer used by operate_do in HdrCbData, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that operate do passes to HdrCbData, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	213	213
Object	HdrCbData	HdrCbData

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

213. memset(&hdrcbdata, 0, sizeof(struct HdrCbData));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=239

Status New

The size of the buffer used by operate_do in OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that operate do passes to OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	214	214
Object	OutStruct	OutStruct

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,



```
....
214. memset(&heads, 0, sizeof(struct OutStruct));
```

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=240

Status New

The size of the buffer used by operate_do in OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that operate do passes to OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	510	510
Object	OutStruct	OutStruct

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

510. memset(&outs, 0, sizeof(struct OutStruct));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=241

Status New

The size of the buffer used by operate_do in OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that operate do passes to OutStruct, at line 187 of kbengine/tool_operate.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	1894	1894
Object	OutStruct	OutStruct

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,



....
1894. memset(&outs, 0, sizeof(struct OutStruct));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 48:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=242

Status New

The size of the buffer used by Curl_connect in SingleRequest, at line 4638 of kbengine/url.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that Curl connect passes to SingleRequest, at line 4638 of kbengine/url.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	4649	4649
Object	SingleRequest	SingleRequest

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method CURLcode Curl_connect(struct Curl_easy *data,

4649. memset(&data->req, 0, sizeof(struct SingleRequest));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=243

Status New

The size of the buffer used by singlesocket in num, at line 2307 of kbengine/multi.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that singlesocket passes to num, at line 2307 of kbengine/multi.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2441	2441
Object	num	num

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode singlesocket(struct Curl_multi *multi,



....
2441. memcpy(data->sockets, socks, num*sizeof(curl_socket_t));

Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=244

Status New

The size of the buffer used by singlesocket in curl_socket_t, at line 2307 of kbengine/multi.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that singlesocket passes to curl_socket_t, at line 2307 of kbengine/multi.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2441	2441
Object	curl_socket_t	curl_socket_t

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode singlesocket(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2441. memcpy(data->sockets, socks, num*sizeof(curl_socket_t));

Memory Leak

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Memory Leak Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

Description

Memory Leak\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1182

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2415	2415
Object	req_buffer	req_buffer

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

....
2415. req_buffer = Curl_add_buffer_init();

Memory Leak\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1183

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	1904	1904
Object	nickname	nickname

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_setup_connect(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

....
1904. char *nickname = dup_nickname(data, SSL_SET_OPTION(cert));

Memory Leak\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1184

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	2227	2227
Object	dep	dep

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http2_add_child(struct Curl_easy *parent,

2227. struct Curl_http2_dep *dep = calloc(1, sizeof(struct
Curl_http2_dep));

Memory Leak\Path 4:



Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1185

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	397	397
Object	wrap	wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode insert_wrapped_ptr(struct curl_llist *list, void *ptr)

397. struct ptr_list_wrap *wrap = malloc(sizeof(*wrap));

Memory Leak\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1186

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1060	1060
Object	filename	filename

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct CookieInfo *Curl_cookie_init(struct Curl_easy *data,

1060. c->filename = strdup(file?file:"none"); /* copy the name just in case */

Memory Leak\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1187



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	49	49
Object	real_path	real_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

49. real_path = malloc(working_path_len + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1188

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	63	63
Object	real_path	real_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

real_path = malloc(homelen + working_path_len + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1189

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	79	79
Object	real_path	real_path

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

....
79. real_path = malloc(working_path_len + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1190

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	907	907
Object	buffer	buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_duphandle(struct Curl_easy *data)

907. outcurl->state.buffer = malloc(outcurl->set.buffer_size + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1191

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	911	911
Object	headerbuff	headerbuff

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_duphandle(struct Curl_easy *data)

911. outcurl->state.headerbuff = malloc(HEADERSIZE);

Memory Leak\Path 11:

Severity Medium



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1192

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	948	948
Object	url	url

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_duphandle(struct Curl_easy *data)

948. outcurl->change.url = strdup(data->change.url);

Memory Leak\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1193

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	955	955
Object	referer	referer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_duphandle(struct Curl_easy *data)

955. outcurl->change.referer = strdup(data->change.referer);

Memory Leak\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1194

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c



Line	4387	4387
Object	ftp	ftp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_setup_connection(struct connectdata *conn)

....
4387. conn->data->req.protop = ftp = malloc(sizeof(struct FTP));

Memory Leak\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1195

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1866	1866
Object	newhost	newhost

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_pasv_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

1866. ftpc->newhost = strdup(control_address(conn));

Memory Leak\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1196

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1915	1915
Object	newhost	newhost

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_pasv_resp(struct connectdata *conn,



1915. ftpc->newhost = strdup(control_address(conn));

Memory Leak\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1197

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1997	1997
Object	secondaryhostname	secondaryhostname

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_pasv_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

....
1997. conn->secondaryhostname = strdup(ftpc->newhost);

Memory Leak\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1198

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3217	3217
Object	prevpath	prevpath

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_done(struct connectdata *conn, CURLcode status,

3217. ftpc->prevpath = strdup("");

Memory Leak\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1199

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/ftp.c kbengine/ftp.c

Line 3711 3711

Object pattern pattern

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode init_wc_data(struct connectdata *conn)

....
3711. wildcard->pattern = strdup(last_slash);

Memory Leak\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1200

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3718	3718
Object	pattern	pattern

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode init_wc_data(struct connectdata *conn)

3718. wildcard->pattern = strdup(path);

Memory Leak\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1201

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3760	3760



Object path path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode init_wc_data(struct connectdata *conn)

3760. wildcard->path = strdup(conn->data->state.path);

Memory Leak\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1202

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	333	333
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode set_ciphers(struct connectdata *conn,

....
333. ciphers[i].buf = malloc(1);

Memory Leak\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1203

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	931	931
Object	buff1	buff1

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static CURLcode pkp_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
buff1 = malloc(len1);
```

Memory Leak\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1204

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3875	3875
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_readwrite_headers(struct Curl_easy *data,

....
3875. data->req.newurl = strdup(data->req.location); /* clone
*/

Memory Leak\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1205

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	164	164
Object	http	http

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_setup_conn(struct connectdata *conn)

....
164. http = calloc(1, sizeof(struct HTTP));

Memory Leak\Path 25:

Severity Medium Result State To Verify



Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1206

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	249	249
Object	value	value

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method char *Curl_copy_header_value(const char *header)

.... 249. value = malloc(len + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1207

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	544	544
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_auth_act(struct connectdata *conn)

....
544. data->req.newurl = strdup(data->change.url); /* clone URL */

Memory Leak\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1208

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c



Line 565
Object newurl newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_auth_act(struct connectdata *conn)

. . . .

565. data->req.newurl = strdup(data->change.url); /* clone URL */

Memory Leak\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1209

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	836	836
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_input_auth(struct connectdata *conn, bool proxy,

. . . .

836. data->req.newurl = strdup(data->change.url);

Memory Leak\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1210

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	882	882
Object	challenge_header	challenge_header

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_input_auth(struct connectdata *conn, bool proxy,



conn->challenge_header = strdup(auth);

Memory Leak\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1211

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1936	1936
Object	first_host	first_host

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

1936. data->state.first_host = strdup(conn->host.name);

Memory Leak\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1212

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2233	2233
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

....
2233. newurl = malloc(urllen + newlen - currlen + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1213

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	925	925
Object	push_headers	push_headers

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method static int on_header(nghttp2_session *session, const nghttp2_frame *frame,

. . . .

925. stream->push_headers = malloc(stream->push_headers alloc *

Memory Leak\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1214

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	1142	1142
Object	inbuf	inbuf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http2_init(struct connectdata *conn)

....
1142. conn->proto.httpc.inbuf = malloc(H2 BUFSIZE);

Memory Leak\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1215

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	2091	2091



Object custom_params custom_params

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_custom_request(struct connectdata *conn)

2091. imap->custom_params = strdup(params);

Memory Leak\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1216

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1057	1057
Object	mailbox_uidvalidity	mailbox_uidvalidity

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_state_select_resp(struct connectdata *conn, int imapcode,

....
1057. imapc->mailbox uidvalidity = strdup(tmp);

Memory Leak\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1217

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1069	1069
Object	mailbox	mailbox

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_state_select_resp(struct connectdata *conn, int imapcode,



imapc->mailbox = strdup(imap->mailbox);

Memory Leak\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1218

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1377	1377
Object	protop	protop

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_init(struct connectdata *conn)

imap = data->req.protop = calloc(sizeof(struct IMAP), 1);

Memory Leak\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1219

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1813	1813
Object	newstr	newstr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static char *imap_atom(const char *str, bool escape_only)

....
1813. newstr = (char *) malloc((newlen + 1) * sizeof(char));

Memory Leak\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1220

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mprintf.c	kbengine/mprintf.c
Line	1035	1035
Object	buffer	buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mprintf.c

Method static int alloc_addbyter(int output, FILE *data)

....
1035. infop->buffer = malloc(32);

Memory Leak\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1221

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c
Line	636	636
Object	apoptimestamp	apoptimestamp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_state_servergreet_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

636. pop3c->apoptimestamp = (char *)calloc(1, timestamplen +
1);

Memory Leak\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1222

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c



Line	1045	1045
Object	protop	protop

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_init(struct connectdata *conn)

....
1045. pop3 = data->req.protop = calloc(sizeof(struct POP3), 1);

Memory Leak\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1223

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rtsp.c	kbengine/rtsp.c
Line	134	134
Object	rtsp	rtsp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rtsp.c

Method static CURLcode rtsp_setup_connection(struct connectdata *conn)

....
134. conn->data->req.protop = rtsp = calloc(1, sizeof(struct RTSP));

Memory Leak\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1224

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rtsp.c	kbengine/rtsp.c
Line	707	707
Object	scratch	scratch

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rtsp.c

Method static CURLcode rtsp_rtp_readwrite(struct Curl_easy *data,



....
707. scratch = malloc(rtp_dataleft);

Memory Leak\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1225

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	650	650
Object	cred	cred

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

....
650. BACKEND->cred = (struct curl_schannel_cred *)

Memory Leak\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1226

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	758	758
Object	ctxt	ctxt

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

....
758. BACKEND->ctxt = (struct curl schannel ctxt *)

Memory Leak\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1227

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/schannel.c kbengine/schannel.c

Line 855 855

Object decdata_buffer decdata_buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

. . . .

855. BACKEND->decdata_buffer = malloc(BACKEND->decdata length);

Memory Leak\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1228

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	867	867
Object	encdata_buffer	encdata_buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

. . . .

867. BACKEND->encdata buffer = malloc(BACKEND->encdata length);

Memory Leak\Path 48:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1229

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	1363	1363



Object data data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_send(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

....
1363. data = (unsigned char *) malloc(data_len);

Memory Leak\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1230

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	143	143
Object	ca_file_buffer	ca_file_buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode add_certs_to_store(HCERTSTORE trust_store,

....
143. ca_file_buffer = (char *)malloc(ca_file_bufsize + 1);

Memory Leak\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1231

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	321	321
Object	cert_hostname_buff	cert_hostname_buff

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode verify_host(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
321. cert_hostname_buff = (LPTSTR)malloc(len * sizeof(TCHAR));
```

MemoryFree on StackVariable

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\MemoryFree on StackVariable Version:0

Description

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=426

Status New

Calling free() (line 1529) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1529) in file kbengine/cookie.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1552	1552
Object	line	line

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static struct curl_slist *cookie_list(struct Curl_easy *data)

1552. free(line);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=427

Status New

Calling free() (line 32) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 32) in file kbengine/curl path.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	51	51
Object	working_path	working_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl path.c



Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

51. free(working_path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=428

Status New

Calling free() (line 32) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 32) in file kbengine/curl_path.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	65	65
Object	working_path	working_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

65. free(working path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=429

Status New

Calling free() (line 32) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 32) in file kbengine/curl_path.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	81	81
Object	working_path	working_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,



free(working_path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=430

Status New

Calling free() (line 32) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 32) in file kbengine/curl path.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	88	88
Object	working_path	working_path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

88. free(working path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=431

Status New

Calling free() (line 410) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 410) in file kbengine/curl sasl.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_sasl.c	kbengine/curl_sasl.c
Line	477	477
Object	chlg	chlg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_sasl.c

Method CURLcode Curl_sasl_continue(struct SASL *sasl, struct connectdata *conn,



.... 477. free(chlg);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=432

Status New

Calling free() (line 253) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 253) in file kbengine/curl sasl.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_sasl.c	kbengine/curl_sasl.c
Line	389	389
Object	resp	resp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_sasl.c

Method CURLcode Curl_sasl_start(struct SASL *sasl, struct connectdata *conn,

389. free(resp);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=433

Status New

Calling free() (line 253) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 253) in file kbengine/curl sasl.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_sasl.c	kbengine/curl_sasl.c
Line	400	400
Object	resp	resp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_sasl.c

Method CURLcode Curl_sasl_start(struct SASL *sasl, struct connectdata *conn,



.... 400. free(resp);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=434

Status New

Calling free() (line 94) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 94) in file kbengine/dict.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/dict.c	kbengine/dict.c
Line	122	122
Object	newp	newp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/dict.c

Method static char *unescape_word(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *inputbuff)

122. free(newp);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=435

Status New

Calling free() (line 1443) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1443) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1489	1489
Object	IstArg	IstArg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_list(struct connectdata *conn)



1489. free(lstArg);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=436

Status New

Calling free() (line 1443) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1443) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1495	1495
Object	IstArg	IstArg

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_list(struct connectdata *conn)

.... 1495. free(lstArg);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=437

Status New

Calling free() (line 1443) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1443) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1496	1496
Object	cmd	cmd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_list(struct connectdata *conn)



.... 1496. free(cmd);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=438

Status New

Calling free() (line 3133) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3133) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3218	3218
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_done(struct connectdata *conn, CURLcode status,

3218. free (path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=439

Status New

Calling free() (line 3133) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3133) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3225	3225
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_done(struct connectdata *conn, CURLcode status,



.... 3225. free(path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=440

Status New

Calling free() (line 3687) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3687) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	3692	3692
Object	ftpwc	ftpwc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static void wc_data_dtor(void *ptr)

.... 3692. free(ftpwc);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=441

Status New

Calling free() (line 4097) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 4097) in file kbengine/ftp.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	4280	4280
Object	path	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method CURLcode ftp_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)



4280. free(path);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=442

Status New

Calling free() (line 3095) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3095) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3699	3699
Object	contenttype	contenttype

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_readwrite_headers(struct Curl_easy *data,

.... 3699. free(contenttype);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=443

Status New

Calling free() (line 3095) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3095) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3715	3715
Object	server_name	server_name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_readwrite_headers(struct Curl_easy *data,



free(server_name);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=444

Status New

Calling free() (line 3095) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3095) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3855	3855
Object	auth	auth

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

. . . .

Method CURLcode Curl_http_readwrite_headers(struct Curl_easy *data,

3855. free(auth);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=445

Status New

Calling free() (line 3095) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 3095) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3869	3869
Object	location	location

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http_readwrite_headers(struct Curl_easy *data,



free(location);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=446

Status New

Calling free() (line 265) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 265) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	304	304
Object	authorization	authorization

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method static CURLcode http_output_basic(struct connectdata *conn, bool proxy)

304. free(authorization);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=447

Status New

Calling free() (line 265) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 265) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	311	311
Object	out	out

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method static CURLcode http_output_basic(struct connectdata *conn, bool proxy)



.... 311. free(out);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=448

Status New

Calling free() (line 1268) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1268) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1278	1278
Object	S	S

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_add_bufferf(Curl_send_buffer *in, const char *fmt, ...)

.... 1278. free(s);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=449

Status New

Calling free() (line 1867) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1867) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2056	2056
Object	cptr	cptr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)



.... 2056. free(cptr);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=450

Status New

Calling free() (line 1867) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1867) in file kbengine/http.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2152	2152
Object	cookiehost	cookiehost

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

2152. free(cookiehost);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=451

Status New

Calling free() (line 1188) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1188) in file kbengine/http2.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	1224	1224
Object	base64	base64

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http2_request_upgrade(Curl_send_buffer *req,



.... 1224. free(base64);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=452

Status New

Calling free() (line 2263) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 2263) in file kbengine/http2.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	2283	2283
Object	data	data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method void Curl_http2_remove_child(struct Curl_easy *parent, struct Curl_easy *child)

2283. free(data);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=453

Status New

Calling free() (line 490) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 490) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	512	512
Object	user	user

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_perform_login(struct connectdata *conn)



.... 512. free(user);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=454

Status New

Calling free() (line 490) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 490) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	513	513
Object	passwd	passwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_perform_login(struct connectdata *conn)

513. free(passwd);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=455

Status New

Calling free() (line 642) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 642) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	668	668
Object	mailbox	mailbox

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_perform_select(struct connectdata *conn)



.... 668. free(mailbox);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=456

Status New

Calling free() (line 716) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 716) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	773	773
Object	mailbox	mailbox

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_perform_append(struct connectdata *conn)

773. free(mailbox);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=457

Status New

Calling free() (line 1727) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1727) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1753	1753
Object	taggedfmt	taggedfmt

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_sendf(struct connectdata *conn, const char *fmt, ...)



1753. free(taggedfmt);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=458

Status New

Calling free() (line 1941) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1941) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1995	1995
Object	name	name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)

.... 1995. free(name);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=459

Status New

Calling free() (line 1941) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1941) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	2034	2034
Object	name	name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)



2034. free(name);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=460

Status New

Calling free() (line 1941) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1941) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	2035	2035
Object	value	value

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)

.... 2035. free(value);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=461

Status New

Calling free() (line 1941) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1941) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	2040	2040
Object	name	name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)



2040. free(name);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=462

Status New

Calling free() (line 1941) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1941) in file kbengine/imap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	2041	2041
Object	value	value

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_parse_url_path(struct connectdata *conn)

2041. free(value);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=463

Status New

Calling free() (line 146) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 146) in file kbengine/krb5.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/krb5.c	kbengine/krb5.c
Line	205	205
Object	stringp	stringp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/krb5.c

Method krb5_auth(void *app_data, struct connectdata *conn)



free(stringp);

MemoryFree on StackVariable \Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=464

Status New

Calling free() (line 146) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 146) in file kbengine/krb5.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/krb5.c	kbengine/krb5.c
Line	267	267
Object	p	р

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/krb5.c

Method krb5_auth(void *app_data, struct connectdata *conn)

267. free(p);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=465

Status New

Calling free() (line 253) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 253) in file kbengine/ldap.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	648	648
Object	val_b64	val_b64

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method



....
648. val_b64_sz);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=466

Status New

Calling free() (line 256) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 256) in file kbengine/multi.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	260	260
Object	р	р

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static void sh_freeentry(void *freethis)

.... 260. free(p);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=467

Status New

Calling free() (line 1327) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1327) in file kbengine/multi.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1749	1749
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,



1749. free(newurl);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=468

Status New

Calling free() (line 1327) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1327) in file kbengine/multi.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1981	1981
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

....
1981. free(newurl);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=469

Status New

Calling free() (line 1327) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1327) in file kbengine/multi.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2003	2003
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,



.... 2003. free(newurl);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=470

Status New

Calling free() (line 1327) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1327) in file kbengine/multi.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2018	2018
Object	newurl	newurl

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode multi_runsingle(struct Curl_multi *multi,

2018. free(newurl);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=471

Status New

Calling free() (line 409) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 409) in file kbengine/nss.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	429	429
Object	slot_name	slot_name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_create_object(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,



....
429. free(slot_name);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=472

Status New

Calling free() (line 473) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 473) in file kbengine/nss.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	479	479
Object	wrap	wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static void nss_destroy_object(void *user, void *ptr)

479. free(wrap);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 48:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=473

Status New

Calling free() (line 483) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 483) in file kbengine/nss.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	489	489
Object	wrap	wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static void nss_destroy_crl_item(void *user, void *ptr)



.... 489. free(wrap);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=474

Status New

Calling free() (line 492) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 492) in file kbengine/nss.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	522	522
Object	nickname	nickname

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_load_cert(struct ssl_connect_data *ssl,

522. free(nickname);

MemoryFree on StackVariable\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=475

Status New

Calling free() (line 1230) on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (line 1230) in file kbengine/nss.c may result with a crash.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	1244	1244
Object	config_string	config_string

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_load_module(SECMODModule **pmod, const char *library,



....
1244. free(config_string);

Wrong Size t Allocation

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Wrong Size t Allocation Version:0

Description

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=494

Status New

The function fullPathLength in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 113 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	131	131
Object	fullPathLength	fullPathLength

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_get_pathname(const char **cpp, char **path, char *homedir)

131. *path = malloc(fullPathLength);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=495

Status New

The function alloc in kbengine/escape.c at line 79 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/escape.c	kbengine/escape.c
Line	96	96
Object	alloc	alloc

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/escape.c

Method char *curl_easy_escape(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *string,

96. ns = malloc(alloc);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=496

Status New

The function alloc in kbengine/escape.c at line 145 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/escape.c	kbengine/escape.c
Line	151	151
Object	alloc	alloc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/escape.c

Method CURLcode Curl_urldecode(struct Curl_easy *data,

151. char *ns = malloc(alloc);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=497

Status New

The function len1 in kbengine/gtls.c at line 898 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	931	931
Object	len1	len1

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static CURLcode pkp_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
buff1 = malloc(len1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=498

Status New

The function connect_idsize in kbengine/gtls.c at line 959 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	1426	1426
Object	connect_idsize	connect_idsize

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method gtls_connect_step3(struct connectdata *conn,

....

1426. connect_sessionid = malloc(connect_idsize); /* get a buffer for it */

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=499

Status New

The function new_size in kbengine/http.c at line 1290 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1321	1321
Object	new_size	new_size

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_add_buffer(Curl_send_buffer *in, const void *inptr, size_t size)



```
new_rb = malloc(new_size);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=500

Status New

The function bufsize in kbengine/mbedtls.c at line 534 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	602	602
Object	bufsize	bufsize

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

char *buffer = malloc(bufsize);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=501

Status New

The function data_len in kbengine/schannel.c at line 1331 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	1363	1363
Object	data_len	data_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_send(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,



```
....
1363. data = (unsigned char *) malloc(data_len);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=502

Status New

The function buflen in kbengine/sds.c at line 360 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	366	366
Object	buflen	buflen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds sdscatvprintf(sds s, const char *fmt, va_list ap) {

buf = malloc(buflen);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=503

Status New

The function outlen in kbengine/vtls.c at line 685 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	698	698
Object	outlen	outlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_ssl_push_certinfo_len(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
698. output = malloc(outlen);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=504

Status New

The function pinkeylen in kbengine/vtls.c at line 805 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	855	855
Object	pinkeylen	pinkeylen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,

....
855. pinkeycopy = malloc(pinkeylen);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=505

Status New

The function newsize in kbengine/http.c at line 3018 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	3038	3038
Object	newsize	newsize

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method static CURLcode header_append(struct Curl_easy *data,



....
3038. newbuff = realloc(data->state.headerbuff, newsize);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=506

Status New

The function reallocated_length in kbengine/schannel.c at line 823 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	881	881
Object	reallocated_length	reallocated_length

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

881. reallocated_length);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=507

Status New

The function reallocated_length in kbengine/schannel.c at line 1476 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	1538	1538
Object	reallocated_length	reallocated_length

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_recv(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,



....
1538. reallocated_length);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=508

Status New

The function reallocated_length in kbengine/schannel.c at line 1476 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	1624	1624
Object	reallocated_length	reallocated_length

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_recv(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

1624. reallocated length);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=509

Status New

The function items in kbengine/ldap.c at line 789 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	803	803
Object	items	items

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method */



803.

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=510

Status New

The function sslsize in kbengine/url.c at line 1782 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	1795	1795
Object	sslsize	sslsize

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static struct connectdata *allocate_conn(struct Curl_easy *data)

....
1795. char *ssl = calloc(4, sslsize);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=511

Status New

The function pathlen in kbengine/cookie.c at line 426 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	723	723
Object	pathlen	pathlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
723. co->path = malloc(pathlen + 1); /* one extra for the zero byte */
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=512

Status New

The function matches in kbengine/cookie.c at line 1215 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1289	1289
Object	matches	matches

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1289. array = malloc(sizeof(struct Cookie *) * matches);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=513

Status New

The function working_path_len in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 32 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	49	49
Object	working_path_len	working_path_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,



```
real_path = malloc(working_path_len + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=514

Status New

The function working_path_len in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 32 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	79	79
Object	working_path_len	working_path_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

79. real_path = malloc(working_path_len + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=515

Status New

The function nread in kbengine/ftp.c at line 2602 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	2786	2786
Object	nread	nread

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_statemach_act(struct connectdata *conn)



2786. dir = malloc(nread + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=516

Status New

The function nread in kbengine/ftp.c at line 2602 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	2879	2879
Object	nread	nread

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_statemach_act(struct connectdata *conn)

.... os = malloc(nread + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=517

Status New

The function len in kbengine/http.c at line 212 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	249	249
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method char *Curl_copy_header_value(const char *header)



```
value = malloc(len + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=518

Status New

The function nheader in kbengine/http2.c at line 1746 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	1834	1834
Object	nheader	nheader

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method static ssize_t http2_send(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

....
1834. nva = malloc(sizeof(nghttp2_nv) * nheader);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=519

Status New

The function ca_file_bufsize in kbengine/schannel_verify.c at line 80 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	143	143
Object	ca_file_bufsize	ca_file_bufsize

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode add_certs_to_store(HCERTSTORE trust_store,



```
....
143. ca_file_buffer = (char *)malloc(ca_file_bufsize + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=520

Status New

The function len in kbengine/schannel_verify.c at line 285 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	321	321
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode verify_host(struct Curl_easy *data,

321. cert_hostname_buff = (LPTSTR)malloc(len * sizeof(TCHAR));

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=521

Status New

The function len in kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c at line 185 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c	kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c
Line	193	193
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c

Method static char *parse_filename(const char *ptr, size_t len)



```
....
193. copy = malloc(len + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=522

Status New

The function len in kbengine/tool_doswin.c at line 135 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_doswin.c	kbengine/tool_doswin.c
Line	175	175
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_doswin.c

Method SANITIZEcode sanitize_file_name(char **const sanitized, const char *file_name,

175. target = malloc(len + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=523

Status New

The function len in kbengine/tool_doswin.c at line 482 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_doswin.c	kbengine/tool_doswin.c
Line	508	508
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_doswin.c

Method SANITIZEcode rename_if_reserved_dos_device_name(char **const sanitized,



```
....
508. *sanitized = malloc(len + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=524

Status New

The function ulen in kbengine/url.c at line 3233 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3278	3278
Object	ulen	ulen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method CURLcode Curl_parse_login_details(const char *login, const size_t len,

.... 3278. ubuf = malloc(ulen + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=525

Status New

The function plen in kbengine/url.c at line 3233 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3285	3285
Object	plen	plen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method CURLcode Curl_parse_login_details(const char *login, const size_t len,



```
....
3285. pbuf = malloc(plen + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=526

Status New

The function olen in kbengine/url.c at line 3233 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3294	3294
Object	olen	olen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method CURLcode Curl_parse_login_details(const char *login, const size_t len,

.... 3294. obuf = malloc(olen + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=527

Status New

The function urllen in kbengine/url.c at line 4005 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	4073	4073
Object	urllen	urllen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode create_conn(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
4073. data->state.pathbuffer = malloc(urllen + 2);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=528

Status New

The function urllen in kbengine/url.c at line 4005 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	4080	4080
Object	urllen	urllen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode create_conn(struct Curl_easy *data,

....
4080. conn->host.rawalloc = malloc(urllen + 2);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=529

Status New

The function size in kbengine/vtls.c at line 805 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	919	919
Object	size	size

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
....
919. buf = malloc(size + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=530

Status New

The function addrlen in kbengine/ftp.c at line 928 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	981	981
Object	addrlen	addrlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_use_port(struct connectdata *conn,

981. addr = calloc(addrlen + 1, 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=531

Status New

The function timestamplen in kbengine/pop3.c at line 607 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c
Line	636	636
Object	timestamplen	timestamplen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_state_servergreet_resp(struct connectdata *conn,



```
color="block" color="bloc
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=532

Status New

The function len in kbengine/_ctypes_test.c at line 213 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	216	216
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(wchar_t *) my_wcsdup(wchar_t *src)

....
216. wchar_t *ptr = (wchar_t *)malloc((len + 1) * sizeof(wchar_t));

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=533

Status New

The function homelen in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 32 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	63	63
Object	homelen	homelen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,



```
real_path = malloc(homelen + working_path_len + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=534

Status New

The function working_path_len in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 32 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	63	63
Object	working_path_len	working_path_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

real_path = malloc(homelen + working_path_len + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=535

Status New

The function len in kbengine/dict.c at line 94 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/dict.c	kbengine/dict.c
Line	104	104
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/dict.c

Method static char *unescape_word(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *inputbuff)



```
....
104. dictp = malloc(len*2 + 1); /* add one for terminating zero */
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=536

Status New

The function currlen in kbengine/http.c at line 1867 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2233	2233
Object	currlen	currlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

....
2233. newurl = malloc(urllen + newlen - currlen + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=537

Status New

The function newlen in kbengine/imap.c at line 1768 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1813	1813
Object	newlen	newlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static char *imap_atom(const char *str, bool escape_only)



```
newstr = (char *) malloc((newlen + 1) * sizeof(char));
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=538

Status New

The function prefixlen in kbengine/url.c at line 1985 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2317	2317
Object	prefixlen	prefixlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,

2317. reurl = malloc(prefixlen + plen + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=539

Status New

The function plen in kbengine/url.c at line 1985 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2317	2317
Object	plen	plen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,



```
reurl = malloc(prefixlen + plen + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=540

Status New

The function pem_len in kbengine/vtls.c at line 747 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	777	777
Object	pem_len	pem_len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method static CURLcode pubkey_pem_to_der(const char *pem,

....
777. stripped_pem = malloc(pem_len - pem_count + 1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 48:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=541

Status New

The function pem_count in kbengine/vtls.c at line 747 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	777	777
Object	pem_count	pem_count

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method static CURLcode pubkey_pem_to_der(const char *pem,



```
....
777. stripped_pem = malloc(pem_len - pem_count + 1);
```

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 49:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=542

Status New

The function newlen in kbengine/sds.c at line 129 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	142	142
Object	newlen	newlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds sdsMakeRoomFor(sds s, size_t addlen) {

142. newsh = realloc(sh, sizeof *newsh+newlen+1);

Wrong Size t Allocation\Path 50:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=543

Status New

The function urllen in kbengine/http.c at line 1867 assigns an incorrectly calculated size to a buffer, resulting in a mismatch between the value being written and the size of the buffer it is being written into.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	2233	2233
Object	urllen	urllen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)



```
newurl = malloc(urllen + newlen - currlen + 1);
```

Integer Overflow

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Integer Overflow Version:0

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows

FISMA 2014: System And Information Integrity

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Integer Overflow\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=550

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 186 of kbengine/a_int.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_int.c	kbengine/a_int.c
Line	225	225
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_int.c

Method ASN1_INTEGER *c2i_ASN1_INTEGER(ASN1_INTEGER **a, const unsigned char

**pp,

.... 225. i = len;

Integer Overflow\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=551

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 268 of kbengine/a_object.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_object.c	kbengine/a_object.c



Line	287	287
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_object.c

Method ASN1_OBJECT *c2i_ASN1_OBJECT(ASN1_OBJECT **a, const unsigned char

**pp,

287. length = (int)len;

Integer Overflow\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=552

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 1354 of kbengine/e_aes.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1418	1418
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_gcm_tls_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out,

Integer Overflow\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=553

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 1354 of kbengine/e aes.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1463	1463
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr



Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_gcm_tls_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out,

.... 1463. rv = len;

Integer Overflow\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=554

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 1853 of kbengine/e_aes.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1900	1900
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_ccm_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out,

.... 1900. rv = len;

Integer Overflow\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=555

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

_		
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	235	235
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c



Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,
....
235. frag = (unsigned int)inp_len >> (1 + n4x);

Integer Overflow\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=556

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 207 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	236	236
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

236. last = (unsigned int)inp_len + frag - (frag << (1 + n4x));

Integer Overflow\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=557

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	517	517
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,



for (l = len - plen - 1; plen < len; plen++)

Integer Overflow\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=558

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	577	577
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,

577. maxpad = len - (SHA_DIGEST_LENGTH + 1);

Integer Overflow\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=559

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	628	628
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,



```
bitlen = key->md.Nl + (inp_len << 3); /* at most 18
bits */</pre>
```

Integer Overflow\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=560

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	584	584
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,

.... s84. ret &= (int)mask;

Integer Overflow\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=561

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	746	746
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,



.... 746. cmask =

Integer Overflow\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=562

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 455 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	750	750
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char

*out,

750. cmask &= ((int)(off - 1 - j)) >> (sizeof(int) * 8 - 1);

Integer Overflow\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=563

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 203 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	232	232
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA256 *key,



```
....
232. frag = (unsigned int)inp_len >> (1 + n4x);
```

Integer Overflow\Path 15:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=564

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 203 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	233	233
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA256 *key,

233. last = (unsigned int)inp_len + frag - (frag << (1 + n4x));

Integer Overflow\Path 16:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=565

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	545	545
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,



for (l = len - plen - 1; plen < len; plen++)

Integer Overflow\Path 17:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=566

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	588	588
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,

588. maxpad = len - (SHA256_DIGEST_LENGTH + 1);

Integer Overflow\Path 18:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=567

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	616	616
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,



Integer Overflow\Path 19:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=568

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	595	595
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,

.... ret &= (int)mask;

Integer Overflow\Path 20:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=569

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	750	750
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,



750. cmask =

Integer Overflow\Path 21:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=570

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 470 of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	754	754
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx,

754. cmask &= ((int)(off - 1 - j)) >> (sizeof(int) * 8 - 1);

Integer Overflow\Path 22:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=571

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 115 of kbengine/e_rc4_hmac_md5.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_rc4_hmac_md5.c	kbengine/e_rc4_hmac_md5.c
Line	193	193
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e rc4 hmac md5.c

Method static int rc4_hmac_md5_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out,



Integer Overflow\Path 23:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=572

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 988 of kbengine/multi.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	1017	1017
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method CURLMcode curl_multi_wait(struct Curl_multi *multi,

1017. timeout_ms = (int)timeout_internal;

Integer Overflow\Path 24:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=573

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 485 of kbengine/obj dat.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/obj_dat.c	kbengine/obj_dat.c
Line	558	558
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/obj_dat.c

Method int OBJ_obj2txt(char *buf, int buf_len, const ASN1_OBJECT *a, int no_name)

558. i = (int)(1 / 40);



Integer Overflow\Path 25:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=574

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 334 of kbengine/s2_clnt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_clnt.c	kbengine/s2_clnt.c
Line	391	391
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_clnt.c

Method static int get_server_hello(SSL *s)

391. j = (int)len - s->init_num;

Integer Overflow\Path 26:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=575

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 373 of kbengine/s2_srvr.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
Line	443	443
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int get_client_master_key(SSL *s)

Integer Overflow\Path 27:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300



33&pathid=576

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 560 of kbengine/s2 srvr.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
Line	623	623
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int get_client_hello(SSL *s)

Integer Overflow\Path 28:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=577

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 833 of kbengine/s2 srvr.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

•		-	
		Source	Destination
	File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
	Line	869	869
	Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int get_client_finished(SSL *s)

869. n = (int)len - s->init_num;

Integer Overflow\Path 29:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=578

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 934 of kbengine/s2 srvr.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
Line	1047	1047
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int request_certificate(SSL *s)

1047. j = (int)len - s->init_num;

Integer Overflow\Path 30:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=579

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 297 of kbengine/s23_clnt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s23_clnt.c	kbengine/s23_clnt.c
Line	313	313
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s23_clnt.c

Method static int ssl23_client_hello(SSL *s)

....
313. ssl2_compat = (options & SSL_OP_NO_SSLv2) ? 0 : 1;

Integer Overflow\Path 31:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=580

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 2449 of kbengine/s3_clnt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c



Line	3045	3045

Object AssignExpr AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_send_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

3045. n = msglen + 3;

Integer Overflow\Path 32:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=581

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 2449 of kbengine/s3_clnt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

-	·		
	Source	Destination	
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	
Line	3048	3048	
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr	

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3 clnt.c

Method int ssl3_send_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

3048. n = msglen + 2;

Integer Overflow\Path 33:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=582

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 2449 of kbengine/s3_clnt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	3178	3178
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr



File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_send_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

n = 2 + identity len;

Integer Overflow\Path 34:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=583

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 497 of kbengine/s3 enc.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	531	531
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int ssl3_enc(SSL *s, int send)

531. i = bs - ((int)1 % bs);

Integer Overflow\Path 35:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=584

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 721 of kbengine/s3 enc.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	748	748
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int n_ssl3_mac(SSL *ssl, unsigned char *md, int send)



```
....
748. npad = (48 / md_size) * md_size;
```

Integer Overflow\Path 36:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=585

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 2131 of kbengine/s3 srvr.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2334	2334
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

2334. i = (int)n;

Integer Overflow\Path 37:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=586

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 425 of kbengine/sds.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	434	434
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds sdscatfmt(sds s, char const *fmt, ...) {

.... 434. i = initlen; /* Position of the next byte to write to dest str. */



Integer Overflow\Path 38:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=587

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 575 of kbengine/sds.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	581	581
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method void sdsrange(sds s, int start, int end) {

581. start = len+start;

Integer Overflow\Path 39:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=588

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 575 of kbengine/sds.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	585	585
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method void sdsrange(sds s, int start, int end) {

585. end = len+end;

Integer Overflow\Path 40:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=589

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 575 of kbengine/sds.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	593	593
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method void sdsrange(sds s, int start, int end) {

593. end = len-1;

Integer Overflow\Path 41:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=590

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 152 of kbengine/t1 enc.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

_	·	
	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	219	219
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method static int tls1_P_hash(const EVP_MD *md, const unsigned char *sec,

219. olen -= j;

Integer Overflow\Path 42:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=591

Status New



A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 751 of kbengine/t1 enc.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	859	859
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_enc(SSL *s, int send)

859. for (k = (int)1; k < (int)(1 + i); k++)

Integer Overflow\Path 43:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=592

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 751 of kbengine/t1 enc.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	854	854
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1 enc(SSL *s, int send)

854. j = i - 1;

Integer Overflow\Path 44:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=593

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 3572 of kbengine/url.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

Source Destination



File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3650	3650
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parse_connect_to_host_port(struct Curl_easy *data,

.... 3650. port = (int)portparse; /* we know it will fit */

Integer Overflow\Path 45:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=594

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, memlen, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 690 of kbengine/cyassl.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	698	698
Object	memlen	memlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method static ssize_t cyassl_send(struct connectdata *conn,

698. int memlen = (len > (size_t)INT_MAX) ? INT_MAX : (int)len;

Integer Overflow\Path 46:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=595

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, buffsize, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 736 of kbengine/cyassl.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	744	744
Object	buffsize	buffsize



File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method static ssize_t cyassl_recv(struct connectdata *conn,

....
744. int buffsize = (buffersize > (size_t)INT_MAX) ? INT_MAX : (int)buffersize;

Integer Overflow\Path 47:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=596

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 169 of kbengine/b_print.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/b_print.c	kbengine/b_print.c
Line	186	186
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/b_print.c Method _dopr(char **sbuffer,

....
186. flags = currlen = cflags = min = 0;

Long Overflow

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Long Overflow Version:0

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows

FISMA 2014: System And Information Integrity

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Long Overflow\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=597

Status New



A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 491 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	491	491
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(double) tf_d(double c) { S; return c/3; }

491. EXPORT(double) tf_d(double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=598

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 492 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	492	492
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(long double) tf_D(long double c) { S; return c/3; }

492. EXPORT(long double) tf_D(long double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=599

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 506 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	506	506
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(double) __stdcall s_tf_d(double c) { S; return c/3; }

....
506. EXPORT(double) __stdcall s_tf_d(double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=600

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 507 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	507	507
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(long double) __stdcall s_tf_D(long double c) { S; return c/3; }

507. EXPORT(long double) __stdcall s_tf_D(long double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=601

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 522 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

Source	Destination



File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	522	522
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(double) tf_bd(signed char x, double c) { S; return c/3; }

....
522. EXPORT(double) tf_bd(signed char x, double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=602

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 523 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	523	523
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(long double) tf_bD(signed char x, long double c) { S; return c/3; }

523. EXPORT(long double) tf_bD(signed char x, long double c) { S;
return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=603

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 538 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

C	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c



Line 538 538
Object AssignExpr AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(double) __stdcall s_tf_bd(signed char x, double c) { S; return c/3; }

....
538. EXPORT(double) __stdcall s_tf_bd(signed char x, double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=604

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 539 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	539	539
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(long double) __stdcall s_tf_bD(signed char x, long double c) { S; return

c/3; }

....
539. EXPORT(long double) __stdcall s_tf_bD(signed char x, long double c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=605

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 571 of kbengine/b_print.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/b_print.c	kbengine/b_print.c



Line	574	574
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

File Name kbengine/b_print.c

Method static long roundv(LDOUBLE value)

574. intpart = (long) value;

Long Overflow\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=606

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 582 of kbengine/b_print.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/b_print.c	kbengine/b_print.c
Line	609	609
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/b_print.c
Method fmtfp(char **sbuffer,

....
609. intpart = (long)ufvalue;

Long Overflow\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

 $\underline{BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038\&projectid=300}$

33&pathid=607

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 490 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	490	490
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr



File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(float) tf_f(float c) { S; return c/3; }

490. EXPORT(float) tf_f(float c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=608

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 505 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	505	505
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(float) __stdcall s_tf_f(float c) { S; return c/3; }

....
505. EXPORT(float) __stdcall s_tf_f(float c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=609

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 521 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	521	521
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c



Method EXPORT(float) tf_bf(signed char x, float c) { S; return c/3; }

....
521. EXPORT(float) tf_bf(signed char x, float c) { S; return c/3; }

Long Overflow\Path 14:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=610

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 537 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	537	537
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(float) __stdcall s_tf_bf(signed char x, float c) { S; return c/3; }

....
537. EXPORT(float) __stdcall s_tf_bf(signed char x, float c) { S;
return c/3; }

Use of Uninitialized Pointer

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Use of Uninitialized Pointer Version:0

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

Description

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1283

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by flags at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c



Line	545	644
Object	strtmp	flags

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

....
545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;
....
644. && (strtmp->flags & ASN1_STRING_FLAG_NDEF)) {

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1284

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by type at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	566
Object	strtmp	type

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

....
545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;
....
566. utype = strtmp->type;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1285

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

Source	Destination
Source	Describation



File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	646
Object	strtmp	data

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

. . . .

strtmp->data = cout;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1286

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by length at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	647
Object	strtmp	length

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

.... 545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

647. strtmp->length = 0;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1287

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	652
Object	strtmp	data

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

652. cont = strtmp->data;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1288

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by length at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	653
Object	strtmp	length

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

653. len = strtmp->length;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1289

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by flags at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	644
Object	strtmp	flags

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

```
545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;
....
644. && (strtmp->flags & ASN1_STRING_FLAG_NDEF)) {
```

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1290

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	646
Object	strtmp	data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

```
....
545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;
....
646. strtmp->data = cout;
```

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1291

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by length at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	647
Object	strtmp	length

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

. . . .

strtmp->length = 0;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1292

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	652
Object	strtmp	data

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

652. cont = strtmp->data;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1293

Status New

The variable declared in strtmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by length at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	545	653
Object	strtmp	length

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

545. ASN1_STRING *strtmp;

. . . .

653. len = strtmp->length;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 12:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1294

Status New

The variable declared in otmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by otmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	546	582
Object	otmp	otmp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

.... 546. ASN1_OBJECT *otmp;

582. len = otmp->length;

Use of Uninitialized Pointer\Path 13:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1295

Status New

The variable declared in otmp at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/tasn_enc.c in line 541.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	546	581
Object	otmp	data

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method int asn1_ex_i2c(ASN1_VALUE **pval, unsigned char *cout, int *putype,

546. ASN1_OBJECT *otmp;

. . . .

581. cont = otmp->data;

Divide By Zero

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Divide By Zero Version:1

Description

Divide By Zero\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=406

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in tls_fips_digest_extra, in kbengine/s3_cbc.c. In line 781, the program attempts to divide by block_size, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input block_size in tls_fips_digest_extra of kbengine/s3 cbc.c, at line 781.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_cbc.c	kbengine/s3_cbc.c
Line	809	809
Object	block_size	block_size

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_cbc.c

Method void tls_fips_digest_extra(const EVP_CIPHER_CTX *cipher_ctx,

809. blocks_orig = (orig_len + digest_pad) / block_size;

Divide By Zero\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=407



The application performs an illegal operation in tls_fips_digest_extra, in kbengine/s3_cbc.c. In line 781, the program attempts to divide by block_size, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input block_size in tls_fips_digest_extra of kbengine/s3 cbc.c, at line 781.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_cbc.c	kbengine/s3_cbc.c
Line	810	810
Object	block_size	block_size

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_cbc.c

Method void tls_fips_digest_extra(const EVP_CIPHER_CTX *cipher_ctx,

810. blocks_data = (data_len + digest_pad) / block_size;

Divide By Zero\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=408

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in ssl3_enc, in kbengine/s3_enc.c. In line 497, the program attempts to divide by bs, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input bs in ssl3_enc of kbengine/s3_enc.c, at line 497.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	531	531
Object	bs	bs

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3 enc.c

Method int ssl3_enc(SSL *s, int send)

531. i = bs - ((int)l % bs);

Divide By Zero\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=409



The application performs an illegal operation in ssl3_enc, in kbengine/s3_enc.c. In line 497, the program attempts to divide by bs, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input bs in ssl3_enc of kbengine/s3_enc.c, at line 497.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	545	545
Object	bs	bs

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int ssl3_enc(SSL *s, int send)

545. if $(1 == 0 \mid | 1 \% \text{ bs } != 0)$

Divide By Zero\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=410

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in ssl3_handshake_mac, in kbengine/s3_enc.c. In line 665, the program attempts to divide by n, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input n in ssl3_handshake_mac of kbengine/s3_enc.c, at line 665.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	699	699
Object	n	n

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method static int ssl3_handshake_mac(SSL *s, int md_nid,

....
699. npad = (48 / n) * n;

Divide By Zero\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=411



The application performs an illegal operation in n_ssl3_mac, in kbengine/s3_enc.c. In line 721, the program attempts to divide by md_size, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input md_size in n_ssl3_mac of kbengine/s3_enc.c, at line 721.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	748	748
Object	md_size	md_size

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int n_ssl3_mac(SSL *ssl, unsigned char *md, int send)

748. npad = (48 / md_size) * md_size;

Divide By Zero\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=412

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in tls1_PRF, in kbengine/t1_enc.c. In line 242, the program attempts to divide by count, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input count in tls1_PRF of kbengine/t1_enc.c, at line 242.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	268	268
Object	count	count

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method static int tls1_PRF(long digest_mask,

268. len = slen / count;

Divide By Zero\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300



338	pathic	1 = 413
-----	--------	---------

The application performs an illegal operation in tls1_enc, in kbengine/t1_enc.c. In line 751, the program attempts to divide by bs, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input bs in tls1_enc of kbengine/t1_enc.c, at line 751.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	849	849
Object	bs	bs

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_enc(SSL *s, int send)

849. i = bs - ((int)l % bs);

Divide By Zero\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=414

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in seedArrayWithPolyCenter, in kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp. In line 883, the program attempts to divide by npoly, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input npoly in seedArrayWithPolyCenter of kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp, at line 883.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp
Line	934	934
Object	npoly	npoly

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp

Method static void seedArrayWithPolyCenter(rcContext* ctx, const rcCompactHeightfield&

chf,

934. pcx /= npoly;

Divide By Zero\Path 10:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=415

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in seedArrayWithPolyCenter, in kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp. In line 883, the program attempts to divide by npoly, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input npoly in seedArrayWithPolyCenter of kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp, at line 883.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp
Line	935	935
Object	npoly	npoly

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp

Method

static void seedArrayWithPolyCenter(rcContext* ctx, const rcCompactHeightfield&

chf,

0.25

935. pcy /= npoly;

Divide By Zero\Path 11:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=416

Status New

The application performs an illegal operation in polyMinExtent, in kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp. In line 536, the program attempts to divide by nverts, which might be evaluate to 0 (zero) at time of division. This value could be a hard-coded zero value, or received from external, untrusted input nverts in polyMinExtent of kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp, at line 536.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp
Line	541	541
Object	nverts	nverts

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp

Method static float polyMinExtent(const float* verts, const int nverts)

541. const int ni = (i+1) % nverts;

Heap Inspection

Query Path:



CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Heap Inspection Version:1

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2013: A6-Sensitive Data Exposure

FISMA 2014: Media Protection

NIST SP 800-53: SC-4 Information in Shared Resources (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A3-Sensitive Data Exposure

Description

Heap Inspection\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1173

Status New

Method http_output_basic at line 265 of kbengine/http.c defines pwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to pwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	272	272
Object	pwd	pwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method static CURLcode http output basic(struct connectdata *conn, bool proxy)

. . . .

272. const char *pwd;

Heap Inspection\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1174

Status New

Method rtsp_do at line 248 of kbengine/rtsp.c defines p_proxyuserpwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to p_proxyuserpwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rtsp.c	kbengine/rtsp.c
Line	268	268
Object	p_proxyuserpwd	p_proxyuserpwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rtsp.c



Method static CURLcode rtsp_do(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

....
268. const char *p_proxyuserpwd = NULL;

Heap Inspection\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1175

Status New

Method rtsp_do at line 248 of kbengine/rtsp.c defines p_userpwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to p_userpwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rtsp.c	kbengine/rtsp.c
Line	269	269
Object	p_userpwd	p_userpwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rtsp.c

Method static CURLcode rtsp_do(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

....
269. const char *p_userpwd = NULL;

Heap Inspection\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1176

Status New

Method SRP_VBASE_init at line 358 of kbengine/srp_vfy.c defines user_pwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to user_pwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/srp_vfy.c	kbengine/srp_vfy.c
Line	367	367
Object	user_pwd	user_pwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/srp_vfy.c

Method int SRP_VBASE_init(SRP_VBASE *vb, char *verifier_file)



```
....
367. SRP_user_pwd *user_pwd = NULL;
```

Heap Inspection\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1177

Status New

Method gskit_connect_step1 at line 795 of kbengine/gskit.c defines keyringpwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to keyringpwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	803	803
Object	keyringpwd	keyringpwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

803. const char * const keyringpwd = SSL_SET_OPTION(key_passwd);

Heap Inspection\Path 6:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1178

Status New

Method CMS_RecipientInfo_set0_password at line 66 of kbengine/cms_pwri.c defines passlen, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to passlen, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cms_pwri.c	kbengine/cms_pwri.c
Line	67	67
Object	passlen	passlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cms_pwri.c

Method int CMS_RecipientInfo_set0_password(CMS_RecipientInfo *ri,



....
67. unsigned char *pass,
ossl_ssize_t passlen)

Heap Inspection\Path 7:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1179

Status New

Method imap_perform_login at line 490 of kbengine/imap.c defines passwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to passwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	494	494
Object	passwd	passwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_perform_login(struct connectdata *conn)

.... 494. char *passwd;

Heap Inspection\Path 8:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1180

Status New

Method at line 253 of kbengine/ldap.c defines passwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to passwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	277	277
Object	passwd	passwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method



.... 277. char *user = NULL;

Heap Inspection\Path 9:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1181

Status New

Method create_conn at line 4005 of kbengine/url.c defines passwd, which is designated to contain user passwords. However, while plaintext passwords are later assigned to passwd, this variable is never cleared from memory.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	4014	4014
Object	passwd	passwd

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode create_conn(struct Curl_easy *data,

4014. char *passwd = NULL;

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

<u>Description</u>

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=190

Status New

The pointer aes 256 wrap at kbengine/e aes.c in line 2021 is being used after it has been freed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	2023	2023



Object aes_256_wrap aes_256_wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method const EVP_CIPHER *EVP_aes_256_wrap(void)

2023. return &aes_256_wrap;

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=191

Status New

The pointer aes 128 wrap at kbengine/e aes.c in line 1993 is being used after it has been freed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1995	1995
Object	aes_128_wrap	aes_128_wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method const EVP_CIPHER *EVP_aes_128_wrap(void)

....
1995. return &aes_128_wrap;

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

 $\underline{BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038\&projectid=300}$

33&pathid=192

Status New

The pointer aes 192 wrap at kbengine/e aes.c in line 2007 is being used after it has been freed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	2009	2009
Object	aes_192_wrap	aes_192_wrap

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c



Method const EVP_CIPHER *EVP_aes_192_wrap(void)

2009. return &aes 192 wrap;

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=193

Status New

The pointer d2 at kbengine/tasn enc.c in line 407 is being used after it has been freed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tasn_enc.c	kbengine/tasn_enc.c
Line	415	415
Object	d2	d2

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tasn_enc.c

Method static int der_cmp(const void *a, const void *b)

....
415. return d1->length - d2->length;

Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=194

Status New

The pointer str at kbengine/http2.c in line 331 is being used after it has been freed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	350	350
Object	str	str

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method const char *Curl_http2_strerror(uint32_t err)



```
....
350. return (err < sizeof(str) / sizeof(str[0])) ? str[err] :
"unknown";
```

Short Overflow

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Short Overflow Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows

FISMA 2014: System And Information Integrity

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Short Overflow\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=611

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 191 of kbengine/blast.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	206	206
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method local int construct(struct huffman *h, const unsigned char *rep, int n)

....
206. length[symbol++] = len;

Short Overflow\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=612

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 572 of kbengine/d1_pkt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_pkt.c	kbengine/d1_pkt.c
Line	623	623



Object AssignExpr AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_pkt.c

Method int dtls1_get_record(SSL *s)

comparison = (ssl_major << 8) | ssl_minor;</pre>

Short Overflow\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=613

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 665 of kbengine/puff.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/puff.c	kbengine/puff.c
Line	711	711
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/puff.c

Method local int dynamic(struct state *s)

711. lengths[index++] = symbol;

Short Overflow\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=614

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 665 of kbengine/puff.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/puff.c	kbengine/puff.c
Line	727	727
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/puff.c



Method local int dynamic(struct state *s)

727. lengths[index++] = len;

Short Overflow\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=615

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 306 of kbengine/s3 pkt.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_pkt.c	kbengine/s3_pkt.c
Line	353	353
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_pkt.c

Method static int ssl3_get_record(SSL *s)

....
353. version = (ssl_major << 8) | ssl_minor;</pre>

Double Free

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Double Free Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SI-16 Memory Protection (P1)

Description

Double Free\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1164

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	935	935
Object	attributes	attributes

Code Snippet



kbengine/ldap.c File Name

Method

*/

if(result) { 935.

Double Free\Path 2:

Severity Medium Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1165

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	950	950
Object	attributes	attributes

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method */

950. if(!ludp->lud attrs[i]) {

Double Free\Path 3:

Severity Medium Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1166

New Status

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ldap.c	kbengine/ldap.c
Line	918	963
Object	attributes	attributes

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ldap.c

Method */

if(!ludp->lud attrs) { 918.

963.



Double Free\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1167

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	372	379
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds sdscatvprintf(sds s, const char *fmt, va_list ap) {

372. free(buf);
...
379. free(buf);

Double Free\Path 5:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1168

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3287	3297
Object	ubuf	ubuf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method CURLcode Curl_parse_login_details(const char *login, const size_t len,

3287. free(ubuf); 3297. free(ubuf);

Use of Uninitialized Variable

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Use of Uninitialized Variable Version:0

Categories



NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

Description

Use of Uninitialized Variable\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1296

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	1027	1033
Object	inputlen	inputlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c Method size_t inputlen,

1027. size_t inputlen,

¥

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbedtls_sha256(input, inputlen, sha256sum, 0);

....
1033. mbedtls_sha256(input, inputlen, sha256sum, 0);

Use of Uninitialized Variable\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1297

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	884	889
Object	inputlen	inputlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c
Method size_t inputlen,



884. size_t inputlen,

¥

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method sha256(input, inputlen, sha256sum, 0);

889. sha256(input, inputlen, sha256sum, 0);

Use of Uninitialized Variable\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1298

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2865	2899
Object	Ttag	Ttag

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c

Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

2865. int Ttag, Tclass;

n) != V_ASN1_CONSTRUCTED || Ttag != V_ASN1_SEQUENCE

Use of Uninitialized Variable\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1299

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_srvr.c	kbengine/s3_srvr.c
Line	2865	2900
Object	Tclass	Tclass

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_srvr.c



```
Method int ssl3_get_client_key_exchange(SSL *s)

...
2865. int Ttag, Tclass;
...
2900. || Tclass != V_ASN1_UNIVERSAL) {
```

Inadequate Encryption Strength

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Inadequate Encryption Strength Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Configuration Management

NIST SP 800-53: SC-13 Cryptographic Protection (P1) OWASP Top 10 2017: A3-Sensitive Data Exposure

Description

Inadequate Encryption Strength\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1548

Status New

The application uses a weak cryptographic algorithm, Curl_auth_create_cram_md5_message at line 410 of kbengine/curl sasl.c, to protect sensitive personal information passwd, from kbengine/curl sasl.c at line 410.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_sasl.c	kbengine/curl_sasl.c
Line	476	475
Object	passwd	Curl_auth_create_cram_md5_message

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_sasl.c

Method CURLcode Curl_sasl_continue(struct SASL *sasl, struct connectdata *conn,

Inadequate Encryption Strength\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1549

Status New



The application uses a weak cryptographic algorithm, Curl_auth_create_digest_md5_message at line 410 of kbengine/curl sasl.c, to protect sensitive personal information passwd, from kbengine/curl sasl.c at line 410.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_sasl.c	kbengine/curl_sasl.c
Line	482	481
Object	passwd	Curl_auth_create_digest_md5_message

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_sasl.c

Method CURLcode Curl sasl continue(struct SASL *sasl, struct connectdata *conn,

```
482. conn->user, conn->passwd,
....
481. result = Curl_auth_create_digest_md5_message(data, serverdata,
```

Inadequate Encryption Strength\Path 3:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1550

Status New

The application uses a weak cryptographic algorithm, Curl_MD5_update at line 413 of kbengine/pop3.c, to protect sensitive personal information passwd, from kbengine/pop3.c at line 413.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c
Line	439	438
Object	passwd	Curl_MD5_update

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_perform_apop(struct connectdata *conn)

```
curlx_uztoui(strlen(conn->passwd)));

Curl_MD5_update(ctxt, (const unsigned char *) conn->passwd,
```

Inadequate Encryption Strength\Path 4:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1551

Status New



The application uses a weak cryptographic algorithm, Curl_MD5_update at line 413 of kbengine/pop3.c, to protect sensitive personal information passwd, from kbengine/pop3.c at line 413.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c
Line	438	438
Object	passwd	Curl_MD5_update

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_perform_apop(struct connectdata *conn)

....
438. Curl_MD5_update(ctxt, (const unsigned char *) conn->passwd,

Environment Injection

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Environment Injection Version:0

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2013: A1-Injection

FISMA 2014: System And Information Integrity

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Environment Injection\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1169

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/main.cpp	kbengine/main.cpp
Line	304	324
Object	getenv	setenv

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/main.cpp

Method int process_newassets(int argc, char* argv[], const std::string assetsType)

```
....
304. std::string res_path = getenv("KBE_RES_PATH") == NULL ? "" :
getenv("KBE_RES_PATH");
....
324. setenv("KBE_RES_PATH", res_path.c_str(), 1);
```

Environment Injection\Path 2:



Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1170

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/main.cpp	kbengine/main.cpp
Line	305	324
Object	getenv	setenv

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/main.cpp

Method int process_newassets(int argc, char* argv[], const std::string assetsType)

Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key Version:0

Categories

FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication

NIST SP 800-53: SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A3-Sensitive Data Exposure

Description

Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1171

Status New

The variable num_encrypted_key_bytes at line 373 of kbengine/s2_srvr.c is assigned a hardcoded, literal value. This static value is used as an encryption key.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
Line	498	498
Object	num_encrypted_key_bytes	num_encrypted_key_bytes

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int get_client_master_key(SSL *s)



....
498. num_encrypted_key_bytes = 8;

Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1172

Status New

The variable num_encrypted_key_bytes at line 373 of kbengine/s2_srvr.c is assigned a hardcoded, literal value. This static value is used as an encryption key.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s2_srvr.c	kbengine/s2_srvr.c
Line	500	500
Object	num_encrypted_key_bytes	num_encrypted_key_bytes

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s2_srvr.c

Method static int get_client_master_key(SSL *s)

....
500. num_encrypted_key_bytes = 5;

Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Medium Threat\Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Media Protection

NIST SP 800-53: SC-13 Cryptographic Protection (P1)

Description

Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2133

Status New

The application protects passwords with SHA1_Final in aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_ctrl, of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c at line 810, using a cryptographic hash Address. However, the code does not salt the hash with an unpredictable, random value, allowing an attacker to reverse the hash value.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	824	826



Object Address SHA1 Final

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha1_ctrl(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, int type, int arg,

824. SHA1 Init(&key->head);

826. SHA1 Final(hmac key, &key->head);

Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt\Path 2:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2134

Status New

The application protects passwords with SHA256_Final in aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_ctrl, of kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c at line 787, using a cryptographic hash Address. However, the code does not salt the hash with an unpredictable, random value, allowing an attacker to reverse the hash value.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	801	803
Object	Address	SHA256_Final

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static int aesni_cbc_hmac_sha256_ctrl(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, int type, int arg,

801. SHA256_Init(&key->head);

SHA256_Final(hmac_key, &key->head);

Boolean Overflow

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Boolean Overflow Version:0

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows

FISMA 2014: System And Information Integrity

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Boolean Overflow\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=548

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 946 of kbengine/url.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	963	963
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static bool extract_if_dead(struct connectdata *conn,

963. dead = (state & CONNRESULT_DEAD);

Char Overflow

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Integer Overflow\Char Overflow Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Char Overflow\Path 1:

Severity Medium
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=549

Status New

A variable of a larger data type, AssignExpr, is being assigned to a smaller data type, in 344 of kbengine/a_int.c. This will cause a loss of data, often the significant bits of a numerical value or the sign bit.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_int.c	kbengine/a_int.c
Line	372	372
Object	AssignExpr	AssignExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/a_int.c

Method int ASN1_INTEGER_set(ASN1_INTEGER *a, long v)

372. buf[i] = (int)d & 0xff;



Improper Resource Access Authorization

Ouerv Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Improper Resource Access Authorization Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication NIST SP 800-53: AC-3 Access Enforcement (P1) OWASP Top 10 2017: A2-Broken Authentication

Description

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1552

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1014	1014
Object	fgets	fgets

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static char *get_line(char *buf, int len, FILE *input)

....
1014. char *b = fgets(buf, len, input);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1553

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1014	1014
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static char *get_line(char *buf, int len, FILE *input)

....
1014. char *b = fgets(buf, len, input);



Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1554

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	437	437
Object	hold	hold

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method local unsigned inf(void *how, unsigned char **buf)

.... 437. return fread(hold, 1, CHUNK, (FILE *)how);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1555

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	256	256
Object	ptr	ptr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static quutls datum t load file(const char *file)

....
256. if(fread(ptr, 1, (size_t)filelen, f) < (size_t)filelen) {</pre>

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1556

Status New



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	156	156
Object	buffer	buffer

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static curl_off_t vms_realfilesize(const char *name,

156. ret_stat = fread(buffer, 1, sizeof(buffer), file);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 6:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1557

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	924	924
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,

924. if((int) fread(buf, size, 1, fp) != 1)

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1558

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	668	668
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static int pipe_ssloverssl(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1559

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	1300	1300
Object	buf	buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static int Curl_gskit_shutdown(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

1300. nread = read(conn->sock[sockindex], buf, sizeof(buf));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1560

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/security.c	kbengine/security.c
Line	241	241
Object	buffer	buffer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/security.c

Method static ssize_t sec_recv(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

241. return read(fd, buffer, len);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 10:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1561

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp
Line	150	150
Object	get	get

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::setmessageHTMLfile(const std::string& filename) {

150. char c = file.get();

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1562

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp
Line	151	151
Object	get	get

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::setmessageHTMLfile(const std::string& filename) {

for(; file.good(); c = file.get()) {

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1563

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp



Line 870 870
Object get get

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::attach(const std::string& filename) {

870. char c = file.get();

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 13:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1564

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp
Line	871	871
Object	get	get

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::attach(const std::string& filename) {

871. for(; file.good(); c = file.get()) {

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 14:

Severity Low Result State To Verify

Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1565

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c	kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c
Line	704	704
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c

Method static void dbd_freetds_init(apr_pool_t *pool)



....
704. fprintf(stderr, "regcomp failed: %s\n", errmsg);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 15:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1566

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	455	455
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c Method int main(void)

....
455. fprintf(stderr, "blast error: %d\n", ret);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 16:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1567

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	461	461
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c Method int main(void)

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 17:

Severity Low Result State To Verify



Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1568

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cacertinmem.c	kbengine/cacertinmem.c
Line	112	112
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cacertinmem.c

Method static CURLcode sslctx_function(CURL *curl, void *sslctx, void *parm)

112. fprintf(stderr, "error adding certificate\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 18:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1569

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cacertinmem.c	kbengine/cacertinmem.c
Line	115	115
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cacertinmem.c

Method static CURLcode sslctx_function(CURL *curl, void *sslctx, void *parm)

115. fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", errbuf);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 19:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1570

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c



Line 1510 1510
Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

1510. fprintf(out, "#\n# Fatal libcurl error\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 20:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1571

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1517	1517
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

.... 1517. fprintf(out, "%s\n", format_ptr);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 21:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1572

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1028	1028
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method int dtls1_read_failed(SSL *s, int code)



```
....
1028. fprintf(stderr, "invalid state reached %s:%d", __FILE__,
__LINE__);
```

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 22:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1573

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1100	1100
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method int dtls1_retransmit_buffered_messages(SSL *s)

fprintf(stderr, "dtls1_retransmit_message()
failed\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 23:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1574

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	1200	1200
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_both.c

Method dtls1_retransmit_message(SSL *s, unsigned short seq, unsigned long frag_off,

.... 1200. fprintf(stderr, "retransmit: message %d non-existant\n", seq);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 24:



Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1575

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/easy.c kbengine/easy.c

Line 222 222

Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

222. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: Curl_ssl_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 25:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1576

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/easy.c kbengine/easy.c

Line 228 228

Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
228. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: win32_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 26:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1577

Status New

Source Destination



File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	234	234
Object	fprintf	fprintf

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
234. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: Curl_amiga_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 27:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1578

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	241	241
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
241. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Warning: LONG namespace not available\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 28:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1579

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	246	246
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c



Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
246. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: resolver_global_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 29:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1580

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	254	254
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
254. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: libssh2_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 30:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1581

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	261	261
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode global_init(long flags, bool memoryfuncs)

....
261. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: libssh_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 31:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1582

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/easy.c kbengine/easy.c

Line 364 364

Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_init(void)

....
364. DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: curl_global_init failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 32:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1583

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/easy.c kbengine/easy.c

Line 372 372

Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method struct Curl_easy *curl_easy_init(void)

DEBUGF(fprintf(stderr, "Error: Curl_open failed\n"));

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 33:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1584

Status New

Source Destination
File kbengine/gtls.c kbengine/gtls.c



Line 69 69
Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static void tls_log_func(int level, const char *str)

69. fprintf(stderr, "|<%d>| %s", level, str);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 34:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1585

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/lib542.c	kbengine/lib542.c
Line	40	40
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/lib542.c Method int test(char *URL)

40. fprintf(stderr, "curl_global_init() failed\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 35:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1586

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/lib542.c	kbengine/lib542.c
Line	47	47
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/lib542.c Method int test(char *URL)



....
47. fprintf(stderr, "curl_easy_init() failed\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 36:

Severity Low Result State To Verify

Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1587

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	296	296
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void *CRYPTO_malloc_locked(int num, const char *file, int line)

296. fprintf(stderr, "LEVITTE_DEBUG_MEM: > 0x%p (%d)\n",
ret, num);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 37:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1588

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	321	321
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void CRYPTO_free_locked(void *str)

....
321. fprintf(stderr, "LEVITTE_DEBUG_MEM: < 0x%p\n", str);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 38:

Severity Low Result State To Verify



Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1589

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	344	344
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void *CRYPTO_malloc(int num, const char *file, int line)

....
344. fprintf(stderr, "LEVITTE_DEBUG_MEM: > 0x%p (%d)\n", ret, num);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 39:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1590

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	389	389
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void *CRYPTO realloc(void *str, int num, const char *file, int line)

389. fprintf(stderr, "LEVITTE_DEBUG_MEM: | 0x%p -> 0x%p (%d)\n", str,

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 40:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1591

Status New

Source Destination



File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	425	425
Object	fprintf	fprintf

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void *CRYPTO_realloc_clean(void *str, int old_len, int num, const char *file,

425. fprintf(stderr,

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 41:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1592

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mem.c	kbengine/mem.c
Line	440	440
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mem.c

Method void CRYPTO_free(void *str)

fprintf(stderr, "LEVITTE_DEBUG_MEM: < 0x%p\n", str);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 42:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1593

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	3153	3153
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)



....
3153. fprintf(stderr, "* Multi status: %d handles, %d alive\n",

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 43:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1594

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	3158	3158
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)

• • • •

3158. fprintf(stderr, "handle %p, state %s, %d sockets\n",

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 44:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1595

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	3165	3165
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)

.... 3165. fprintf(stderr, "%d ", (int)s);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 45:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1596

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/multi.c kbengine/multi.c

Line 3167 3167

Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)

....
3167. fprintf(stderr, "INTERNAL CONFUSION\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 46:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1597

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	3170	3170
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)

.... 3170. fprintf(stderr, "[%s %s] ",

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 47:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1598

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	3175	3175



Object fprintf fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method void Curl_multi_dump(struct Curl_multi *multi)

3175. fprintf(stderr, "\n");

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 48:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1599

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/rsa_sign.c	kbengine/rsa_sign.c
Line	259	259
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/rsa_sign.c

Method int int_rsa_verify(int dtype, const unsigned char *m,

259. fprintf(stderr, "in(%s) expect(%s)\n",
OBJ nid2ln(sigtype),

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 49:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1600

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1290	1290
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3 clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_certificate(SSL *s)



1290. fprintf(stderr, "pkey,x = %p, %p\n", pkey, x);

Improper Resource Access Authorization\Path 50:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=1601

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1291	1291
Object	fprintf	fprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_certificate(SSL *s)

1291. fprintf(stderr, "ssl_cert_type(x,pkey) = %d\n",
ssl_cert_type(x, pkey));

NULL Pointer Dereference

Ouery Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\NULL Pointer Dereference Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2243

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/a_bytes.c in line 245 is not initialized when it is used by data at kbengine/a bytes.c in line 245.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/a_bytes.c	kbengine/a_bytes.c
Line	247	283
Object	null	data



File Name

kbengine/a_bytes.c

Method static int asn1_collate_primitive(ASN1_STRING *a, ASN1_const_CTX *c)

ASN1_STRING *os = NULL;

memcpy(&(b.data[num]), os->data, os->length);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2244

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/apr_snprintf.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by s at kbengine/apr_snprintf.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	1021	1331
Object	null	S

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method

APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2245

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/apr_snprintf.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by s at kbengine/apr_snprintf.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	1021	1318
Object	null	S



File Name

kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

1021. s = NULL;

1318. INS_CHAR(*s, sp, bep, cc);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2246

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/blast.c in line 446 is not initialized when it is used by in at kbengine/blast.c in line 383.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	453	394
Object	null	in

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c Method int main(void)

453. ret = blast(inf, stdin, outf, stdout, &left, NULL);

¥

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method int blast(blast_in infun, void *inhow, blast_out outfun, void *outhow,

394. s.in = *in;

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2247

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/blast.c in line 446 is not initialized when it is used by in at kbengine/blast.c in line 383.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	453	394
Object	null	in

File Name kbengine/blast.c Method int main(void)

....
453. ret = blast(inf, stdin, outf, stdout, &left, NULL);

₩.

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method int blast(blast_in infun, void *inhow, blast_out outfun, void *outhow,

394. s.in = *in;

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 6:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2248

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/connect.c in line 241 is not initialized when it is used by addr at kbengine/connect.c in line 241.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	254	369
Object	null	addr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method static CURLcode bindlocal(struct connectdata *conn,

254. struct Curl_dns_entry *h = NULL;
...
369. dev, af, myhost, h->addr->ai_family);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2249

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by expirestr at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	106
Object	null	expirestr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

....
106. free(co->expirestr);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2250

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by domain at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	107
Object	null	domain

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;



File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

107. free(co->domain);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2251

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by path at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	108
Object	null	path

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

....
1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

....
108. free(co->path);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2252

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by spath at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	109
Object	null	spath

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

٧

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

109. free(co->spath);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 11:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2253

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by name at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	110
Object	null	name

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

....
1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

₩

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)



```
....
110. free(co->name);
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2254

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by value at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	111
Object	null	value

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

....
1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

111. free(co->value);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 13:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2255

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by maxage at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	112



Object null maxage

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

₩.

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

112. free(co->maxage);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 14:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2256

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/cookie.c in line 1215 is not initialized when it is used by version at kbengine/cookie.c in line 104.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1222	113
Object	null	version

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1222. struct Cookie *mainco = NULL;

¥

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void freecookie(struct Cookie *co)

113. free(co->version);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 15:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2257

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	721
Object	null	reassembly

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/d1_both.c

Method

dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int

*ok)

679. frag = NULL;

721. OPENSSL_free(frag->reassembly);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 16:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2258

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647 is not initialized when it is used by reassembly at kbengine/d1_both.c in line 647.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_both.c	kbengine/d1_both.c
Line	679	689
Object	null	reassembly

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/d1_both.c

Method

dtls1_reassemble_fragment(SSL *s, const struct hm_header_st *msg_hdr, int
*ok)

```
frag = NULL;

frag = NULL;

frag->reassembly == NULL) {
```



NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 17:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2259

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 269 is not initialized when it is used by cbc at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 269.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	281	280
Object	null	cbc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aesni_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, const unsigned char *key,

```
continuous contin
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 18:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2260

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 923 is not initialized when it is used by cbc at kbengine/e aes.c in line 923.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	955	954
Object	null	cbc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, const unsigned char *key,

```
control
c
```



NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 19:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2261

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 923 is not initialized when it is used by cbc at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 923.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	962	961
Object	null	cbc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, const unsigned char *key,

```
control
delication
file
d
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 20:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2262

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 923 is not initialized when it is used by cbc at kbengine/e aes.c in line 923.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	994	993
Object	null	cbc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, const unsigned char *key,



NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 21:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2263

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/e_aes.c in line 923 is not initialized when it is used by cbc at kbengine/e aes.c in line 923.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1001	1000
Object	null	cbc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_init_key(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, const unsigned char *key,

1001. (cbc128_f) AES_cbc_encrypt : NULL;

1000. dat->stream.cbc = mode == EVP_CIPH_CBC_MODE ?

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 22:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2264

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by handle at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	692
Object	null	handle

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close one(struct ssl connect data *connssl,

692. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 23:



Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2265

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 508.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	510
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

692. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

¥

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_async_handshake(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl)

....
510. QsoDestroyIOCompletionPort(BACKEND->iocport);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 24:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2266

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 508.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	510
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c



```
File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_async_handshake(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl)

....

510. QsoDestroyIOCompletionPort(BACKEND->iocport);
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 25:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2267

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	702
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
...

702. if(BACKEND->iocport >= 0)

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 26:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2268

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c



Line	818	702
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

₩.

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

702. if(BACKEND->iocport >= 0)

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 27:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2269

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	698
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

....
692. BACKEND->handle = (gsk handle) NULL;

. . . .

698. close (BACKEND->remotefd);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 28:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2270

Status New



The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	698
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

¥

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

698. close(BACKEND->remotefd);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 29:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2271

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	697
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

if (BACKEND->remotefd >= 0) {



NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 30:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2272

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	697
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

₩

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close one(struct ssl connect data *connssl,

....
697. if(BACKEND->remotefd >= 0) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 31:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2273

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	692	694
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,



```
....
692. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
....
694. close(BACKEND->localfd);
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 32:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2274

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	694
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

694. close(BACKEND->localfd);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 33:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2275

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c



Line	692	693
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

692. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
693. if(BACKEND->localfd >= 0) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 34:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2276

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	693
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk handle) NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

if (BACKEND->localfd ≥ 0) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 35:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2277

Status New



The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by handle at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	818
Object	null	handle

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 36:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2278

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	687
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

687. gskit_status(conn->data, gsk_secure_soc_close(&BACKEND->handle),

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 37:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2279

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 683.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	686
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

A

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static void close_one(struct ssl_connect_data *connssl,

....
686. if(BACKEND->handle) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 38:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2280

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	982
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c



```
BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

if (BACKEND->iocport != -1) {
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 39:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2281

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	875
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
....
875. curlx_nonblock(BACKEND->remotefd, TRUE);

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 40:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2282

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	874
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c



```
818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
....
874. curlx_nonblock(BACKEND->localfd, TRUE);
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 41:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2283

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	872
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;

872. setsockopt(BACKEND->remotefd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_SNDBUF,

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 42:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2284

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	870
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c



```
BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
....
870. setsockopt(BACKEND->localfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_SNDBUF,
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 43:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2285

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	868
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method static CURLcode gskit_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

818. BACKEND->handle = (gsk handle) NULL;

868. setsockopt(BACKEND->remotefd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVBUF,

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 44:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2286

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795 is not initialized when it is used by backend at kbengine/gskit.c in line 795.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	818	866
Object	null	backend

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c



```
BACKEND->handle = (gsk_handle) NULL;
....
866. setsockopt(BACKEND->localfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_RCVBUF,
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 45:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2287

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/multi.c in line 2497 is not initialized when it is used by time at kbengine/multi.c in line 2497.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	2504	2531
Object	null	time

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLMcode add_next_timeout(struct curltime now,

2504. struct time_node *node = NULL;
....
2531. memcpy(tv, &node->time, sizeof(*tv));

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 46:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2288

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/pk7_lib.c in line 605 is not initialized when it is used by flags at kbengine/pk7 lib.c in line 605.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pk7_lib.c	kbengine/pk7_lib.c
Line	635	642
Object	null	flags

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pk7_lib.c

Method int PKCS7_stream(unsigned char ***boundary, PKCS7 *p7)



```
os = NULL;

os->flags |= ASN1_STRING_FLAG_NDEF;
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 47:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2289

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/s23_clnt.c in line 146 is not initialized when it is used by init_buf at kbengine/s23_clnt.c in line 146.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s23_clnt.c	kbengine/s23_clnt.c
Line	199	189
Object	null	init_buf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s23_clnt.c
Method int ssl23_connect(SSL *s)

buf = NULL;

if (s->init_buf == NULL) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 48:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2290

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893 is not initialized when it is used by cipher at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1002	1008
Object	null	cipher

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_hello(SSL *s)



```
SSL_CIPHER *pref_cipher = NULL;
....
1008. s->session->cipher = pref_cipher ?
```

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 49:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2291

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893 is not initialized when it is used by session at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1002	1118
Object	null	session

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_hello(SSL *s)

SSL_CIPHER *pref_cipher = NULL;

if (s->session->compress_meth != 0) {

NULL Pointer Dereference\Path 50:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2292

Status New

The variable declared in null at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893 is not initialized when it is used by session at kbengine/s3_clnt.c in line 893.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_clnt.c	kbengine/s3_clnt.c
Line	1002	1086
Object	null	session

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_clnt.c

Method int ssl3_get_server_hello(SSL *s)



```
SSL_CIPHER *pref_cipher = NULL;
....

1086. if (s->hit && (s->session->cipher_id != c->id)) {
```

Unchecked Array Index

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Unchecked Array Index Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

Description

Unchecked Array Index\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2520

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/bn_gf2m.c	kbengine/bn_gf2m.c
Line	452	452
Object	n	n

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/bn_gf2m.c

Method int BN_GF2m_mod_arr(BIGNUM *r, const BIGNUM *a, const int p[])

z[n] ^= (zz << d0);

Unchecked Array Index\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2521

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	726	726
Object	pathlen	pathlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c



Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

726. co->path[pathlen] = 0; /* zero terminate */

Unchecked Array Index\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2522

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	999	999
Object	myhash	myhash

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method Curl_cookie_add(struct Curl_easy *data,

999. c->cookies[myhash] = co;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2523

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	182	182
Object	pathLength	pathLength

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_get_pathname(const char **cpp, char **path, char *homedir)

182. (*path) [pathLength] = '\0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 5:

Severity Low Result State To Verify



Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2524

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	188	188
Object	pathLength	pathLength

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_get_pathname(const char **cpp, char **path, char *homedir)

188. (*path) [pathLength] = '\0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2525

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	71	71
Object	homelen	homelen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_getworkingpath(struct connectdata *conn,

71. real_path[homelen] = '/';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2526

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c



Line	479	479
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method cyassl_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

479. conn->recv[sockindex] = cyassl_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2527

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	480	480
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method cyassl_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

480. conn->send[sockindex] = cyassl_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2528

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	925	925
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method cyassl_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,



925. conn->recv[sockindex] = cyassl_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2529

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	926	926
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method cyassl_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,

926. conn->send[sockindex] = cyassl_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2530

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/dict.c	kbengine/dict.c
Line	120	120
Object	olen	olen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/dict.c

Method static char *unescape_word(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *inputbuff)

....
120. dictp[olen] = 0;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2531

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/escape.c kbengine/escape.c

Line 131 131

Object strindex strindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/escape.c

Method char *curl_easy_escape(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *string,

....
131. ns[strindex] = 0; /* terminate it */

Unchecked Array Index\Path 13:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2532

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/escape.c	kbengine/escape.c
Line	193	193
Object	strindex	strindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/escape.c

Method CURLcode Curl_urldecode(struct Curl_easy *data,

193. ns[strindex] = 0; /* terminate it */

Unchecked Array Index\Path 14:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2533

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	856	856



Object s s

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static int ftp_domore_getsock(struct connectdata *conn, curl_socket_t *socks,

socks[s] = conn->tempsock[i];

Unchecked Array Index\Path 15:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2534

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	1411	1411
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method gtls_connect_step3(struct connectdata *conn,

1411. conn->recv[sockindex] = gtls_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 16:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2535

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	1412	1412
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method gtls_connect_step3(struct connectdata *conn,



....
1412. conn->send[sockindex] = gtls_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 17:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2536

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	254	254
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method char *Curl_copy_header_value(const char *header)

254. value[len] = 0; /* zero terminate */

Unchecked Array Index\Path 18:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2537

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1027	1027
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_state_listsearch_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

1027. line[len] = '\n';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 19:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2538

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1029	1029
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_state_listsearch_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

1029. line[len] = '\0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 20:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2539

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1840	1840
Object	newlen	newlen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static char *imap_atom(const char *str, bool escape_only)

1840. newstr[newlen] = '\0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 21:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2540

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	552	552



Object sockindex sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

....
552. conn->recv[sockindex] = mbed_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 22:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2541

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	553	553
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

....
553. conn->send[sockindex] = mbed_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 23:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2542

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	971	971
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,



971. conn->recv[sockindex] = mbed_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 24:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2543

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c
Line	972	972
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,

972. conn->send[sockindex] = mbed_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 25:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2544

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	838	838
Object	s	s

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static int waitconnect_getsock(struct connectdata *conn,

838. sock[s] = conn->tempsock[i];

Unchecked Array Index\Path 26:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2545

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/nss.c kbengine/nss.c

Line 1506 1506

Object sockindex sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static void Curl_nss_close(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

• • • •

1506. conn->sock[sockindex] = CURL_SOCKET_BAD;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 27:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2546

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	2180	2180
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

2180. conn->recv[sockindex] = nss recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 28:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2547

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	2181	2181



Object sockindex sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static CURLcode nss_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

2181. conn->send[sockindex] = nss_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 29:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2548

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	437	437
Object	cur	cur

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step1(struct connectdata *conn,

437. protocols[cur] = NULL;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 30:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2549

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	468	468
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,



....
468. conn->recv[sockindex] = polarssl_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 31:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2550

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	469	469
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

....
469. conn->send[sockindex] = polarssl_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 32:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2551

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	828	828
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,

828. conn->recv[sockindex] = polarssl recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 33:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2552

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/polarssl.c kbengine/polarssl.c

Line 829 829

Object sockindex sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn,

829. conn->send[sockindex] = polarssl_send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 34:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2553

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp
Line	266	266
Object	i	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp

Method static bool floodRegion(int x, int y, int i,

266. srcReg[i] = r;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 35:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2554

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp
Line	267	267



Object i i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp

Method static bool floodRegion(int x, int y, int i,

267. srcDist[i] = 0;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 36:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2555

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp
Line	324	324
Object	ci	ci

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp

Method static bool floodRegion(int x, int y, int i,

324. srcReg[ci] = 0;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 37:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2556

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp
Line	453	453
Object	idx	idx

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp

Method static void expandRegions(int maxIter, unsigned short level,



srcReg[idx] = dirtyEntries[i].region;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 38:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2557

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp	kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp
Line	454	454
Object	idx	idx

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastRegion.cpp

Method static void expandRegions(int maxIter, unsigned short level,

454. srcDist[idx] = dirtyEntries[i].distance2;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 39:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2558

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	222	222
Object	n	n

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method get_alg_id_by_name(char *name)

.... 222. tmp[n] = 0;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 40:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-



BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2559

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/schannel.c kbengine/schannel.c

Line 1317 1317

Object sockindex sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

....
1317. conn->recv[sockindex] = schannel_recv;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 41:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2560

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	1318	1318
Object	sockindex	sockindex

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel_connect_common(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex,

1318. conn->send[sockindex] = schannel send;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 42:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2561

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	207	207



Object len len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method void sdsIncrLen(sds s, int incr) {

207. $s[sh->len] = '\0';$

Unchecked Array Index\Path 43:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2562

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	524	524
Object	i	i

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds sdscatfmt(sds s, char const *fmt, ...) {

524. s[i] = ' 0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 44:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2563

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	554	554
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method void sdstrim(sds s, const char *cset) {



```
....
554. sh->buf[len] = '\0';
```

Unchecked Array Index\Path 45:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2564

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/smtp.c	kbengine/smtp.c
Line	862	862
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/smtp.c

Method static CURLcode smtp_state_command_resp(struct connectdata *conn, int

smtpcode,

862. line[len] = '\n';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 46:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2565

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/smtp.c	kbengine/smtp.c
Line	864	864
Object	len	len

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/smtp.c

Method static CURLcode smtp_state_command_resp(struct connectdata *conn, int

smtpcode,

864. line[len] = '\0';

Unchecked Array Index\Path 47:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2566

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	1246	1246
Object	currentvalpos	currentvalpos

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_export_keying_material(SSL *s, unsigned char *out, size_t olen,

....
1246. val[currentvalpos] = (contextlen >> 8) & 0xff;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 48:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2567

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	1248	1248
Object	currentvalpos	currentvalpos

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_export_keying_material(SSL *s, unsigned char *out, size_t olen,

1248. val[currentvalpos] = contextlen & 0xff;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 49:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2568

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c



Line 258 258

Object CURL_TELOPT_SGA CURL_TELOPT_SGA

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method CURLcode init_telnet(struct connectdata *conn)

. . . .

258. tn->us_preferred[CURL_TELOPT_SGA] = CURL_YES;

Unchecked Array Index\Path 50:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2569

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	259	259
Object	CURL_TELOPT_SGA	CURL_TELOPT_SGA

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method CURLcode init_telnet(struct connectdata *conn)

. . . .

259. tn->him preferred[CURL TELOPT SGA] = CURL YES;

Sizeof Pointer Argument

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Sizeof Pointer Argument Version:0

Description

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2440

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	267
Object	cipherlist	sizeof



File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

267. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2441

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	267
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

....
267. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2442

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	303	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

....
303. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 4:



Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2443

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
comparison for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
comparison for (i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
}</pre>
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2444

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	284	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
284. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
....
303. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2445



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	303	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
....
303. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2446

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
....
267. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
....
303. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2447

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	284	303
Object	cipherlist	sizeof



File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

284. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
....
303. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2448

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_cbc.c	kbengine/s3_cbc.c
Line	681	681
Object	mac_out	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_cbc.c

Method int ssl3_cbc_digest_record(const EVP_MD_CTX *ctx,

681. memset(mac_out, 0, sizeof(mac_out));

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2449

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/evp_enc.c	kbengine/evp_enc.c
Line	455	455
Object	final	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/evp_enc.c

Method int EVP_DecryptUpdate(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out, int *outl,



```
....
455. OPENSSL_assert(b <= sizeof ctx->final);
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2450

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	284	284
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

284. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2451

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	284
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 13:

Severity Low



Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2452

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	284	284
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
....
284. for(i = 0; i<NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 14:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2453

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	267	284
Object	cipherlist	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static SECStatus set_ciphers(struct Curl_easy *data, PRFileDesc * model,

```
267. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
....
284. for(i = 0; i < NUM_OF_CIPHERS; i++) {
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 15:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2454

Status New

Source Destination



File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	820
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

820. if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))
&&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 16:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2455

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	821	820
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR DECLARE(int) apr vformatter(int (*flush func)(apr vformatter buff t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 17:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2456

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	824	820
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof



File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 18:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2457

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	826	820
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 19:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2458

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	831	820
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c



```
fmt += (sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) - 2);

fmt +=
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 20:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2459

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	820
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))
&&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 21:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2460

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	833	820
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c



```
else if ((sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) == 4 &&
....
820. if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))
&&
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 22:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2461

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	836	820
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 23:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2462

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	838	820
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c



```
....
838. (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) > 4 &&
....
820. if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))
&&
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 24:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2463

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	843	820
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

```
fmt += (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) - 2);

if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))

&&
```

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 25:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2464

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c	kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c
Line	863	863
Object	ai	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/crypt_blowfish.c

Method char *_crypt_blowfish_rn(const char *key, const char *setting,

....
863. !memcmp(ai, yi, sizeof(ai));



Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 26:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2465

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/evp_enc.c	kbengine/evp_enc.c
Line	521	521
Object	final	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/evp_enc.c

Method int EVP_DecryptFinal_ex(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out, int *outl)

521. OPENSSL_assert(b <= sizeof ctx->final);

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 27:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2466

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_cbc.c	kbengine/s3_cbc.c
Line	625	625
Object	hmac_pad	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_cbc.c

Method int ssl3_cbc_digest_record(const EVP_MD_CTX *ctx,

....
625. OPENSSL_assert(mac_secret_length <= sizeof(hmac_pad));

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 28:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2467



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	826	826
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

826. (sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > 4 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 29:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2468

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	826
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 30:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2469

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	821	826
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof



File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 31:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2470

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	824	826
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 32:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2471

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	831	826
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c



Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 33:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2472

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	831	831
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

fmt += (sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) - 2);

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 34:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2473

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	831
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

```
if ((sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) > sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT))
&&
...

fmt += (sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) - 2);
```



Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 35:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2474

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	821	831
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 36:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2475

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	824	831
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

self="font-size: 150%;">
size (APR_OFF_T_FMT) == 3 &&
...

fmt += (size of (APR_OFF_T_FMT) - 2);

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 37:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2476



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	826	831
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Status

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

New

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 38:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2477

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	838	838
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

% (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) > 4 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 39:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2478

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	833	838



Object APR INT64 T FMT sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 40:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2479

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	836	838
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 41:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2480

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	838
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c



Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 42:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2481

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	843	838
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

fmt += (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) - 2);

(sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) > 4 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 43:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2482

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	1084	1084
Object	header	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_mac(SSL *ssl, unsigned char *md, int send)

if (EVP_DigestSignUpdate(mac_ctx, header, sizeof(header)) <= 0



Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 44:

Severity Low Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2483

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	824	824
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

> 824. (sizeof(APR OFF T FMT) == 3 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 45:

Severity Low Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2484

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	826	824
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

> 826. (sizeof(APR OFF T FMT) > 4 &&

824. (sizeof(APR OFF T FMT) == 3 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 46:

Severity Low Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2485



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	820	824
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Status

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

New

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 47:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2486

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	821	824
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 48:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2487

Cource	Destination
Source	Destination



File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	831	824
Object	APR_OFF_T_FMT	sizeof

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

fmt += (sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) - 2);

(sizeof(APR_OFF_T_FMT) == 3 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 49:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2488

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	836	836
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

....
836. (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) == 3 &&

Sizeof Pointer Argument\Path 50:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2489

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	838	836
Object	APR_INT64_T_FMT	sizeof

Code Snippet



File Name
Method kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

....
838. (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) > 4 &&
....
836. (sizeof(APR_INT64_T_FMT) == 3 &&

Unchecked Return Value

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Unchecked Return Value Version:1

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SI-11 Error Handling (P2)

Description

Unchecked Return Value\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2157

Status New

The EXPORT method calls the strtok function, at line 120 of kbengine/_ctypes_test.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c	kbengine/_ctypes_test.c
Line	122	122
Object	strtok	strtok

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ctypes_test.c

Method EXPORT(char *)my_strtok(char *token, const char *delim)

....
122. return strtok(token, delim);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2158

Status New

The Curl_axtls_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 681 of kbengine/axtls.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/axtls.c	kbengine/axtls.c
Line	683	683
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/axtls.c

Method static size_t Curl_axtls_version(char *buffer, size_t size)

....
683. return snprintf(buffer, size, "axTLS/%s", ssl_version());

Unchecked Return Value\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2159

Status New

The Curl_getaddressinfo method calls the snprintf function, at line 622 of kbengine/connect.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/connect.c	kbengine/connect.c
Line	658	658
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/connect.c

Method bool Curl_getaddressinfo(struct sockaddr *sa, char *addr,

....
658. snprintf(addr, MAX_IPADR_LEN, "%s", su->sun_path);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2160

Status New

The Curl_cyassl_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 777 of kbengine/cyassl.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cyassl.c	kbengine/cyassl.c
Line	780	780
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/cyassl.c

Method static size_t Curl_cyassl_version(char *buffer, size_t size)

780. return snprintf(buffer, size, "wolfSSL/%s", wolfSSL_lib_version());

Unchecked Return Value\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2161

Status New

The dtls1_connect method calls the snprintf function, at line 164 of kbengine/d1_clnt.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_clnt.c	kbengine/d1_clnt.c
Line	366	366
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_clnt.c

Method int dtls1_connect(SSL *s)

snprintf((char *)labelbuffer,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2162

Status New

The dtls1_connect method calls the snprintf function, at line 164 of kbengine/d1_clnt.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_clnt.c	kbengine/d1_clnt.c
Line	509	509
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/d1_clnt.c

Method int dtls1_connect(SSL *s)

509. snprintf((char *)labelbuffer,
sizeof(DTLS1 SCTP AUTH LABEL),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2163

Status New

The dtls1_accept method calls the snprintf function, at line 162 of kbengine/d1_srvr.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_srvr.c	kbengine/d1_srvr.c
Line	436	436
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/d1_srvr.c
Method int dtls1_accept(SSL *s)

....
436. snprintf((char *)labelbuffer,
sizeof(DTLS1 SCTP AUTH LABEL),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2164

Status New

The dtls1_accept method calls the snprintf function, at line 162 of kbengine/d1_srvr.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/d1_srvr.c	kbengine/d1_srvr.c
Line	654	654
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/d1_srvr.c
Method int dtls1_accept(SSL *s)

654. snprintf((char *)labelbuffer,
sizeof(DTLS1 SCTP AUTH LABEL),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2165

Status New

The *curl_easy_escape method calls the snprintf function, at line 79 of kbengine/escape.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/escape.c	kbengine/escape.c
Line	125	125
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/escape.c

Method char *curl_easy_escape(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *string,

....
125. snprintf(&ns[strindex], 4, "%%%02X", in);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2166

Status New

The ftp_state_use_port method calls the snprintf function, at line 928 of kbengine/ftp.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	1275	1275
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_use_port(struct connectdata *conn,

1275. snprintf(dest, 20, ",%d,%d", (int)(port>>8),
(int)(port&0xff));

Unchecked Return Value\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2167

Status New

The ftp_state_mdtm_resp method calls the snprintf function, at line 2043 of kbengine/ftp.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	2063	2063
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_mdtm_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

....
2063. snprintf(timebuf, sizeof(timebuf),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2168

Status New

The ftp_state_mdtm_resp method calls the snprintf function, at line 2043 of kbengine/ftp.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ftp.c	kbengine/ftp.c
Line	2088	2088
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/ftp.c

Method static CURLcode ftp_state_mdtm_resp(struct connectdata *conn,

2000

2088. snprintf(headerbuf, sizeof(headerbuf),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 13:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2169

Status New

The showtime method calls the snprintf function, at line 215 of kbengine/gtls.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	226	226
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static void showtime(struct Curl_easy *data,

. . . .

226. snprintf(str,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 14:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2170

Status New

The Curl_gtls_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 1700 of kbengine/gtls.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

Source	Destination
--------	-------------



File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	1702	1702
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static size_t Curl_gtls_version(char *buffer, size_t size)

....
1702. return snprintf(buffer, size, "GnuTLS/%s", gnutls_check_version(NULL));

Unchecked Return Value\Path 15:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2171

Status New

The *Curl_add_buffer_init method calls the calloc function, at line 1089 of kbengine/http.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1091	1091
Object	calloc	calloc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method Curl_send_buffer *Curl_add_buffer_init(void)

....
1091. return calloc(1, sizeof(Curl_send_buffer));

Unchecked Return Value\Path 16:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2172

Status New

The add_haproxy_protocol_header method calls the snprintf function, at line 1459 of kbengine/http.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.



File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1474	1474
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method static CURLcode add_haproxy_protocol_header(struct connectdata *conn)

1474. snprintf(proxy_header,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 17:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2173

Status New

The Curl_add_timecondition method calls the snprintf function, at line 1803 of kbengine/http.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c
Line	1846	1846
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_add_timecondition(struct Curl_easy *data,

1846. snprintf(datestr, sizeof(datestr),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 18:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2174

Status New

The Curl_http method calls the snprintf function, at line 1867 of kbengine/http.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http.c	kbengine/http.c



Line	2276	2276
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/http.c

Method CURLcode Curl_http(struct connectdata *conn, bool *done)

2276. snprintf(p, sizeof(ftp_typecode) - 1, ";type=%c",

Unchecked Return Value\Path 19:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2175

Status New

The Curl_http2_ver method calls the snprintf function, at line 321 of kbengine/http2.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	324	324
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method int Curl_http2_ver(char *p, size_t len)

....
324. return snprintf(p, len, " nghttp2/%s", h2->version_str);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 20:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2176

Status New

The imap_sendf method calls the snprintf function, at line 1727 of kbengine/imap.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c



Line	1740	1740
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static CURLcode imap_sendf(struct connectdata *conn, const char *fmt, ...)

....
1740. snprintf(imapc->resptag, sizeof(imapc->resptag), "%c%03d",

Unchecked Return Value\Path 21:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2177

Status New

The *imap_atom method calls the strdup function, at line 1768 of kbengine/imap.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/imap.c	kbengine/imap.c
Line	1807	1807
Object	strdup	strdup

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/imap.c

Method static char *imap_atom(const char *str, bool escape_only)

1807. return strdup(str);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 22:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2178

Status New

The Curl_mbedtls_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 815 of kbengine/mbedtls.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c



Line	818	818
Object	snprintf	snprintf

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method static size_t Curl_mbedtls_version(char *buffer, size_t size)

.... 818. return snprintf(buffer, size, "mbedTLS/%u.%u.%u", version>>24,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 23:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2179

Status New

The *curl_maprintf method calls the strdup function, at line 1066 of kbengine/mprintf.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mprintf.c	kbengine/mprintf.c
Line	1089	1089
Object	strdup	strdup

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mprintf.c

Method char *curl_maprintf(const char *format, ...)

....
1089. return strdup("");

Unchecked Return Value\Path 24:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2180

Status New

The *curl_mvaprintf method calls the strdup function, at line 1092 of kbengine/mprintf.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mprintf.c	kbengine/mprintf.c



Line	1113	1113
Object	strdup	strdup

File Name kbengine/mprintf.c

Method char *curl_mvaprintf(const char *format, va_list ap_save)

.... 1113. return strdup("");

Unchecked Return Value\Path 25:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2181

Status New

The multi_done method calls the snprintf function, at line 515 of kbengine/multi.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/multi.c	kbengine/multi.c
Line	636	636
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/multi.c

Method static CURLcode multi_done(struct connectdata **connp,

....
636. snprintf(buffer, sizeof(buffer),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 26:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2182

Status New

The *dup_nickname method calls the strdup function, at line 361 of kbengine/nss.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	367	367



Object strdup strdup

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static char *dup_nickname(struct Curl_easy *data, const char *str)

367. return strdup(str);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 27:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2183

Status New

The *dup_nickname method calls the strdup function, at line 361 of kbengine/nss.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	374	374
Object	strdup	strdup

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static char *dup nickname(struct Curl easy *data, const char *str)

374. return strdup(str);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 28:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2184

Status New

The Curl_nss_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 2277 of kbengine/nss.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	2279	2279



Object snprintf snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/nss.c

Method static size_t Curl_nss_version(char *buffer, size_t size)

.... 2279. return snprintf(buffer, size, "NSS/%s", NSS_VERSION);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 29:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2185

Status New

The Curl_polarssl_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 719 of kbengine/polarssl.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/polarssl.c	kbengine/polarssl.c
Line	722	722
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method static size t Curl polarssl version(char *buffer, size t size)

722. return snprintf(buffer, size, "%s/%d.%d.%d",

Unchecked Return Value\Path 30:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2186

Status New

The pop3_perform_apop method calls the snprintf function, at line 413 of kbengine/pop3.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/pop3.c	kbengine/pop3.c
Line	446	446



Object snprintf snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/pop3.c

Method static CURLcode pop3_perform_apop(struct connectdata *conn)

....
446. snprintf(&secret[2 * i], 3, "%02x", digest[i]);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 31:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2187

Status New

The schannel_connect_step2 method calls the malloc function, at line 823 of kbengine/schannel.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel.c	kbengine/schannel.c
Line	925	925
Object	malloc	malloc

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel.c

Method schannel connect step2(struct connectdata *conn, int sockindex)

925. InitSecBuffer(&inbuf[0], SECBUFFER_TOKEN, malloc(BACKEND->encdata offset),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 32:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2188

Status New

The myssh_statemach_act method calls the snprintf function, at line 546 of kbengine/ssh-libssh.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ssh-libssh.c	kbengine/ssh-libssh.c
Line	1345	1345



Object snprintf snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ssh-libssh.c

Method static CURLcode myssh_statemach_act(struct connectdata *conn, bool *block)

> 1345. snprintf(sshc->readdir linkPath, PATH MAX, "%s%s",

protop->path,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 33:

Severity Low Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2189

Status New

The check telnet options method calls the snprintf function, at line 818 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	832	832
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static CURLcode check_telnet_options(struct connectdata *conn)

> 832. snprintf(option arg, sizeof(option arg), "USER, %s", conn->user);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 34:

Severity Low Result State To Verify Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2190

New Status

The suboption method calls the snprintf function, at line 922 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	938	938



Object snprintf snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static void suboption(struct connectdata *conn)

938. snprintf((char *)temp, sizeof(temp),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 35:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2191

Status New

The suboption method calls the snprintf function, at line 922 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	950	950
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static void suboption(struct connectdata *conn)

950. snprintf((char *)temp, sizeof(temp),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 36:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2192

Status New

The suboption method calls the snprintf function, at line 922 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	961	961
Object	snprintf	snprintf



File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static void suboption(struct connectdata *conn)

961. snprintf((char *)temp, sizeof(temp),

Unchecked Return Value\Path 37:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2193

Status New

The suboption method calls the snprintf function, at line 922 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	971	971
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static void suboption(struct connectdata *conn)

971. snprintf((char *)&temp[len], sizeof(temp) - len,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 38:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2194

Status New

The suboption method calls the snprintf function, at line 922 of kbengine/telnet.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/telnet.c	kbengine/telnet.c
Line	978	978
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/telnet.c

Method static void suboption(struct connectdata *conn)



....
978. snprintf((char *)&temp[len], sizeof(temp) - len,

Unchecked Return Value\Path 39:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2195

Status New

The flatten_match method calls the sprintf function, at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c
Line	103	103
Object	sprintf	sprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten_match(abts_case *tc, const char *ctx,

103. sprintf(msg, "%s: flatten brigade", ctx);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 40:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2196

Status New

The flatten_match method calls the sprintf function, at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c
Line	105	105
Object	sprintf	sprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten_match(abts_case *tc, const char *ctx,



```
....
105. sprintf(msg, "%s: length match (%ld not %ld)", ctx,
```

Unchecked Return Value\Path 41:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2197

Status New

The flatten_match method calls the sprintf function, at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c
Line	108	108
Object	sprintf	sprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten_match(abts_case *tc, const char *ctx,

108. sprintf(msg, "%s: result match", msg);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 42:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2198

Status New

The test_splits method calls the strdup function, at line 229 of kbengine/testbuckets.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c
Line	244	244
Object	strdup	strdup

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void test_splits(abts_case *tc, void *ctx)



```
....
244. apr_bucket_heap_create(strdup(str), 9, free, ba));
```

Unchecked Return Value\Path 43:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2199

Status New

The *parse_filename method calls the snprintf function, at line 185 of kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c	kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c
Line	267	267
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_cb_hdr.c

Method static char *parse_filename(const char *ptr, size_t len)

snprintf(buffer, sizeof(buffer), "%s/%s", tdir, copy);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 44:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2200

Status New

The get_url_file_name method calls the snprintf function, at line 130 of kbengine/tool_operhlp.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operhlp.c	kbengine/tool_operhlp.c
Line	179	179
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operhlp.c

Method CURLcode get_url_file_name(char **filename, const char *url)



....
179. snprintf(buffer, sizeof(buffer), "%s/%s", tdir, *filename);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 45:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2201

Status New

The parse_remote_port method calls the snprintf function, at line 3345 of kbengine/url.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3400	3400
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parse_remote_port(struct Curl_easy *data,

.... snprintf(type, sizeof(type), ";type=%c",

Unchecked Return Value\Path 46:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2202

Status New

The *curl_version_info method calls the snprintf function, at line 383 of kbengine/version.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/version.c	kbengine/version.c
Line	439	439
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/version.c

Method curl_version_info_data *curl_version_info(CURLversion stamp)



```
....
439. snprintf(ssh_buffer, sizeof(ssh_buffer), "libssh2/%s",
LIBSSH2_VERSION);
```

Unchecked Return Value\Path 47:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2203

Status New

The brotli_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 91 of kbengine/version.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/version.c	kbengine/version.c
Line	98	98
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/version.c

Method static size_t brotli_version(char *buf, size_t bufsz)

98. return snprintf(buf, bufsz, "%u.%u.%u", major, minor, patch);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 48:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2204

Status New

The *curl_version method calls the snprintf function, at line 102 of kbengine/version.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/version.c	kbengine/version.c
Line	200	200
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/version.c

Method char *curl_version(void)



```
....
200. snprintf(ptr, left, " librtmp/%d.%d%s",
```

Unchecked Return Value\Path 49:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2205

Status New

The Curl_ssl_push_certinfo_len method calls the snprintf function, at line 685 of kbengine/vtls.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	703	703
Object	snprintf	snprintf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_ssl_push_certinfo_len(struct Curl_easy *data,

703. snprintf(output, outlen, "%s:", label);

Unchecked Return Value\Path 50:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2206

Status New

The strstore method calls the Pointer function, at line 368 of kbengine/cookie.c. However, the code does not check the return value from this function, and thus would not detect runtime errors or other unexpected states.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	371	371
Object	Pointer	Pointer

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static void strstore(char **str, const char *newstr)



```
....
371. *str = strdup(newstr);
```

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type Version:1

Description

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2227

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c	kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c
Line	403	403
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_dbd_freetds.c

Method static int recurse_args(apr_pool_t *pool, int n, const char *query,

stmt->taint = apr_palloc(pool, n*sizeof(regex_t*));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2228

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c	kbengine/apr_snprintf.c
Line	1119	1119
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/apr_snprintf.c

Method APR_DECLARE(int) apr_vformatter(int (*flush_func)(apr_vformatter_buff_t *),

if (sizeof(void *) <= sizeof(apr_uint64_t)) {



Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2229

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1289	1289
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1289. array = malloc(sizeof(struct Cookie *) * matches);

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2230

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1299	1299
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct Cookie *Curl_cookie_getlist(struct CookieInfo *c,

1299. qsort(array, matches, sizeof(struct Cookie *), cookie_sort);

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2231

Status New



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1474	1474
Object	sizeof	sizeof

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

1474. array = malloc(sizeof(struct Cookie *) * c->numcookies);

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2232

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1505	1505
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

....
1505. qsort(array, c->numcookies, sizeof(struct Cookie *),
cookie sort ct);

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2233

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/easy.c	kbengine/easy.c
Line	860	860
Object	sizeof	sizeof



File Name kbengine/easy.c

Method static CURLcode dupset(struct Curl_easy *dst, struct Curl_easy *src)

860. memset(dst->set.str, 0, STRING_LAST * sizeof(char *));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2234

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	926	926
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method static int on_header(nghttp2_session *session, const nghttp2_frame *frame,

926. sizeof(char *));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2235

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/http2.c	kbengine/http2.c
Line	934	934
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/http2.c

Method static int on_header(nghttp2_session *session, const nghttp2_frame *frame,

934.
sizeof(char *));
stream->push_headers_alloc *



Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2236

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	609	609
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int ssl3_digest_cached_records(SSL *s)

OPENSSL_malloc(SSL_MAX_DIGEST * sizeof(EVP_MD_CTX *));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2237

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/s3_enc.c	kbengine/s3_enc.c
Line	610	610
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/s3_enc.c

Method int ssl3_digest_cached_records(SSL *s)

610. memset(s->s3->handshake_dgst, 0, SSL_MAX_DIGEST *
sizeof(EVP_MD_CTX *));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 12:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2238

Status New



	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	905	905
Object	sizeof	sizeof

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds *sdssplitargs(const char *line, int *argc) {

905. vector = realloc(vector,((*argc)+1)*sizeof(char*));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 13:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2239

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/sds.c	kbengine/sds.c
Line	911	911
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/sds.c

Method sds *sdssplitargs(const char *line, int *argc) {

911. if (vector == NULL) vector = malloc(sizeof(void*));

Use of Sizeof On a Pointer Type\Path 14:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2240

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	672	672
Object	sizeof	sizeof

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_ssl_init_certinfo(struct Curl_easy *data, int num)

table = calloc((size_t) num, sizeof(struct curl_slist *));

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Access Control

NIST SP 800-53: AC-3 Access Enforcement (P1) OWASP Top 10 2017: A2-Broken Authentication

Description

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2135

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/filestat.c	kbengine/filestat.c
Line	136	136
Object	chmod	chmod

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/filestat.c

Method APR_DECLARE(apr_status_t) apr_file_perms_set(const char *fname,

....
136. if (chmod(fname, mode) == -1)

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2136

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1484	1484
Object	out	out



File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

1484. out = fopen(dumphere, FOPEN WRITETEXT);

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2137

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	248	248
Object	f	f

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static gnutls_datum_t load_file(const char *file)

248. f = fopen(file, "rb");

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2138

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	149	149
Object	file	file

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static curl off t vms realfilesize(const char *name,

149. file = fopen(name, "r"); /* VMS */

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 5:



Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2139

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	893	893
Object	fp	fp

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,

893. fp = fopen(pinnedpubkey, "rb");

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2140

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	345	345
Object	newfile	newfile

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

345. FILE *newfile = fopen(config->headerfile, "wb");

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2141

Status New

Source Destination



File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	623	623
Object	file	file

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

FILE *file = fopen(outfile, config-

>resume from?"ab":"wb",

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2142

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/schannel_verify.c	kbengine/schannel_verify.c
Line	111	111
Object	CreateFile	CreateFile

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/schannel_verify.c

Method static CURLcode add_certs_to_store(HCERTSTORE trust_store,

111. ca_file_handle = CreateFile(ca_file_tstr,

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2143

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_filetime.c	kbengine/tool_filetime.c
Line	106	106
Object	CreateFileA	CreateFileA

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_filetime.c



Method void setfiletime(curl_off_t filetime, const char *filename,
....
106. hfile = CreateFileA(filename, FILE_WRITE_ATTRIBUTES,

Incorrect Permission Assignment For Critical Resources\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2144

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_filetime.c	kbengine/tool_filetime.c
Line	40	40
Object	CreateFileA	CreateFileA

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_filetime.c

Method curl_off_t getfiletime(const char *filename, FILE *error_stream)

....
40. hfile = CreateFileA(filename, FILE_READ_ATTRIBUTES,

Potential Off by One Error in Loops

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Heuristic\Potential Off by One Error in Loops Version:1

Categories

PCI DSS v3.2: PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.1 - Injection flaws - particularly SQL injection

NIST SP 800-53: SI-16 Memory Protection (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=417

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/blast.c at line 191 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/blast.c	kbengine/blast.c
Line	212	212



Object <= <=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/blast.c

Method local int construct(struct huffman *h, const unsigned char *rep, int n)

212. for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=418

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/curl_path.c at line 113 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/curl_path.c	kbengine/curl_path.c
Line	140	140
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/curl_path.c

Method CURLcode Curl_get_pathname(const char **cpp, char **path, char *homedir)

140. for $(i = j = 0; i \le strlen(cp); i++)$ {

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=419

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/e_aes.c at line 1031 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes.c	kbengine/e_aes.c
Line	1041	1041
Object	<=	<=



File Name kbengine/e_aes.c

Method static int aes_ecb_cipher(EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx, unsigned char *out,

1041. for $(i = 0, len -= bl; i \le len; i += bl)$

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=420

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_shal.c at line 207 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c
Line	428	428
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha1.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA1 *key,

428. for $(j = 0; j \le pad; j++)$

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 5:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=421

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c at line 203 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c	kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c
Line	443	443
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/e_aes_cbc_hmac_sha256.c

Method static size_t tls1_1_multi_block_encrypt(EVP_AES_HMAC_SHA256 *key,



```
for (j = 0; j <= pad; j++)
```

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=422

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/obj_dat.c at line 259 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/obj_dat.c	kbengine/obj_dat.c
Line	287	287
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/obj_dat.c

Method int OBJ_add_object(const ASN1_OBJECT *obj)

287. for (i = ADDED_DATA; i <= ADDED_NID; i++) {

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=423

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/obj_dat.c at line 259 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/obj_dat.c	kbengine/obj_dat.c
Line	305	305
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/obj_dat.c

Method int OBJ_add_object(const ASN1_OBJECT *obj)



```
....
305. for (i = ADDED_DATA; i <= ADDED_NID; i++)
```

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=424

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/puff.c at line 340 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/puff.c	kbengine/puff.c
Line	348	348
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/puff.c

Method local int construct(struct huffman *h, const short *length, int n)

348. for (len = 0; len <= MAXBITS; len++)

Potential Off by One Error in Loops\Path 9:

Severity Low Result State To Verify

Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=425

Status New

The buffer allocated by <= in kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp at line 638 does not correctly account for the actual size of the value, resulting in an incorrect allocation that is off by one.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp	kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp
Line	703	703
Object	<=	<=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/RecastMeshDetail.cpp

Method static bool buildPolyDetail(rcContext* ctx, const float* in, const int nin,



703. for (int k = 0; $k \le nn$; ++k)

Information Exposure Through Comments

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Information Exposure Through Comments Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication

NIST SP 800-53: SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest (P1)

Description

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2146

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ssl.c	kbengine/_ssl.c
Line	1968	1968
Object	cipher [cipher [

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ssl.c

Method __ssl._SSLSocket.cipher

.... 1968. ssl. SSLSocket.cipher

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2147

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/_ssl.c	kbengine/_ssl.c
Line	3770	3770
Object	password:	password:

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/_ssl.c



Method keyfile: object = NULL

3770. keyfile: object = NULL

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2148

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/darwinssl.c	kbengine/darwinssl.c
Line	847	847
Object	cipher-	cipher-

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/darwinssl.c

Method /* New ChaCha20+Poly1305 cipher-suites used by TLS 1.3: */

....
847. /* New ChaCha20+Poly1305 cipher-suites used by TLS 1.3: */

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2149

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/evp_enc.c	kbengine/evp_enc.c
Line	83	83
Object	cipher=	cipher=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/evp_enc.c

Method /* ctx->cipher=NULL; */

83. /* ctx->cipher=NULL; */

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 5:

Severity Low Result State To Verify



Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2150

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gskit.c	kbengine/gskit.c
Line	828	828
Object	password (C	password (C

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gskit.c

Method * Key password (CURLOPT_KEYPASSWD) holds the keyring password.

. . . .

* Key password (CURLOPT_KEYPASSWD) holds the keyring password.

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2151

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/nss.c	kbengine/nss.c
Line	317	317
Object	cipher-	cipher-

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/nss.c

Method * R

* Return true if at least one cipher-suite is enabled. Used to determine

• • • •

317. * Return true if at least one cipher-suite is enabled. Used to

determine

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2152

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ssltest.c	kbengine/ssltest.c



 Line
 1238
 1238

 Object
 cipher =
 cipher =

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ssltest.c

Method /* if (cipher == NULL) cipher=getenv("SSL_CIPHER"); */

....
1238. /* if (cipher == NULL) cipher=getenv("SSL_CIPHER"); */

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2153

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/ssltest.c	kbengine/ssltest.c
Line	1238	1238
Object	cipher=	cipher=

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/ssltest.c

Method /* if (cipher == NULL) cipher=getenv("SSL_CIPHER"); */

....
1238. /* if (cipher == NULL) cipher=getenv("SSL_CIPHER"); */

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 9:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2154

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	3546	3546
Object	password (o	password (o

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method /* Store the password (only if user is present), zero-length if not set */



....
3546. /* Store the password (only if user is present), zero-length if not set */

TOCTOU

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\TOCTOU Version:1

Description

TOCTOU\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2610

Status New

The *Curl_cookie_init method in kbengine/cookie.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1079	1079
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method struct CookieInfo *Curl_cookie_init(struct Curl_easy *data,

....
1079. fp = file?fopen(file, FOPEN_READTEXT):NULL;

TOCTOU\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2611

Status New

The cookie_output method in kbengine/cookie.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/cookie.c	kbengine/cookie.c
Line	1484	1484
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet



File Name kbengine/cookie.c

Method static int cookie_output(struct CookieInfo *c, const char *dumphere)

....
1484. out = fopen(dumphere, FOPEN_WRITETEXT);

TOCTOU\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2612

Status New

The load_file method in kbengine/gtls.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/gtls.c	kbengine/gtls.c
Line	248	248
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/gtls.c

Method static gnutls_datum_t load_file(const char *file)

248. f = fopen(file, "rb");

TOCTOU\Path 4:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2613

Status New

The vms_realfilesize method in kbengine/tool_operate.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	149	149
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static curl_off_t vms_realfilesize(const char *name,



```
....
149. file = fopen(name, "r"); /* VMS */
```

TOCTOU\Path 5:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2614

Status New

The operate_do method in kbengine/tool_operate.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	345	345
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

345. FILE *newfile = fopen(config->headerfile, "wb");

TOCTOU\Path 6:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify

Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2615

Status New

The operate_do method in kbengine/tool_operate.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	623	623
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,



```
....
623. FILE *file = fopen(outfile, config-
>resume_from?"ab":"wb",
```

TOCTOU\Path 7:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2616

Status New

The Curl_pin_peer_pubkey method in kbengine/vtls.c file utilizes fopen that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c
Line	893	893
Object	fopen	fopen

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_pin_peer_pubkey(struct Curl_easy *data,

893. fp = fopen(pinnedpubkey, "rb");

TOCTOU\Path 8:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2617

Status New

The operate_do method in kbengine/tool_operate.c file utilizes open that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	679	679
Object	open	open

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,



infd = open(uploadfile, O_RDONLY | O_BINARY);

TOCTOU\Path 9:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2618

Status New

The operate_do method in kbengine/tool_operate.c file utilizes open that is accessed by other concurrent functionality in a way that is not thread-safe, which may result in a Race Condition over this resource.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/tool_operate.c	kbengine/tool_operate.c
Line	682	682
Object	open	open

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/tool_operate.c

Method static CURLcode operate_do(struct GlobalConfig *global,

infd = open(uploadfile, O_RDONLY | O_BINARY,

Potential Precision Problem

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Buffer Overflow\Potential Precision Problem Version:0

Categories

NIST SP 800-53: SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A1-Injection

Description

Potential Precision Problem\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=545

Status New

The size of the buffer used by flatten_match in "%s: flatten brigade", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that flatten_match passes to "%s: flatten brigade", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c



Line 103 103

Object "%s: flatten brigade" "%s: flatten brigade"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten_match(abts_case *tc, const char *ctx,

....
103. sprintf(msg, "%s: flatten brigade", ctx);

Potential Precision Problem\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=546

Status New

The size of the buffer used by flatten_match in "%s: length match (%ld not %ld)", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that flatten_match passes to "%s: length match (%ld not %ld)", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c
Line	105	105
Object	"%s: length match (%ld not %ld)"	"%s: length match (%ld not %ld)"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten match(abts case *tc, const char *ctx,

105. sprintf(msg, "%s: length match (%ld not %ld)", ctx,

Potential Precision Problem\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=547

Status New

The size of the buffer used by flatten_match in "%s: result match", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, is not properly verified before writing data to the buffer. This can enable a buffer overflow attack, using the source buffer that flatten_match passes to "%s: result match", at line 94 of kbengine/testbuckets.c, to overwrite the target buffer.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/testbuckets.c	kbengine/testbuckets.c



Line 108 108

Object "%s: result match" "%s: result match"

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/testbuckets.c

Method static void flatten_match(abts_case *tc, const char *ctx,

....
108. sprintf(msg, "%s: result match", msg);

Arithmenic Operation On Boolean

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Arithmenic Operation On Boolean Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Audit And Accountability

NIST SP 800-53: SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)

Description

Arithmenic Operation On Boolean\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=616

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/url.c	kbengine/url.c
Line	2310	2310
Object	BinaryExpr	BinaryExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/url.c

Method static CURLcode parseurlandfillconn(struct Curl_easy *data,

2310. prefixlen += 1 + (data->change.url[5] == '/');

Arithmenic Operation On Boolean\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=617

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mbedtls.c	kbengine/mbedtls.c



Line 655

Object BinaryExpr BinaryExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/mbedtls.c

Method mbed_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

655. &pubkey[PUB_DER_MAX_BYTES -

size], size);

Arithmenic Operation On Boolean\Path 3:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=618

Status New

Source Destination

File kbengine/polarssl.c kbengine/polarssl.c

Line 568 568

Object BinaryExpr BinaryExpr

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/polarssl.c

Method polarssl_connect_step2(struct connectdata *conn,

568. &pubkey[PUB DER MAX BYTES -

size], size);

Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision

Ouerv Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision Version:0

Categories

FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication NIST SP 800-53: SC-23 Session Authenticity (P1)

Description

Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2241

Status New



The mailer::gethostaddresses method performs a reverse DNS lookup with gethostbyaddr, at line 938 of kbengine/mailer.cpp. The application then makes a security decision, host, in kbengine/mailer.cpp line 938, even though this hostname is not reliable and can be easily spoofed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp
Line	945	949
Object	gethostbyaddr	host

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::gethostaddresses(std::vector<SOCKADDR_IN>& adds) {

Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision\Path 2:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2242

Status New

The mailer::gethostaddresses method performs a reverse DNS lookup with gethostbyaddr, at line 938 of kbengine/mailer.cpp. The application then makes a security decision, host, in kbengine/mailer.cpp line 938, even though this hostname is not reliable and can be easily spoofed.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/mailer.cpp	kbengine/mailer.cpp
Line	957	962
Object	gethostbyaddr	host

Code Snippet

File Name

kbengine/mailer.cpp

Method bool mailer::gethostaddresses(std::vector<SOCKADDR_IN>& adds) {

Exposure of System Data to Unauthorized Control Sphere

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Exposure of System Data to Unauthorized Control Sphere Version:1



Categories

FISMA 2014: Configuration Management

NIST SP 800-53: AC-3 Access Enforcement (P1)

Description

Exposure of System Data to Unauthorized Control Sphere\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2145

Status New

The system data read by krb5_auth in the file kbengine/krb5.c at line 146 is potentially exposed by krb5_auth found in kbengine/krb5.c at line 146.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/krb5.c	kbengine/krb5.c
Line	171	171
Object	perror	perror

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/krb5.c

Method krb5_auth(void *app_data, struct connectdata *conn)

171. perror("getsockname()");

Use of Insufficiently Random Values

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Use of Insufficiently Random Values Version:0

Categories

FISMA 2014: Media Protection

NIST SP 800-53: SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A3-Sensitive Data Exposure

Description

Use of Insufficiently Random Values\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://win-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2155

Status New

Method Curl_ssl_random at line 736 of kbengine/vtls.c uses a weak method random to produce random values. These values might be used for secret values, personal identifiers or cryptographic input, allowing an attacker to guess the value.

	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/vtls.c	kbengine/vtls.c



Line	740	740
Object	random	random

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/vtls.c

Method CURLcode Curl_ssl_random(struct Curl_easy *data,

740. return Curl_ssl->random(data, entropy, length);

Privacy Violation

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Privacy Violation Version:1

Categories

OWASP Top 10 2013: A6-Sensitive Data Exposure FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication

NIST SP 800-53: SC-4 Information in Shared Resources (P1)

OWASP Top 10 2017: A3-Sensitive Data Exposure

Description

Privacy Violation\Path 1:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results http://WIN-

BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1030038&projectid=300

33&pathid=2156

Status New

Method tls1_setup_key_block at line 633 of kbengine/t1_enc.c sends user information outside the application. This may constitute a Privacy Violation.

•	Source	Destination
File	kbengine/t1_enc.c	kbengine/t1_enc.c
Line	651	709
Object	mac_secret_size	printf

Code Snippet

File Name kbengine/t1_enc.c

Method int tls1_setup_key_block(SSL *s)

Buffer Overflow LongString

Risk

What might happen



Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Overflowing Buffers

```
const int BUFFER_SIZE = 10;
char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];

void copyStringToBuffer(char* inputString)
{
    strcpy(buffer, inputString);
}
```

Checked Buffers

```
const int BUFFER_SIZE = 10;
const int MAX_INPUT_SIZE = 256;
char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];

void copyStringToBuffer(char* inputString)
{
```



```
if (strnlen(inputString, MAX_INPUT_SIZE) < sizeof(buffer))
{
    strncpy(buffer, inputString, sizeof(buffer));
}
</pre>
```



Format String Attack

Risk

What might happen

In environments with unmanaged memory, allowing attackers to control format strings could enable them to access areas of memory to which they should not have access, including reading other restricted variables, misrepresenting data, and possibly even overwriting unauthorized areas of memory. It is even possible this could further lead to buffer overflows and arbitrary code execution under certain circumstance.

Cause

How does it happen

The application allows user input to influence the string argument used for formatted print functions. This family of functions expects the first argument to designate the relative format of dynamically constructed output string, including how to represent each of the other arguments.

Allowing an external user or attacker to control this string, allows them to control the functioning of the printing function, and thus to access unexpected areas of memory.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- o Do not allow user input or any other external data to influence the format strings.
- Ensure that all string format functions are called with a static string as the format parameter, and that the correct number of arguments are passed to the function, according to the static format string.
- o Alternatively, validate all user input before using it in the format string parameter to print format functions, and ensure formatting tokens are not included in the input.

Specific Recommendations:

- Do not include user input directly in the format string parameter (often the first or second argument) to formatting functions.
- o Alternatively, use controlled information derived from the input, such as size or length, in the format string but not the actual contents of the input itself.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Dynamic Formatting String - First Parameter of printf

```
printf("Hello, ");
printf(name); // If name contains tokens, it could retrieve arbitrary values from memory or
```





Static Formatting String - First Parameter of printf is Static

```
printf("Hello, %s", name);
```



Buffer Overflow StrcpyStrcat

Risk

What might happen

Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples



Buffer Copy without Checking Size of Input ('Classic Buffer Overflow')

Weakness ID: 120 (Weakness Base) Status: Incomplete

Description

Description Summary

The program copies an input buffer to an output buffer without verifying that the size of the input buffer is less than the size of the output buffer, leading to a buffer overflow.

Extended Description

A buffer overflow condition exists when a program attempts to put more data in a buffer than it can hold, or when a program attempts to put data in a memory area outside of the boundaries of a buffer. The simplest type of error, and the most common cause of buffer overflows, is the "classic" case in which the program copies the buffer without checking its length at all. Other variants exist, but the existence of a classic overflow strongly suggests that the programmer is not considering even the most basic of security protections.

Alternate Terms

buffer overrun:Some prominent vendors and researchers use the term "buffer overrun," but most people use "buffer overflow."

Unbounded Transfer

Terminology Notes

Many issues that are now called "buffer overflows" are substantively different than the "classic" overflow, including entirely different bug types that rely on overflow exploit techniques, such as integer signedness errors, integer overflows, and format string bugs. This imprecise terminology can make it difficult to determine which variant is being reported.

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C

C++

Assembly

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Integrity	Technical Impact: Execute unauthorized code or commands Buffer overflows often can be used to execute arbitrary code, which is usually outside the scope of a program's implicit security policy. This can often be used to subvert any other security service.
Availability	Buffer overflows generally lead to crashes. Other attacks leading to lack of availability are possible, including putting the program into an infinite loop.

Likelihood of Exploit

High to Very High

Detection Methods

Automated Static Analysis

This weakness can often be detected using automated static analysis tools. Many modern tools use data flow analysis or constraint-based techniques to minimize the number of false positives.

Automated static analysis generally does not account for environmental considerations when reporting out-of-bounds memory operations. This can make it difficult for users to determine which warnings should be investigated first. For example, an analysis



tool might report buffer overflows that originate from command line arguments in a program that is not expected to run with setuid or other special privileges.

Effectiveness: High

Detection techniques for buffer-related errors are more mature than for most other weakness types.

Automated Dynamic Analysis

This weakness can be detected using dynamic tools and techniques that interact with the software using large test suites with many diverse inputs, such as fuzz testing (fuzzing), robustness testing, and fault injection. The software's operation may slow down, but it should not become unstable, crash, or generate incorrect results.

Manual Analysis

Manual analysis can be useful for finding this weakness, but it might not achieve desired code coverage within limited time constraints. This becomes difficult for weaknesses that must be considered for all inputs, since the attack surface can be too large.

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following code asks the user to enter their last name and then attempts to store the value entered in the last_name array.

```
(Bad Code)

Example Language: C

char last_name[20];

printf ("Enter your last name: ");

scanf ("%s", last_name);
```

The problem with the code above is that it does not check the size of the name entered by the user. If the user enters "Very_very_long_last_name" which is 24 characters long, then a buffer overflow will occur since the array can only hold 20 characters total.

Example 2

The following code attempts to create a local copy of a buffer to perform some manipulations to the data.

```
(Bad Code)

Example Language: C

void manipulate_string(char* string) {
    char buf[24];
    strcpy(buf, string);
    ...
}
```

However, the programmer does not ensure that the size of the data pointed to by string will fit in the local buffer and blindly copies the data with the potentially dangerous strcpy() function. This may result in a buffer overflow condition if an attacker can influence the contents of the string parameter.

Example 3

The excerpt below calls the gets() function in C, which is inherently unsafe.

```
(Bad Code)

Example Language: C

char buf[24];

printf("Please enter your name and press <Enter>\n");

gets(buf);
...
}
```

However, the programmer uses the function gets() which is inherently unsafe because it blindly copies all input from STDIN to the buffer without checking size. This allows the user to provide a string that is larger than the buffer size, resulting in an overflow condition.

Example 4

In the following example, a server accepts connections from a client and processes the



client request. After accepting a client connection, the program will obtain client information using the gethostbyaddr method, copy the hostname of the client that connected to a local variable and output the hostname of the client to a log file.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Languages: C and C++
struct hostent *clienthp;
char hostname[MAX LEN];
// create server socket, bind to server address and listen on socket
// accept client connections and process requests
int count = 0:
for (count = 0; count < MAX CONNECTIONS; count++) {
int clientlen = sizeof(struct sockaddr in);
int clientsocket = accept(serversocket, (struct sockaddr *)&clientaddr, &clientlen);
if (clientsocket \geq = 0) {
clienthp = gethostbyaddr((char *)&clientaddr.sin addr.s addr,
sizeof(clientaddr.sin addr.s addr), AF INET);
strcpy(hostname, clienthp->h name);
logOutput("Accepted client connection from host ", hostname);
// process client request
close(clientsocket);
close(serversocket);
```

However, the hostname of the client that connected may be longer than the allocated size for the local hostname variable. This will result in a buffer overflow when copying the client hostname to the local variable using the strcpy method.

Observed Examples

Observed Examples	
Reference	Description
CVE-2000-1094	buffer overflow using command with long argument
CVE-1999-0046	buffer overflow in local program using long environment variable
CVE-2002-1337	buffer overflow in comment characters, when product increments a counter for a ">" but does not decrement for "<"
CVE-2003-0595	By replacing a valid cookie value with an extremely long string of characters, an attacker may overflow the application's buffers.
CVE-2001-0191	By replacing a valid cookie value with an extremely long string of characters, an attacker may overflow the application's buffers.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Requirements

Strategy: Language Selection

Use a language with features that can automatically mitigate or eliminate buffer overflows.

For example, many languages that perform their own memory management, such as Java and Perl, are not subject to buffer overflows. Other languages, such as Ada and C#, typically provide overflow protection, but the protection can be disabled by the programmer.

Be wary that a language's interface to native code may still be subject to overflows, even if the language itself is theoretically safe.

Phase: Architecture and Design



Strategy: Libraries or Frameworks

Use a vetted library or framework that does not allow this weakness to occur or provides constructs that make this weakness easier to avoid

Examples include the Safe C String Library (SafeStr) by Messier and Viega, and the Strsafe.h library from Microsoft. These libraries provide safer versions of overflow-prone string-handling functions. This is not a complete solution, since many buffer overflows are not related to strings.

Phase: Build and Compilation

Run or compile your software using features or extensions that automatically provide a protection mechanism that mitigates or eliminates buffer overflows.

For example, certain compilers and extensions provide automatic buffer overflow detection mechanisms that are built into the compiled code. Examples include the Microsoft Visual Studio /GS flag, Fedora/Red Hat FORTIFY_SOURCE GCC flag, StackGuard, and ProPolice.

This is not necessarily a complete solution, since these mechanisms can only detect certain types of overflows. In addition, a buffer overflow attack can still cause a denial of service, since the typical response is to exit the application.

Phase: Implementation

Programmers should adhere to the following rules when allocating and managing their applications memory:

- Double check that your buffer is as large as you specify.
- When using functions that accept a number of bytes to copy, such as strncpy(), be aware that if the destination buffer size is equal to the source buffer size, it may not NULL-terminate the string.
- Check buffer boundaries if calling this function in a loop and make sure you are not in danger of writing past the allocated space.
- If necessary, truncate all input strings to a reasonable length before passing them to the copy and concatenation functions.

Phase: Operation

Use a feature like Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR). This is not a complete solution. However, it forces the attacker to guess an unknown value that changes every program execution.

Phase: Operation

Use a CPU and operating system that offers Data Execution Protection (NX) or its equivalent. This is not a complete solution, since buffer overflows could be used to overwrite nearby variables to modify the software's state in dangerous ways. In addition, it cannot be used in cases in which self-modifying code is required.

Phases: Build and Compilation; Operation

Most mitigating technologies at the compiler or OS level to date address only a subset of buffer overflow problems and rarely provide complete protection against even that subset. It is good practice to implement strategies to increase the workload of an attacker, such as leaving the attacker to guess an unknown value that changes every program execution.

Phase: Implementation

Replace unbounded copy functions with analogous functions that support length arguments, such as strcpy with strncpy. Create these if they are not available.

Effectiveness: Moderate

This approach is still susceptible to calculation errors, including issues such as off-by-one errors (CWE-193) and incorrectly calculating buffer lengths (CWE-131).

Weakness Ordinalities

Ordinality	Description
Resultant	(where the weakness is typically related to the presence of some other weaknesses)
Primary	(where the weakness exists independent of other weaknesses)

Relationships

remainings				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	20	Improper Input Validation	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Weakness Class	119	Failure to Constrain Operations within the Bounds of a Memory Buffer	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000



ChildOf	Category	633	Weaknesses that Affect Memory	Resource-specific Weaknesses (primary)631
ChildOf	Category	722	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A1 - Unvalidated Input	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004)711
ChildOf	Category	726	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A5 - Buffer Overflows	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004) (primary)711
ChildOf	Category	741	CERT C Secure Coding Section 07 - Characters and Strings (STR)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard (primary)734
ChildOf	Category	802	2010 Top 25 - Risky Resource Management	Weaknesses in the 2010 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)800
CanPrecede	Weakness Base	123	Write-what-where Condition	Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	785	Use of Path Manipulation Function without Maximum-sized Buffer	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts1000
CanFollow	Weakness Base	170	Improper Null Termination	Research Concepts1000
CanFollow	Weakness Base	231	<u>Improper Handling of</u> <u>Extra Values</u>	Research Concepts1000
CanFollow	Weakness Base	242	Use of Inherently Dangerous Function	Research Concepts1000
CanFollow	Weakness Base	416	Use After Free	Research Concepts1000
CanFollow	Weakness Base	456	Missing Initialization	Research Concepts1000
PeerOf	Weakness Base	124	Buffer Underwrite ('Buffer Underflow')	Research Concepts1000
CanAlsoBe	Weakness Variant	196	Unsigned to Signed Conversion Error	Research Concepts1000

Relationship Notes

At the code level, stack-based and heap-based overflows do not differ significantly, so there usually is not a need to distinguish them. From the attacker perspective, they can be quite different, since different techniques are required to exploit them.

Affected Resources

Memory

Functional Areas

Memory Management

f Causal Nature

Explicit

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
PLOVER			Unbounded Transfer ('classic overflow')
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Buffer Overflow
CLASP			Buffer overflow
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A1	CWE More Specific	Unvalidated Input
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A5	CWE More Specific	Buffer Overflows
CERT C Secure Coding	STR35-C		Do not copy data from an unbounded source to a fixed-length array
WASC	7		Buffer Overflow



Related Attack Patterns

CAPEC-ID	Attack Pattern Name	(CAPEC Version: 1.5)
<u>8</u>	Buffer Overflow in an API Call	
9	Buffer Overflow in Local Command-Line Utilities	
10	Buffer Overflow via Environment Variables	
14	Client-side Injection-induced Buffer Overflow	
24	Filter Failure through Buffer Overflow	
92	Forced Integer Overflow	
42	MIME Conversion	
44	Overflow Binary Resource File	
<u>45</u>	Buffer Overflow via Symbolic Links	
100	Overflow Buffers	
<u>46</u>	Overflow Variables and Tags	
47	Buffer Overflow via Parameter Expansion	
<u>67</u>	String Format Overflow in syslog()	

White Box Definitions

A weakness where the code path includes a Buffer Write Operation such that:

1. the expected size of the buffer is greater than the actual size of the buffer where expected size is equal to the sum of the size of the data item and the position in the buffer

Where Buffer Write Operation is a statement that writes a data item of a certain size into a buffer at a certain position and at a certain index

References

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Content History

Content Illistory				
Submissions				
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source	
	PLOVER		Externally Mined	
Modifications				
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source	
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External	
	updated Time of Introduction			
2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External	
	added/updated white box definitions			
2008-08-15		Veracode	External	
	Suggested OWASP Top Ten 2004 mapping			
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Alternate Terms, Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships,			
	Observed Example, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities			
2008-10-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	



	Changed name and description to more clearly emphasize the "classic" nature of the overflow.			
2008-10-14	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Alternate Terms, Description, Name, Other Notes, Terminology Notes			
2008-11-24	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Other Notes, Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings			
2009-01-12	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Common Consequences, Other Notes, Potential Mitigations, References, Relationship Notes, Relationships			
2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Other Notes, Potential Mitigations, Relationships			
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Common Consequences, Relationships			
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Demonstrative Examples, Detection Factors, Potential Mitigations, References, Related Attack Patterns, Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings, Time of Introduction, Type			
2010-04-05	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Demonstrative Examples, Related Attack Patterns			
Previous Entry Names				
Change Date	Previous Entry Name			
2008-10-14	Unbounded Transfer ('Classic Buffer Overflow')			

BACK TO TO



Buffer Overflow IndexFromInput

Risk

What might happen

Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples



Buffer Overflow OutOfBound

Risk

What might happen

Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples



Buffer Overflow AddressOfLocalVarReturned

Risk

What might happen

A use after free error will cause code to use an area of memory previously assigned with a specific value, which has since been freed and may have been overwritten by another value. This error will likely cause unexpected behavior, memory corruption and crash errors. In some cases where the freed and used section of memory is used to determine execution flow, and the error can be induced by an attacker, this may result in execution of malicious code.

Cause

How does it happen

Pointers to variables allow code to have an address with a set size to a dynamically allocated variable. Eventually, the pointer's destination may become free - either explicitly in code, such as when programmatically freeing this variable, or implicitly, such as when a local variable is returned - once it is returned, the variable's scope is released. Once freed, this memory will be re-used by the application, overwritten with new data. At this point, dereferencing this pointer will potentially resolve newly written and unexpected data.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Do not return local variables or pointers
- Review code to ensure no flow allows use of a pointer after it has been explicitly freed

Source Code Examples

CPP

Use of Variable after It was Freed

```
free(input);
printf("%s", input);
```

Use of Pointer to Local Variable That Was Freed On Return

```
int* func1()
{
    int i;
    i = 1;
    return &i;
}

void func2()
{
    int j;
    j = 5;
```



```
int * i = func1();
    printf("%d\r\n", *i); // Output could be 1 or Segmentation Fault
    func2();
    printf("%d\r\n", *i); // Output is 5, which is j's value, as func2() overwrote data in
the stack
//..
```



Buffer Overflow boundcpy WrongSizeParam

Risk

What might happen

Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples



Divide By Zero

Risk

What might happen

When a program divides a number by zero, an exception will be raised. If this exception is not handled by the application, unexpected results may occur, including crashing the application. This can be considered a DoS (Denial of Service) attack, if an external user has control of the value of the denominator or can cause this error to occur.

Cause

How does it happen

The program receives an unexpected value, and uses it for division without filtering, validation, or verifying that the value is not zero. The application does not explicitly handle this error or prevent division by zero from occuring.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Before dividing by an unknown value, validate the number and explicitly ensure it does not evaluate to zero
- Validate all untrusted input from all sources, in particular verifying that it is not zero before dividing with it.
- Verify output of methods, calculations, dictionary lookups, and so on, and ensure it is not zero before dividing with the result.
- Ensure divide-by-zero errors are caught and handled appropriately.

Source Code Examples

Java

Divide by Zero

```
public float getAverage(HttpServletRequest req) {
    int total = Integer.parseInt(req.getParameter("total"));
    int count = Integer.parseInt(req.getParameter("count"));

    return total / count;
}
```

Checked Division

```
public float getAverage (HttpServletRequest req) {
   int total = Integer.parseInt(req.getParameter("total"));
   int count = Integer.parseInt(req.getParameter("count"));

   if (count > 0)
        return total / count;
   else
```



return 0;
}



MemoryFree on StackVariable

Risk

What might happen

Undefined Behavior may result with a crash. Crashes may give an attacker valuable information about the system and the program internals. Furthermore, it may leave unprotected files (e.g memory) that may be exploited.

Cause

How does it happen

Calling free() on a variable that was not dynamically allocated (e.g. malloc) will result with an Undefined Behavior.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Use free() only on dynamically allocated variables in order to prevent unexpected behavior from the compiler.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Bad - Calling free() on a static variable

```
void clean_up() {
   char temp[256];
   do_something();
   free(tmp);
   return;
}
```

Good - Calling free() only on variables that were dynamically allocated

```
void clean_up() {
   char *buff;
   buff = (char*) malloc(1024);
   free(buff);
   return;
}
```



Wrong Size t Allocation

Risk

What might happen

Incorrect allocation of memory may result in unexpected behavior by either overwriting sections of memory with unexpected values. Under certain conditions where both an incorrect allocation of memory and the values being written can be controlled by an attacker, such an issue may result in execution of malicious code.

Cause

How does it happen

Some memory allocation functions require a size value to be provided as a parameter. The allocated size should be derived from the provided value, by providing the length value of the intended source, multiplied by the size of that length. Failure to perform the correct arithmetic to obtain the exact size of the value will likely result in the source overflowing its destination.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Always perform the correct arithmetic to determine size.
- Specifically for memory allocation, calculate the allocation size from the allocation source:
 - o Derive the size value from the length of intended source to determine the amount of units to be processed.
 - o Always programmatically consider the size of the each unit and their conversion to memory units for example, by using sizeof() on the unit's type.
 - o Memory allocation should be a multiplication of the amount of units being written, times the size of each unit.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Allocating and Assigning Memory without Sizeof Arithmetic

```
int *ptr;
ptr = (int*)malloc(5);
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    ptr[i] = i * 2 + 1;
}</pre>
```

Allocating and Assigning Memory with Sizeof Arithmetic

```
int *ptr;
ptr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    ptr[i] = i * 2 + 1;</pre>
```



}

Incorrect Arithmetic of Multi-Byte String Allocation

```
wchar_t * dest;
dest = (wchar_t *)malloc(wcslen(source) + 1); // Would not crash for a short "source"
wcscpy((wchar_t *)dest, source);
wprintf(L"Dest: %s\r\n", dest);
```

Correct Arithmetic of Multi-Byte String Allocation

```
wchar_t * dest;
dest = (wchar_t *)malloc((wcslen(source) + 1) * sizeof(wchar_t));
wcscpy((wchar_t *)dest, source);
wprintf(L"Dest: %s\r\n", dest);
```



Boolean Overflow

Risk

What might happen

Assigning large data types into smaller data types, without proper checks and explicit casting, will lead to undefined behavior and unintentional effects, such as data corruption (e.g. value wraparound, wherein maximum values become minimum values); system crashes; infinite loops; logic errors, such as bypassing of security mechanisms; or even buffer overflows leading to arbitrary code execution.

Cause

How does it happen

This flaw can occur when implicitly casting numerical data types of a larger size, into a variable with a data type of a smaller size. This forces the program to discard some bits of information from the number. Depending on how the numerical data types are stored in memory, this is often the bits with the highest value, causing substantial corruption of the stored number. Alternatively, the sign bit of a signed integer could be lost, completely reversing the intention of the number.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Avoid casting larger data types to smaller types.
- o Prefer promoting the target variable to a large enough data type.
- o If downcasting is necessary, always check that values are valid and in range of the target type, before casting



Char Overflow

Risk

What might happen

Assigning large data types into smaller data types, without proper checks and explicit casting, will lead to undefined behavior and unintentional effects, such as data corruption (e.g. value wraparound, wherein maximum values become minimum values); system crashes; infinite loops; logic errors, such as bypassing of security mechanisms; or even buffer overflows leading to arbitrary code execution.

Cause

How does it happen

This flaw can occur when implicitly casting numerical data types of a larger size, into a variable with a data type of a smaller size. This forces the program to discard some bits of information from the number. Depending on how the numerical data types are stored in memory, this is often the bits with the highest value, causing substantial corruption of the stored number. Alternatively, the sign bit of a signed integer could be lost, completely reversing the intention of the number.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Avoid casting larger data types to smaller types.
- o Prefer promoting the target variable to a large enough data type.
- If downcasting is necessary, always check that values are valid and in range of the target type, before casting

Source Code Examples

CPP

Unsafe Downsize Casting

```
int unsafe_addition(short op1, int op2) {
    // op2 gets forced from int into a short
    short total = op1 + op2;
    return total;
}
```

Safer Use of Proper Data Types

```
int safe_addition(short op1, int op2) {
    // total variable is of type int, the largest type that is needed
    int total = 0;

    // check if total will overflow available integer size
    if (INT_MAX - abs(op2) > op1)
    {
        total = op1 + op2;
    }
    else
```



```
{
      // instead of overflow, saturate (but this is not always a good thing)
      total = INT_MAX
}
return total;
}
```



Integer Overflow

Risk

What might happen

Assigning large data types into smaller data types, without proper checks and explicit casting, will lead to undefined behavior and unintentional effects, such as data corruption (e.g. value wraparound, wherein maximum values become minimum values); system crashes; infinite loops; logic errors, such as bypassing of security mechanisms; or even buffer overflows leading to arbitrary code execution.

Cause

How does it happen

This flaw can occur when implicitly casting numerical data types of a larger size, into a variable with a data type of a smaller size. This forces the program to discard some bits of information from the number. Depending on how the numerical data types are stored in memory, this is often the bits with the highest value, causing substantial corruption of the stored number. Alternatively, the sign bit of a signed integer could be lost, completely reversing the intention of the number.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Avoid casting larger data types to smaller types.
- o Prefer promoting the target variable to a large enough data type.
- o If downcasting is necessary, always check that values are valid and in range of the target type, before casting



Long Overflow

Risk

What might happen

Assigning large data types into smaller data types, without proper checks and explicit casting, will lead to undefined behavior and unintentional effects, such as data corruption (e.g. value wraparound, wherein maximum values become minimum values); system crashes; infinite loops; logic errors, such as bypassing of security mechanisms; or even buffer overflows leading to arbitrary code execution.

Cause

How does it happen

This flaw can occur when implicitly casting numerical data types of a larger size, into a variable with a data type of a smaller size. This forces the program to discard some bits of information from the number. Depending on how the numerical data types are stored in memory, this is often the bits with the highest value, causing substantial corruption of the stored number. Alternatively, the sign bit of a signed integer could be lost, completely reversing the intention of the number.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Avoid casting larger data types to smaller types.
- o Prefer promoting the target variable to a large enough data type.
- o If downcasting is necessary, always check that values are valid and in range of the target type, before casting



Short Overflow

Risk

What might happen

Assigning large data types into smaller data types, without proper checks and explicit casting, will lead to undefined behavior and unintentional effects, such as data corruption (e.g. value wraparound, wherein maximum values become minimum values); system crashes; infinite loops; logic errors, such as bypassing of security mechanisms; or even buffer overflows leading to arbitrary code execution.

Cause

How does it happen

This flaw can occur when implicitly casting numerical data types of a larger size, into a variable with a data type of a smaller size. This forces the program to discard some bits of information from the number. Depending on how the numerical data types are stored in memory, this is often the bits with the highest value, causing substantial corruption of the stored number. Alternatively, the sign bit of a signed integer could be lost, completely reversing the intention of the number.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Avoid casting larger data types to smaller types.
- o Prefer promoting the target variable to a large enough data type.
- o If downcasting is necessary, always check that values are valid and in range of the target type, before casting



Dangerous Functions

Risk

What might happen

Use of dangerous functions may expose varying risks associated with each particular function, with potential impact of improper usage of these functions varying significantly. The presence of such functions indicates a flaw in code maintenance policies and adherence to secure coding practices, in a way that has allowed introducing known dangerous code into the application.

Cause

How does it happen

A dangerous function has been identified within the code. Functions are often deemed dangerous to use for numerous reasons, as there are different sets of vulnerabilities associated with usage of such functions. For example, some string copy and concatenation functions are vulnerable to Buffer Overflow, Memory Disclosure, Denial of Service and more. Use of these functions is not recommended.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Deploy a secure and recommended alternative to any functions that were identified as dangerous.
 - If no secure alternative is found, conduct further researching and testing to identify whether current usage successfully sanitizes and verifies values, and thus successfully avoids the usecases for whom the function is indeed dangerous
- Conduct a periodical review of methods that are in use, to ensure that all external libraries and built-in functions are up-to-date and whose use has not been excluded from best secure coding practices.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Buffer Overflow in gets()

Safe reading from user



Unsafe function for string copy

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    char buf[10];
    strcpy(buf, argv[1]); // overflow occurs when len(argv[1]) > 10 bytes
    return 0;
}
```

Safe string copy

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    char buf[10];
    strncpy(buf, argv[1], sizeof(buf));
    buf[9]= '\0'; //strncpy doesn't NULL terminates

    return 0;
}
```

Unsafe format string

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    printf(argv[1]); // If argv[1] contains a format token, such as %s,%x or %d, will cause
an access violation
    return 0;
}
```

Safe format string

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    printf("%s", argv[1]); // Second parameter is not a formattable string
    return 0;
}
```



Status: Draft

Double Free

Weakness ID: 415 (Weakness Variant)

Description

Description Summary

The product calls free() twice on the same memory address, potentially leading to modification of unexpected memory locations.

Extended Description

When a program calls free() twice with the same argument, the program's memory management data structures become corrupted. This corruption can cause the program to crash or, in some circumstances, cause two later calls to malloc() to return the same pointer. If malloc() returns the same value twice and the program later gives the attacker control over the data that is written into this doubly-allocated memory, the program becomes vulnerable to a buffer overflow attack.

Alternate Terms

Double-free

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- **Implementation**

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C

C++

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Access Control	Doubly freeing memory may result in a write-what-where condition, allowing an attacker to execute arbitrary code.

Likelihood of Exploit

Low to Medium

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following code shows a simple example of a double free vulnerability.

```
Example Language: C
```

```
char* ptr = (char*)malloc (SIZE);
if (abrt) {
free(ptr);
free(ptr);
```

Double free vulnerabilities have two common (and sometimes overlapping) causes:

- Error conditions and other exceptional circumstances
- Confusion over which part of the program is responsible for freeing the memory Although some double free vulnerabilities are not much more complicated than the previous example, most are spread out across hundreds of lines of code or even different files. Programmers seem particularly susceptible to freeing global variables



more than once.

Example 2

While contrived, this code should be exploitable on Linux distributions which do not ship with heap-chunk check summing turned on.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define BUFSIZE1 512
#define BUFSIZE2 ((BUFSIZE1/2) - 8)
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
char *buf1R1;
char *buf2R1;
char *buf1R2;
buf1R1 = (char *) malloc(BUFSIZE2);
buf2R1 = (char *) malloc(BUFSIZE2);
free(buf1R1);
free(buf2R1);
buf1R2 = (char *) malloc(BUFSIZE1);
strncpy(buf1R2, argv[1], BUFSIZE1-1);
free(buf2R1);
free(buf1R2);
```

Observed Examples

Reference	Description
CVE-2004-0642	Double free resultant from certain error conditions.
CVE-2004-0772	Double free resultant from certain error conditions.
CVE-2005-1689	Double free resultant from certain error conditions.
CVE-2003-0545	Double free from invalid ASN.1 encoding.
CVE-2003-1048	Double free from malformed GIF.
CVE-2005-0891	Double free from malformed GIF.
CVE-2002-0059	Double free from malformed compressed data.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Architecture and Design

Choose a language that provides automatic memory management.

Phase: Implementation

Ensure that each allocation is freed only once. After freeing a chunk, set the pointer to NULL to ensure the pointer cannot be freed again. In complicated error conditions, be sure that clean-up routines respect the state of allocation properly. If the language is object oriented, ensure that object destructors delete each chunk of memory only once.

Phase: Implementation

Use a static analysis tool to find double free instances.

Relationships

Relationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	398	Indicator of Poor Code Quality	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Category	399	Resource Management Errors	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Category	633	Weaknesses that Affect Memory	Resource-specific Weaknesses (primary)631
ChildOf	Weakness Base	666	Operation on Resource in Wrong Phase of	Research Concepts (primary)1000



			<u>Lifetime</u>	
ChildOf	Weakness Class	675	<u>Duplicate Operations on</u> <u>Resource</u>	Research Concepts1000
ChildOf	Category	742	CERT C Secure Coding Section 08 - Memory Management (MEM)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard (primary)734
PeerOf	Weakness Base	123	Write-what-where Condition	Research Concepts1000
PeerOf	Weakness Base	416	<u>Use After Free</u>	Development Concepts699 Research Concepts1000
MemberOf	View	630	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE (primary)630
PeerOf	Weakness Base	364	Signal Handler Race Condition	Research Concepts1000

Relationship Notes

This is usually resultant from another weakness, such as an unhandled error or race condition between threads. It could also be primary to weaknesses such as buffer overflows.

Affected Resources

Memory

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
PLOVER			DFREE - Double-Free Vulnerability
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Double Free
CLASP			Doubly freeing memory
CERT C Secure Coding	МЕМ00-С		Allocate and free memory in the same module, at the same level of abstraction
CERT C Secure Coding	MEM01-C		Store a new value in pointers immediately after free()
CERT C Secure Coding	MEM31-C		Free dynamically allocated memory exactly once

White Box Definitions

A weakness where code path has:

- 1. start statement that relinquishes a dynamically allocated memory resource
- 2. end statement that relinquishes the dynamically allocated memory resource

Maintenance Notes

It could be argued that Double Free would be most appropriately located as a child of "Use after Free", but "Use" and "Release" are considered to be distinct operations within vulnerability theory, therefore this is more accurately "Release of a Resource after Expiration or Release", which doesn't exist yet.

Content History

Submissions			
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
	PLOVER		Externally Mined
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
	updated Potential Mitigations,	Time of Introduction	
2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External
	added/updated white box def	initions	
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Description, Maintenance Notes, Relationships, Other Notes, Relationship Notes, Taxonomy Mappings		
2000 11 21			11 3
2008-11-24	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal



updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings				
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Demonstrative Ex	updated Demonstrative Examples		
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team MITRE Internal			
	updated Other Notes			

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Improper Sanitization of Special Elements used in a Command ('Command Injection')

Weakness ID: 77 (Weakness Class)

Description

Status: Draft

Description Summary

The software constructs all or part of a command using externally-influenced input from an upstream component, but it does not sanitize or incorrectly sanitizes special elements that could modify the intended command when it is sent to a downstream component.

Extended Description

Command injection vulnerabilities typically occur when:

- 1. Data enters the application from an untrusted source.
- 2. The data is part of a string that is executed as a command by the application.
- 3. By executing the command, the application gives an attacker a privilege or capability that the attacker would not otherwise have.

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

ΑII

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Access Control	Command injection allows for the execution of arbitrary commands and code by the attacker.
Integrity	If a malicious user injects a character (such as a semi-colon) that delimits the end of one command and the beginning of another, it may be possible to then insert an entirely new and unrelated command that was not intended to be executed.

Likelihood of Exploit

Very High

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following simple program accepts a filename as a command line argument and displays the contents of the file back to the user. The program is installed setuid root because it is intended for use as a learning tool to allow system administrators intraining to inspect privileged system files without giving them the ability to modify them or damage the system.

```
Example Language: C
```

```
int main(char* argc, char** argv) {
char cmd[CMD_MAX] = "/usr/bin/cat ";
strcat(cmd, argv[1]);
system(cmd);
}
```

Because the program runs with root privileges, the call to system() also executes with root privileges. If a user specifies a standard filename, the call works as expected. However, if an attacker passes a string of the form ";rm -rf /", then the call to system() fails to execute cat due to a lack of arguments and then plows on to recursively delete



the contents of the root partition.

Example 2

The following code is from an administrative web application designed to allow users to kick off a backup of an Oracle database using a batch-file wrapper around the rman utility and then run a cleanup.bat script to delete some temporary files. The script rmanDB.bat accepts a single command line parameter, which specifies what type of backup to perform. Because access to the database is restricted, the application runs the backup as a privileged user.

```
Example Language: Java
...

String btype = request.getParameter("backuptype");

String cmd = new String("cmd.exe /K \"

c:\\util\\rmanDB.bat "

+btype+

"&&c:\\utl\\cleanup.bat\\"")

System.Runtime.getRuntime().exec(cmd);
...
```

The problem here is that the program does not do any validation on the backuptype parameter read from the user. Typically the Runtime.exec() function will not execute multiple commands, but in this case the program first runs the cmd.exe shell in order to run multiple commands with a single call to Runtime.exec(). Once the shell is invoked, it will happily execute multiple commands separated by two ampersands. If an attacker passes a string of the form "& del c:\\dbms*.*", then the application will execute this command along with the others specified by the program. Because of the nature of the application, it runs with the privileges necessary to interact with the database, which means whatever command the attacker injects will run with those privileges as well.

Example 3

The following code from a system utility uses the system property APPHOME to determine the directory in which it is installed and then executes an initialization script based on a relative path from the specified directory.

```
(Bad Code)

Example Language: Java
...

String home = System.getProperty("APPHOME");

String cmd = home + INITCMD;

java.lang.Runtime.getRuntime().exec(cmd);
...
```

The code above allows an attacker to execute arbitrary commands with the elevated privilege of the application by modifying the system property APPHOME to point to a different path containing a malicious version of INITCMD. Because the program does not validate the value read from the environment, if an attacker can control the value of the system property APPHOME, then they can fool the application into running malicious code and take control of the system.

Example 4

The following code is from a web application that allows users access to an interface through which they can update their password on the system. Part of the process for updating passwords in certain network environments is to run a make command in the /var/yp directory, the code for which is shown below.

```
(Bad Code)
Example Language: Java
...
System.Runtime.getRuntime().exec("make");
...
```



The problem here is that the program does not specify an absolute path for make and fails to clean its environment prior to executing the call to Runtime.exec(). If an attacker can modify the \$PATH variable to point to a malicious binary called make and cause the program to be executed in their environment, then the malicious binary will be loaded instead of the one intended. Because of the nature of the application, it runs with the privileges necessary to perform system operations, which means the attacker's make will now be run with these privileges, possibly giving the attacker complete control of the system.

Example 5

The following code is a wrapper around the UNIX command cat which prints the contents of a file to standard out. It is also injectable:

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    char cat[] = "cat ";
    char *command;
    size_t commandLength;

commandLength = strlen(cat) + strlen(argv[1]) + 1;
    command = (char *) malloc(commandLength);
    strncpy(command, cat, commandLength);
    strncat(command, argv[1], (commandLength - strlen(cat)));

system(command);
    return (0);
}
```

Used normally, the output is simply the contents of the file requested:

\$./catWrapper Story.txt

When last we left our heroes...

However, if we add a semicolon and another command to the end of this line, the command is executed by catWrapper with no complaint:

(Attack)

```
$ ./catWrapper Story.txt; ls
When last we left our heroes...
Story.txt
SensitiveFile.txt
PrivateData.db
```

If catWrapper had been set to have a higher privilege level than the standard user, arbitrary commands could be executed with that higher privilege.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Architecture and Design

If at all possible, use library calls rather than external processes to recreate the desired functionality

Phase: Implementation

If possible, ensure that all external commands called from the program are statically created.

Phase: Implementation

Strategy: Input Validation

Assume all input is malicious. Use an "accept known good" input validation strategy, i.e., use a whitelist of acceptable inputs that strictly conform to specifications. Reject any input that does not strictly conform to specifications, or transform it into something that does. Do not rely exclusively on looking for malicious or malformed inputs (i.e., do not rely on a blacklist). However, blacklists



can be useful for detecting potential attacks or determining which inputs are so malformed that they should be rejected outright. When performing input validation, consider all potentially relevant properties, including length, type of input, the full range of acceptable values, missing or extra inputs, syntax, consistency across related fields, and conformance to business rules. As an example of business rule logic, "boat" may be syntactically valid because it only contains alphanumeric characters, but it is not valid if you are expecting colors such as "red" or "blue."

Run time: Run time policy enforcement may be used in a white-list fashion to prevent use of any non-sanctioned commands.

Assign permissions to the software system that prevents the user from accessing/opening privileged files.

Other Notes

Command injection is a common problem with wrapper programs.

Weakness Ordinalities

Ordinality	Description
Primary	(where the weakness exists independent of other weaknesses)

Relationships

Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	20	Improper Input Validation	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Weakness Class	74	Failure to Sanitize Data into a Different Plane ('Injection')	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	713	OWASP Top Ten 2007 Category A2 - Injection Flaws	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2007) (primary)629
ChildOf	Category	722	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A1 - Unvalidated Input	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004)711
ChildOf	Category	727	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A6 - Injection Flaws	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004) (primary)711
ParentOf	Weakness Base	78	Improper Sanitization of Special Elements used in an OS Command ('OS Command Injection')	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	88	Argument Injection or Modification	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	89	Improper Sanitization of Special Elements used in an SQL Command ('SQL Injection')	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	90	Failure to Sanitize Data into LDAP Queries ('LDAP Injection')	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	624	Executable Regular Expression Error	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000

f Causal Nature

Explicit

Taxonomy Mappings

razonomy wrappings			
Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Command Injection
CLASP			Command injection



OWASP Top Ten 2007	A2	CWE More Specific	Injection Flaws
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A1	CWE More Specific	Unvalidated Input
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A6	CWE More Specific	Injection Flaws

Related Attack Patterns

CAPEC-ID	Attack Pattern Name	(CAPEC Version: 1.5)
<u>15</u>	Command Delimiters	
23	File System Function Injection, Content Based	
43	Exploiting Multiple Input Interpretation Layers	
<u>75</u>	Manipulating Writeable Configuration Files	
<u>6</u>	Argument Injection	
11	Cause Web Server Misclassification	
<u>76</u>	Manipulating Input to File System Calls	

References

G. Hoglund and G. McGraw. "Exploiting Software: How to Break Code". Addison-Wesley. February 2004.

Content History

Submissions			
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
	7 Pernicious Kingdoms		Externally Mined
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
	updated Time of Introduction	ı	
2008-08-15		Veracode	External
	Suggested OWASP Top Ten 2	004 mapping	
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Common Consequen Weakness Ordinalities	ices, Relationships, Other Note	s, Taxonomy Mappings,
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Demonstrative Exam	nples, Name	
2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Demonstrative Exam	nples, Description, Name	
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Common Consequen	ices, Description, Other Notes,	Potential Mitigations
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Potential Mitigations	, Relationships	
Previous Entry Names	5		
Change Date	Previous Entry Name		
2008-04-11	Command Injection		
2009-05-27	Failure to Sanitize Data in	nto a Control Plane (aka 'Co	ommand Injection')
2009-07-27	Failure to Sanitize Data in	nto a Control Plane ('Comm	and Injection')

BACK TO TOP



Use of Hard coded Cryptographic Key

Risk

What might happen

Static, unchangeable encryption keys in the source code can be stolen by an attacker with access to the source code or the application binaries. Once the attacker has the encryption key, this can be used to gain access to any encrypted secret data, thus violating the confidentiality of the data. Furthermore, it would be impossible to replace the encryption key once stolen. Note that if this is a product that can be installed numerous times, the encryption key will always be the same, allowing an attacker to break all instances at the same cost.

Cause

How does it happen

The application code uses an encryption key to encrypt and decrypt sensitive data. While it is important to create this encryption key randomly and keep it secret, the application has a single, static key embedded in plain text in the source code.

An attacker could gain access to the source code - whether in the source control system, developer workstations, or the server filesystem or product binaries themselves. Once the attacker has gained access to the source code, it is trivial to retrieve the plain text encryption key and use it to decrypt the sensitive data that the application was protecting.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- o Do not store any sensitive information, such as encryption keys, in plain text.
- o Never hardcode encryption keys in the application source code.
- o Implement proper key management, including dynamically generating random keys, protecting keys, and replacing keys as necessary.

Specific Recommendations:

o Remove the hardcoded encryption key from the application source code. Instead, retrieve the key from an external, protected store.

Source Code Examples

Java

Common example of hardcoded encryption key

```
//Generate a key
string encryptionKey = "EncryptionKey123"

//Encrypt the data
SecretKeySpec keySpec = new SecretKeySpec(encryptionKey.getBytes(), "AES");
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/CBC/PKCS7Padding");
cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, keySpec);
output = cipher.doFinal(input)
```





Heap Inspection

Risk

What might happen

All variables stored by the application in unencrypted memory can potentially be retrieved by an unauthorized user, with privileged access to the machine. For example, a privileged attacker could attach a debugger to the running process, or retrieve the process's memory from the swapfile or crash dump file.

Once the attacker finds the user passwords in memory, these can be reused to easily impersonate the user to the system.

Cause

How does it happen

String variables are immutable - in other words, once a string variable is assigned, its value cannot be changed or removed. Thus, these strings may remain around in memory, possibly in multiple locations, for an indefinite period of time until the garbage collector happens to remove it. Sensitive data, such as passwords, will remain exposed in memory as plaintext with no control over their lifetime.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- o Do not store senstiive data, such as passwords or encryption keys, in memory in plaintext, even for a short period of time.
- o Prefer to use specialized classes that store encrypted memory.
- o Alternatively, store secrets temporarily in mutable data types, such as byte arrays, and then promptly zeroize the memory locations.

Specific Recommendations - Java:

o Instead of storing passwords in immutable strings, prefer to use an encrypted memory object, such as SealedObject.

Specific Recommendations - .NET:

o Instead of storing passwords in immutable strings, prefer to use an encrypted memory object, such as SecureString or ProtectedData.

Source Code Examples

Java

Plaintext Password in Immutable String

```
class Heap_Inspection
{
   private string password;
   void setPassword()
```



```
password = System.console().readLine("Enter your password: ");
}
}
```

Password Protected in Memory

```
class Heap_Inspection_Fixed
{
    private SealedObject password;

    void setPassword()
{
        byte[] sKey = getKeyFromConfig();
        Cipher c = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
        c.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, sKey);

        char[] input = System.console().readPassword("Enter your password: ");
        password = new SealedObject(Arrays.asList(input), c);

        //Zero out the possible password, for security.
        Arrays.fill(password, '0');
    }
}
```

CPP

Vulnerable C code

```
/* Vulnerable to heap inspection */
#include <stdio.h>
void somefunc() {
     printf("Yea, I'm just being called for the heap of it..\n");
void authfunc() {
        char* password = (char *) malloc(256);
        char ch;
        ssize t k;
            int i=0;
        while (k = read(0, \&ch, 1) > 0)
                if (ch == '\n') {
                         password[i]='\0';
                        break;
                } else{
                        password[i++]=ch;
                         fflush(0);
        printf("Password: %s\n", &password[0]);
int main()
   printf("Please enter a password:\n");
     authfunc();
     printf("You can now dump memory to find this password!");
     somefunc();
```



```
gets();
}
```

Safe C code

```
/* Pesumably safe heap */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define STDIN FILENO 0
void somefunc() {
       printf("Yea, I'm just being called for the heap of it..\n");
void authfunc() {
     char* password = (char*) malloc(256);
     int i=0;
     char ch;
     ssize t k;
     while(k = read(STDIN_FILENO, &ch, 1) > 0)
            if (ch == '\n') {
                   password[i]='\0';
                   break;
            } else{
                   password[i++]=ch;
                   fflush(0);
     memset (password, '\0', 256);
int main()
     printf("Please enter a password:\n");
     authfunc();
     somefunc();
     char ch;
     while(read(STDIN_FILENO, &ch, 1) > 0)
            if (ch == '\n')
                  break;
     }
}
```



Failure to Release Memory Before Removing Last Reference ('Memory Leak')

Weakness ID: 401 (Weakness Base)

Description

Status: Draft

Description Summary

The software does not sufficiently track and release allocated memory after it has been used, which slowly consumes remaining memory.

Extended Description

This is often triggered by improper handling of malformed data or unexpectedly interrupted sessions.

Terminology Notes

"memory leak" has sometimes been used to describe other kinds of issues, e.g. for information leaks in which the contents of memory are inadvertently leaked (CVE-2003-0400 is one such example of this terminology conflict).

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C

C++

Modes of Introduction

Memory leaks have two common and sometimes overlapping causes:

- Error conditions and other exceptional circumstances
- Confusion over which part of the program is responsible for freeing the memory

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Availability	Most memory leaks result in general software reliability problems, but if an attacker can intentionally trigger a memory leak, the attacker might be able to launch a denial of service attack (by crashing or hanging the program) or take advantage of other unexpected program behavior resulting from a low memory condition.

Likelihood of Exploit

Medium

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following C function leaks a block of allocated memory if the call to read() fails to return the expected number of bytes:

```
(Bad Code)
```

```
Example Language: C
char* getBlock(int fd) {
char* buf = (char*) malloc(BLOCK_SIZE);
if (!buf) {
return NULL;
}
if (read(fd, buf, BLOCK_SIZE) != BLOCK_SIZE) {
return NULL;
}
```



```
return buf;
```

Example 2

Here the problem is that every time a connection is made, more memory is allocated. So if one just opened up more and more connections, eventually the machine would run out of memory.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
bar connection() {
foo = malloc(1024);
return foo;
}
endConnection(bar foo) {
free(foo);
}
int main() {
while(1) //thread 1
//On a connection
foo=connection(); //thread 2
//When the connection ends
endConnection(foo)
}
```

Observed Examples

Observed Examples	
Reference	Description
CVE-2005-3119	Memory leak because function does not free() an element of a data structure.
CVE-2004-0427	Memory leak when counter variable is not decremented.
CVE-2002-0574	Memory leak when counter variable is not decremented.
CVE-2005-3181	Kernel uses wrong function to release a data structure, preventing data from being properly tracked by other code.
CVE-2004-0222	Memory leak via unknown manipulations as part of protocol test suite.
CVE-2001-0136	Memory leak via a series of the same command.

Potential Mitigations

Pre-design: Use a language or compiler that performs automatic bounds checking.

Phase: Architecture and Design

Use an abstraction library to abstract away risky APIs. Not a complete solution.

Pre-design through Build: The Boehm-Demers-Weiser Garbage Collector or valgrind can be used to detect leaks in code. This is not a complete solution as it is not 100% effective.

Relationships

Kelationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	398	Indicator of Poor Code Quality	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Category	399	Resource Management Errors	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Category	633	Weaknesses that Affect Memory	Resource-specific Weaknesses (primary)631
ChildOf	Category	730	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A9 - Denial of Service	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004) (primary)711
ChildOf	Weakness Base	772	Missing Release of Resource after Effective	Research Concepts (primary)1000



			<u>Lifetime</u>	
MemberOf	View	630	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE (primary)630
CanFollow	Weakness Class	390	Detection of Error Condition Without Action	Research Concepts1000

Relationship Notes

This is often a resultant weakness due to improper handling of malformed data or early termination of sessions.

Affected Resources

Memory

Functional Areas

Memory management

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
PLOVER			Memory leak
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Memory Leak
CLASP			Failure to deallocate data
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A9	CWE More Specific	Denial of Service

White Box Definitions

A weakness where the code path has:

- 1. start statement that allocates dynamically allocated memory resource
- 2. end statement that loses identity of the dynamically allocated memory resource creating situation where dynamically allocated memory resource is never relinquished

Where "loses" is defined through the following scenarios:

- 1. identity of the dynamic allocated memory resource never obtained
- 2. the statement assigns another value to the data element that stored the identity of the dynamically allocated memory resource and there are no aliases of that data element
- 3. identity of the dynamic allocated memory resource obtained but never passed on to function for memory resource release
- 4. the data element that stored the identity of the dynamically allocated resource has reached the end of its scope at the statement and there are no aliases of that data element

References

 $\hbox{\it J. Whittaker and H. Thompson. "How to Break Software Security". Addison Wesley.\ 2003.}$

Content History

Submissions			
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
	PLOVER		Externally Mined
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
	updated Time of Introduction	า	
2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External
	added/updated white box de	finitions	
2008-08-15		Veracode	External
	Suggested OWASP Top Ten 2	2004 mapping	
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, References, Relationship Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Terminology Notes		
2008-10-14	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Description		
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Other Notes		
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Name		
2009-07-17	KDM Analytics		External
	Improved the White Box Def	inition	



2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated White Box Definit	tions			
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Modes of Introdu	ction, Other Notes			
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Relationships				
Previous Entry Na	ames				
Change Date	Previous Entry Name	е			
2008-04-11	Memory Leak	Memory Leak			
2009-05-27	Failure to Release Mem Leak')	nory Before Removi	ng Last Reference (aka 'Memory		
				D A CITATION	

BACK TO TO



Use of Uninitialized Pointer

Risk

What might happen

A null pointer dereference is likely to cause a run-time exception, a crash, or other unexpected behavior.

Cause

How does it happen

Variables which are declared without being assigned will implicitly retain a null value until they are assigned. The null value can also be explicitly set to a variable, to ensure clear out its contents. Since null is not really a value, it may not have object variables and methods, and any attempt to access contents of a null object, instead of verifying it is set beforehand, will result in a null pointer dereference exception.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- For any variable that is created, ensure all logic flows between declaration and use assign a non-null value to the variable first.
- Enforce null checks on any received variable or object before it is dereferenced, to ensure it does not contain a null assigned to it elsewhere.
- Consider the need to assign null values in order to overwrite initialized variables. Consider reassigning or releasing these variables instead.



Status: Draft

Use of Uninitialized Variable

Weakness ID: 457 (Weakness Variant)

Description

Description Summary

The code uses a variable that has not been initialized, leading to unpredictable or unintended results.

Extended Description

In some languages, such as C, an uninitialized variable contains contents of previouslyused memory. An attacker can sometimes control or read these contents.

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C: (Sometimes)

C++: (Sometimes)

Perl: (Often)

ΑII

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Availability Integrity	Initial variables usually contain junk, which can not be trusted for consistency. This can lead to denial of service conditions, or modify control flow in unexpected ways. In some cases, an attacker can "pre-initialize" the variable using previous actions, which might enable code execution. This can cause a race condition if a lock variable check passes when it should not.
Authorization	Strings that are not initialized are especially dangerous, since many functions expect a null at the end and only at the end of a string.

Likelihood of Exploit

High

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following switch statement is intended to set the values of the variables aN and bN, but in the default case, the programmer has accidentally set the value of aN twice. As a result, bN will have an undefined value.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
switch (ctl) {
    case -1:
    aN = 0;
    bN = 0;
    break;
    case 0:
    aN = i;
    bN = -i;
    break;
    case 1:
    aN = i + NEXT_SZ;
    bN = i - NEXT_SZ;
    break;
    default:
```



```
aN = -1;
aN = -1;
break;
}
repaint(aN, bN);
```

Most uninitialized variable issues result in general software reliability problems, but if attackers can intentionally trigger the use of an uninitialized variable, they might be able to launch a denial of service attack by crashing the program. Under the right circumstances, an attacker may be able to control the value of an uninitialized variable by affecting the values on the stack prior to the invocation of the function.

Example 2

Example Languages: C++ and Java
int foo;
void bar() {
if (foo==0)
/.../
/../
}

Observed Examples

o boot to the Enterior	
Reference	Description
CVE-2008-0081	Uninitialized variable leads to code execution in popular desktop application.
CVE-2007-4682	Crafted input triggers dereference of an uninitialized object pointer.
CVE-2007-3468	Crafted audio file triggers crash when an uninitialized variable is used.
CVE-2007-2728	Uninitialized random seed variable used.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Implementation

Assign all variables to an initial value.

Phase: Build and Compilation

Most compilers will complain about the use of uninitialized variables if warnings are turned on.

Phase: Requirements

The choice could be made to use a language that is not susceptible to these issues.

Phase: Architecture and Design

Mitigating technologies such as safe string libraries and container abstractions could be introduced.

Other Notes

Before variables are initialized, they generally contain junk data of what was left in the memory that the variable takes up. This data is very rarely useful, and it is generally advised to pre-initialize variables or set them to their first values early. If one forgets -- in the C language -- to initialize, for example a char *, many of the simple string libraries may often return incorrect results as they expect the null termination to be at the end of a string.

Stack variables in C and C++ are not initialized by default. Their initial values are determined by whatever happens to be in their location on the stack at the time the function is invoked. Programs should never use the value of an uninitialized variable. It is not uncommon for programmers to use an uninitialized variable in code that handles errors or other rare and exceptional circumstances. Uninitialized variable warnings can sometimes indicate the presence of a typographic error in the code.

Relationships

retationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	398	Indicator of Poor Code Quality	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Weakness Base	456	Missing Initialization	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts



				(primary)1000
MemberOf	View	630	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE	Weaknesses Examined by SAMATE
				(primary)630

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
CLASP			Uninitialized variable
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Uninitialized Variable

White Box Definitions

A weakness where the code path has:

- 1. start statement that defines variable
- 2. end statement that accesses the variable
- 3. the code path does not contain a statement that assigns value to the variable

References

 $mercy. \ "Exploiting Uninitialized Data". \ Jan 2006. < \underline{http://www.felinemenace.org/\sim mercy/papers/UBehavior/UBehavior.zip} >.$

Microsoft Security Vulnerability Research & Defense. "MS08-014: The Case of the Uninitialized Stack Variable Vulnerability". 2008-03-11. http://blogs.technet.com/swi/archive/2008/03/11/the-case-of-the-uninitialized-stack-variable-vulnerability.aspx.

Content History

Content Illistory					
Submissions					
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source		
	CLASP		Externally Mined		
Modifications					
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2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External		
	updated Time of Introduction				
2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External		
	added/updated white box definitions				
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Description, Relationships,				
	Observed Example, Other Notes, References, Taxonomy Mappings				
2009-01-12	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Common Consequences, Demonstrative Examples, Potential Mitigations				
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Demonstrative Examples				
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Demonstrative Examples				
Previous Entry Names					
Change Date	Previous Entry Name				
2008-04-11	Uninitialized Variable				

BACK TO TO



Use of Zero Initialized Pointer

Risk

What might happen

A null pointer dereference is likely to cause a run-time exception, a crash, or other unexpected behavior.

Cause

How does it happen

Variables which are declared without being assigned will implicitly retain a null value until they are assigned. The null value can also be explicitly set to a variable, to ensure clear out its contents. Since null is not really a value, it may not have object variables and methods, and any attempt to access contents of a null object, instead of verifying it is set beforehand, will result in a null pointer dereference exception.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- For any variable that is created, ensure all logic flows between declaration and use assign a non-null value to the variable first.
- Enforce null checks on any received variable or object before it is dereferenced, to ensure it does not contain a null assigned to it elsewhere.
- Consider the need to assign null values in order to overwrite initialized variables. Consider reassigning or releasing these variables instead.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Explicit NULL Dereference

```
char * input = NULL;
printf("%s", input);
```

Implicit NULL Dereference

```
char * input;
printf("%s", input);
```

Java

Explicit Null Dereference

```
Object o = null;
out.println(o.getClass());
```





Inadequate Encryption Strength

Risk

What might happen

Using weak or outdated cryptography does not provide sufficient protection for sensitive data. An attacker that gains access to the encrypted data would likely be able to break the encryption, using either cryptanalysis or brute force attacks. Thus, the attacker would be able to steal user passwords and other personal data. This could lead to user impersonation or identity theft.

Cause

How does it happen

The application uses a weak algorithm, that is considered obselete since it is relatively easy to break. These obselete algorithms are vulnerable to several different kinds of attacks, including brute force.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- Always use strong, modern algorithms for encryption, hashing, and so on.
- Do not use weak, outdated, or obsolete algorithms.
- Ensure you select the correct cryptographic mechanism according to the specific requirements.
- Passwords should be protected with a dedicated password protection scheme, such as bcrypt, scrypt, PBKDF2, or Argon2.

Specific Recommendations:

- Do not use SHA-1, MD5, or any other weak hash algorithm to protect passwords or personal data. Instead, use a stronger hash such as SHA-256 when a secure hash is required.
- Do not use DES, Triple-DES, RC2, or any other weak encryption algorithm to protect passwords or personal data. Instead, use a stronger encryption algorithm such as AES to protect personal data.
- Do not use weak encryption modes such as ECB, or rely on insecure defaults. Explicitly specify a stronger encryption mode, such as GCM.
- For symmetric encryption, use a key length of at least 256 bits.

Source Code Examples

Java

Weakly Hashed PII

```
string protectSSN(HttpServletRequest req) {
    string socialSecurityNum = req.getParameter("SocialSecurityNo");
    return DigestUtils.md5Hex(socialSecurityNum);
}
```



Stronger Hash for PII

```
string protectSSN(HttpServletRequest req) {
   string socialSecurityNum = req.getParameter("SocialSecurityNo");
   return DigestUtils.sha256Hex(socialSecurityNum);
}
```



Use of a One Way Hash without a Salt

Risk

What might happen

If an attacker gains access to the hashed passwords, she would likely be able to reverse the hash due to this weakness, and retrieve the original password. Once the passwords are discovered, the attacker can impersonate the users, and take full advantage of their privileges and access their personal data. Furthermore, this would likely not be discovered, as the attacker is being identified solely by the victims' credentials.

Cause

How does it happen

Typical cryptographic hashes, such as SHA-1 and MD5, are incredibly fast. Combined with attack techniques such as precomputed Rainbow Tables, it is relatively easy for attackers to reverse the hashes, and discover the original passwords. Lack of a unique, random salt added to the password makes brute force attacks even simpler.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- Always use strong, modern algorithms for encryption, hashing, and so on.
- Do not use weak, outdated, or obsolete algorithms.
- Ensure you select the correct cryptographic mechanism according to the specific requirements.

Specific Recommendations:

- Passwords should be protected using a password hashing algorithm, instead of a general cryptographic hash. This includes adaptive hashes such as bcrypt, scrypt, PBKDF2 and Argon2.
- Tune the work factor, or cost, of the adaptive hash function according to the designated environment and risk profile.
- Do not use a regular cryptographic hash, such as SHA-1 or MD5, to protect passwords, as these are too fast.
- If it is necessary to use a common hash to protect passwords, add several bytes of unique, random data ("salt") to the password before hashing it. Store the salt with the hashed password, and do not reuse the same salt for multiple passwords.

Source Code Examples

lava

Unsalted Hashed Password

private String protectPassword(String password) {



```
byte[] data = password.getBytes();
byte[] hash = null;

MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
hash = md.digest(data);

return Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(hash);
}
```

Fast Hash with Salt

```
private String protectPassword(String password) {
     byte[] data = password.getBytes("UTF-8");
     byte[] hash = null;
     try {
            MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA-1");
            SecureRandom rand = new SecureRandom();
            byte[] salt = new byte[32];
            rand.nextBytes(salt);
            md.update(salt);
            md.update(data);
            hash = md.digest();
     catch (GeneralSecurityException gse) {
            handleCryptoErrors(gse);
     finally {
            Arrays.fill(data, 0);
     return Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(hash);
}
```

Slow, Adaptive Password Hash

```
private String protectPassword(String password) {
     byte[] data = password.getBytes("UTF-8");
     byte[] hash = null;
     try {
            SecureRandom rand = new SecureRandom();
            byte[] salt = new byte[32];
            rand.nextBytes(salt);
            SecretKeyFactory skf = SecretKeyFactory.getInstance("PBKDF2WithHmacSHA512");
            PBEKeySpec spec = new PBEKeySpec(data, salt, ITERATION_COUNT, KEY_LENGTH);
            // ITERATION COUNT should be configured by environment, KEY_LENGTH should be 256
            SecretKey key = skf.generateSecret(spec);
            hash = key.getEncoded();
     catch (GeneralSecurityException gse) {
            handleCryptoErrors (gse);
     finally {
            Arrays.fill(data, 0);
     return Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(hash);
}
```



Potential Off by One Error in Loops

Risk

What might happen

An off by one error may result in overwriting or over-reading of unintended memory; in most cases, this can result in unexpected behavior and even application crashes. In other cases, where allocation can be controlled by an attacker, a combination of variable assignment and an off by one error can result in execution of malicious code.

Cause

How does it happen

Often when designating variables to memory, a calculation error may occur when determining size or length that is off by one.

For example in loops, when allocating an array of size 2, its cells are counted as 0,1 - therefore, if a For loop iterator on the array is incorrectly set with the start condition i=0 and the continuation condition i<=2, three cells will be accessed instead of 2, and an attempt will be made to write or read cell [2], which was not originally allocated, resulting in potential corruption of memory outside the bounds of the originally assigned array.

Another example occurs when a null-byte terminated string, in the form of a character array, is copied without its terminating null-byte. Without the null-byte, the string representation is unterminated, resulting in certain functions to over-read memory as they expect the missing null terminator.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Always ensure that a given iteration boundary is correct:
 - With array iterations, consider that arrays begin with cell 0 and end with cell n-1, for a size n array.
 - With character arrays and null-byte terminated string representations, consider that the null byte is required and should not be overwritten or ignored; ensure functions in use are not vulnerable to off-by-one, specifically for instances where null-bytes are automatically appended after the buffer, instead of in place of its last character.
- Where possible, use safe functions that manage memory and are not prone to off-by-one errors.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Off-By-One in For Loop

```
int *ptr;
ptr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
for (int i = 0; i <= 5; i++)
{
    ptr[i] = i * 2 + 1; // ptr[5] will be set, but is out of bounds</pre>
```



}

Proper Iteration in For Loop

```
int *ptr;
ptr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    ptr[i] = i * 2 + 1; // ptr[0-4] are well defined
}</pre>
```

Off-By-One in strncat

```
strncat(buf, input, sizeof(buf) - strlen(buf)); // actual value should be sizeof(buf) -
strlen(buf) -1 - this form will overwrite the terminating nullbyte
```



Potential Precision Problem

Risk

What might happen

Buffer overflow attacks, in their various forms, could allow an attacker to control certain areas of memory. Typically, this is used to overwrite data on the stack necessary for the program to function properly, such as code and memory addresses, though other forms of this attack exist. Exploiting this vulnerability can generally lead to system crashes, infinite loops, or even execution of arbitrary code.

Cause

How does it happen

Buffer Overflows can manifest in numerous different variations. In it's most basic form, the attack controls a buffer, which is then copied to a smaller buffer without size verification. Because the attacker's source buffer is larger than the program's target buffer, the attacker's data overwrites whatever is next on the stack, allowing the attacker to control program structures.

Alternatively, the vulnerability could be the result of improper bounds checking; exposing internal memory addresses outside of their valid scope; allowing the attacker to control the size of the target buffer; or various other forms.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- o Always perform proper bounds checking before copying buffers or strings.
- o Prefer to use safer functions and structures, e.g. safe string classes over char*, strncpy over strcpy, and so on.
- o Consistently apply tests for the size of buffers.
- o Do not return variable addresses outside the scope of their variables.

Source Code Examples

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Indicator of Poor Code Quality

Weakness ID: 398 (Weakness Class) Status: Draft

Description

Description Summary

The code has features that do not directly introduce a weakness or vulnerability, but indicate that the product has not been carefully developed or maintained.

Extended Description

Programs are more likely to be secure when good development practices are followed. If a program is complex, difficult to maintain, not portable, or shows evidence of neglect, then there is a higher likelihood that weaknesses are buried in the code.

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- Implementation

Relationships

Relationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Category	18	Source Code	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Weakness Class	710	<u>Coding Standards</u> <u>Violation</u>	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	107	Struts: Unused Validation Form	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	110	Struts: Validator Without Form Field	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Category	399	Resource Management Errors	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Base	401	Failure to Release Memory Before Removing Last Reference ('Memory Leak')	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Base	404	Improper Resource Shutdown or Release	Development Concepts699 Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	415	<u>Double Free</u>	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Base	416	<u>Use After Free</u>	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	457	<u>Use of Uninitialized</u> <u>Variable</u>	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Base	474	Use of Function with Inconsistent Implementations	Development Concepts (primary)699 Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	475	Undefined Behavior for Input to API	Development Concepts (primary)699 Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ParentOf	Weakness Base	476	NULL Pointer	Development



			<u>Dereference</u>	Concepts (primary)699 Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	477	<u>Use of Obsolete</u> <u>Functions</u>	Development Concepts (primary)699 Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	478	Missing Default Case in Switch Statement	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	479	Unsafe Function Call from a Signal Handler	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	483	Incorrect Block Delimitation	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Base	484	Omitted Break Statement in Switch	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	546	Suspicious Comment	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	547	Use of Hard-coded, Security-relevant Constants	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	561	<u>Dead Code</u>	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	562	Return of Stack Variable Address	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	563	<u>Unused Variable</u>	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Category	569	Expression Issues	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	585	Empty Synchronized Block	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	586	Explicit Call to Finalize()	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	617	Reachable Assertion	Development Concepts (primary)699
ParentOf	Weakness Base	676	Use of Potentially Dangerous Function	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
MemberOf Tayonomy Mannings	View	700	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name Node ID Fit Mapped Node Name



7 Pernicious Kingdoms				Code
Content History				
Submissions				
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source	
	7 Pernicious Kingdoms		Externally Mined	
Modifications				
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source	
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External	
	updated Time of Introductio	n		
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Description, Relatio	nships, Taxonomy Mappin	gs	
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Relationships			
Previous Entry Name	S			
Change Date	Previous Entry Name			
2008-04-11	Code Quality			

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Status: Draft

Improper Access Control (Authorization)

Weakness ID: 285 (Weakness Class)

Description

Description Summary

The software does not perform or incorrectly performs access control checks across all potential execution paths.

Extended Description

When access control checks are not applied consistently - or not at all - users are able to access data or perform actions that they should not be allowed to perform. This can lead to a wide range of problems, including information leaks, denial of service, and arbitrary code execution.

Alternate Terms

AuthZ:

"AuthZ" is typically used as an abbreviation of "authorization" within the web application security community. It is also distinct from "AuthC," which is an abbreviation of "authentication." The use of "Auth" as an abbreviation is discouraged, since it could be used for either authentication or authorization.

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- Implementation
- Operation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

Language-independent

Technology Classes

Web-Server: (Often)

Database-Server: (Often)

Modes of Introduction

A developer may introduce authorization weaknesses because of a lack of understanding about the underlying technologies. For example, a developer may assume that attackers cannot modify certain inputs such as headers or cookies.

Authorization weaknesses may arise when a single-user application is ported to a multi-user environment.

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Confidentiality	An attacker could read sensitive data, either by reading the data directly from a data store that is not properly restricted, or by accessing insufficiently-protected, privileged functionality to read the data.
Integrity	An attacker could modify sensitive data, either by writing the data directly to a data store that is not properly restricted, or by accessing insufficiently-protected, privileged functionality to write the data.
Integrity	An attacker could gain privileges by modifying or reading critical data directly, or by accessing insufficiently-protected, privileged functionality.

Likelihood of Exploit

High

Detection Methods



Automated Static Analysis

Automated static analysis is useful for detecting commonly-used idioms for authorization. A tool may be able to analyze related configuration files, such as .htaccess in Apache web servers, or detect the usage of commonly-used authorization libraries.

Generally, automated static analysis tools have difficulty detecting custom authorization schemes. In addition, the software's design may include some functionality that is accessible to any user and does not require an authorization check; an automated technique that detects the absence of authorization may report false positives.

Effectiveness: Limited

Automated Dynamic Analysis

Automated dynamic analysis may find many or all possible interfaces that do not require authorization, but manual analysis is required to determine if the lack of authorization violates business logic

Manual Analysis

This weakness can be detected using tools and techniques that require manual (human) analysis, such as penetration testing, threat modeling, and interactive tools that allow the tester to record and modify an active session.

Specifically, manual static analysis is useful for evaluating the correctness of custom authorization mechanisms.

Effectiveness: Moderate

These may be more effective than strictly automated techniques. This is especially the case with weaknesses that are related to design and business rules. However, manual efforts might not achieve desired code coverage within limited time constraints.

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following program could be part of a bulletin board system that allows users to send private messages to each other. This program intends to authenticate the user before deciding whether a private message should be displayed. Assume that LookupMessageObject() ensures that the \$id argument is numeric, constructs a filename based on that id, and reads the message details from that file. Also assume that the program stores all private messages for all users in the same directory.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: Perl
```

```
sub DisplayPrivateMessage {
    my($id) = @_;
    my $Message = LookupMessageObject($id);
    print "From: ".encodeHTML($Message->{from})."<br/>print "Subject: ".encodeHTML($Message->{subject})."\n";
    print "<hr/>print "Subject: ".encodeHTML($Message->{subject})."\n";
    print "Body: ".encodeHTML($Message->{body})."\n";
}

my $q = new CGI;
#For purposes of this example, assume that CWE-309 and
#CWE-523 do not apply.
if (! AuthenticateUser($q->param('username'), $q->param('password'))) {
    ExitError("invalid username or password");
}

my $id = $q->param('id');
DisplayPrivateMessage($id);
```

While the program properly exits if authentication fails, it does not ensure that the message is addressed to the user. As a result, an authenticated attacker could provide any arbitrary identifier and read private messages that were intended for other users.

One way to avoid this problem would be to ensure that the "to" field in the message object matches the username of the authenticated user.

Observed Examples

Reference	Description
CVE-2009-3168	Web application does not restrict access to admin scripts, allowing authenticated users to reset administrative passwords.



CVE-2009-2960	Web application does not restrict access to admin scripts, allowing authenticated users to modify passwords of other users.
CVE-2009-3597	Web application stores database file under the web root with insufficient access control (CWE-219), allowing direct request.
CVE-2009-2282	Terminal server does not check authorization for guest access.
CVE-2009-3230	Database server does not use appropriate privileges for certain sensitive operations.
CVE-2009-2213	Gateway uses default "Allow" configuration for its authorization settings.
CVE-2009-0034	Chain: product does not properly interpret a configuration option for a system group, allowing users to gain privileges.
CVE-2008-6123	Chain: SNMP product does not properly parse a configuration option for which hosts are allowed to connect, allowing unauthorized IP addresses to connect.
CVE-2008-5027	System monitoring software allows users to bypass authorization by creating custom forms.
CVE-2008-7109	Chain: reliance on client-side security (CWE-602) allows attackers to bypass authorization using a custom client.
CVE-2008-3424	Chain: product does not properly handle wildcards in an authorization policy list, allowing unintended access.
CVE-2009-3781	Content management system does not check access permissions for private files, allowing others to view those files.
CVE-2008-4577	ACL-based protection mechanism treats negative access rights as if they are positive, allowing bypass of intended restrictions.
CVE-2008-6548	Product does not check the ACL of a page accessed using an "include" directive, allowing attackers to read unauthorized files.
CVE-2007-2925	Default ACL list for a DNS server does not set certain ACLs, allowing unauthorized DNS queries.
CVE-2006-6679	Product relies on the X-Forwarded-For HTTP header for authorization, allowing unintended access by spoofing the header.
CVE-2005-3623	OS kernel does not check for a certain privilege before setting ACLs for files.
CVE-2005-2801	Chain: file-system code performs an incorrect comparison (CWE-697), preventing defauls ACLs from being properly applied.
CVE-2001-1155	Chain: product does not properly check the result of a reverse DNS lookup because of operator precedence (CWE-783), allowing bypass of DNS-based access restrictions.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Architecture and Design

Divide your application into anonymous, normal, privileged, and administrative areas. Reduce the attack surface by carefully mapping roles with data and functionality. Use role-based access control (RBAC) to enforce the roles at the appropriate boundaries.

Note that this approach may not protect against horizontal authorization, i.e., it will not protect a user from attacking others with the same role.

Phase: Architecture and Design

Ensure that you perform access control checks related to your business logic. These checks may be different than the access control checks that you apply to more generic resources such as files, connections, processes, memory, and database records. For example, a database may restrict access for medical records to a specific database user, but each record might only be intended to be accessible to the patient and the patient's doctor.

Phase: Architecture and Design

Strategy: Libraries or Frameworks

Use a vetted library or framework that does not allow this weakness to occur or provides constructs that make this weakness



easier to avoid.

For example, consider using authorization frameworks such as the JAAS Authorization Framework and the OWASP ESAPI Access Control feature.

Phase: Architecture and Design

For web applications, make sure that the access control mechanism is enforced correctly at the server side on every page. Users should not be able to access any unauthorized functionality or information by simply requesting direct access to that page.

One way to do this is to ensure that all pages containing sensitive information are not cached, and that all such pages restrict access to requests that are accompanied by an active and authenticated session token associated with a user who has the required permissions to access that page.

Phases: System Configuration; Installation

Use the access control capabilities of your operating system and server environment and define your access control lists accordingly. Use a "default deny" policy when defining these ACLs.

Relationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Category	254	Security Features	Seven Pernicious Kingdoms (primary)700
ChildOf	Weakness Class	284	Access Control (Authorization) Issues	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	721	OWASP Top Ten 2007 Category A10 - Failure to Restrict URL Access	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2007) (primary)629
ChildOf	Category	723	OWASP Top Ten 2004 Category A2 - Broken Access Control	Weaknesses in OWASP Top Ten (2004) (primary)711
ChildOf	Category	753	2009 Top 25 - Porous Defenses	Weaknesses in the 2009 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)750
ChildOf	Category	803	2010 Top 25 - Porous Defenses	Weaknesses in the 2010 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)800
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	219	Sensitive Data Under Web Root	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	551	Incorrect Behavior Order: Authorization Before Parsing and Canonicalization	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Class	638	Failure to Use Complete Mediation	Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	804	Guessable CAPTCHA	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
7 Pernicious Kingdoms			Missing Access Control
OWASP Top Ten 2007	A10	CWE More Specific	Failure to Restrict URL Access
OWASP Top Ten 2004	A2	CWE More Specific	Broken Access Control

Related Attack Patterns

CAPEC-ID	Attack Pattern Name	(CAPEC Version: 1.5)
1	Accessing Functionality Not Properly Constrained by ACLs	
<u>13</u>	Subverting Environment Variable Values	



17	Accessing, Modifying or Executing Executable Files
87	Forceful Browsing
<u>39</u>	Manipulating Opaque Client-based Data Tokens
<u>45</u>	Buffer Overflow via Symbolic Links
<u>51</u>	Poison Web Service Registry
<u>59</u>	Session Credential Falsification through Prediction
60	Reusing Session IDs (aka Session Replay)
77	Manipulating User-Controlled Variables
<u>76</u>	Manipulating Input to File System Calls
104	Cross Zone Scripting

References

NIST. "Role Based Access Control and Role Based Security". < http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/SNS/rbac/.

[REF-11] M. Howard and D. LeBlanc. "Writing Secure Code". Chapter 4, "Authorization" Page 114; Chapter 6, "Determining Appropriate Access Control" Page 171. 2nd Edition. Microsoft. 2002.

Content History

Submissions			
Submissions	0 1 :::	0 1 11	
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
	7 Pernicious Kingdoms		Externally Mined
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
	updated Time of Introduct	ion	
2008-08-15		Veracode	External
	Suggested OWASP Top Te	n 2004 mapping	
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
		her Notes, Taxonomy Mapp	ings
2009-01-12	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Common Consequence Potential Mitigations, Refe		ood of Exploit, Name, Other Notes,
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Potential Mitigation	ons	
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Description, Relat	ted Attack Patterns	
2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Relationships		
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Type		
2009-12-28	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
		ms, Common Consequence of Introduction, Observed E	s, Demonstrative Examples, xamples, Relationships
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Alternate Terms, Relationships	Detection Factors, Potentia	l Mitigations, References,
2010-04-05	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Potential Mitigation	ons	
Previous Entry Nam	nes es		
Change Date	Previous Entry Name		
2009-01-12	Missing or Inconsistent	: Access Control	

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Status: Draft

Incorrect Permission Assignment for Critical Resource

Weakness ID: 732 (Weakness Class)

Description

Description Summary

The software specifies permissions for a security-critical resource in a way that allows that resource to be read or modified by unintended actors.

Extended Description

When a resource is given a permissions setting that provides access to a wider range of actors than required, it could lead to the disclosure of sensitive information, or the modification of that resource by unintended parties. This is especially dangerous when the resource is related to program configuration, execution or sensitive user data.

Time of Introduction

- Architecture and Design
- Implementation
- Installation
- Operation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

Language-independent

Modes of Introduction

The developer may set loose permissions in order to minimize problems when the user first runs the program, then create documentation stating that permissions should be tightened. Since system administrators and users do not always read the documentation, this can result in insecure permissions being left unchanged.

The developer might make certain assumptions about the environment in which the software runs - e.g., that the software is running on a single-user system, or the software is only accessible to trusted administrators. When the software is running in a different environment, the permissions become a problem.

Common Consequences

common consequences	
Scope	Effect
Confidentiality	An attacker may be able to read sensitive information from the associated resource, such as credentials or configuration information stored in a file.
Integrity	An attacker may be able to modify critical properties of the associated resource to gain privileges, such as replacing a world-writable executable with a Trojan horse.
Availability	An attacker may be able to destroy or corrupt critical data in the associated resource, such as deletion of records from a database.

Likelihood of Exploit

Medium to High

Detection Methods

Automated Static Analysis

Automated static analysis may be effective in detecting permission problems for system resources such as files, directories, shared memory, device interfaces, etc. Automated techniques may be able to detect the use of library functions that modify permissions, then analyze function calls for arguments that contain potentially insecure values.

However, since the software's intended security policy might allow loose permissions for certain operations (such as publishing a file on a web server), automated static analysis may produce some false positives - i.e., warnings that do not have any security consequences or require any code changes.

When custom permissions models are used - such as defining who can read messages in a particular forum in a bulletin board system - these can be difficult to detect using automated static analysis. It may be possible to define custom signatures that

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identify any custom functions that implement the permission checks and assignments.

Automated Dynamic Analysis

Automated dynamic analysis may be effective in detecting permission problems for system resources such as files, directories, shared memory, device interfaces, etc.

However, since the software's intended security policy might allow loose permissions for certain operations (such as publishing a file on a web server), automated dynamic analysis may produce some false positives - i.e., warnings that do not have any security consequences or require any code changes.

When custom permissions models are used - such as defining who can read messages in a particular forum in a bulletin board system - these can be difficult to detect using automated dynamic analysis. It may be possible to define custom signatures that identify any custom functions that implement the permission checks and assignments.

Manual Static Analysis

Manual static analysis may be effective in detecting the use of custom permissions models and functions. The code could then be examined to identifying usage of the related functions. Then the human analyst could evaluate permission assignments in the context of the intended security model of the software.

Manual Dynamic Analysis

Manual dynamic analysis may be effective in detecting the use of custom permissions models and functions. The program could then be executed with a focus on exercising code paths that are related to the custom permissions. Then the human analyst could evaluate permission assignments in the context of the intended security model of the software.

Fuzzing

Fuzzing is not effective in detecting this weakness.

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following code sets the umask of the process to 0 before creating a file and writing "Hello world" into the file.

```
Example Language: C
```

```
#define OUTFILE "hello.out"
umask(0);
FILE *out;
/* Ignore CWE-59 (link following) for brevity */
out = fopen(OUTFILE, "w");
if (out) {
fprintf(out, "hello world!\n");
fclose(out);
```

After running this program on a UNIX system, running the "Is -I" command might return the following output:

(Result)

-rw-rw-rw- 1 username 13 Nov 24 17:58 hello.out

The "rw-rw-rw-" string indicates that the owner, group, and world (all users) can read the file and write to it.

Example 2

The following code snippet might be used as a monitor to periodically record whether a web site is alive. To ensure that the file can always be modified, the code uses chmod() to make the file world-writable.

```
Example Language: Perl
$fileName = "secretFile.out";
if (-e $fileName) {
chmod 0777, $fileName;
```



```
my $outFH;
if (! open($outFH, ">>$fileName")) {
    ExitError("Couldn't append to $fileName: $!");
}
my $dateString = FormatCurrentTime();
my $status = IsHostAlive("cwe.mitre.org");
print $outFH "$dateString cwe status: $status!\n";
close($outFH);
```

The first time the program runs, it might create a new file that inherits the permissions from its environment. A file listing might look like:

(Result)

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 username 13 Nov 24 17:58 secretFile.out
```

This listing might occur when the user has a default umask of 022, which is a common setting. Depending on the nature of the file, the user might not have intended to make it readable by everyone on the system.

The next time the program runs, however - and all subsequent executions - the chmod will set the file's permissions so that the owner, group, and world (all users) can read the file and write to it:

(Result)

```
-rw-rw-rw- 1 username 13 Nov 24 17:58 secretFile.out
```

Perhaps the programmer tried to do this because a different process uses different permissions that might prevent the file from being updated.

Example 3

The following command recursively sets world-readable permissions for a directory and all of its children:

(Bad Code)

Example Language: Shell chmod -R ugo+r DIRNAME

If this command is run from a program, the person calling the program might not expect that all the files under the directory will be world-readable. If the directory is expected to contain private data, this could become a security problem.

Observed Examples

Observed Examples	
Reference	Description
CVE-2009-3482	Anti-virus product sets insecure "Everyone: Full Control" permissions for files under the "Program Files" folder, allowing attackers to replace executables with Trojan horses.
CVE-2009-3897	Product creates directories with 0777 permissions at installation, allowing users to gain privileges and access a socket used for authentication.
CVE-2009-3489	Photo editor installs a service with an insecure security descriptor, allowing users to stop or start the service, or execute commands as SYSTEM.
CVE-2009-3289	Library function copies a file to a new target and uses the source file's permissions for the target, which is incorrect when the source file is a symbolic link, which typically has 0777 permissions.
CVE-2009-0115	Device driver uses world-writable permissions for a socket file, allowing attackers to inject arbitrary commands.
CVE-2009-1073	LDAP server stores a cleartext password in a world-readable file.
CVE-2009-0141	Terminal emulator creates TTY devices with world-writable permissions, allowing an attacker to write to the terminals of other users.



CVE-2008-0662	VPN product stores user credentials in a registry key with "Everyone: Full Control" permissions, allowing attackers to steal the credentials.
CVE-2008-0322	Driver installs its device interface with "Everyone: Write" permissions.
CVE-2009-3939	Driver installs a file with world-writable permissions.
CVE-2009-3611	Product changes permissions to 0777 before deleting a backup; the permissions stay insecure for subsequent backups.
CVE-2007-6033	Product creates a share with "Everyone: Full Control" permissions, allowing arbitrary program execution.
CVE-2007-5544	Product uses "Everyone: Full Control" permissions for memory-mapped files (shared memory) in inter-process communication, allowing attackers to tamper with a session.
CVE-2005-4868	Database product uses read/write permissions for everyone for its shared memory, allowing theft of credentials.
CVE-2004-1714	Security product uses "Everyone: Full Control" permissions for its configuration files.
CVE-2001-0006	"Everyone: Full Control" permissions assigned to a mutex allows users to disable network connectivity.
CVE-2002-0969	Chain: database product contains buffer overflow that is only reachable through a .ini configuration file - which has "Everyone: Full Control" permissions.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Implementation

When using a critical resource such as a configuration file, check to see if the resource has insecure permissions (such as being modifiable by any regular user), and generate an error or even exit the software if there is a possibility that the resource could have been modified by an unauthorized party.

Phase: Architecture and Design

Divide your application into anonymous, normal, privileged, and administrative areas. Reduce the attack surface by carefully defining distinct user groups, privileges, and/or roles. Map these against data, functionality, and the related resources. Then set the permissions accordingly. This will allow you to maintain more fine-grained control over your resources.

Phases: Implementation; Installation

During program startup, explicitly set the default permissions or umask to the most restrictive setting possible. Also set the appropriate permissions during program installation. This will prevent you from inheriting insecure permissions from any user who installs or runs the program.

Phase: System Configuration

For all configuration files, executables, and libraries, make sure that they are only readable and writable by the software's administrator.

Phase: Documentation

Do not suggest insecure configuration changes in your documentation, especially if those configurations can extend to resources and other software that are outside the scope of your own software.

Phase: Installation

Do not assume that the system administrator will manually change the configuration to the settings that you recommend in the manual.

Phase: Testing

Use tools and techniques that require manual (human) analysis, such as penetration testing, threat modeling, and interactive tools that allow the tester to record and modify an active session. These may be more effective than strictly automated techniques. This is especially the case with weaknesses that are related to design and business rules.

Phase: Testing

Use monitoring tools that examine the software's process as it interacts with the operating system and the network. This technique is useful in cases when source code is unavailable, if the software was not developed by you, or if you want to verify that the build phase did not introduce any new weaknesses. Examples include debuggers that directly attach to the running process; system-call tracing utilities such as truss (Solaris) and strace (Linux); system activity monitors such as FileMon, RegMon, Process Monitor, and other Sysinternals utilities (Windows); and sniffers and protocol analyzers that monitor network traffic.



Attach the monitor to the process and watch for library functions or system calls on OS resources such as files, directories, and shared memory. Examine the arguments to these calls to infer which permissions are being used.

Note that this technique is only useful for permissions issues related to system resources. It is not likely to detect application-level business rules that are related to permissions, such as if a user of a blog system marks a post as "private," but the blog system inadvertently marks it as "public."

Phases: Testing; System Configuration

Ensure that your software runs properly under the Federal Desktop Core Configuration (FDCC) or an equivalent hardening configuration guide, which many organizations use to limit the attack surface and potential risk of deployed software.

Relationships

Relationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Category	275	Permission Issues	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Weakness Class	668	Exposure of Resource to Wrong Sphere	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	753	2009 Top 25 - Porous Defenses	Weaknesses in the 2009 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)750
ChildOf	Category	803	2010 Top 25 - Porous Defenses	Weaknesses in the 2010 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)800
RequiredBy	Compound Element: Composite	689	Permission Race Condition During Resource Copy	Research Concepts1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	276	<u>Incorrect Default</u> <u>Permissions</u>	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	277	<u>Insecure Inherited</u> <u>Permissions</u>	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	278	<u>Insecure Preserved</u> <u>Inherited Permissions</u>	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Variant	279	Incorrect Execution- Assigned Permissions	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ParentOf	Weakness Base	281	Improper Preservation of Permissions	Research Concepts (primary)1000

Related Attack Patterns

CAPEC-ID	Attack Pattern Name	(CAPEC Version: 1.5)
232	Exploitation of Privilege/Trust	
1	Accessing Functionality Not Properly Constrained by ACLs	
<u>17</u>	Accessing, Modifying or Executing Executable Files	
<u>60</u>	Reusing Session IDs (aka Session Replay)	
<u>61</u>	Session Fixation	
<u>62</u>	Cross Site Request Forgery (aka Session Riding)	
122	Exploitation of Authorization	
180	Exploiting Incorrectly Configured Access Control Security Levels	
234	Hijacking a privileged process	

References

Mark Dowd, John McDonald and Justin Schuh. "The Art of Software Security Assessment". Chapter 9, "File Permissions." Page 495.. 1st Edition. Addison Wesley. 2006.

John Viega and Gary McGraw. "Building Secure Software". Chapter 8, "Access Control." Page 194.. 1st Edition. Addison-Wesley. 2002.



Maintenance Notes

The relationships between privileges, permissions, and actors (e.g. users and groups) need further refinement within the Research view. One complication is that these concepts apply to two different pillars, related to control of resources (CWE-664) and protection mechanism failures (CWE-396).

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Submissions			
	Cubmitton	Overniention	Cauras
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
2008-09-08			Internal CWE Team
	new weakness-focused entry	for Research view.	
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2009-01-12	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Description, Likelihoo	od of Exploit, Name, Potential	Mitigations, Relationships
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Potential Mitigations,	, Related Attack Patterns	
2009-05-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Name		
2009-12-28	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
		, Common Consequences, Der ntroduction, Observed Examp	
	References	ntroduction, Observed Examp	ies, i oteritiai mitigations,
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Relationships		
2010-04-05	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Potential Mitigations	Related Attack Patterns	
Previous Entry Name	S		
Change Date	Previous Entry Name		
2009-01-12	Insecure Permission Assign	nment for Resource	
2009-05-27	Insecure Permission Assign	nment for Critical Resourc	ce .
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Exposure of System Data to Unauthorized Control Sphere Risk

What might happen

System data can provide attackers with valuable insights on systems and services they are targeting - any type of system data, from service version to operating system fingerprints, can assist attackers to hone their attack, correlate data with known vulnerabilities or focus efforts on developing new attacks against specific technologies.

Cause

How does it happen

System data is read and subsequently exposed where it might be read by untrusted entities.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Consider the implications of exposure of the specified input, and expected level of access to the specified output. If not required, consider removing this code, or modifying exposed information to exclude potentially sensitive system data.

Source Code Examples

Java

Leaking Environment Variables in JSP Web-Page

```
String envVarValue = System.getenv(envVar);
if (envVarValue == null) {
    out.println("Environment variable is not defined:");
    out.println(System.getenv());
} else {
    //[...]
};
```



Status: Incomplete

Information Leak Through Comments

Weakness ID: 615 (Weakness Variant)

Description

Description Summary

While adding general comments is very useful, some programmers tend to leave important data, such as: filenames related to the web application, old links or links which were not meant to be browsed by users, old code fragments, etc.

Extended Description

An attacker who finds these comments can map the application's structure and files, expose hidden parts of the site, and study the fragments of code to reverse engineer the application, which may help develop further attacks against the site.

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following comment, embedded in a JSP, will be displayed in the resulting HTML output.

(Bad Code)

Example Languages: HTML and JSP

<!-- FIXME: calling this with more than 30 args kills the JDBC server -->

Observed Examples

Reference	Description
CVE-2007-6197	Version numbers and internal hostnames leaked in HTML comments.
CVE-2007-4072	CMS places full pathname of server in HTML comment.
CVE-2009-2431	blog software leaks real username in HTML comment.

Potential Mitigations

Remove comments which have sensitive information about the design/implementation of the application. Some of the comments may be exposed to the user and affect the security posture of the application.

Relationships

remuionships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Variant	540	Information Leak Through Source Code	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000

Content History

Submissions			
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
	Anonymous Tool Vendor (under NDA)		Externally Mined
Modifications			
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source
2008-07-01	Sean Eidemiller	Cigital	External
	added/updated demonstrativ	e examples	
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
	updated Potential Mitigations	, Time of Introduction	
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Relationships, Taxor	nomy Mappings	
2008-10-14	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Description		
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal



	updated Demonstrative Examples		
2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
	updated Observed Examples,	Taxonomy Mappings	

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Use of Insufficiently Random Values

Risk

What might happen

Random values are often used as a mechanism to prevent malicious users from guessing a value, such as a password, encryption key, or session identifier. Depending on what this random value is used for, an attacker would be able to predict the next numbers generated, or previously generated values. This could enable the attacker to hijack another user's session, impersonate another user, or crack an encryption key (depending on what the pseudo-random value was used for).

Cause

How does it happen

The application uses a weak method of generating pseudo-random values, such that other numbers could be determined from a relatively small sample size. Since the pseudo-random number generator used is designed for statistically uniform distribution of values, it is approximately deterministic. Thus, after collecting a few generated values (e.g. by creating a few individual sessions, and collecting the sessionids), it would be possible for an attacker to calculate another sessionid.

Specifically, if this pseudo-random value is used in any security context, such as passwords, keys, or secret identifiers, an attacker would be able to predict the next numbers generated, or previously generated values.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

Generic Guidance:

- Whenever unpredicatable numbers are required in a security context, use a cryptographically strong random number generator, instead of a statistical pseudo-random generator.
- Use the cryptorandom generator that is built-in to your language or platform, and ensure it is securely seeded. Do not seed the generator with a weak, non-random seed. (In most cases, the default is securely random).
- o Ensure you use a long enough random value, to make brute-force attacks unfeasible.

Specific Recommendations:

o Do not use the statistical pseudo-random number generator, use the cryptorandom generator instead. In Java, this is the SecureRandom class.

Source Code Examples

Java

Use of a weak pseudo-random number generator

```
Random random = new Random();
long sessNum = random.nextLong();
String sessionId = sessNum.toString();
```



Cryptographically secure random number generator

```
SecureRandom random = new SecureRandom();
byte sessBytes[] = new byte[32];
random.nextBytes(sessBytes);
String sessionId = new String(sessBytes);
```

Objc

Use of a weak pseudo-random number generator

```
long sessNum = rand();
NSString* sessionId = [NSString stringWithFormat:@"%ld", sessNum];
```

Cryptographically secure random number generator

```
UInt32 sessBytes;
SecRandomCopyBytes(kSecRandomDefault, sizeof(sessBytes), (uint8_t*)&sessBytes);
NSString* sessionId = [NSString stringWithFormat:@"%llu", sessBytes];
```

Swift

Use of a weak pseudo-random number generator

```
let sessNum = rand();
let sessionId = String(format:"%ld", sessNum)
```

Cryptographically secure random number generator

```
var sessBytes: UInt32 = 0
withUnsafeMutablePointer(&sessBytes, { (sessBytesPointer) -> Void in
    let castedPointer = unsafeBitCast(sessBytesPointer, UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>.self)
    SecRandomCopyBytes(kSecRandomDefault, sizeof(UInt32), castedPointer)
})
let sessionId = String(format:"%llu", sessBytes)
```



Privacy Violation

Risk

What might happen

A user's personal information could be stolen by a malicious programmer, or an attacker that intercepts the data.

Cause

How does it happen

The application sends user information, such as passwords, account information, or credit card numbers, outside the application, such as writing it to a local text or log file or sending it to an external web service.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- 1. Personal data should be removed before writing to logs or other files.
- 2. Review the need and justification of sending personal data to remote web services.

Source Code Examples

CSharp

The user's password is written to the screen

```
class PrivacyViolation
{
    static void foo(string insert_sql)

{
    string password = "unsafe password";
    insert_sql = insert_sql.Replace("$password", password);
    System.Console.WriteLine(insert_sql);
}
}
```

the user's password is MD5 coded before being written to the screen

```
class PrivacyViolationFixed
{
     static void foo(string insert_sql)
     {
```





Unchecked Return Value

Risk

What might happen

A program that does not check function return values could cause the application to enter an undefined state. This could lead to unexpected behavior and unintended consequences, including inconsistent data, system crashes or other error-based exploits.

Cause

How does it happen

The application calls a system function, but does not receive or check the result of this function. These functions often return error codes in the result, or share other status codes with it's caller. The application simply ignores this result value, losing this vital information.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Always check the result of any called function that returns a value, and verify the result is an expected value.
- Ensure the calling function responds to all possible return values.
- Expect runtime errors and handle them gracefully. Explicitly define a mechanism for handling unexpected errors.

Source Code Examples

CPP

Unchecked Memory Allocation

```
buff = (char*) malloc(size);
strncpy(buff, source, size);
```

Safer Memory Allocation

```
buff = (char*) malloc(size+1);
if (buff==NULL) exit(1);

strncpy(buff, source, size);
buff[size] = '\0';
```



Status: Draft

Use of sizeof() on a Pointer Type

Weakness ID: 467 (Weakness Variant)

Description

Description Summary

The code calls sizeof() on a malloced pointer type, which always returns the wordsize/8. This can produce an unexpected result if the programmer intended to determine how much memory has been allocated.

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C

C++

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Integrity	This error can often cause one to allocate a buffer that is much smaller than what is needed, leading to resultant weaknesses such as buffer overflows.

Likelihood of Exploit

High

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

Care should be taken to ensure size of returns the size of the data structure itself, and not the size of the pointer to the data structure.

In this example, sizeof(foo) returns the size of the pointer.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Languages: C and C++
double *foo;
```

foo = (double *)malloc(sizeof(foo));

In this example, sizeof(*foo) returns the size of the data structure and not the size of the pointer.

(Good Code)

```
Example Languages: C and C++
```

double *foo;

foo = (double *)malloc(sizeof(*foo));

Example 2

This example defines a fixed username and password. The AuthenticateUser() function is intended to accept a username and a password from an untrusted user, and check to ensure that it matches the username and password. If the username and password match, AuthenticateUser() is intended to indicate that authentication succeeded.

(Bad Code)

```
/* Ignore CWE-259 (hard-coded password) and CWE-309 (use of password system for authentication) for this example. */
char *username = "admin";
char *pass = "password";
int AuthenticateUser(char *inUser, char *inPass) {
```



```
printf("Sizeof username = %d\n", sizeof(username));
printf("Sizeof pass = %d\n", sizeof(pass));
if (strncmp(username, inUser, sizeof(username))) {
printf("Auth failure of username using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH_FAIL);
/* Because of CWE-467, the sizeof returns 4 on many platforms and architectures. */
if (! strncmp(pass, inPass, sizeof(pass))) {
printf("Auth success of password using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH SUCCESS);
else {
printf("Auth fail of password using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH FAIL);
int main (int argc, char **argv)
int authResult;
if (argc < 3) {
ExitError("Usage: Provide a username and password");
authResult = AuthenticateUser(argv[1], argv[2]);
if (authResult != AUTH SUCCESS) {
ExitError("Authentication failed");
DoAuthenticatedTask(argv[1]);
```

In AuthenticateUser(), because sizeof() is applied to a parameter with an array type, the sizeof() call might return 4 on many modern architectures. As a result, the strncmp() call only checks the first four characters of the input password, resulting in a partial comparison (CWE-187), leading to improper authentication (CWE-287).

Because of the partial comparison, any of these passwords would still cause authentication to succeed for the "admin" user:

(Attack

```
pass5
passABCDEFGH
passWORD
```

Because only 4 characters are checked, this significantly reduces the search space for an attacker, making brute force attacks more feasible.

The same problem also applies to the username, so values such as "adminXYZ" and "administrator" will succeed for the username.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Implementation

Use expressions such as "sizeof(*pointer)" instead of "sizeof(pointer)", unless you intend to run sizeof() on a pointer type to gain some platform independence or if you are allocating a variable on the stack.

Other Notes

The use of sizeof() on a pointer can sometimes generate useful information. An obvious case is to find out the wordsize on a platform. More often than not, the appearance of sizeof(pointer) indicates a bug.

Weakness Ordinalities

Ordinality	Description
Primary	(where the weakness exists independent of other weaknesses)



Relationships

Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Category	465	<u>Pointer Issues</u>	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Weakness Class	682	Incorrect Calculation	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	737	CERT C Secure Coding Section 03 - Expressions (EXP)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard (primary)734
ChildOf	Category	740	CERT C Secure Coding Section 06 - Arrays (ARR)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard734
CanPrecede	Weakness Base	131	Incorrect Calculation of Buffer Size	Research Concepts1000

Taxonomy Mappings

v 11 0			
Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
CLASP			Use of sizeof() on a pointer type
CERT C Secure Coding	ARR01-C		Do not apply the sizeof operator to a pointer when taking the size of an array
CERT C Secure Coding	EXP01-C		Do not take the size of a pointer to determine the size of the pointed-to type

White Box Definitions

A weakness where code path has:

- 1. end statement that passes an identity of a dynamically allocated memory resource to a sizeof operator
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{2}}.$ start statement that allocates the dynamically allocated memory resource

References

Robert Seacord. "EXP01-A. Do not take the size of a pointer to determine the size of a type".

https://www.securecoding.cert.org/confluence/display/seccode/EXP01-

A.+Do+not+take+the+sizeof+a+pointer+to+determine+the+size+of+a+type>.

Content History

Submission Date CLASP CLASP	Content Illistory			
CLASP Externally Mined	Submissions			
ModificationsModifierOrganizationSource2008-07-01Eric Dalci updated Time of IntroductionCigital KDM AnalyticsExternal2008-08-01KDM AnalyticsExternal2008-09-08CWE Content Team updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness OrdinalitiesInternal2008-11-24CWE Content Team updated Relationships, Taxonomy MappingsInternal2009-03-10CWE Content Team updated Demonstrative ExamplesInternal2009-12-28CWE Content Team updated Demonstrative ExamplesInternal2010-02-16CWE Content Team updated Demonstrative ExamplesInternal	Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source
Modification DateModifierOrganizationSource2008-07-01Eric Dalci updated Time of IntroductionCigital KDM AnalyticsExternal2008-08-01KDM AnalyticsExternaladded/updated white box definitions2008-09-08CWE Content Team updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities2008-11-24CWE Content Team updated Relationships, Taxonomy MappingsInternal2009-03-10CWE Content Team updated Demonstrative ExamplesInternal2009-12-28CWE Content Team updated Demonstrative ExamplesInternal2010-02-16CWE Content TeamMITREInternal		CLASP		Externally Mined
2008-07-01 Eric Dalci updated Time of Introduction 2008-08-01 KDM Analytics External added/updated white box definitions 2008-09-08 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities 2008-11-24 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings 2009-03-10 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2009-12-28 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2010-02-16 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal Internal	Modifications			
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2008-08-01 KDM Analytics External added/updated white box definitions	2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External
added/updated white box definitions CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples		updated Time of Introduction	on .	
2008-09-08 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities 2008-11-24 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings 2009-03-10 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2009-12-28 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2010-02-16 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal Internal updated Demonstrative Examples	2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External
updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities 2008-11-24		added/updated white box d	efinitions	
Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities 2008-11-24	2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings 2009-03-10				elationships, Other Notes,
2009-03-10 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2009-12-28 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2010-02-16 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal	2008-11-24	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
updated Demonstrative Examples 2009-12-28		updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings		
2009-12-28 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal updated Demonstrative Examples 2010-02-16 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal	2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
updated Demonstrative Examples 2010-02-16		updated Demonstrative Exa	mples	
2010-02-16 CWE Content Team MITRE Internal	2009-12-28	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
		updated Demonstrative Exa	mples	
updated Relationships	2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal
		updated Relationships		

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Reliance on DNS Lookups in a Decision

Risk

What might happen

Relying on reverse DNS records, without verifying domain ownership via cryptographic certificates or protocols, is not a sufficient authentication mechanism. Basing any security decisions on the registered hostname could allow an external attacker to control the application flow. The attacker could possibly perform restricted operations, bypass access controls, and even spoof the user's identity, inject a bogus hostname into the security log, and possibly other logic attacks.

Cause

How does it happen

The application performs a reverse DNS resolution, based on the remote IP address, and performs a security check based on the returned hostname. However, it is relatively easy to spoof DNS names, or cause them to be misreported, depending on the context of the specific environment. If the remote server is controlled by the attacker, it can be configured to report a bogus hostname. Additionally, the attacker could also spoof the hostname if she controls the associated DNS server, or by attacking the legitimate DNS server, or by poisoning the server's DNS cache, or by modifying unprotected DNS traffic to the server. Regardless of the vector, a remote attacker can alter the detected network address, faking the authentication details.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- Do not rely on DNS records, network addresses, or system hostnames as a form of authentication, or any other security-related decision.
- Do not perform reverse DNS resolution over an unprotected protocol without record validation.
- Implement a proper authentication mechanism, such as passwords, cryptographic certificates, or public key digital signatures.
- Consider using proposed protocol extensions to cryptographically protect DNS, e.g. DNSSEC (though note the limited support and other drawbacks).

Source Code Examples

Java

Using Reverse DNS as Authentication

```
private boolean isInternalEmployee (ServletRequest req) {
   boolean isCompany = false;

   String ip = req.getRemoteAddr();
   InetAddress address = InetAddress.getByName(ip);

   if (address.getHostName().endsWith(COMPANYNAME)) {
        isCompany = true;
   }
   return isCompany;
```



}

Verify Authenticated User's Identity

```
private boolean isInternalEmployee(ServletRequest req) {
    boolean isCompany = false;

    Principal user = req.getUserPrincipal();
    if (user != null) {
        if (user.getName().startsWith(COMPANYDOMAIN + "\\")) {
            isCompany = true;
        }
    }
    return isCompany;
}
```



NULL Pointer Dereference

Risk

What might happen

A null pointer dereference is likely to cause a run-time exception, a crash, or other unexpected behavior.

Cause

How does it happen

Variables which are declared without being assigned will implicitly retain a null value until they are assigned. The null value can also be explicitly set to a variable, to ensure clear out its contents. Since null is not really a value, it may not have object variables and methods, and any attempt to access contents of a null object, instead of verifying it is set beforehand, will result in a null pointer dereference exception.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

- For any variable that is created, ensure all logic flows between declaration and use assign a non-null value to the variable first.
- Enforce null checks on any received variable or object before it is dereferenced, to ensure it does not contain a null assigned to it elsewhere.
- Consider the need to assign null values in order to overwrite initialized variables. Consider reassigning or releasing these variables instead.

Source Code Examples

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Status: Draft

Use of sizeof() on a Pointer Type

Weakness ID: 467 (Weakness Variant)

Description

Description Summary

The code calls sizeof() on a malloced pointer type, which always returns the wordsize/8. This can produce an unexpected result if the programmer intended to determine how much memory has been allocated. **Time of Introduction**

Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C

C++

Common Consequences

Scope	Effect
Integrity	This error can often cause one to allocate a buffer that is much smaller than what is needed, leading to resultant weaknesses such as buffer overflows.

Likelihood of Exploit

High

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

Care should be taken to ensure sizeof returns the size of the data structure itself, and not the size of the pointer to the data structure.

In this example, sizeof(foo) returns the size of the pointer.

```
(Bad Code)
```

```
Example Languages: C and C++
double *foo;
foo = (double *)malloc(sizeof(foo));
```

In this example, sizeof(*foo) returns the size of the data structure and not the size of the pointer.

(Good Code)

```
Example Languages: C and C++
double *foo;
```

foo = (double *)malloc(sizeof(*foo));

Example 2

This example defines a fixed username and password. The AuthenticateUser() function is intended to accept a username and a password from an untrusted user, and check to ensure that it matches the username and password. If the username and password match, AuthenticateUser() is intended to indicate that authentication succeeded.

(Bad Code)

```
/* Ignore CWE-259 (hard-coded password) and CWE-309 (use of password system for authentication) for this example. */
char *username = "admin";
char *pass = "password";
int AuthenticateUser(char *inUser, char *inPass) {
```



```
printf("Sizeof username = %d\n", sizeof(username));
printf("Sizeof pass = %d\n", sizeof(pass));
if (strncmp(username, inUser, sizeof(username))) {
printf("Auth failure of username using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH_FAIL);
/* Because of CWE-467, the sizeof returns 4 on many platforms and architectures. */
if (! strncmp(pass, inPass, sizeof(pass))) {
printf("Auth success of password using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH SUCCESS);
else {
printf("Auth fail of password using sizeof\n");
return(AUTH FAIL);
int main (int argc, char **argv)
int authResult;
if (argc < 3) {
ExitError("Usage: Provide a username and password");
authResult = AuthenticateUser(argv[1], argv[2]);
if (authResult != AUTH SUCCESS) {
ExitError("Authentication failed");
DoAuthenticatedTask(argv[1]);
```

In AuthenticateUser(), because sizeof() is applied to a parameter with an array type, the sizeof() call might return 4 on many modern architectures. As a result, the strncmp() call only checks the first four characters of the input password, resulting in a partial comparison (CWE-187), leading to improper authentication (CWE-287).

Because of the partial comparison, any of these passwords would still cause authentication to succeed for the "admin" user:

(Attack

```
pass5
passABCDEFGH
passWORD
```

Because only 4 characters are checked, this significantly reduces the search space for an attacker, making brute force attacks more feasible.

The same problem also applies to the username, so values such as "adminXYZ" and "administrator" will succeed for the username.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Implementation

Use expressions such as "sizeof(*pointer)" instead of "sizeof(pointer)", unless you intend to run sizeof() on a pointer type to gain some platform independence or if you are allocating a variable on the stack.

Other Notes

The use of sizeof() on a pointer can sometimes generate useful information. An obvious case is to find out the wordsize on a platform. More often than not, the appearance of sizeof(pointer) indicates a bug.

Weakness Ordinalities

Ordinality	Description
Primary	(where the weakness exists independent of other weaknesses)



Relationships

Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Category	465	<u>Pointer Issues</u>	Development Concepts (primary)699
ChildOf	Weakness Class	682	Incorrect Calculation	Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	737	CERT C Secure Coding Section 03 - Expressions (EXP)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard (primary)734
ChildOf	Category	740	CERT C Secure Coding Section 06 - Arrays (ARR)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard734
CanPrecede	Weakness Base	131	Incorrect Calculation of Buffer Size	Research Concepts1000

Taxonomy Mappings

V 11 8			
Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
CLASP			Use of sizeof() on a pointer type
CERT C Secure Coding	ARR01-C		Do not apply the sizeof operator to a pointer when taking the size of an array
CERT C Secure Coding	EXP01-C		Do not take the size of a pointer to determine the size of the pointed-to type

White Box Definitions

A weakness where code path has:

- 1. end statement that passes an identity of a dynamically allocated memory resource to a sizeof operator
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{2}}.$ start statement that allocates the dynamically allocated memory resource

References

Robert Seacord. "EXP01-A. Do not take the size of a pointer to determine the size of a type".

https://www.securecoding.cert.org/confluence/display/seccode/EXP01-

A.+Do+not+take+the+sizeof+a+pointer+to+determine+the+size+of+a+type>.

Content History

Content History				
Submissions				
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source	
	CLASP		Externally Mined	
Modifications				
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source	
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External	
	updated Time of Introduct	ion		
2008-08-01		KDM Analytics	External	
	added/updated white box	added/updated white box definitions		
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities			
2008-11-24	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Relationships, Tax	xonomy Mappings		
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Demonstrative Ex	updated Demonstrative Examples		
2009-12-28	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Demonstrative Ex	camples		
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Relationships			

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Status: Draft

Improper Validation of Array Index

Weakness ID: 129 (Weakness Base)

Description

Description Summary

The product uses untrusted input when calculating or using an array index, but the product does not validate or incorrectly validates the index to ensure the index references a valid position within the array.

Alternate Terms

out-of-bounds array index

index-out-of-range

array index underflow

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Applicable Platforms

Languages

C: (Often)

C++: (Often)

Language-independent

Common Consequences

Common Consequences	
Scope	Effect
Integrity Availability	Unchecked array indexing will very likely result in the corruption of relevant memory and perhaps instructions, leading to a crash, if the values are outside of the valid memory area.
Integrity	If the memory corrupted is data, rather than instructions, the system will continue to function with improper values.
Confidentiality Integrity	Unchecked array indexing can also trigger out-of-bounds read or write operations, or operations on the wrong objects; i.e., "buffer overflows" are not always the result. This may result in the exposure or modification of sensitive data.
Integrity	If the memory accessible by the attacker can be effectively controlled, it may be possible to execute arbitrary code, as with a standard buffer overflow and possibly without the use of large inputs if a precise index can be controlled.
Integrity Availability Confidentiality	A single fault could allow either an overflow (CWE-788) or underflow (CWE-786) of the array index. What happens next will depend on the type of operation being performed out of bounds, but can expose sensitive information, cause a system crash, or possibly lead to arbitrary code execution.

Likelihood of Exploit

High

Detection Methods

Automated Static Analysis

This weakness can often be detected using automated static analysis tools. Many modern tools use data flow analysis or constraint-based techniques to minimize the number of false positives.

Automated static analysis generally does not account for environmental considerations when reporting out-of-bounds memory operations. This can make it difficult for users to determine which warnings should be investigated first. For example, an analysis tool might report array index errors that originate from command line arguments in a program that is not expected to run with setuid or other special privileges.

Effectiveness: High



This is not a perfect solution, since 100% accuracy and coverage are not feasible.

Automated Dynamic Analysis

This weakness can be detected using dynamic tools and techniques that interact with the software using large test suites with many diverse inputs, such as fuzz testing (fuzzing), robustness testing, and fault injection. The software's operation may slow down, but it should not become unstable, crash, or generate incorrect results.

Black box methods might not get the needed code coverage within limited time constraints, and a dynamic test might not produce any noticeable side effects even if it is successful.

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following C/C++ example retrieves the sizes of messages for a pop3 mail server. The message sizes are retrieved from a socket that returns in a buffer the message number and the message size, the message number (num) and size (size) are extracted from the buffer and the message size is placed into an array using the message number for the array index.

(Bad Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
/* capture the sizes of all messages */
int getsizes(int sock, int count, int *sizes) {
char buf[BUFFER_SIZE];
int ok;
int num, size;
// read values from socket and added to sizes array
while ((ok = gen recv(sock, buf, sizeof(buf))) == 0)
// continue read from socket until buf only contains '.'
if (DOTLINE(buf))
break:
else if (sscanf(buf, "%d %d", &num, &size) == 2)
sizes[num - 1] = size;
```

In this example the message number retrieved from the buffer could be a value that is outside the allowable range of indices for the array and could possibly be a negative number. Without proper validation of the value to be used for the array index an array overflow could occur and could potentially lead to unauthorized access to memory addresses and system crashes. The value of the array index should be validated to ensure that it is within the allowable range of indices for the array as in the following code.

(Good Code)

```
Example Language: C
```

```
/* capture the sizes of all messages */
int getsizes(int sock, int count, int *sizes) {
char buf[BUFFER SIZE];
int ok;
int num, size;
// read values from socket and added to sizes array
while ((ok = gen recv(sock, buf, sizeof(buf))) == 0)
// continue read from socket until buf only contains '.'
if (DOTLINE(buf))
```



```
break;
else if (sscanf(buf, "%d %d", &num, &size) == 2) {
    if (num > 0 && num <= (unsigned)count)
    sizes[num - 1] = size;
    else
    /* warn about possible attempt to induce buffer overflow */
    report(stderr, "Warning: ignoring bogus data for message sizes returned by server.\n");
    }
}
...
}
```

Example 2

In the code snippet below, an unchecked integer value is used to reference an object in an array.

```
(Bad Code)

Example Language: Java

public String getValue(int index) {

return array[index];
}
```

If index is outside of the range of the array, this may result in an ArrayIndexOutOfBounds Exception being raised.

Example 3

In the following Java example the method displayProductSummary is called from a Web service servlet to retrieve product summary information for display to the user. The servlet obtains the integer value of the product number from the user and passes it to the displayProductSummary method. The displayProductSummary method passes the integer value of the product number to the getProductSummary method which obtains the product summary from the array object containing the project summaries using the integer value of the product number as the array index.

```
(Bad Code)
Example Language: Java

// Method called from servlet to obtain product information
public String displayProductSummary(int index) {

String productSummary = new String("");

try {

String productSummary = getProductSummary(index);
} catch (Exception ex) {...}

return productSummary;
}

public String getProductSummary(int index) {

return products[index];
}
```

In this example the integer value used as the array index that is provided by the user may be outside the allowable range of indices for the array which may provide unexpected results or may comes the application to fail. The integer value used for the array index should be validated to ensure that it is within the allowable range of indices for the array as in the following code.

```
(Good Code)

Example Language: Java

// Method called from servlet to obtain product information
public String displayProductSummary(int index) {

String productSummary = new String("");
```



```
try {
String productSummary = getProductSummary(index);
} catch (Exception ex) {...}

return productSummary;
}
public String getProductSummary(int index) {
String productSummary = "";

if ((index >= 0) && (index < MAX_PRODUCTS)) {
    productSummary = products[index];
}
else {
    System.err.println("index is out of bounds");
    throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException();
}

return productSummary;
}</pre>
```

An alternative in Java would be to use one of the collection objects such as ArrayList that will automatically generate an exception if an attempt is made to access an array index that is out of bounds.

(Good Code)

```
Example Language: Java
```

```
ArrayList productArray = new ArrayList(MAX_PRODUCTS);
...

try {
productSummary = (String) productArray.get(index);
} catch (IndexOutOfBoundsException ex) {...}
```

Observed Examples

Reference	Description
CVE-2005-0369	large ID in packet used as array index
CVE-2001-1009	negative array index as argument to POP LIST command
CVE-2003-0721	Integer signedness error leads to negative array index
CVE-2004-1189	product does not properly track a count and a maximum number, which can lead to resultant array index overflow.
CVE-2007-5756	chain: device driver for packet-capturing software allows access to an unintended IOCTL with resultant array index error.

Potential Mitigations

Phase: Architecture and Design

Strategies: Input Validation; Libraries or Frameworks

Use an input validation framework such as Struts or the OWASP ESAPI Validation API. If you use Struts, be mindful of weaknesses covered by the CWE-101 category.

Phase: Architecture and Design

For any security checks that are performed on the client side, ensure that these checks are duplicated on the server side, in order to avoid CWE-602. Attackers can bypass the client-side checks by modifying values after the checks have been performed, or by changing the client to remove the client-side checks entirely. Then, these modified values would be submitted to the server.

Even though client-side checks provide minimal benefits with respect to server-side security, they are still useful. First, they can support intrusion detection. If the server receives input that should have been rejected by the client, then it may be an indication of an attack. Second, client-side error-checking can provide helpful feedback to the user about the expectations for valid input. Third, there may be a reduction in server-side processing time for accidental input errors, although this is typically a small savings.

Phase: Requirements

Strategy: Language Selection

Use a language with features that can automatically mitigate or eliminate out-of-bounds indexing errors.



For example, Ada allows the programmer to constrain the values of a variable and languages such as Java and Ruby will allow the programmer to handle exceptions when an out-of-bounds index is accessed.

Phase: Implementation

Strategy: Input Validation

Assume all input is malicious. Use an "accept known good" input validation strategy (i.e., use a whitelist). Reject any input that does not strictly conform to specifications, or transform it into something that does. Use a blacklist to reject any unexpected inputs and detect potential attacks.

When accessing a user-controlled array index, use a stringent range of values that are within the target array. Make sure that you do not allow negative values to be used. That is, verify the minimum as well as the maximum of the range of acceptable values.

Phase: Implementation

Be especially careful to validate your input when you invoke code that crosses language boundaries, such as from an interpreted language to native code. This could create an unexpected interaction between the language boundaries. Ensure that you are not violating any of the expectations of the language with which you are interfacing. For example, even though Java may not be susceptible to buffer overflows, providing a large argument in a call to native code might trigger an overflow.

Weakness Ordinalities

Ordinality	Description
Resultant	The most common condition situation leading to unchecked array indexing is the use of loop index variables as buffer indexes. If the end condition for the loop is subject to a flaw, the index can grow or shrink unbounded, therefore causing a buffer overflow or underflow. Another common situation leading to this condition is the use of a function's return value, or the resulting value of a calculation directly as an index in to a buffer.

Relationships

Kelationships				
Nature	Туре	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Class	20	Improper Input Validation	Development Concepts (primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
ChildOf	Category	189	Numeric Errors	Development Concepts699
ChildOf	Category	633	Weaknesses that Affect Memory	Resource-specific Weaknesses (primary)631
ChildOf	Category	738	CERT C Secure Coding Section 04 - Integers (INT)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard (primary)734
ChildOf	Category	740	CERT C Secure Coding Section 06 - Arrays (ARR)	Weaknesses Addressed by the CERT C Secure Coding Standard734
ChildOf	Category	802	2010 Top 25 - Risky Resource Management	Weaknesses in the 2010 CWE/SANS Top 25 Most Dangerous Programming Errors (primary)800
CanPrecede	Weakness Class	119	Failure to Constrain Operations within the Bounds of a Memory Buffer	Research Concepts1000
CanPrecede	Weakness Variant	789	<u>Uncontrolled Memory</u> <u>Allocation</u>	Research Concepts1000
PeerOf	Weakness Base	124	<u>Buffer Underwrite</u> ('Buffer Underflow')	Research Concepts1000

Theoretical Notes

An improperly validated array index might lead directly to the always-incorrect behavior of "access of array using out-of-bounds index."

Affected Resources



Memory

f Causal Nature

Explicit

Taxonomy Mappings

Mapped Taxonomy Name	Node ID	Fit	Mapped Node Name
CLASP			Unchecked array indexing
PLOVER			INDEX - Array index overflow
CERT C Secure Coding	ARR00-C		Understand how arrays work
CERT C Secure Coding	ARR30-C		Guarantee that array indices are within the valid range
CERT C Secure Coding	ARR38-C		Do not add or subtract an integer to a pointer if the resulting value does not refer to a valid array element
CERT C Secure Coding	INT32-C		Ensure that operations on signed integers do not result in overflow

Related Attack Patterns

CAPEC-ID	Attack Pattern Name	(CAPEC Version: 1.5)
100	Overflow Buffers	

References

[REF-11] M. Howard and D. LeBlanc. "Writing Secure Code". Chapter 5, "Array Indexing Errors" Page 144. 2nd Edition. Microsoft. 2002.

Content History

Content Illistory					
Submissions					
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source		
	CLASP		Externally Mined		
Modifications					
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source		
2008-07-01	Sean Eidemiller	Cigital	External		
	added/updated demonstrative examples				
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Alternate Terms, Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Relationships, Other Notes, Taxonomy Mappings, Weakness Ordinalities				
2008-11-24	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings				
2009-01-12	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Common Consequences				
2009-10-29	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Description, Name,	updated Description, Name, Relationships			
2009-12-28	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Applicable Platforms, Common Consequences, Observed Examples, Other Notes, Potential Mitigations, Theoretical Notes, Weakness Ordinalities				
2010-02-16	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Applicable Platforms, Demonstrative Examples, Detection Factors, Likelihood of Exploit, Potential Mitigations, References, Related Attack Patterns, Relationships				
2010-04-05	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal		
	updated Related Attack Patte	erns			
Previous Entry Name	es				
Change Date	Previous Entry Name				
2009-10-29	Unchecked Array Indexin	g			

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TOCTOU

Risk

What might happen

At best, a Race Condition may cause errors in accuracy, overidden values or unexpected behavior that may result in denial-of-service. At worst, it may allow attackers to retrieve data or bypass security processes by replaying a controllable Race Condition until it plays out in their favor.

Cause

How does it happen

Race Conditions occur when a public, single instance of a resource is used by multiple concurrent logical processes. If the these logical processes attempt to retrieve and update the resource without a timely management system, such as a lock, a Race Condition will occur.

An example for when a Race Condition occurs is a resource that may return a certain value to a process for further editing, and then updated by a second process, resulting in the original process' data no longer being valid. Once the original process edits and updates the incorrect value back into the resource, the second process' update has been overwritten and lost.

General Recommendations

How to avoid it

When sharing resources between concurrent processes across the application ensure that these resources are either thread-safe, or implement a locking mechanism to ensure expected concurrent activity.

Source Code Examples

Java

Different Threads Increment and Decrement The Same Counter Repeatedly, Resulting in a Race Condition

```
public static int counter = 0;
     public static void start() throws InterruptedException {
            incrementCounter ic;
            decrementCounter dc;
            while (counter == 0) {
                  counter = 0;
                   ic = new incrementCounter();
                   dc = new decrementCounter();
                   ic.start();
                   dc.start();
                   ic.join();
                   dc.join();
            System.out.println(counter); //Will stop and return either -1 or 1 due to race
condition over counter
     public static class incrementCounter extends Thread {
         public void run() {
            counter++;
```



```
public static class decrementCounter extends Thread {
    public void run() {
        counter--;
    }
}
```

Different Threads Increment and Decrement The Same Thread-Safe Counter Repeatedly, Never Resulting in a Race Condition

```
public static int counter = 0;
public static Object lock = new Object();
public static void start() throws InterruptedException {
      incrementCounter ic;
      decrementCounter dc;
      while (counter == 0) { // because of proper locking, this condition is never false
             counter = 0;
             ic = new incrementCounter();
             dc = new decrementCounter();
             ic.start();
             dc.start();
             ic.join();
             dc.join();
      System.out.println(counter); // Never reached
public static class incrementCounter extends Thread {
   public void run() {
      synchronized (lock) {
            counter++;
    }
public static class decrementCounter extends Thread {
   public void run() {
      synchronized (lock) {
            counter--;
    }
```



Scanned Languages

Language	Hash Number	Change Date
СРР	4541647240435660	6/19/2024
Common	0105849645654507	6/19/2024