

panda Scan Report

Project Name	panda
Scan Start	Saturday, June 22, 2024 1:08:20 AM
Preset	Checkmarx Default
Scan Time	00h:02m:51s
Lines Of Code Scanned	118184
Files Scanned	62
Report Creation Time	Saturday, June 22, 2024 1:15:29 AM
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086
Team	CxServer
Checkmarx Version	8.7.0
Scan Type	Full
Source Origin	LocalPath
Density	1/10000 (Vulnerabilities/LOC)
Visibility	Public

Filter Settings

Severity

Included: High, Medium, Low, Information

Excluded: None

Result State

Included: Confirmed, Not Exploitable, To Verify, Urgent, Proposed Not Exploitable

Excluded: None

Assigned to

Included: All

Categories

Included:

Uncategorized	All
Custom	All
PCI DSS v3.2	All
OWASP Top 10 2013	All
FISMA 2014	All
NIST SP 800-53	All
OWASP Top 10 2017	All
OWASP Mobile Top 10 2016	All

Excluded:

Uncategorized	None
Custom	None
PCI DSS v3.2	None
OWASP Top 10 2013	None
FISMA 2014	None

NIST SP 800-53	None
OWASP Top 10 2017	None
OWASP Mobile Top 10 2016	None

Results Limit

Results limit per query was set to 50

Selected Queries

Selected queries are listed in [Result Summary](#)

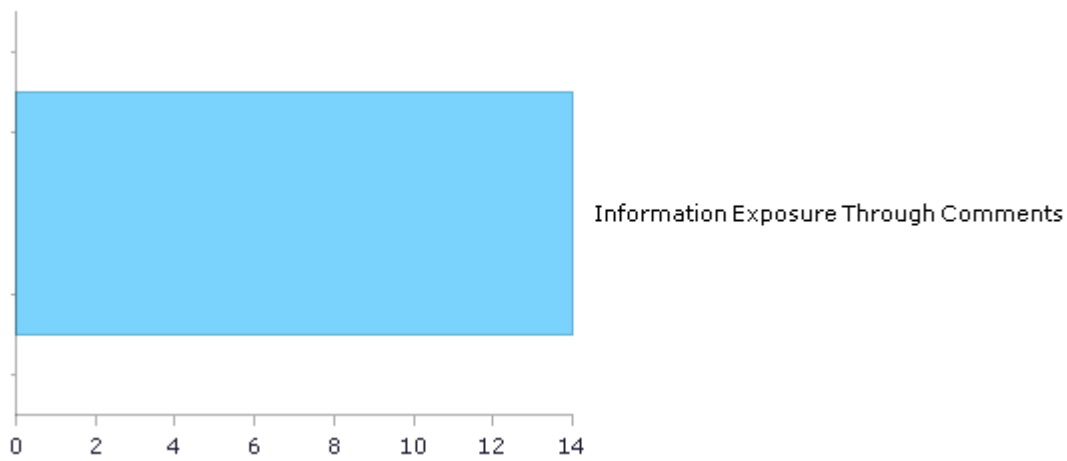
Result Summary



Most Vulnerable Files



Top 5 Vulnerabilities



Scan Summary - OWASP Top 10 2017

Further details and elaboration about vulnerabilities and risks can be found at: [OWASP Top 10 2017](#)

Category	Threat Agent	Exploitability	Weakness Prevalence	Weakness Detectability	Technical Impact	Business Impact	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
A1-Injection	App. Specific	EASY	COMMON	EASY	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A2-Broken Authentication	App. Specific	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A3-Sensitive Data Exposure	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A4-XML External Entities (XXE)	App. Specific	AVERAGE	COMMON	EASY	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A5-Broken Access Control*	App. Specific	AVERAGE	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A6-Security Misconfiguration	App. Specific	EASY	WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0
A7-Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)	App. Specific	EASY	WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0
A8-Insecure Deserialization	App. Specific	DIFFICULT	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	App. Specific	0	0
A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities*	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0
A10-Insufficient Logging & Monitoring	App. Specific	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	App. Specific	0	0

* Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and/or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.

Scan Summary - OWASP Top 10 2013

Further details and elaboration about vulnerabilities and risks can be found at: [OWASP Top 10 2013](#)

Category	Threat Agent	Attack Vectors	Weakness Prevalence	Weakness Detectability	Technical Impact	Business Impact	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
A1-Injection	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	ALL DATA	0	0
A2-Broken Authentication and Session Management	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL USERS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	AVERAGE	SEVERE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A3-Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	AVERAGE	VERY WIDESPREAD	EASY	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND SYSTEM	0	0
A4-Insecure Direct Object References	SYSTEM USERS	EASY	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	EXPOSED DATA	0	0
A5-Security Misconfiguration	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS	EASY	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	ALL DATA AND SYSTEM	0	0
A6-Sensitive Data Exposure	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL, ADMIN USERS, USERS BROWSERS	DIFFICULT	UNCOMMON	AVERAGE	SEVERE	EXPOSED DATA	0	0
A7-Missing Function Level Access Control*	EXTERNAL, INTERNAL USERS	EASY	COMMON	AVERAGE	MODERATE	EXPOSED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A8-Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF)	USERS BROWSERS	AVERAGE	COMMON	EASY	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities*	EXTERNAL USERS, AUTOMATED TOOLS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0
A10-Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards	USERS BROWSERS	AVERAGE	WIDESPREAD	DIFFICULT	MODERATE	AFFECTED DATA AND FUNCTIONS	0	0

* Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and/or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.

Scan Summary - PCI DSS v3.2

Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.1 - Injection flaws - particularly SQL injection	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.2 - Buffer overflows	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.3 - Insecure cryptographic storage	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.4 - Insecure communications	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.5 - Improper error handling*	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.7 - Cross-site scripting (XSS)	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.8 - Improper access control	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.9 - Cross-site request forgery	0	0
PCI DSS (3.2) - 6.5.10 - Broken authentication and session management	0	0

* Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and/or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.

Scan Summary - FISMA 2014

Category	Description	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
Access Control	Organizations must limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other information systems) and to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to exercise.	0	0
Audit And Accountability*	Organizations must: (i) create, protect, and retain information system audit records to the extent needed to enable the monitoring, analysis, investigation, and reporting of unlawful, unauthorized, or inappropriate information system activity; and (ii) ensure that the actions of individual information system users can be uniquely traced to those users so they can be held accountable for their actions.	0	0
Configuration Management	Organizations must: (i) establish and maintain baseline configurations and inventories of organizational information systems (including hardware, software, firmware, and documentation) throughout the respective system development life cycles; and (ii) establish and enforce security configuration settings for information technology products employed in organizational information systems.	0	0
Identification And Authentication*	Organizations must identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices and authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access to organizational information systems.	14	14
Media Protection	Organizations must: (i) protect information system media, both paper and digital; (ii) limit access to information on information system media to authorized users; and (iii) sanitize or destroy information system media before disposal or release for reuse.	0	0
System And Communications Protection	Organizations must: (i) monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., information transmitted or received by organizational information systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems; and (ii) employ architectural designs, software development techniques, and systems engineering principles that promote effective information security within organizational information systems.	0	0
System And Information Integrity	Organizations must: (i) identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner; (ii) provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems; and (iii) monitor information system security alerts and advisories and take appropriate actions in response.	0	0

* Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and/or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.

Scan Summary - NIST SP 800-53

Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
AC-12 Session Termination (P2)	0	0
AC-3 Access Enforcement (P1)	0	0
AC-4 Information Flow Enforcement (P1)	0	0
AC-6 Least Privilege (P1)	0	0
AU-9 Protection of Audit Information (P1)	0	0
CM-6 Configuration Settings (P2)	0	0
IA-5 Authenticator Management (P1)	0	0
IA-6 Authenticator Feedback (P2)	0	0
IA-8 Identification and Authentication (Non-Organizational Users) (P1)	0	0
SC-12 Cryptographic Key Establishment and Management (P1)	0	0
SC-13 Cryptographic Protection (P1)	0	0
SC-17 Public Key Infrastructure Certificates (P1)	0	0
SC-18 Mobile Code (P2)	0	0
SC-23 Session Authenticity (P1)*	0	0
SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest (P1)	14	14
SC-4 Information in Shared Resources (P1)	0	0
SC-5 Denial of Service Protection (P1)*	0	0
SC-8 Transmission Confidentiality and Integrity (P1)	0	0
SI-10 Information Input Validation (P1)*	0	0
SI-11 Error Handling (P2)*	0	0
SI-15 Information Output Filtering (P0)	0	0
SI-16 Memory Protection (P1)	0	0

* Project scan results do not include all relevant queries. Presets and/or Filters should be changed to include all relevant standard queries.

Scan Summary - OWASP Mobile Top 10 2016

Category	Description	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
M1-Improper Platform Usage	This category covers misuse of a platform feature or failure to use platform security controls. It might include Android intents, platform permissions, misuse of TouchID, the Keychain, or some other security control that is part of the mobile operating system. There are several ways that mobile apps can experience this risk.	0	0
M2-Insecure Data Storage	This category covers insecure data storage and unintended data leakage.	0	0
M3-Insecure Communication	This category covers poor handshaking, incorrect SSL versions, weak negotiation, cleartext communication of sensitive assets, etc.	0	0
M4-Insecure Authentication	This category captures notions of authenticating the end user or bad session management. This can include: -Failing to identify the user at all when that should be required -Failure to maintain the user's identity when it is required -Weaknesses in session management	0	0
M5-Insufficient Cryptography	The code applies cryptography to a sensitive information asset. However, the cryptography is insufficient in some way. Note that anything and everything related to TLS or SSL goes in M3. Also, if the app fails to use cryptography at all when it should, that probably belongs in M2. This category is for issues where cryptography was attempted, but it wasn't done correctly.	0	0
M6-Insecure Authorization	This is a category to capture any failures in authorization (e.g., authorization decisions in the client side, forced browsing, etc.). It is distinct from authentication issues (e.g., device enrolment, user identification, etc.). If the app does not authenticate users at all in a situation where it should (e.g., granting anonymous access to some resource or service when authenticated and authorized access is required), then that is an authentication failure not an authorization failure.	0	0
M7-Client Code Quality	This category is the catch-all for code-level implementation problems in the mobile client. That's distinct from server-side coding mistakes. This would capture things like buffer overflows, format string vulnerabilities, and various other code-level mistakes where the solution is to rewrite some code that's running on the mobile device.	0	0
M8-Code Tampering	This category covers binary patching, local resource modification, method hooking, method swizzling, and dynamic memory modification. Once the application is delivered to the mobile device, the code and data resources are resident there. An attacker can either directly modify the code, change the contents of memory dynamically, change or replace the system APIs that the application uses, or	0	0

	modify the application's data and resources. This can provide the attacker a direct method of subverting the intended use of the software for personal or monetary gain.		
M9-Reverse Engineering	This category includes analysis of the final core binary to determine its source code, libraries, algorithms, and other assets. Software such as IDA Pro, Hopper, otool, and other binary inspection tools give the attacker insight into the inner workings of the application. This may be used to exploit other nascent vulnerabilities in the application, as well as revealing information about back end servers, cryptographic constants and ciphers, and intellectual property.	0	0
M10-Extraneous Functionality	Often, developers include hidden backdoor functionality or other internal development security controls that are not intended to be released into a production environment. For example, a developer may accidentally include a password as a comment in a hybrid app. Another example includes disabling of 2-factor authentication during testing.	0	0

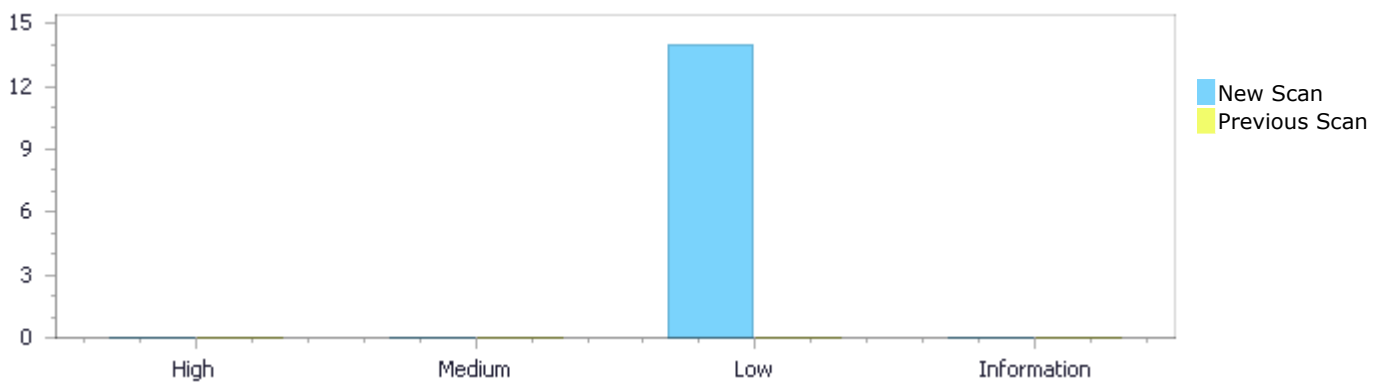
Scan Summary - Custom

Category	Issues Found	Best Fix Locations
Must audit	0	0
Check	0	0
Optional	0	0

Results Distribution By Status First scan of the project

	High	Medium	Low	Information	Total
New Issues	0	0	14	0	14
Recurrent Issues	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	14	0	14

Fixed Issues	0	0	0	0	0
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Results Distribution By State

	High	Medium	Low	Information	Total
Confirmed	0	0	0	0	0
Not Exploitable	0	0	0	0	0
To Verify	0	0	14	0	14
Urgent	0	0	0	0	0
Proposed Not Exploitable	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	14	0	14

Result Summary

Vulnerability Type	Occurrences	Severity
Information Exposure Through Comments	14	Low

Scan Results Details

Information Exposure Through Comments

Query Path:

CPP\Cx\CPP Low Visibility\Information Exposure Through Comments Version:1

Categories

FISMA 2014: Identification And Authentication

NIST SP 800-53: SC-28 Protection of Information at Rest (P1)

Description

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 1:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=1
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	368	368
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method /* If we're using PSW[N], copy it to a temp because... */

```
....  
368.          /* If we're using PSW[N], copy it to a temp because... */
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 2:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=2
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	376	376
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method (2) if this insn nullifies the next, PSW[N] is valid. */

```
....  
376.          (2) if this insn nullifies the next, PSW[N] is valid.  
*/
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 3:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=3
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	388	388
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Save the current nullification state to PSW[N]. */

```
....  
388. /* Save the current nullification state to PSW[N]. */
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 4:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=4
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	406	406
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Set a PSW[N] to X. The intention is that this is used immediately

```
....  
406. /* Set a PSW[N] to X. The intention is that this is used  
immediately
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 5:

Severity	Low
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Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=5
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	436	436
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method instruction. Store the condition in the PSW[N] global.

```
....  
436.          instruction.  Store the condition in the PSW[N] global.
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 6:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=6
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	437	437
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method We asserted PSW[N] = 0 in nullify_over, so that after the

```
....  
437.          We asserted PSW[N] = 0 in nullify_over, so that after  
the
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 7:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=7
Status	New

Source	Destination
--------	-------------

File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	1575	1575
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method /* If by some means we get here with PSW[N]=1, that implies that

```
....  
1575.      /* If by some means we get here with PSW[N]=1, that implies  
that
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 8:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify

Online Results <http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=8>

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	1586	1586
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method TB, we should know the state of PSW[N] from TB->FLAGS. */

```
....  
1586.      TB, we should know the state of PSW[N] from TB->FLAGS.  
*/
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 9:

Severity Low

Result State To Verify

Online Results <http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=9>

Status New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	1591	1591
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method non-sequential instruction execution. Normally the PSW[B] bit

```
....  
1591.          non-sequential instruction execution.  Normally the PSW[B]  
bit
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 10:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results <http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=10>
Status New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	2064	2064
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Form R1 << 1 | PSW[CB]{8}. */

```
....  
2064.          /* Form R1 << 1 | PSW[CB]{8}.  */
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 11:

Severity Low
Result State To Verify
Online Results <http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=11>
Status New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	2068	2068
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Add or subtract R2, depending on PSW[V]. Proper computation of

```
....  
2068.          /* Add or subtract R2, depending on PSW[V].  Proper  
computation of
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 12:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=12
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	2085	2085
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Write back PSW[CB]. */

```
....  
2085.      /* Write back PSW[CB]. */
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 13:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=13
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	2089	2089
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c
Method /* Write back PSW[V] for the division step. */

```
....  
2089.      /* Write back PSW[V] for the division step. */
```

Information Exposure Through Comments\Path 14:

Severity	Low
Result State	To Verify
Online Results	http://WIN-BA8RD5TJ8IG/CxWebClient/ViewerMain.aspx?scanid=1050096&projectid=50086&pathid=14
Status	New

	Source	Destination
File	panda/translate.c	panda/translate.c
Line	3778	3778
Object	PSW[	PSW[

Code Snippet

File Name panda/translate.c

Method /* Seed the nullification status from PSW[N], as shown in TB->FLAGS. */

```
.....
3778.      /* Seed the nullification status from PSW[N], as shown in TB-
>FLAGS.  */
```

Information Leak Through Comments

Weakness ID: 615 (*Weakness Variant*)

Status: Incomplete

Description

Description Summary

While adding general comments is very useful, some programmers tend to leave important data, such as: filenames related to the web application, old links or links which were not meant to be browsed by users, old code fragments, etc.

Extended Description

An attacker who finds these comments can map the application's structure and files, expose hidden parts of the site, and study the fragments of code to reverse engineer the application, which may help develop further attacks against the site.

Time of Introduction

Implementation

Demonstrative Examples

Example 1

The following comment, embedded in a JSP, will be displayed in the resulting HTML output.

(Bad Code)

Example Languages: **HTML and JSP**

```
<!-- FIXME: calling this with more than 30 args kills the JDBC server -->
```

Observed Examples

Reference	Description
CVE-2007-6197	Version numbers and internal hostnames leaked in HTML comments.
CVE-2007-4072	CMS places full pathname of server in HTML comment.
CVE-2009-2431	blog software leaks real username in HTML comment.

Potential Mitigations

Remove comments which have sensitive information about the design/implementation of the application. Some of the comments may be exposed to the user and affect the security posture of the application.

Relationships

Nature	Type	ID	Name	View(s) this relationship pertains to
ChildOf	Weakness Variant	540	Information Leak Through Source Code	Development Concepts

				(primary)699 Research Concepts (primary)1000
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Content History

Submissions				
Submission Date	Submitter	Organization	Source	
	Anonymous Tool Vendor (under NDA)		Externally Mined	
Modifications				
Modification Date	Modifier	Organization	Source	
2008-07-01	Sean Eidemiller	Cigital	External	
	added/updated demonstrative examples			
2008-07-01	Eric Dalci	Cigital	External	
	updated Potential Mitigations, Time of Introduction			
2008-09-08	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Relationships, Taxonomy Mappings			
2008-10-14	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Description			
2009-03-10	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Demonstrative Examples			
2009-07-27	CWE Content Team	MITRE	Internal	
	updated Observed Examples, Taxonomy Mappings			

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Scanned Languages

Language	Hash Number	Change Date
CPP	4541647240435660	6/19/2024
Common	0105849645654507	6/19/2024