## **Steps to Start Writing the Code from Scratch**

Here's how you can systematically approach building your Library Management System with the JavaScript functionality you've outlined.

### 1. Understand the Core Requirements

- **Proxy Management**: Use JavaScript Proxy to manage and validate book status.
- Lending Durations: Track book lending durations using closures.
- **Dynamic Rendering**: Fetch books from an API and dynamically render the library.
- User Interaction: Add, lend, and return books with status updates.

#### 2. Plan the Code Structure

Divide your functionality into these core modules:

- Proxy for Book Validation: Ensure valid book status updates using Proxy.
- Lending Tracker: Use closures to track lending durations.
- API Integration: Fetch initial book data dynamically.
- **Dynamic Rendering**: Update the DOM to reflect book operations.
- User Interaction: Handle lending, returning, and adding books.

# 3. Set Up Proxy for Book Management

- Define the createLibraryProxy function to validate and manage book statuses.
- Ensure only valid statuses (Available, Lent Out) are allowed.

# 4. Implement Lending Tracker

- Use closures to manage a Map of book IDs and their lending start times.
- Provide methods to:
  - Start tracking when a book is lent.
  - Stop tracking and calculate duration when a book is returned.

## 5. Fetch Books Dynamically

- Write an async function to fetch book data from an external API (e.g., OpenLibrary).
- Transform the fetched data into book objects with:
  - Title, Author, and Status properties.
  - o A unique ID.
  - Proxy applied for status validation.
- Render the books dynamically after fetching.

#### 6. Render Books

- Create a renderBooks function to:
  - Clear the existing DOM content.
  - Iterate over the library array and create DOM elements for each book.
  - Include buttons for lending and returning books.

# 7. Add, Lend, and Return Books

#### Add Books:

- Create a new book object with user-provided Title and Author.
- Apply the Proxy for validation.
- Push the book to the library array and re-render.

#### Lend Books:

- Check if the book is available.
- Update the status to Lent Out and start the lending tracker.
- Re-render the library.

#### Return Books:

- o Check if the book is lent out.
- Update the status to Available and stop the lending tracker.
- Alert the user with the lending duration.
- Re-render the library.

## 8. Test and Debug

- Test the following scenarios:
  - Adding books with valid and invalid inputs.
  - Lending available books.
  - Returning lent books and checking the duration.

- Fetching and rendering books from the API.
- Debug issues using console.log and browser dev tools.

### 9. Optimize Code

- Modularize the code by separating concerns into functions.
- Add meaningful comments to improve readability.
- Ensure proper error handling for API calls and user interactions.

# Suggested Order to Write the Code

- 1. Initialize Proxy Setup for Book Management
- 2. Implement Lending Tracker Using Closures
- 3. Fetch and Render Books Dynamically
- 4. Add Book Functionality
- 5. Lend and Return Book Functionality
- 6. Test and Debug

#### **Tools to Assist**

- Console Logs: Debug Proxy, lending tracker, and rendering logic.
- Browser DevTools: Inspect API responses, DOM updates, and error messages.

By following this structured approach, you'll create a robust Library Management System that effectively tracks and manages book lending operations. Let me know if you need further assistance!