

# EU Digital Operational Resilience Act

Product Applicability Guide for VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2

December 12, 2024



# **Table of Contents**

Dis	claimer	3
Int	roduction	3
	Intended Audience	3
	Referenced Products and Product Scope	3
	Format of this Document	3
	Third Party Identifiers & Mappings	3
	Security Hardening & Design	4
	References	4
	Feedback	4
Ke	Functional Categories	
	Access Control	5
	API, Ecosystem, and Integration	5
	Architecture Documentation	6
	Automated Response	6
	Change Management Governance	7
	Continuous Control Validation and Event Detection	7
	Data Backup, Replication, and Recovery	8
	Metrics and Data Reporting	9
	Operational Security and Privacy	9
	Redundancy and Failover	10
	Secure Configuration Baselines	10
	Secure System Design	11
	Supply Chain	11
	System Lifecycle and Patching	12
	Unlisted Controls	12



# Disclaimer

This document is intended to provide general guidance for organizations that are considering Broadcom solutions. The information contained in this document is for educational and informational purposes only. This document is not intended to provide advice and is provided "AS IS." Broadcom makes no claims, promises, or guarantees about the accuracy, completeness, or adequacy of the information contained herein. Organizations should engage appropriate legal, business, technical, and audit expertise within their specific organization for review of requirements and effectiveness of implementations.

# Introduction

The European Union's Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA) is a comprehensive regulatory framework designed to ensure the financial sector's resilience against Information and Communications Technology (ICT) related disruptions and threats. Implemented in 2023 with a compliance deadline of January 2025, DORA establishes uniform requirements for the security of network and information systems of financial entities and critical ICT third-party service providers operating in the EU. The regulation aims to consolidate and upgrade ICT risk requirements to address all facets of digital operational resilience in the financial sector, covering areas such as ICT risk management, incident reporting, digital operational resilience testing, and third-party risk monitoring. This harmonized approach seeks to establish a more consistent and robust digital operational resilience across the EU financial sector.

This document intends to help organizations who are implementing DORA compliance understand how their VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environment is well-suited to operational resilience, by listing features and capabilities present in VCF.

## Intended Audience

The audience for this guidance is organizations that have deployed, or are considering deployment, of VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2.x as shipped by Broadcom.

There are engineered data center and hybrid cloud infrastructure products that implement VMware Cloud Foundation as part of their solution(s). If this is how you consume Cloud Foundation you should check with those products' support before making changes based on this information. Broadcom cannot speak on behalf of third-party solutions.

Organizations must determine for themselves if they fall within the scope of the DORA legislation.

## Referenced Products and Product Scope

Products referenced in this document are in the context of on-premises deployments, and do not include "software-as-a-service," cloud, or other online functionality in this scope.

## Format of this Document

This document is aligned to key categories of requirements found in the Digital Operational Resilience Act, and is not a complete catalogue of requirements, as many of DORA's articles and requirements cover organizational processes.

The key categories and controls can be found in the sections below, entitled "Key Functional Categories."

Requirements not listed in this document are end user processes and decisions and omitted to save space.

#### Third Party Identifiers & Mappings

This document includes regulatory compliance and security control identifiers from external sources as a convenience to end users. This does not constitute endorsement, in either direction.

There is not a one-to-one mapping of product capabilities to third-party controls. A product capability, or set of capabilities, may be applicable to multiple controls. Conversely, a control may be satisfied with the use of multiple capabilities.

Control identifier numbers have been included from the <u>US NIST Special Publication 800-53</u>, <u>Revision 5</u>. These controls are noted with the designation "NIST 800-53R5."



Control identifier numbers have been included from the <u>Secure Controls Framework</u>, version 2024.3, under the terms of the <u>Creative Commons Attribution-NoDerivatives 4.0 International Public License</u>. No modifications have been made to the control identifier numbers under the terms of the license. These controls are noted with the designation "SCF 2024.3."

## Security Hardening & Design

This document does not make specific security hardening recommendations. For baseline security guidance please consult the Security Configuration & Hardening Guides at <a href="https://github.com/vmware/vcf-security-and-compliance-guidelines">https://github.com/vmware/vcf-security-and-compliance-guidelines</a>

#### References

Information about the European Union Digital Operational Resilience Act (DORA) can be found at:

https://www.eiopa.europa.eu/digital-operational-resilience-act-dora

## Feedback

The primary source for this document is within our repository at:

https://github.com/vmware/vcf-security-and-compliance-guidelines

Feedback and issues can be filed through the Issues mechanism in that repository or through your account team.



# **Key Functional Categories**

## Access Control

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) integrates with third-party Privileged Access Management (PAM) solutions and identity providers through APIs, supporting both on-premises and cloud-based authentication for user and programmatic access. The platform enforces granular permissions through role-based access control (RBAC) while VMware vDefend Firewall capabilities manage network access controls.

#### Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9.4(c), 9.4(d)

## Key Components:

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware vDefend Distributed Firewall
- VMware vDefend Gateway Firewall

#### Cross Reference:

- NIST 800-53R5: AC-1, IA-1
- SCF 2024.3: IAC-01

# API, Ecosystem, and Integration

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) provides extensive API integration support for third-party tools such as IT asset management (ITAM), configuration management databases (CMDB), and security assessment tools.

The VMware Aria and VMware vDefend product suites deliver security assessment and continuous monitoring functionality.

Security teams can generate custom reports, export data, and automate tasks using product interfaces, PowerCLI, and APIs to maintain security and compliance requirements.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.4, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6, 9.1, 9.2, 23, 25.1, 25.2, 25.3

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Aria Operations
- VMware Aria Operations for Logs
- VMware Aria Operations for Networks
- VMware vDefend Distributed Firewall
- VMware vDefend Gateway Firewall

- NIST 800-53R5: CM-8, CM-8(1), PL-1, RA-5
- SCF 2024.3: AST-01.1, AST-02, AST-02.1, CPL-01, CPL-01.2, OPS-01, VPM-06



## Architecture Documentation

The VMware Aria Operations suite provides network topology mapping and infrastructure visualization tools to support architectural documentation and deployment planning. These built-in capabilities enable teams to diagram infrastructure and workload relationships and document implementations across the VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environment.

#### Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 8.4

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Aria Operations
- VMware Aria Operations for Networks

#### Cross Reference:

• NIST 800-53R5: CM-8

SCF 2024.3: AST-04

## **Automated Response**

VMware vDefend provides automated threat detection and containment through integrated IDS/IPS, network sandboxing, traffic analysis, and network detection and response features. Upon threat detection, the platform can automatically initiate forensic snapshots, network isolation, workload suspension, or power state changes. VMware Live Recovery enables automated workload recovery from protected states for incident remediation. VMware vSAN, vSphere High Availability (HA), and vSphere Distributed Resource Scheduler (DRS) provide automated failover between configured fault domains.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9.4(b), 10.2, 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 18.1, 18.1(a), 18.1(b), 18.1(c), 18.1(d), 18.1(e), 18.1(f), 18.2

## **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Live Recovery
- VMware vDefend Advanced Threat Prevention
- VMware vDefend Distributed Firewall
- VMware vDefend Gateway Firewall
- VMware vSAN

- NIST 800-53R5: IR-4, IR-4(1)
- SCF 2024.3: IRO-02, IRO-02.1, IRO-02.6, NET-08



## Change Management Governance

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) with VMware Aria Automation provides workflow processes including change approval mechanisms to support organizational change management requirements. The platform implements granular role-based access control (RBAC) and additional authorization mechanisms to enforce access policies across infrastructure operations, as well as detailed logging to monitor changes.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9.3(a), 9.3(b), 9.3(c), 9.3(d), 9.4(e)

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Aria Automation
- VMware Aria Operations for Logs

#### Cross Reference:

- NIST 800-53R5: CM-1, CM-3, CM-9
- SCF 2024.3: CHG-01, CHG-02, CFG-01

## Continuous Control Validation and Event Detection

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) integrates security monitoring capabilities through VMware Aria Operations suite (Operations, Operations for Logs, Operations for Networks) and VMware vDefend Firewall services. The platform combines signature-based intrusion detection with behavioral analysis for advanced threat detection. Customizable real-time system alerts flag security misconfigurations and potential threats across the infrastructure stack, including policy, log data, and system health violations such as vSAN storage alerts. Security and operations teams can leverage interfaces, CLI tools, and APIs to automate security posture assessment and remediation workflows, as well as integrate third-party monitoring tools.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 7(a), 7(b), 7(c), 7(d), 9.1, 9.2, 10.1, 10.3

## Key Components:

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Aria Operations
- VMware Aria Operations for Logs
- VMware Aria Operations for Networks
- VMware vDefend Advanced Threat Prevention
- VMware vDefend Distributed Firewall
- VMware vDefend Gateway Firewall
- VMware vSAN

- NIST 800-53R5: AU-1, CA-2, SI-4
- SCF 2024.3: GOV-15.3, GOV-15.5, MON-01, MON-16, PRM-04, OPS-01



# Data Backup, Replication, and Recovery

VMware Live Recovery enables customizable business continuity and disaster recovery (BC/DR) management in VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF), either on an ad-hoc basis or part of a pre-existing playbook/runbook. The platform supports granular recovery time and point objectives (RTO/RPO) configurable at the object level. Organizations can perform non-disruptive BC/DR testing through VMware Live Recovery and VMware NSX integration.

The platform integrates with third-party storage replication solutions and backup providers through standardized APIs, while supporting flexible network connectivity options to meet data transfer requirements.

VMware HCX and the core VCF platform also offer data mobility and replication options, both locally and to remote targets.

#### Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 11.1, 11.2, 11.2(a), 11.2(b), 11.2(c), 11.2(d), 11.2(e), 11.3, 11.4, 11.5, 11.6(a), 11.6(b), 11.7, 11.8, 11.9, 11.10, 11.11, 12.1, 12.1(a), 12.1(b), 12.2, 12.3, 12.6, 12.7

## Key Components:

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware HCX
- VMware Live Recovery
- VMware NSX

- NIST 800-53R5: CP-1, CP-2, CP-2(3), CP-4, CP-9, CP-9(1), CP-9(2), CP-9(5), CP-10
- SCF 2024.3: BCD-01, BCD-01.4, BCD-04, BCD-11, BCD-11.1, BCD-11.5, BCD-11.6



# Metrics and Data Reporting

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) offers comprehensive monitoring and analytics capabilities accessible through its interfaces, command line tools, and APIs. The platform provides operational metrics across compute, storage, networking, and security domains, including resource utilization, performance analytics, and capacity planning. Administrators can configure custom dashboards and automated reports with role-based access control, supporting integration with external monitoring and security systems. These capabilities enable organizations to maintain robust cybersecurity programs, meet compliance requirements, and track infrastructure analytics through detailed audit trails.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 13.4

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware Aria Operations
- VMware Aria Operations for Logs
- VMware Aria Operations for Networks
- VMware vDefend Advanced Threat Prevention
- VMware vDefend Distributed Firewall
- VMware vDefend Gateway Firewall

#### Cross Reference:

• NIST 800-53R5: N/A

• SCF 2024.3: GOV-05

# Operational Security and Privacy

Nearly every feature and capability of VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) aligns to one or more pillars of the CIA Triad: confidentiality, integrity, and availability, allowing for granular operationalization of security and privacy policies at many levels according to how an organization would like to function. This includes implementations of concepts such as separation of duties and least privilege, using tools like Identity Federation and Role-Based Access Control, VMware vDefend network security, VMware Aria Automation for governance, VMware Aria Operations suite (Operations, Operations for Logs, Operations for Networks) for continuous system and security event monitoring, and VMware Live Recovery for disaster recovery/business continuity.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 7, 7(a), 7(b), 7(c), 7(d), 9.3, 9.4(c)

#### Key Components:

All

# <u>Cross Reference</u>:

• NIST 800-53R5: AC-6

• SCF 2024.3: GOV-15, IAC-21



## Redundancy and Failover

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) enables distributed computing across multiple sites through integrated availability features. The platform leverages VMware High Availability, Fault Tolerance, and Proactive HA for workload protection and outage prevention. VMware vMotion and VMware HCX offer workload mobility, both local and to remote targets. Additional resilience features include VMware vSAN Stretched Clusters, VMware Live Recovery, and VMware NSX multi-site networking. The platform implements redundancy and failover mechanisms across compute, storage, and network components to maintain workload availability and data protection. Sites and systems can be designed to be managed together, or independently.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 12.4

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware HCX
- VMware Live Recovery
- VMware NSX
- VMware vSAN

#### Cross Reference:

- NIST 800-53R5: CP-7, CP-7(1)
- SCF 2024.3: BCD-09, BCD-09.1, BCD-11.7, BCD-12.2

## Secure Configuration Baselines

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) security configurations are documented in the VMware Security Configuration Guide. Broadcom also provides Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA) Security Technical Implementation Guides (STIGs) and STIG Readiness Guides and collaborates with the Center for Internet Security (CIS) to maintain synchronized security benchmarks.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9.3(a), 9.3(b), 9.3(c), 9.3(d), 9.4(e)

#### **Key Components:**

- VMware Cloud Foundation (Core)
- VMware NSX

- NIST 800-53R5: CM-2, CM-6, SA-8, PL-10
- SCF 2024.3: CFG-02



# Secure System Design

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) supports flexible infrastructure architectures while maintaining security controls through its modular design and policy-driven automation. Organizations can implement secure system designs that align with their specific security requirements and compliance frameworks.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9, 9.3(a), 9.3(b), 9.3(c), 9.3(d)

#### **Key Components:**

All

## **Cross Reference:**

• NIST 800-53R5: SA-8, SC-1, SI-1

SCF 2024.3: SEA-01, SEA-03

## Supply Chain

As an organization, and to the extent applicable for VMware Cloud Foundation implementations, Broadcom supports customer supply chain and procurement security processes.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

#### Key Components:

All

- NIST 800-53R5: SR-6
- SCF 2024.3: TPM-05, TPM-05.2, TPM-05.7, TPM-08



# System Lifecycle and Patching

VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) provides integrated lifecycle management tools for infrastructure updates and patch deployment with zero-downtime maintenance capabilities. The platform includes built-in alerts for security vulnerabilities and available updates. Broadcom maintains a security advisory system through web publications and email notifications to inform customers of security updates and patches.

## Relevant Framework & Article:

• DORA: Article 9.4(f), 13.1, 25.1, 25.2, 25.3

## Key Components:

All

# Cross Reference:

- NIST 800-53R5: SI-5, SI-5(1), SI-2, SI-3
- SCF 2024.3: THR-03, VPM-01, VPM-05

## **Unlisted Controls**

Where an article is not listed the requirements are for processes or activities within the end user's organization.



