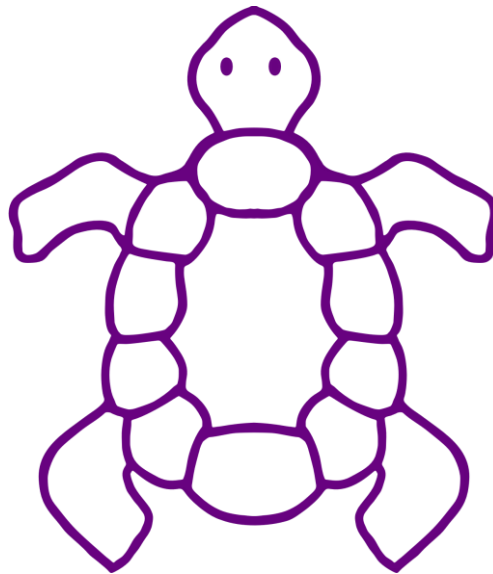


# **CONSTITUTION OF UNITED VUAQAVA**

**Ratified by Lawrence Martin, 6:00PM UTC, January 10,  
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## **CHAPTER 1**

### **PREAMBLE**

#### **Section 1:**

This document defines legal powers and entities of United Vuaqava.

#### **Section 2:**

United Vuaqava is a constitutional republic.

#### **Section 3:**

United Vuaqava must never become a monarchy.

#### **Section 4:**

United Vuaqava must remain neutral in all external conflicts and wars.

## CHAPTER 2

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

#### **Section 1:**

The Chamber of Ministers shall be composed of members chosen by the people on every second month.

#### **Section 2:**

No Minister shall be under the age of 13 years.

#### **Section 3:**

Any empty seats in the Chamber must be filled in election.

#### **Section 4:**

The Chamber may choose their president, who presides over meetings, forming an agenda, filing and opening motions to vote, and keeping order.

#### **Section 5:**

Each Minister has only 1 vote in the Chamber, except for the Minister of Democracy.

#### **Section 6:**

The Chamber must meet at least once every fortnight.

#### **Section 7:**

The Chamber sets its own rules for meetings and how votes are conducted.

#### **Section 8:**

The Chamber may expel a member with a concurrence over 75%.

#### **Section 9:**

The Chamber may impeach the Minister-General with a concurrence over 75%.

#### **Section 10:**

Each minister can choose to be compensated for their services by the National Treasury.

#### **Section 11:**

Ministers must not accept compensation higher than the original agreed value at the start of their term.

#### **Section 12:**

Every bill must be voted on by the Chamber, and it can only become national law if it receives an approval of over 75%. The bill must also be approved by the Minister General.

#### **Section 13:**

Any Minister found guilty of national or international crimes shall immediately be discharged from the Chamber.

#### **Section 14:**

The chamber has the powers to collect taxes;

To mint coins;

To print banknotes;

To regulate international commerce;

To impose taxes on income;

To impose taxes on import and export on a per nation basis;

To provide punishment for breaking federal law;

To establish post offices;

To secure copyright;

To constitute tribunals;

To define and punish felonies committed at sea, and offences of international law;

To pass Bills into national law;

To amend the Constitution given an approval rating of at least 75%;

To oversee the governance of all Vuaqavan districts;

To naturalise any foreign person.

### **Section 15:**

No District may:

Form an internal or external confederation;

Print its own currency that differs from the federal standard currency/currencies;

Impose local trading taxes;

Interfere with national, nor international, commerce;

## CHAPTER 3

### EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

#### **Section 1:**

The executive power of United Vuaqava shall be vested in the Minister-General, who holds office for an unlimited number of terms, each term being 4 months long. Each Minister-General must have a Deputy-General to run with in elections.

#### **Section 2:**

The Deputy-General will stand in for the Minister-General if the Minister-General becomes unfit to lead. The Deputy-General must run alongside the Minister-General.

#### **Section 3:**

Each election is direct with a scaled-approval voting system. Should an election be closed early, its results shall be nullified.

#### **Section 4:**

Results of the elections are to be seen live by the public.

#### **Section 5:**

Each national election takes place every 4 months, with voting starting on the first day of the month, and ending on the 8<sup>th</sup>, with final results being released the next day.

#### **Section 6:**

Only registered citizens of United Vuaqava may vote in election.

#### **Section 7:**

The Minister-General may not accept a ministerial salary, and for any other salaries they earn, they must pay a tax of 25%.

#### **Section 8:**

The Deputy-General may accept a salary, however this cannot be changed during their consecutive terms.

#### **Section 9:**

The Minister-General must step down after 5 days, if they lose an election.

#### **Section 10:**

Before entering office, the Minister-General-Elect must swear the following oath:

“I solemnly swear that I, faithfully, will execute the role of the Minister-General of United Vuaqava, and I must uphold and conserve my duty and protect the constitution to my best capacity.”

#### **Section 11:**

The Minister-General is the Commissioner of the Vuaqavan Police Force and the Vuaqavan Army. The Chamber may not ever restrict his power to pardon, except for cases of impeachment.

#### **Section 12:**

With a concurrence of 70% of all available Ministers, the Minister-General may sign treaties and enter diplomatic relations with any other state.

**Section 13:**

Line of succession to the role of the Minister-General is as follows:

Minister-General

Deputy-General

President of the Chamber

Director of Democracy

Director of Education

Director of Agriculture

Director of Labour

## CHAPTER 4

### JUDICIARY SYSTEM

#### **Section 1:**

The judicial power of United Vuaqava is vested in the Minister of Democracy, who is appointed by the Minister-General, with a concurrence of 70% from the Chamber.

#### **Section 2:**

The Minister of Democracy must not be affiliated with any party.

#### **Section 3:**

The Minister of Democracy has 2 votes in the Chamber.

#### **Section 4:**

Their power extends to all lawsuits filed in United Vuaqava or relating to a Vuaqavan citizen.

#### **Section 5:**

All cases must be brought directly to the Minister of Democracy.

#### **Section 6:**

All those accused of criminal activity have right to a fair and open trial by jury, except in cases of impeachment.

#### **Section 7:**

The jury consists of a randomly selected group of 5 citizens. Each must swear to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing except for the truth.

#### **Section 8:**

If a jury member is found to be biased, they may be replaced.

#### **Section 9:**

The Minister of Democracy may not, under any circumstance, overturn the jury's outcome.



## **CHAPTER 5**

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION**

#### **AMENDMENT 1:**

The Chamber may make no law respecting establishment of religion, prohibiting establishment of religion, or interfering with the free practice of religion.

#### **AMENDMENT 2:**

The Chamber must not restrict free speech, except for cases of libel.

#### **AMENDMENT 3:**

All people shall have a right to bear arms, however weapons must not be brandished publicly except in extreme threat to personal life.

#### **AMENDMENT 4:**

All citizens have right to privacy in their own homes. A warrant is required for the police to arrest an individual in their own private space.

#### **AMENDMENT 5:**

Unreasonably excessive bail nor unreasonably excessive punishments are to be allowed, nor shall cruel or deadly punishments,

#### **AMENDMENT 6:**

No citizen of United Vuaqava shall be made a slave.

#### **AMENDMENT 7:**

The right for citizens to vote shall not be obstructed by any member of the Chamber or of the wider public.

#### **AMENDMENT 8:**

Chapter 1, Section 3 of the Constitution, as well as Chapter 5, Article 8 shall be permanently preserved, and no amendment may be added to change this without 100% public approval.