

project1-4

June 19, 2024

```
[3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↪csv')
df.head(10)
```

```
[3]:      MovieName  Genre  Rating      Director \
0      Mouna Guru  Action    7.7      Santha Kumar
1      7 Aum Arivu  Action    6.2      A.R. Murugadoss
2  Vaagai Sooda Vaa  Comedy    8.0      A. Sarkunam
3      Mankatha  Action    7.6      Venkat Prabhu
4  Kanchana: Muni 2  Comedy    6.5  Lawrence Raghavendra
5  Deiva Thirumagal  Drama    8.1      A.L. Vijay
6      Vaanam  Action    7.2  Radha Krishna Jagarlamudi
7      Ko  Action    7.8      K.V. Anand
8      Payanam  Action    7.3      Radha Mohan
9      Yutham Sei  Crime    8.0      Myshkin
```

```
      Actor  PeopleVote  Year  Hero_Rating  movie_rating \
0      Arulnithi      746  2011          8          8
1      Suriya     9479  2011          9          9
2      Vimal     14522  2011          8          7
3      Ajith Kumar     12276  2011          6          8
4  Lawrence Raghavendra     1044  2011          8          9
5      Vikram     44517  2011          9          9
6      T.R. Silambarasan     1307  2011          7          8
7      Jiiva     4759  2011          9          7
8  Nagarjuna Akkineni     677  2011          6          8
9      Cheran     1678  2011          4          9
```

```
      content_rating
0      7.900000
1      8.066667
2      7.666667
3      7.200000
```

```

4      7.833333
5      8.700000
6      7.400000
7      7.933333
8      7.100000
9      7.000000

```

```

[36]: import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↳CSV')

null_values = df.isnull().sum()

print(null_values)
rows_with_null = df[df.isnull().any(axis=1)]
print(rows_with_null)

```

```

MovieName      0
Genre          0
Rating         0
Director       0
Actor          0
PeopleVote     0
Year           0
Hero_Rating    0
movie_rating   0
content_rating 0
dtype: int64
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [MovieName, Genre, Rating, Director, Actor, PeopleVote, Year,
Hero_Rating, movie_rating, content_rating]
Index: []

```

```

[22]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
data = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↳CSV')

print(data)

```

	MovieName	Genre	Rating	Director \
0	Mouna Guru	Action	7.7	Santha Kumar
1	7 Aum Arivu	Action	6.2	A.R. Murugadoss
2	Vaagai Sooda Vaa	Comedy	8.0	A. Sarkunam

3	Mankatha	Action	7.6	Venkat Prabhu
4	Kanchana: Muni 2	Comedy	6.5	Lawrence Raghavendra
..
324	Dhilluku Dhuddu 2	Comedy	5.3	Rambala
325	Dev	Action	4.8	Rajath Ravishankar
326	Charlie Chaplin 2	Comedy	3.8	Sakthi Chidambaram
327	Petta	Action	7.3	Karthik Subbaraj
328	Viswasam	Action	6.7	Siva

	Actor	PeopleVote	Year	Hero_Rating	movie_rating \
0	Arulnithi	746	2011	8	8
1	Suriya	9479	2011	9	9
2	Vimal	14522	2011	8	7
3	Ajith Kumar	12276	2011	6	8
4	Lawrence Raghavendra	1044	2011	8	9
..
324	Santhanam	497	2019	7	9
325	Karthi	724	2019	5	8
326	Prabhu Deva	215	2019	4	7
327	Rajinikanth	7545	2019	8	8
328	Ajith Kumar	5907	2019	8	9

	content_rating
0	7.900000
1	8.066667
2	7.666667
3	7.200000
4	7.833333
..	...
324	7.100000
325	5.933333
326	4.933333
327	7.766667
328	7.900000

[329 rows x 10 columns]

[2]: df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 329 entries, 0 to 328
Data columns (total 10 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   MovieName       329 non-null    object
1   Genre           329 non-null    object
2   Rating          329 non-null    float64
3   Director        329 non-null    object
```

```

4 Actor          329 non-null object
5 PeopleVote     329 non-null int64
6 Year           329 non-null int64
7 Hero_Rating    329 non-null int64
8 movie_rating   329 non-null int64
9 content_rating 329 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(4), object(4)
memory usage: 25.8+ KB

```

```
[23]: df_rt = df[['MovieName', 'Genre', 'PeopleVote', 'movie_rating']]
df_rt
```

```
[23]:
```

	MovieName	Genre	PeopleVote	movie_rating
0	Mouna Guru	Action	746	8
1	7 Aum Arivu	Action	9479	9
2	Vaagai Sooda Vaa	Comedy	14522	7
3	Mankatha	Action	12276	8
4	Kanchana: Muni 2	Comedy	1044	9
...
324	Dhilluku Dhuddu 2	Comedy	497	9
325	Dev	Action	724	8
326	Charlie Chaplin 2	Comedy	215	7
327	Petta	Action	7545	8
328	Viswasam	Action	5907	9

[329 rows x 4 columns]

```
[6]: df_rt.describe()
```

```
[6]:
```

	PeopleVote	movie_rating
count	329.000000	329.000000
mean	7372.607903	8.139818
std	14380.829757	0.760232
min	7.000000	6.000000
25%	455.000000	8.000000
50%	1320.000000	8.000000
75%	5907.000000	9.000000
max	71418.000000	10.000000

```
[7]: df_rt.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 329 entries, 0 to 328
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   MovieName       329 non-null   object
1   Genre           329 non-null   object

```

```

2   PeopleVote    329 non-null    int64
3   movie_rating  329 non-null    int64
dtypes: int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 10.4+ KB

```

```

[22]: import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↪csv')

# Display the data types of each column
print("Data types of each column:")
print(df.dtypes)

# Select only the numeric columns
numeric_df = df.select_dtypes(include=[float, int])

# Calculate the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = numeric_df.corr()

# Print the correlation matrix
print("Correlation matrix:")
print(correlation_matrix)

```

Data types of each column:

```

MovieName    object
Genre        object
Rating       float64
Director     object
Actor        object
PeopleVote   int64
Year         int64
Hero_Rating  int64
movie_rating int64
content_rating float64
dtype: object

```

Correlation matrix:

	Rating	PeopleVote	Year	Hero_Rating	movie_rating	\
Rating	1.000000	0.035188	-0.342470	0.070069	-0.046237	
PeopleVote	0.035188	1.000000	-0.079931	-0.040341	-0.077999	
Year	-0.342470	-0.079931	1.000000	0.048828	-0.005366	
Hero_Rating	0.070069	-0.040341	0.048828	1.000000	-0.027608	
movie_rating	-0.046237	-0.077999	-0.005366	-0.027608	1.000000	
content_rating	0.586455	-0.034643	-0.151539	0.793341	0.249694	

```

              content_rating
Rating          0.586455

```

```

PeopleVote      -0.034643
Year            -0.151539
Hero_Rating      0.793341
movie_rating     0.249694
content_rating   1.000000

```

```

[25]: toprating = pd.DataFrame(df[df['movie_rating']<= 10 ])
      toprating

```

```

[25]:
      MovieName  Genre  Rating  Director \
0      Mouna Guru  Action    7.7    Santha Kumar
1      7 Aum Arivu  Action    6.2    A.R. Murugadoss
2      Vaagai Sooda Vaa  Comedy    8.0    A. Sarkunam
3      Mankatha  Action    7.6    Venkat Prabhu
4      Kanchana: Muni 2  Comedy    6.5  Lawrence Raghavendra
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
324  Dhilluku Dhuddu 2  Comedy    5.3    Rambala
325      Dev  Action    4.8    Rajath Ravishankar
326  Charlie Chaplin 2  Comedy    3.8    Sakthi Chidambaram
327      Petta  Action    7.3    Karthik Subbaraj
328      Viswasam  Action    6.7    Siva

      Actor  PeopleVote  Year  Hero_Rating  movie_rating \
0      Arulnithi      746  2011      8      8
1      Suriya      9479  2011      9      9
2      Vimal      14522  2011      8      7
3      Ajith Kumar      12276  2011      6      8
4  Lawrence Raghavendra      1044  2011      8      9
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
324      Santhanam      497  2019      7      9
325      Karthi      724  2019      5      8
326      Prabhu Deva      215  2019      4      7
327      Rajinikanth      7545  2019      8      8
328      Ajith Kumar      5907  2019      8      9

      content_rating
0      7.900000
1      8.066667
2      7.666667
3      7.200000
4      7.833333
..      ...
324      7.100000
325      5.933333
326      4.933333
327      7.766667
328      7.900000

```

[329 rows x 10 columns]

```
[28]: toprating = pd.DataFrame(df[df['movie_rating']== 10 ])
      toprating
```

```
[28]:      MovieName  Genre  Rating  Director  Actor  PeopleVote  Year  \
288  Kalavani 2  Comedy    4.0  A. Sarkunam  Vimal          68  2019

      Hero_Rating  movie_rating  content_rating
288             5             10             6.333333
```

```
[29]: df.columns
```

```
[29]: Index(['MovieName', 'Genre', 'Rating', 'Director', 'Actor', 'PeopleVote',
        'Year', 'Hero_Rating', 'movie_rating', 'content_rating'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[ ]:
```

```
[24]: df_rt = df[['MovieName', 'Genre', 'PeopleVote', 'movie_rating', 'Director', 'Year']]
      df_rt
```

```
[24]:      MovieName  Genre  PeopleVote  movie_rating  \
0      Mouna Guru  Action          746            8
1      7 Aum Arivu  Action         9479            9
2      Vaagai Sooda Vaa  Comedy        14522            7
3      Mankatha  Action        12276            8
4      Kanchana: Muni 2  Comedy         1044            9
..      ...      ...      ...      ...
324  Dhilluku Dhuddu 2  Comedy          497            9
325      Dev  Action          724            8
326  Charlie Chaplin 2  Comedy          215            7
327      Petta  Action        7545            8
328      Viswasam  Action        5907            9

      Director  Year
0      Santha Kumar  2011
1      A.R. Murugadoss  2011
2      A. Sarkunam  2011
3      Venkat Prabhu  2011
4  Lawrence Raghavendra  2011
..      ...      ...
324      Rambala  2019
325  Rajath Ravishankar  2019
326  Sakthi Chidambaram  2019
327  Karthik Subbaraj  2019
```

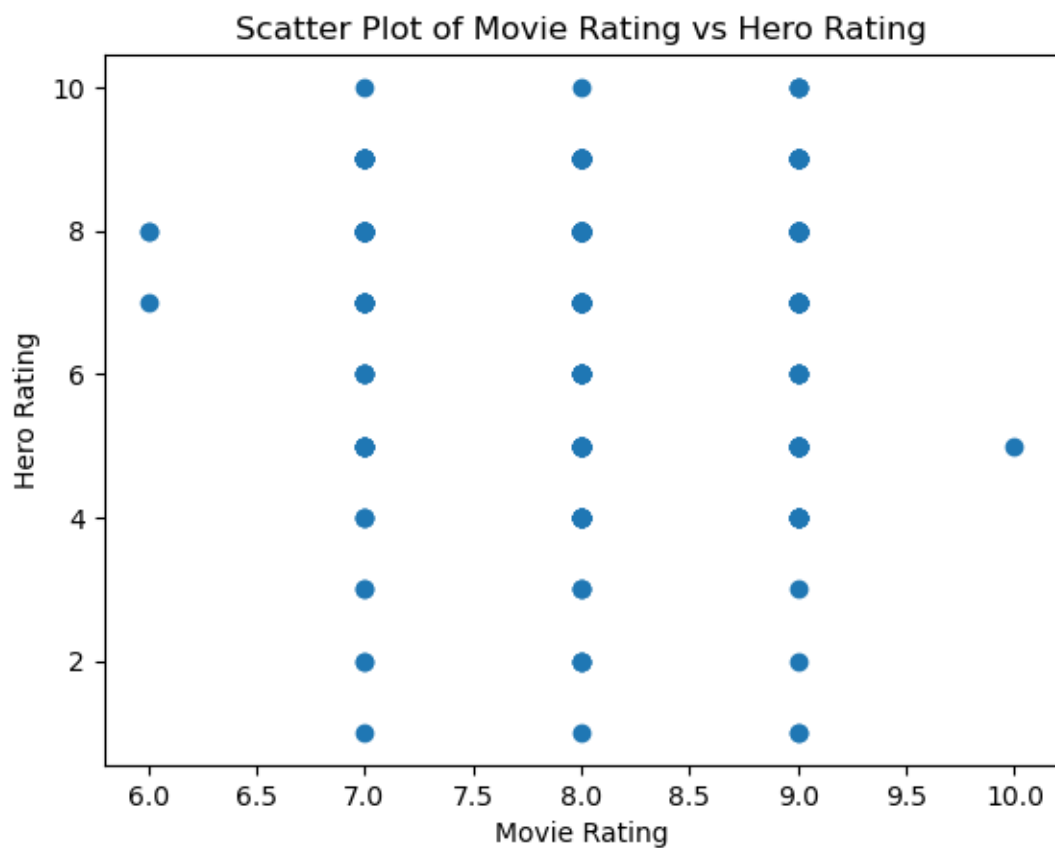
[329 rows x 6 columns]

```
[11]: # Assuming df is your DataFrame and it has columns 'movie_rating' and
      ↪ 'Hero_Rating'

      # Create scatter plot
      plt.scatter(df['movie_rating'], df['Hero_Rating'])

      # Add labels and title
      plt.xlabel('Movie Rating')
      plt.ylabel('Hero Rating')
      plt.title('Scatter Plot of Movie Rating vs Hero Rating')

      # Display the plot
      plt.show()
```

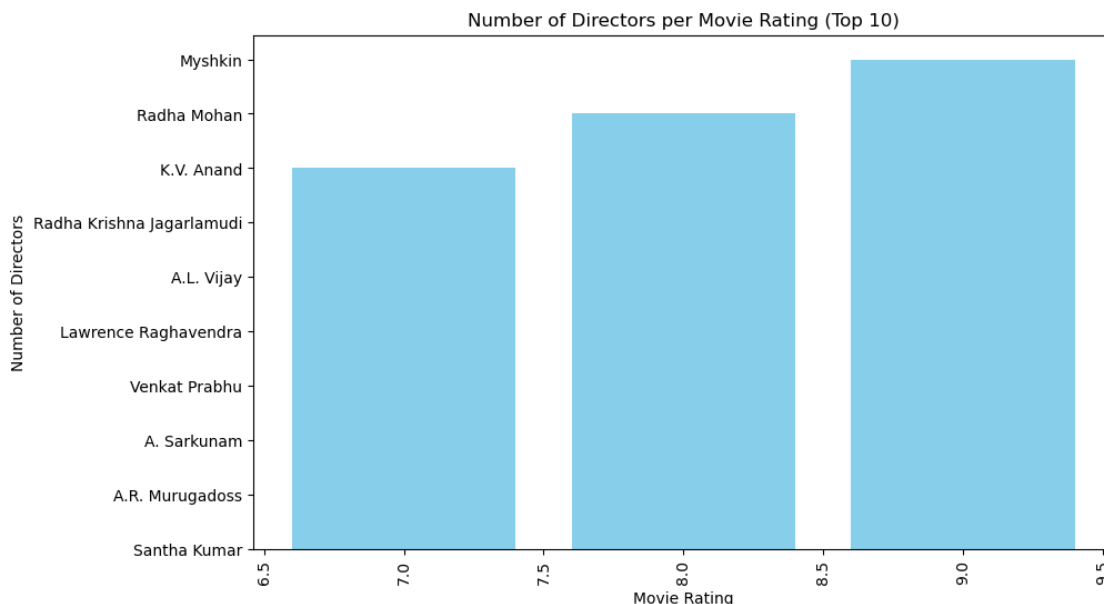



```
[23]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming df_rt is your DataFrame

# Select the first 10 data points
top10_data = df_rt.head(10)

# Plot the bar chart for the first 10 data points
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(top10_data['movie_rating'], top10_data['Director'], color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Movie Rating')
plt.ylabel('Number of Directors')
plt.title('Number of Directors per Movie Rating (Top 10)')
plt.xticks(rotation=90) # Rotate x-axis labels if needed
plt.show()
```



```
[26]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Plotting the first 10 data points
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6)) # Optional: Adjusts the figure size
plt.plot(df_rt['Year'][:10], df_rt['movie_rating'][:10], marker='o')

# Adding labels to the axes
plt.xlabel('Year', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Movie Rating', fontsize=14)
```

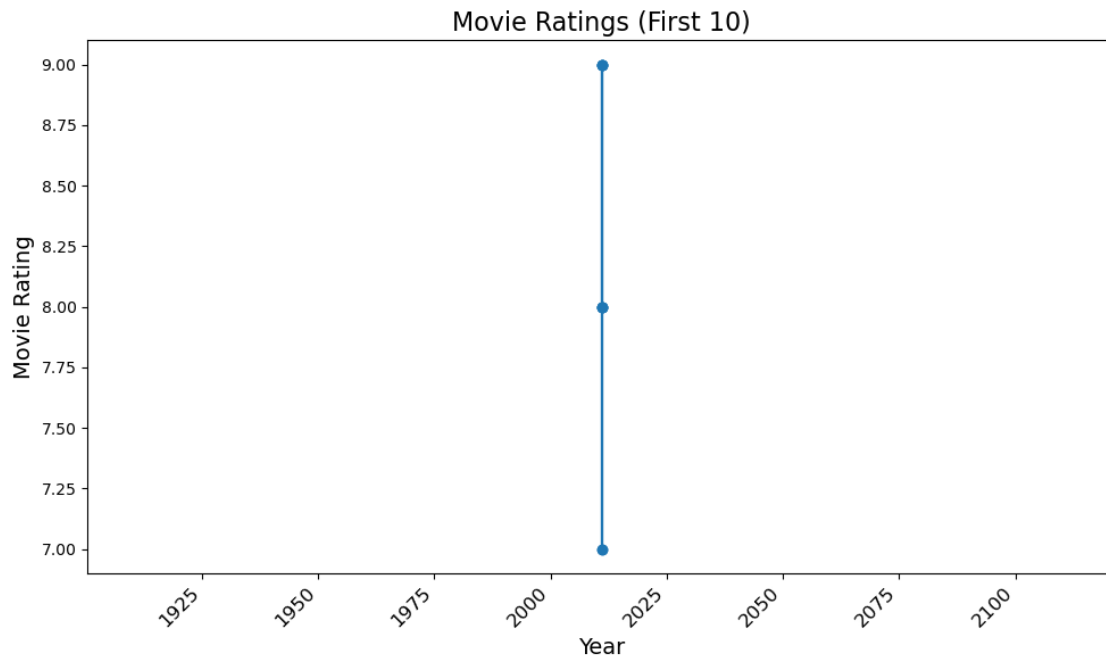
```

# Rotating x-axis labels for better readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right', fontsize=12)

# Adding a title to the plot
plt.title('Movie Ratings (First 10)', fontsize=16)

# Display the plot
plt.tight_layout() # Adjusts plot to ensure everything fits without overlapping
plt.show()

```



```

[28]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

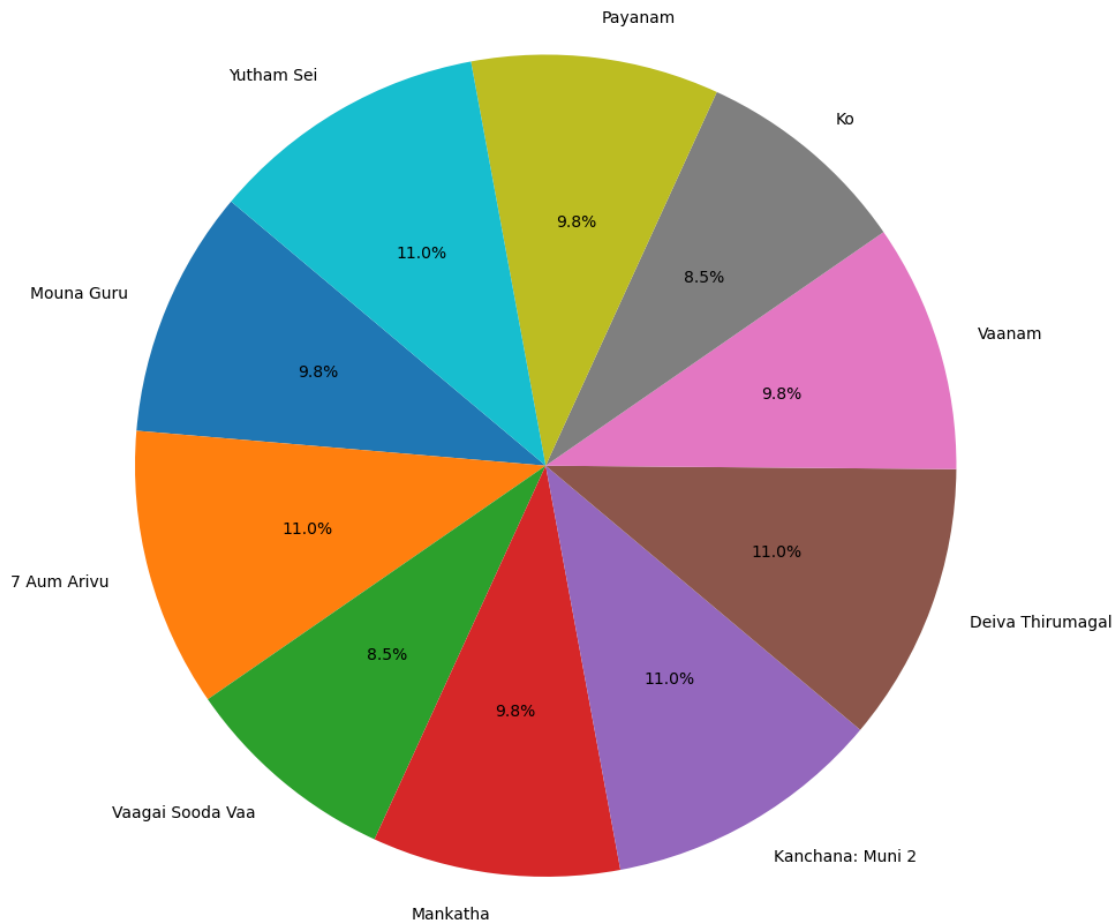
# Plotting the data as a pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10)) # Increase the figure size for better readability
plt.pie(df_rt['movie_rating'][:10], labels=df_rt['MovieName'][:10], autopct='%1.
    ↪1f%%', startangle=140)

# Adding a title to the plot (optional)
plt.title('Movie Ratings (First 10)', fontsize=16)

# Display the plot
plt.tight_layout() # Adjusts plot to ensure everything fits without overlapping
plt.show()

```

Movie Ratings (First 10)

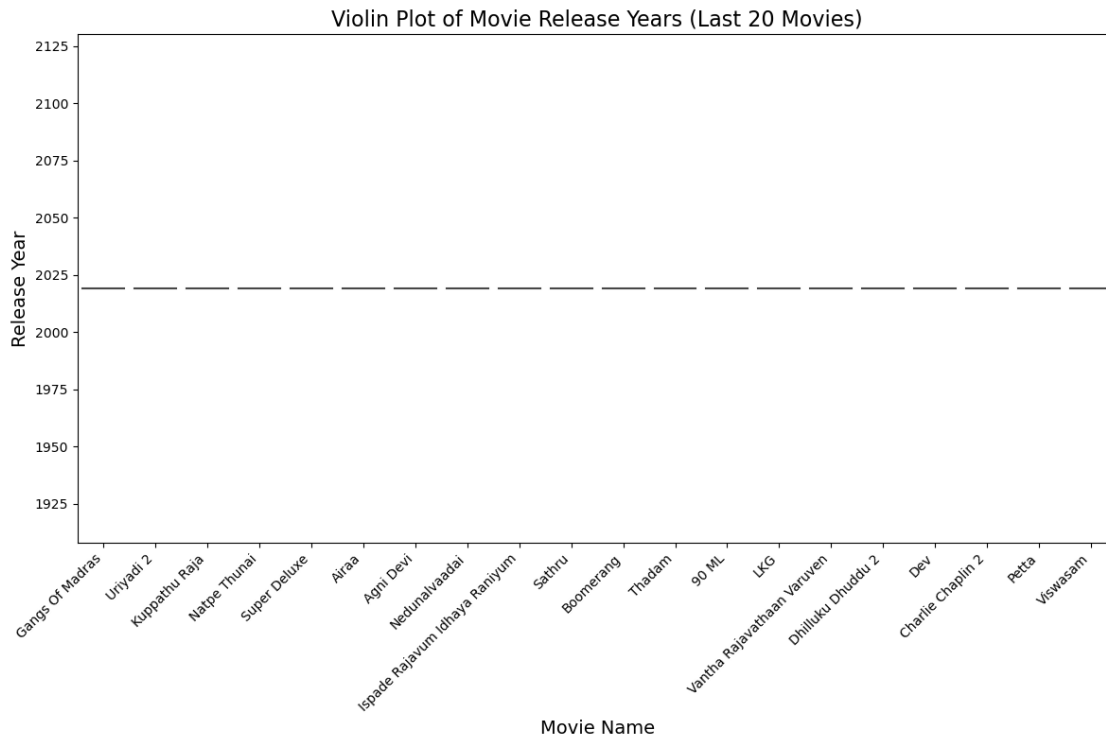


```
[68]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Assuming 'MovieName' and 'Year' columns exist in df DataFrame
# Slice the DataFrame to get the last 20 rows
df_last_20 = df.tail(20)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.violinplot(x=df_last_20['MovieName'], y=df_last_20['Year'])
plt.xlabel('Movie Name', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Release Year', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Violin Plot of Movie Release Years (Last 20 Movies)', fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right', fontsize=10)
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
[66]: print(df.columns)
```

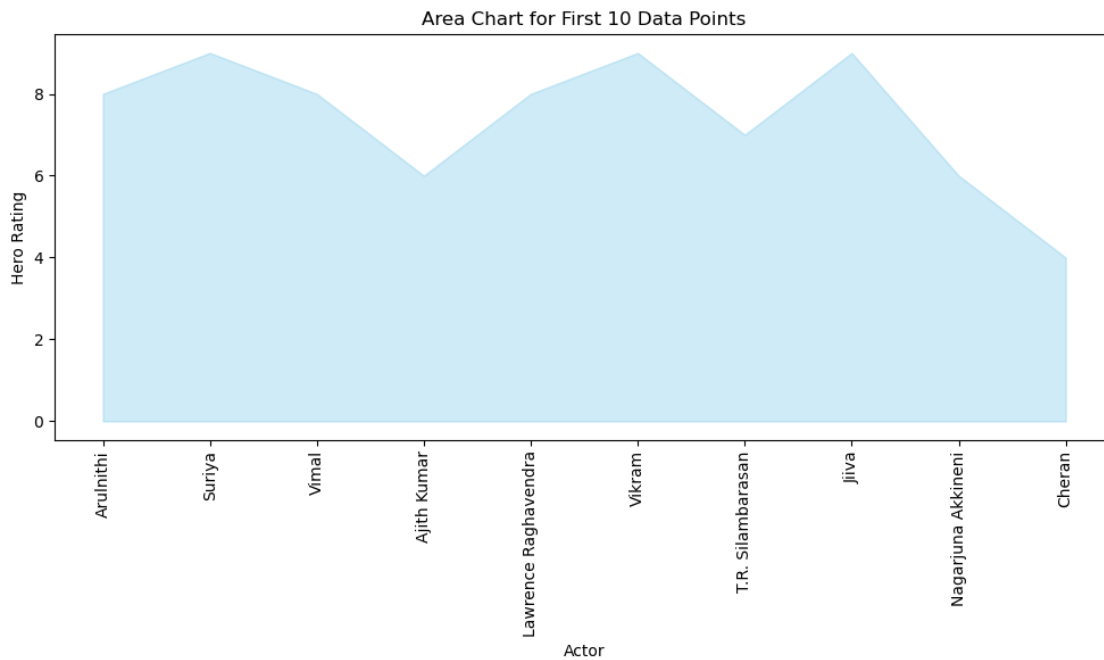
```
Index(['MovieName', 'Genre', 'Rating', 'Director', 'Actor', 'PeopleVote',
      'Year', 'Hero_Rating', 'movie_rating', 'content_rating'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
[12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

# Select the first 10 rows
df_first_10 = df.head(10)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6)) # Optional: Set the figure size
plt.fill_between(df_first_10['Actor'], df_first_10['Hero_Rating'],
                color='skyblue', alpha=0.4)
plt.xlabel('Actor')
plt.ylabel('Hero Rating')
plt.title('Area Chart for First 10 Data Points')
plt.xticks(rotation=90) # Rotate x-tick labels to be vertical
plt.tight_layout() # Adjust layout to make room for rotated x-axis labels
```

```
plt.show()
```



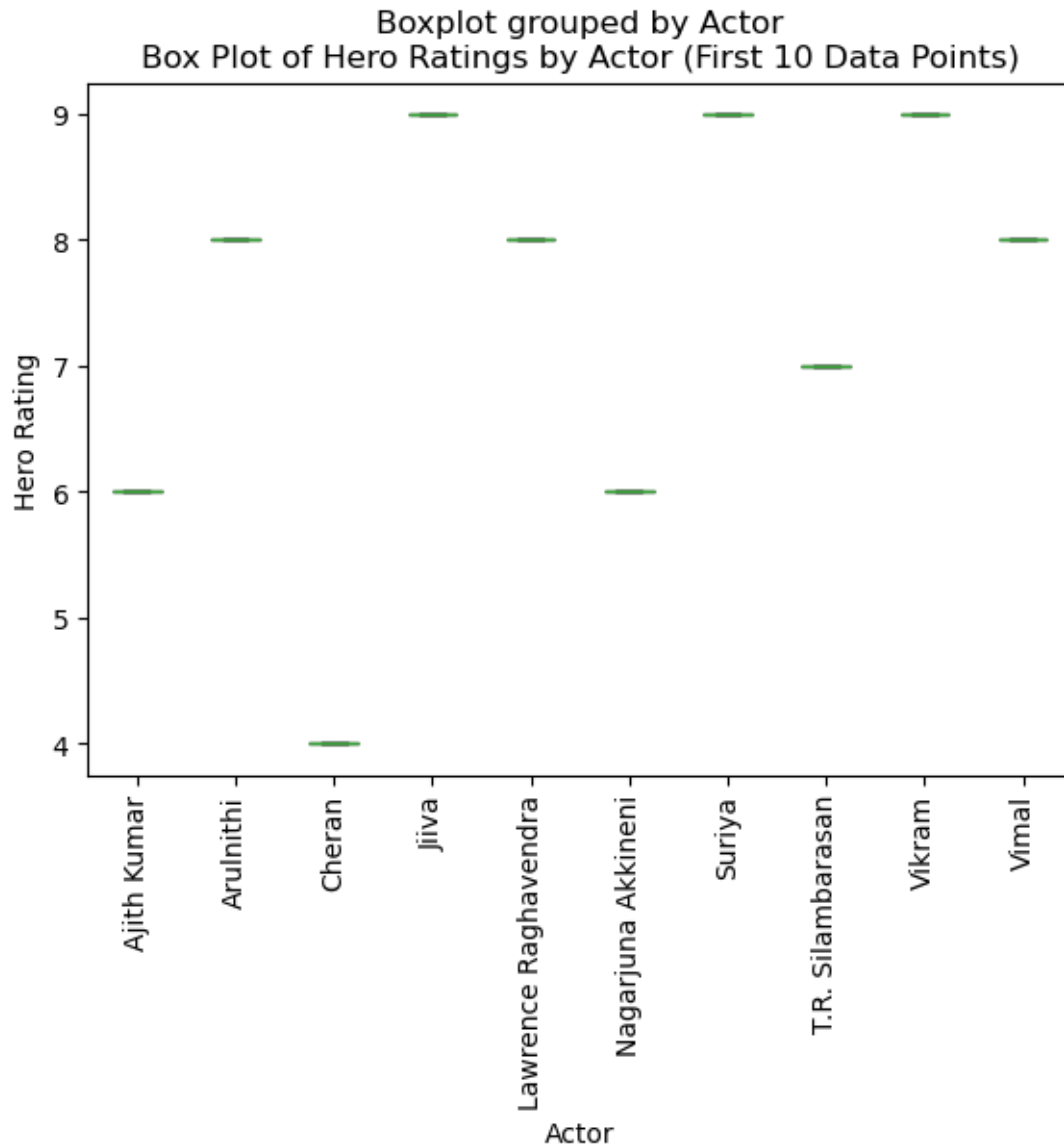
```
[31]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

df_first_10 = df.head(10)

# Create a box plot for Hero_Rating grouped by Actor for the first 10 data points
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8)) # Optional: Set the figure size
df_first_10.boxplot(column='Hero_Rating', by='Actor', grid=False,
                    patch_artist=True, boxprops=dict(facecolor='skyblue'))

plt.xlabel('Actor')
plt.ylabel('Hero Rating')
plt.title('Box Plot of Hero Ratings by Actor (First 10 Data Points)')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1200x800 with 0 Axes>

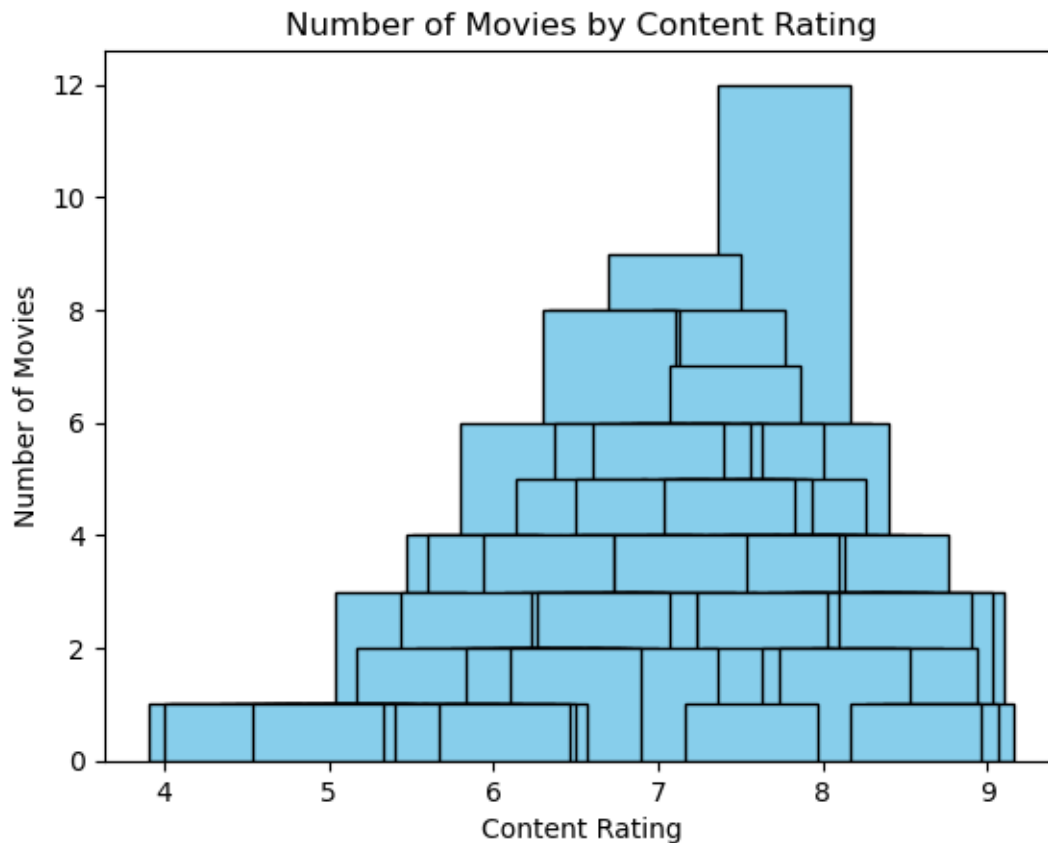


```
[9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

rating_counts = df['content_rating'].value_counts()

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.bar(rating_counts.index, rating_counts, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.xlabel('Content Rating')
plt.ylabel('Number of Movies')
plt.title('Number of Movies by Content Rating')
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
[3]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

# Load data from CSV file
data = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↪csv')

# Extract the first 10 rows
data = data.head(10)

# Extract MovieName and movie_rating columns
MovieName = data['MovieName']
movie_rating = data['movie_rating']

# Number of variables
num_vars = len(MovieName)
```

```

# Compute angle for each axis
angles = np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, num_vars, endpoint=False).tolist()

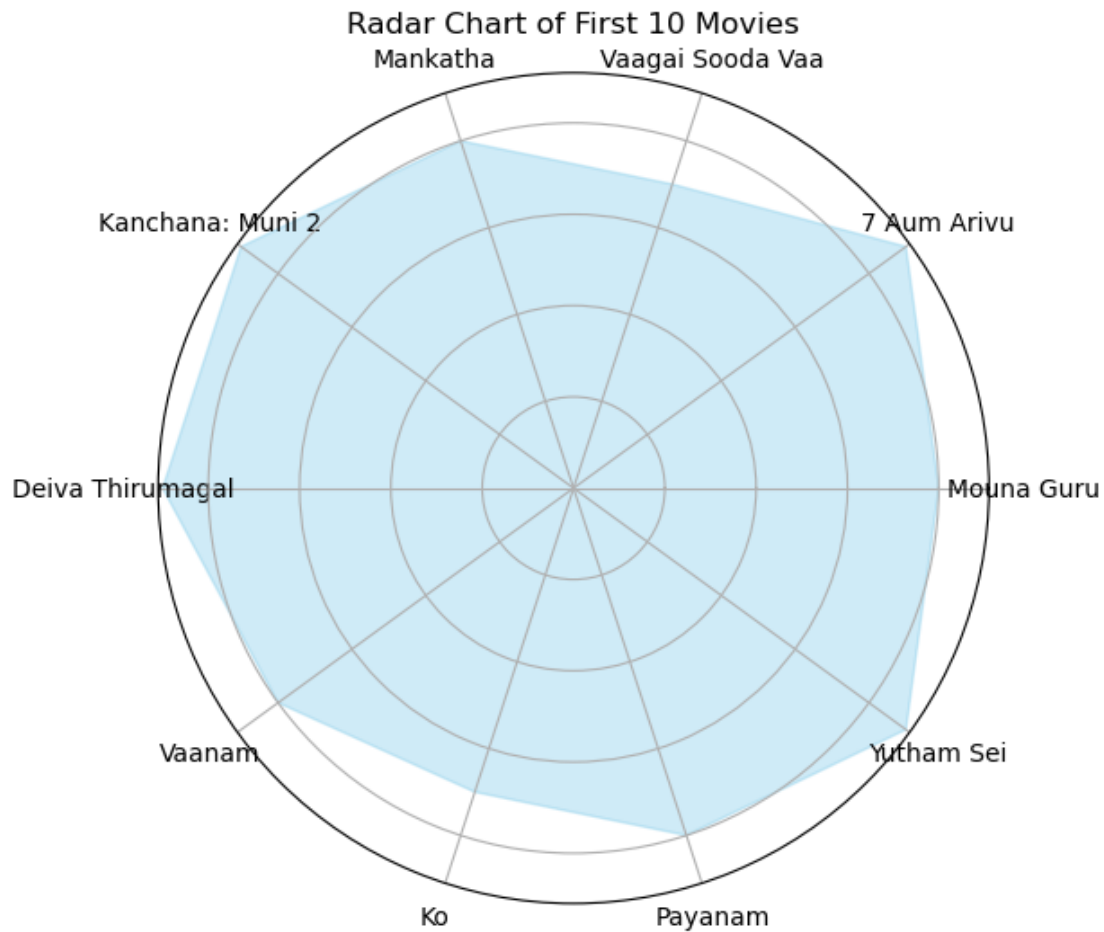
# The plot is circular, so we need to "complete the loop" and append the start_
↪value to the end.
movie_rating = movie_rating.tolist() # Convert to list
movie_rating += movie_rating[:1]
angles += angles[:1]

# Plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(6, 6), subplot_kw=dict(polar=True))
ax.fill(angles, movie_rating, color='skyblue', alpha=0.4)

# Add labels
ax.set_yticklabels([])
ax.set_xticks(angles[:-1])
ax.set_xticklabels(MovieName)

# Show the plot
plt.title('Radar Chart of First 10 Movies')
plt.show()

```

```
[9]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Load data from CSV file
data = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\subbiah\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Tamil_movies_dataset.
↳csv')

# Extract the first 10 rows
data = data.head(10)

# Extract MovieName and movie_rating columns
MovieName = data['MovieName']
movie_rating = data['movie_rating']

# Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(MovieName, movie_rating, color='skyblue')
```

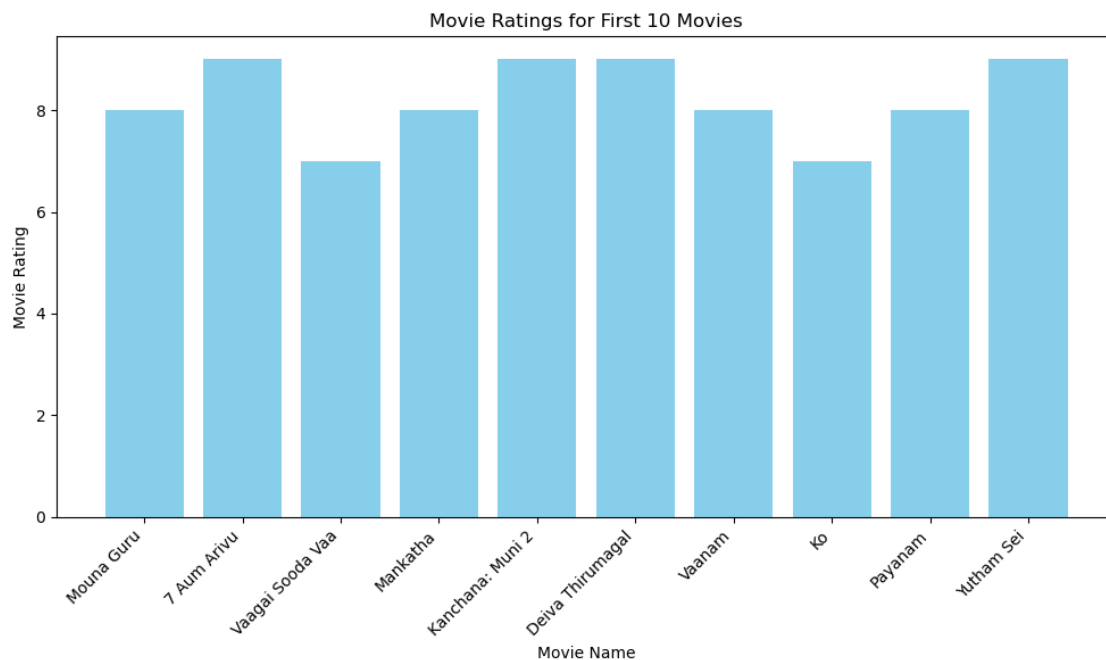
```

# Add labels and title
plt.xlabel('Movie Name')
plt.ylabel('Movie Rating')
plt.title('Movie Ratings for First 10 Movies')

# Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')

# Show the plot
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



```

[13]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

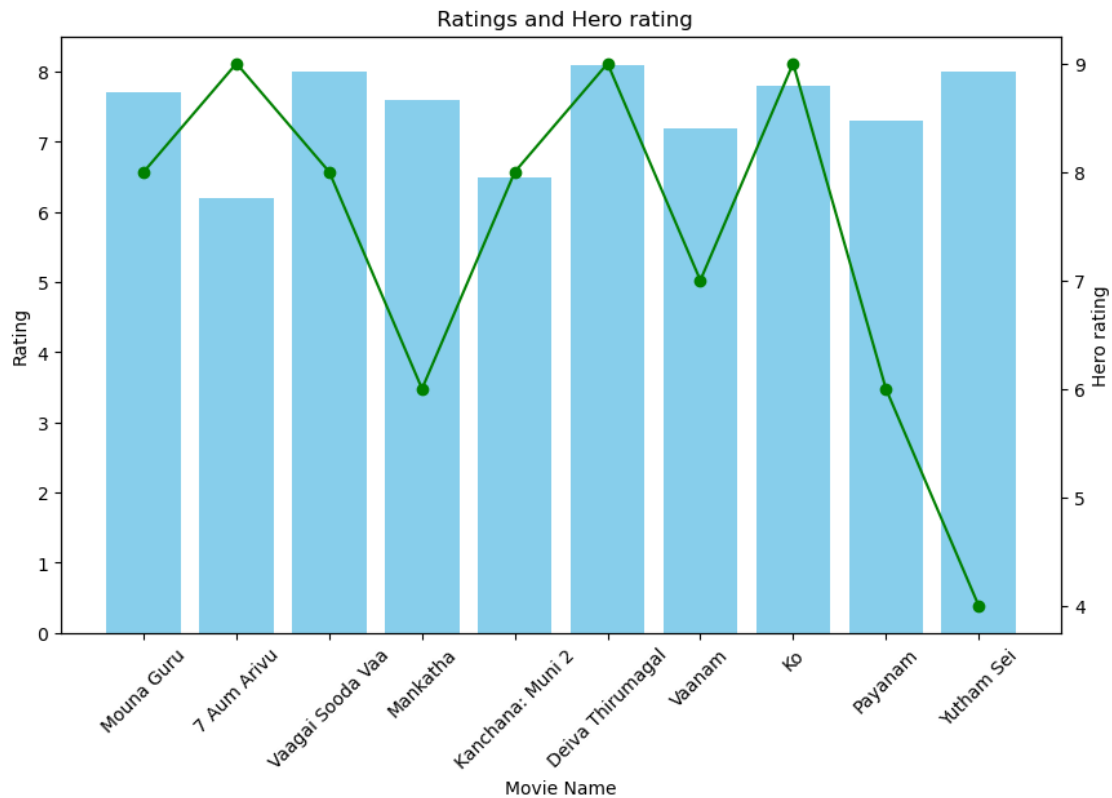
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))

# Plot the bar chart on the primary y-axis
ax1.bar(data['MovieName'], data['Rating'], color='skyblue', label='Rating')
ax1.set_xlabel('Movie Name')
ax1.set_ylabel('Rating')
ax1.set_title(' Ratings and Hero rating')
ax1.tick_params(axis='x', rotation=45)

```

```
# Create a secondary y-axis and plot the line chart
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
ax2.plot(data['MovieName'], data['Hero_Rating'], color='green', marker='o',
        label='Votes')
ax2.set_ylabel('Hero rating')

plt.show()
```



[]: