```
BinarySearchTree.java
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
    * Version: Mon Sep 22 15:48:10 CEST 2025
3
4
   package ex02.solution.task01;
   import java.util.Collection;
8
   import java.util.LinkedList;
   import java.util.stream.Collectors;
12
   public class BinarySearchTree<K extends Comparable<? super K>, V> {
13
     protected Node root;
     public static class Entry<K, V> {
16
17
18
        private K key;
        private V value;
20
21
        public Entry(K key, V value) {
         this.key = key;
22
          this.value = value;
23
24
25
        protected K setKey(K key) {
26
27
         K oldKey = this.key;
          this.key = key;
28
29
          return oldKev;
30
31
32
        public K getKey() {
33
         return kev;
34
35
        public V setValue(V value) {
         V oldValue = this.value;
37
          this.value = value;
38
          return oldValue;
39
41
        public V getValue() {
42
43
         return value;
44
45
46
        @Override
47
        public String toString() {
          StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
49
          result.append("[").append(key).append("/").append(value).append("]");
50
          return result.toString();
51
52
     } // End of class Entry
55
     public class Node {
56
57
        private Entry<K, V> entry;
        private Node leftChild;
58
        private Node rightChild;
59
60
        public Node(Entry<K, V> entry) {
61
62
         this.entry = entry;
63
64
        public Node(Entry<K, V> entry, Node leftChild, Node rightChild) {
65
          this.entry = entry;
          this.leftChild = leftChild;
67
68
          this.rightChild = rightChild;
69
```

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71
       public Entry<K, V> getEntry() {
72
         return entry;
73
74
        public Entry<K, V> setEntry(Entry<K, V> entry) {
75
          Entry<K, V> oldEntry = entry;
76
77
          this.entry = entry;
78
          return oldEntry;
79
80
81
        public Node getLeftChild() {
82
          return leftChild;
83
84
85
        public void setLeftChild(Node leftChild) {
86
          this.leftChild = leftChild;
87
88
        public Node getRightChild() {
89
90
          return rightChild;
91
92
        public void setRightChild(Node rightChild) {
93
94
          this.rightChild = rightChild;
95
     } // End of class Node
97
     public Entry<K, V> insert(K key, V value) {
100
        Entry<K, V> newEntry = new Entry<>(key, value);
        root = insert(root, newEntry);
102
103
        return newEntry;
104
105
     protected Node insert (Node node, Entry<K, V> entry) {
106
        if (node == null)
          return newNode (entry);
108
        else if (entry.getKey().compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) <= 0) {</pre>
110
          node.setLeftChild(insert(node.getLeftChild(), entry));
        } else { /* if (entry.key > node.key) */
111
          node.setRightChild(insert(node.getRightChild(), entry));
112
113
114
        return node;
115
116
117
118
       * Factory-Method: Creates a new node.
119
120
       * @param entry
                  The entry to be inserted in the new node.
121
122
       * @return The new created node.
123
124
     protected Node newNode (Entry<K, V> entry) {
125
       return new Node (entry);
126
127
128
     public void clear() {
129
       root = null;
130
131
     public Entry<K, V> find(K key) {
  Node result = find(root, key);
132
133
        if (result == null) {
134
          return null;
135
136
137
       return result.getEntry();
138
```

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     protected Node find (Node node, K key) {
        if (node == null) {
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142
          return null;
143
        if (key.compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) < 0) {
144
          return find(node.getLeftChild(), key);
145
146
147
        if (key.compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) > 0) {
          return find(node.getRightChild(), key);
148
149
150
        return node;
151
152
153
      * Returns a collection with all entries with kev.
154
155
       * @param key
156
                  The key to be searched.
157
       * Greturn Collection of all entries found. An empty collection is returned if
158
159
                 no entry with key is found.
160
      public Collection<Entry<K, V>> findAll(K key) {
161
        Collection<Entry<K, V>> entries = new LinkedList<>();
162
163
        findAll(root, key, entries);
164
        return entries;
165
     protected void findAll(Node node, K key, Collection<Entry<K, V>> entries) {
167
168
        if (node == null) {
          return:
169
170
        if (key.compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) == 0) {
171
172
          entries.add(node.getEntry());
173
174
        if (key.compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) <= 0) {
          findAll(node.getLeftChild(), key, entries);
175
176
        if (key.compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) >= 0) {
177
178
          findAll(node.getRightChild(), key, entries);
179
180
181
182
      * Returns a collection with all entries in inorder.
183
184
185
       * @return Inorder-Collection of all entries.
186
      public Collection<Entry<K, V>> inorder()
        Collection<Node> inorderNodeList = new LinkedList<>();
188
189
        inorder(root, inorderNodeList);
        Collection<Entry<K, V>> inorderEntryList = inorderNodeList.stream()
190
191
            .map(node -> node.getEntry()).collect(Collectors.toList());
        return inorderEntryList;
192
193
194
     protected void inorder(Node node, Collection<Node> inorderList) {
195
        if (node == null)
196
197
          return;
        inorder(node.getLeftChild(), inorderList);
198
        inorderList.add(node);
199
        inorder(node.getRightChild(), inorderList);
201
```

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203
204
      * Prints the entries of the tree as a list in inorder to the console.
205
     public void printInorder() {
206
        inorder().stream().forEach(e -> {
          System.out.print(e + " ");
208
209
210
        System.out.println();
211
212
213
     public Entry<K, V> remove(Entry<K, V> entry) {
214
       if (entry == null) {
          return null:
215
216
        RemoveResult result = remove(root, entry);
217
218
        root = result.getNode();
        return result.getEntry();
219
220
221
     protected class RemoveResult {
222
223
224
        private Node node;
        private Entry<K, V> entry;
225
226
        public RemoveResult(Node node, Entry<K, V> entry) {
227
          this.node = node;
228
          this.entry = entry;
229
230
231
232
        RemoveResult set (Node node)
233
          this.node = node;
          return this;
234
235
236
237
        public Node getNode() {
238
          return node;
239
240
241
        public Entry<K, V> getEntry() {
242
          return entry;
243
244
245
```

## BinarySearchTree.java 22.9.2025 15:48:10 Page 5/7 247 protected RemoveResult remove(final Node node, final Entry<K, V> entry) { RemoveResult result = null; 248 249 if (node == null) return new RemoveResult(null, null); 250 251 if (entry.getKey().compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) < 0) {</pre> 252 result = remove(node.getLeftChild(), entry); 253 254 node.setLeftChild(result.getNode()); 255 return result.set(node); } else if (entry.getKey().compareTo(node.getEntry().getKey()) > 0) { 256 257 result = remove(node.getRightChild(), entry); 258 node.setRightChild(result.getNode()); return result.set(node); 259 260 // Key found: is this the correct entry? 261 262 if (node.getEntry() != entry) { // Searching for next entry with this key 263 result = remove(node.getLeftChild(), entry); 264 node.setLeftChild(result.getNode()); 265 266 if (result.getEntry() == null) result = remove(node.getRightChild(), entry); 267 node.setRightChild(result.getNode()); 268 260 270 return result.set(node); 271 // We have reached the correct node. 272 if (node.getLeftChild() == null) { 273 return new RemoveResult (node.getRightChild(), node.getEntry()); 274 275 if (node.getRightChild() == null) { 276 277 return new RemoveResult(node.getLeftChild(), node.getEntry()); 278 279 Entry<K, V> entryRemoved = node.getEntry(); Node q = getParentNext(node); 280 281 if (q == node) { node.setEntry(node.getRightChild().getEntry()); 282 q.setRightChild(q.getRightChild().getRightChild()); 283 284 285 node.setEntry(q.getLeftChild().getEntry()); 286 q.setLeftChild(q.getLeftChild().getRightChild()); 287 return new RemoveResult (node, entryRemoved); 288 289 290 291 292 293 \* Search for the inorder successor. 294 295 296 The node for which the inorder successor shall be searched. \* @return The parent-node(!) of the inorder successor. 297 298 @SuppressWarnings("static-method") 299 300 protected Node getParentNext(Node p) { if (p.getRightChild().getLeftChild() != null) { 301 p = p.getRightChild(); 302 while (p.getLeftChild().getLeftChild() != null) 303 304 p = p.getLeftChild(); 305 return p: 306 307

```
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                                                                                     Page 6/7
309
       * The height of the tree.
310
311
       * @return The current height. -1 for an empty tree.
312
313
     public int getHeight() {
314
315
        return getHeight (root);
316
317
     protected int getHeight (Node p) {
318
319
       if (p == nuli)
320
          return -1;
        int rHeight = getHeight(p.getRightChild());
321
322
        int lHeight = getHeight(p.getLeftChild());
        return (lHeight < rHeight ? rHeight : lHeight) + 1;
323
324
325
     public int size()
326
       return size(root);
327
328
329
     protected int size (Node n) {
330
        if (n == null) {
331
332
         return 0;
333
334
        return size(n.getLeftChild()) + size(n.getRightChild()) + 1;
335
336
337
     public boolean isEmpty() {
338
        return size() == 0;
339
```

```
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                                                                                      Page 7/7
341
      public static void main(String[] args) {
3/12
343
        // Example from lecture "Löschen (IV/IV)":
        BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
344
        //BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTreeADV<>("Loeschen (IV/
   IV)");
        //BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTreeADV<>("Loeschen (IV/
346
   IV)", 0, 4);
347
        System.out.println("Inserting:");
        bst.insert(1, "Str1");
        bst.printInorder();
349
        bst.insert(3, "Str3");
350
        bst.printInorder();
351
        bst.insert(2, "Str2");
352
        bst.printInorder();
353
354
        bst.insert(8, "Str8");
        bst.printInorder();
355
        bst.insert(9, "Str9");
        bst.insert(6, "Str6");
bst.insert(5, "Str5");
357
358
        bst.printInorder();
359
360
        System.out.println("Removeing 3:");
361
        Entry<Integer, String> entry = bst.find(3);
362
        System.out.println(entry);
363
364
        bst.remove(entry);
365
        bst.printInorder();
366
367
368
      /* Session-Log:
370
      Inserting:
371
      [1/Str1]
372
      [1/Str1] [3/Str3]
      [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3]
374
      [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3] [8/Str8]
375
      [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [3/Str3] [5/Str5] [6/Str6] [8/Str8] [9/Str9]
376
377
      Removeing 3:
378
      [3/Str3]
      [1/Str1] [2/Str2] [5/Str5] [6/Str6] [8/Str8] [9/Str9]
379
380
381
382
   } // End of class BinarySearchTree
```

```
BinarySearchTreeTest.java
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
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3
   package ex02.solution.task01;
   import java.util.Iterator;
   import java.util.Random;
   import ex02.solution.task01.BinarySearchTree.Entry;
   public class BinarySearchTreeTest {
     private static Random randomGenerator = new Random(1);
17
     private static BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> generateTree(int nodes) {
18
       BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> ret = new BinarySearchTree<>();
        for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
20
         key = randomGenerator.nextInt() * Integer.MAX VALUE;
21
         ret.insert(key, "String_" + i);
22
23
24
       return ret;
25
26
27
     public static void main(String[] args) {
28
       System.out.println("BINARY TREE TEST");
29
       System.out
30
            .println("Please be patient, the following operations may take some time...");
        final int TESTRUNS = 100;
31
        final int BEGINSIZE = 10000;
        final int VARYSIZE = 10;
33
       long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
34
35
        BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
       double avgHeight = 0;
37
        double avgEntries = 0;
38
        double avgTime = 0;
39
        for (int i = 0; i < TESTRUNS; i++) {
41
         startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
         bst = generateTree(BEGINSIZE + i * VARYSIZE);
42
         avgTime += System.currentTimeMillis() - startTime;
43
         avqHeight += bst.getHeight();
44
         avgEntries += BEGINSIZE + i * VARYSIZE;
45
46
47
       avgTime /= TESTRUNS;
48
       avgEntries /= TESTRUNS;
        avgHeight /= TESTRUNS;
       System.out.println("Test successful, results are as follows:");
50
       System.out.println("Average time for generation is: " + avgTime + " ms");
51
       System.out.println("Average entries are: " + avgEntries);
52
        System.out.println("Average height is: " + avgHeight);
        System.out.println("In h=C*log2(n), C=h/log2(n) = " + avgHeight
54
55
            / (Math.log(avgEntries) / Math.log(2)));
        System.out.println();
```

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        bst = generateTree(20);
        int search = 15138431;
50
60
        Entry<Integer, String> searchResult;
        bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
61
        searchResult = bst.find(search);
        if (searchResult == null) {
63
64
          System.err.println("Search for node " + search + " failed!");
65
        } else {
          System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
66
67
68
        System.out.println();
       bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
bst.insert(search, "String_" + search);
69
70
71
72
        Iterator<Entry<Integer, String>> it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
73
        int count = 0;
        while (it.hasNext()) {
74
          count++;
75
          it.next();
76
          System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
77
78
        System.out.println("Search for node " + search + ": " + count
79
            + " nodes found!");
80
81
        System.out.println();
        it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
82
        count = 0;
        while (it.hasNext()) {
84
85
          bst.remove(it.next());
86
87
        it = bst.findAll(search).iterator();
        count = 0;
89
90
        while (it.hasNext()) {
          count++:
91
          it.next();
          System.out.println("Search for node " + search + " successful!");
93
94
        System.out.println("Search for node " + search + ": " + count
95
96
            + " nodes found!");
97
98
99
100
101
   /* Session-Log:
102
   BINARY TREE TEST
103
104 Please be patient, the following operations may take some time...
   Test successful, results are as follows:
106 Average time for generation is: 4.12 ms
   Average entries are: 10495.0
108 Average height is: 30.25
   In h=C*log2(n), C=h/log2(n) = 2.2646598183667286
110
111 Search for node 15138431 successful!
112
113 Search for node 15138431 successful!
114 Search for node 15138431 successful!
115 Search for node 15138431 successful!
116 Search for node 15138431 successful!
117 Search for node 15138431: 4 nodes found!
119 Search for node 15138431: 0 nodes found!
120
121 */
```

```
BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
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3
   package ex02.solution.task01;
   import static org.junit.Assert.*;
   import java.util.Collection;
   import java.util.HashMap;
   import java.util.LinkedList;
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.Map;
   import java.util.Random;
   import org.junit.Before;
   import org.junit.FixMethodOrder;
   import org.junit.Test;
   import org.junit.runners.MethodSorters;
   import ex02.solution.task01.BinarySearchTree.Entry;
   @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME ASCENDING)
24
25
   public class BinarvSearchTreeJUnitTest {
     BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bst;
28
29
     @Before
30
     public void setUp() {
31
       bst = new BinarySearchTree<>();
33
34
     public void test01EmptySizeInsertClear() {
35
        assertTrue(bst.isEmpty());
       assertEquals(0, bst.size());
bst.insert(1, "String_1");
assertEquals(1, bst.size());
37
38
39
        assertFalse(bst.isEmpty());
        bst.insert(2, "String_2");
41
       assertEquals(2, bst.size());
bst.insert(2, "String_2");
42
43
        assertEquals(3, bst.size());
44
45
        bst.clear();
46
        assertTrue(bst.isEmptv());
47
        assertEquals(0, bst.size());
48
50
     @Test
51
     public void test02Find() {
        Entry<Integer, String> entry;
52
        entry = bst.find(1);
        assertNull(entry);
54
55
        Entry<Integer, String> insertedEntry = bst.insert(1, "String_1");
56
        entry = bst.find(1);
57
        assertNotNull(entry);
        assertEquals(Integer.valueOf(1), entry.getKey());
58
59
        assertEquals("String_1", entry.getValue());
60
        assertSame(insertedEntry, entry);
```

## BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java 22.9.2025 15:48:10 Page 2/4 public void test03FindAll() { 64 65 Collection<Entry<Integer, String>> col; 66 col = bst.findAll(1); assertEquals(0, col.size()); bst.insert(1, "String\_1"); 69 col = bst.findAll(2); 70 assertEquals(0, col.size()); bst.insert(2, "String\_2"); 71 col = bst.findAll(2); 72 73 assertEquals(1, col.size()); bst.insert(2, "String\_2"); 74 col = bst.findAll(2); 75 assertEquals(2, col.size()); 76 77 78 @Test 79 public void test04GetHeight() { assertEquals(-1, bst.getHeight()); bst.insert(1, "String 1"); 82 assertEquals(0, bst.getHeight()); 83 bst.insert(2, "String 2"); assertEquals(1, bst.getHeight()); 86 87 89 public void test05Remove() { Entry<Integer, String> entry = new Entry<>(1, "String 1"); 90 entry = bst.remove(entry); assertNull(entry); 92 final Entry<Integer, String> entry1 = bst.insert(1, "String\_1"); entry = bst.remove(entry1); 95 assertSame (entry, entry1); assertEquals(0, bst.size()); 96 final Entry<Integer, String> entryla = bst.insert(1, "String\_la"); final Entry<Integer, String> entrylb = bst.insert(1, "String\_1b"); 98 assertEquals(2, bst.size()); entry = bst.remove(entryla); 100 assertSame(entryla, entry); 102 assertEquals(1, bst.size()); entry = bst.remove(entry1b); 103 assertSame(entry1b, entry); 104 105 assertEquals(0, bst.size()); 106

```
BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java
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     public void test06RemoveCase3() {
100
110
        bst.insert(1, "String_1");
        Entry<Integer, String> entryToRemove = bst.insert(3, "String_3");
111
        bst.insert(2, "String 2");
        bst.insert(8, "String_8");
113
114
       bst.insert(6, "String_6");
bst.insert(9, "String_9");
115
        bst.insert(5, "String 5");
116
        assertEquals(7, bst.size());
117
118
        assertEquals(4, bst.getHeight());
119
        Entry<Integer, String> removedEntry = bst.remove(entryToRemove);
        assertSame(entryToRemove, removedEntry);
120
121
        assertEquals(6, bst.size());
122
        assertEquals(3, bst.getHeight());
123
        bst.remove(bst.find(6));
        assertEquals(5, bst.size());
124
        assertEquals(3, bst.getHeight());
        bst.remove(bst.find(9));
126
127
        assertEquals(4, bst.size());
        assertEquals(2, bst.getHeight());
128
129
130
131
     public void test07RemoveCase3Special() {
132
        bst.insert(2, "String_2");
        bst.insert(1, "String_1");
134
       bst.insert(3, "String_3.1");
bst.insert(3, "String_3.2");
135
136
137
        Collection<Entry<Integer, String>> col;
138
        col = bst.findAll(3);
139
        assertEquals(2, col.size());
140
        Entry<Integer, String> removedEntry = bst.remove(bst.find(2));
        assertNotNull (removedEntry);
1/11
142
        assertEquals("String_2", removedEntry.getValue());
        col = bst.findAll(3);
143
144
        assertEquals(2, col.size());
145
146
147
     @Test
     public void test09StressTest() {
        final int SIZE = 10000;
149
        Random randomGenerator = new Random(1);
151
        List<Entry<Integer, String>> entriesList = new LinkedList<>();
152
        // key-Counters: count for every key how many time it was generated
153
        Map<Integer, Integer> keyCounters = new HashMap<>();
        // fill the Tree
        for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
155
          int key = (int) (randomGenerator.nextFloat() * SIZE / 3);
156
157
          Integer numberOfKeys = keyCounters.get(key);
          if (numberOfKeys == null) {
158
            numberOfKeys = 1;
          } else {
160
161
            numberOfKeys++;
162
163
          keyCounters.put(key, numberOfKeys);
          Entry<Integer, String> entry = bst.insert(key, "String_" + i);
164
165
          entriesList.add(entry);
          assertEquals(i + 1, bst.size());
166
167
168
        // verify the number of entries per key
169
        for (Map.Entry<Integer, Integer> keyEntry : keyCounters.entrySet()) {
170
          int key = keyEntry.getKey();
          int numberOfKeys = keyEntry.getValue();
171
          assertEquals(numberOfKeys, bst.findAll(key).size());
172
173
```

## 174 175 // remove all entries int size = bst.size(); 176 177 for (Entry<Integer, String> entry : entriesList) { Entry<Integer, String> deletedEntry = bst.remove(entry); 178 assertSame (entry, deletedEntry); 179 assertEquals(--size, bst.size()); 180 181 182 183 184 185

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BinarySearchTreeJUnitTest.java

```
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
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3
   package ex02.solution.task01;
   import ch.hsr.adv.commons.core.logic.domain.styles.ADVStyle;
   import ch.hsr.adv.commons.core.logic.util.ADVException;
import ch.hsr.adv.commons.tree.logic.domain.ADVBinaryTreeNode;
   import ch.hsr.adv.lib.bootstrapper.ADV;
   import ch.hsr.adv.lib.tree.logic.binarytree.BinaryTreeModule;
   @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
   public class BinarySearchTreeADV<K extends Comparable<? super K>, V>
       extends BinarySearchTree<K, V> {
     protected BinaryTreeModule advTree;
     protected class NodeADV extends BinarySearchTree<K, V>.Node
20
21
         implements ADVBinaryTreeNode<String> {
22
       protected NodeADV(Entry<K, V> entry) {
23
24
         super (entry);
25
26
       @Override
27
28
       public String getContent() {
         return getEntry().getKey() + " / " + getEntry().getValue();
29
30
31
32
       @Override
       public ADVStyle getStyle() {
33
34
         return null;
35
       @Override
37
       public NodeADV getLeftChild() {
38
         return (NodeADV) super.getLeftChild();
39
40
41
42
       @Override
       public NodeADV getRightChild() {
43
44
         return (NodeADV) super.getRightChild();
45
46
     } // class BinaryTreeTestADV.NodeADV
     public BinarySearchTreeADV(String sessionName) {
       this(sessionName, -1, -1);
50
51
52
     public BinarySearchTreeADV(String sessionName,
                                int maxLeftHeight, int maxRightHeight) {
54
55
       advTree = new BinaryTreeModule(sessionName);
       if ((maxLeftHeight != -1) && (maxLeftHeight != -1))
56
57
         advTree.setFixedTreeHeight(maxLeftHeight, maxRightHeight);
58
59
       try {
         ADV.launch(null);
60
61
       } catch (ADVException e) {
62
         e.printStackTrace();
63
         System.exit(1);
64
65
```

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## @Override protected Node newNode (Entry<K, V> entry) { 68 69 return new NodeADV (entry); 70 @Override 72 73 public Entry<K, V> insert(K key, V value) { Entry<K, V> newEntry = super.insert(key, value); 74 displayOnADV("insert(" + key + "," + value + ")"); 75 return newEntry; 77 78 @Override 79 public Entry<K, V> remove(Entry<K, V> entry) { Entry<K, V> deletedEntry = super.remove(entry); displayOnADV("remove(" + entry + ")"); return deletedEntry; 83 protected void displayOnADV(String advMessage) { advTree.setRoot((NodeADV) root); 87 ADV.snapshot(advTree, "\n" + advMessage); 90 } catch (ADVException e) { e.printStackTrace(); System.exit(2); 93 94 95 96 }

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BinarySearchTreeADV.java

```
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    * OST - Uebungen 'Algorithmen & Datenstrukturen (AlgDat)'
    * Version: Mon Sep 22 15:48:10 CEST 2025
3
   package ex02.solution.task01;
   public class BinarySearchTreeTestADV {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
12
       BinarySearchTree<Integer, String> bts =
           //new BinarySearchTreeADV<> ("Deleting internal node");
13
           new BinarySearchTreeADV<>("Deleting internal node", 0, 4);
14
       // Example from script: deleting internal node (slide 14):
16
17
       int[] iarr = { 1, 3, 2, 8, 6, 9, 5 };
       for (int i : iarr) {
18
         bts.insert(i, "Str" + i);
20
21
       bts.remove(bts.find(3));
22
23
24
25
26
```

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