A small PoS protocol with dynamic validator set

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- This is a formalization attempt of Vitalik Buterin "Safety Under Dynamic Validator Sets" https://medium.com/@VitalikButerin/safety-under-dynamic-validator-s.8eojzbyou
- However, it is not a faithful formalization currently. I defined forks
 using the prepare_src aware chains, I didn't need slashing conditions
 one and two.
- This document is produced from the code available at https://github.com/pirapira/pos.
- To get updates on this project and similar ones, follow http://gitter.im/ethereum/formal-methods or https://gitter.im/ethereum/research.

 ${f theory}\ Dynamic Validator Set$

imports Main

begin

1 Definitions Necessary to Understand Accountable Safety (not skippable)

In this development we do not know much about hashes. There are many hashes. Two hashes might be equal or not.

```
datatype hash = Hash int
```

Views are numbers. We actually need the fact that views are lines up in a total order. Otherwise accountable safety can be broken.

```
type-synonym \ view = int
```

We have two kinds of messages. A Commit message contains a hash and a view. A prepare message contains a hash and two views. At this point a message is not signed by anybody.

```
datatype message =
  Commit hash * view
| Prepare hash * view * view
```

We need a set of validators. Here, we just define a datatype containing infinitely many validators. Afterwards, when we look at a particular situation, the situation would contain a finite set of validators.

 $datatype \ validator = \ Validator \ int$

A message signed by a validator can be represented as a pair of a validator and a message.

```
type-synonym signed-message = validator * message
```

Almost everything in this document depends on situations. A situation contains a set of validators, a set of signed messages, and a function specifying parents of hashes.

A situation might be seen from a global point of view where every sent messages can be seen, or more likely seen from a local point of view.

```
record situation =

RearValidators :: hash \Rightarrow validator set

FwdValidators :: hash \Rightarrow validator set

Messages :: signed-message set

PrevHash :: hash \Rightarrow hash option
```

In the next section, we are going to determine which of the validators are slashed in a situation.

A hash's previous hash's previous hash is a second-ancestor. Later, we will see that an honest validator will send a prepare message only after seeing enough prepare messages for an ancestor of a particular degree.

```
fun nth-ancestor :: situation \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow hash option where
nth-ancestor - 0 \ h = Some \ h
| nth-ancestor s \ (Suc \ n) \ h =
(case \ PrevHash \ s \ h \ of
None \Rightarrow None
| Some \ h' \Rightarrow nth-ancestor s \ n \ h')
```

In the slashing condition, we will be talking about two-thirds of the validators doing something.

We can lift any predicate about a validator into a predicate about a situation: two thirds of the validators satisfy the predicate.

```
definition two-thirds :: validator set \Rightarrow (validator \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow bool where two-thirds vs f = (2 * card vs \leq 3 * card (\{n. \ n \in vs \land f \ n\}))
```

Similarly for one-third, more-than-two-thirds, and more-than-one-third.

```
definition one-third :: validator set \Rightarrow (validator \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow bool where one-third vs f = (card \ vs \leq 3 * card \ (\{n. \ n \in vs \land f \ n\}))
```

It matters when two-thirds of validators are saying something.

definition two-thirds-sent-message :: $situation \Rightarrow validator\ set \Rightarrow message \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
two-thirds-sent-message s vs m = two-thirds vs (\lambda \ n. \ (n, \ m) \in Messages \ s)
```

A hash is prepared when two-thirds of the validators have sent a certain message.

definition $prepared :: situation \Rightarrow validator set \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
prepared \ s \ vs \ h \ v \ vsrc = (two-thirds-sent-message \ s \ vs \ (Prepare \ (h, \ v, \ vsrc)))
```

A hash is committed when two-thirds of the validators have sent a certain message.

```
definition committed :: situation \Rightarrow validator set \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool where committed s vs h v = two-thirds-sent-message s vs (Commit (h, v))
```

1.1 Prepare Messages' Sources

As we will see, honest validators should send a prepare message only when it has enough prepare messages at a particular view. Those prepare messages need to be signed by two-thirds of both the rear and the forward validators.

A hash at a view and a view source is prepared by the rear validators when two-thirds of the rear validators have signed the prepare message.

```
definition prepared-by-rear :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool where prepared-by-rear s h v vsrc = (prepared s (RearValidators s h) h v vsrc)
```

Similarly for the forward validators.

```
definition prepared-by-fwd :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool where prepared-by-fwd s h v vsrc = (prepared s (Fwd Validators s h) h v vsrc)
```

When both of these happens, a prepare is signed by both the rear and the forward validator sets.

```
definition prepared-by-both :: situation <math>\Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool where prepared-by-both \ s \ h \ v \ vsrc = (prepared-by-rear \ s \ h \ v \ vsrc \land prepared-by-fwd \ s \ h \ v \ vsrc)
```

Similar definitions for commit messages.

definition committed-by-rear :: $situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
committed-by-rear s h v =
   (committed \ s \ (RearValidators \ s \ h) \ h \ v)
definition committed-by-fwd :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool
where
committed-by-fwd s h v =
   (committed\ s\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h)\ h\ v)
definition committed-by-both :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow view \Rightarrow bool
where
committed-by-both s h v =
   (committed-by-rear\ s\ h\ v\ \land\ committed-by-fwd\ s\ h\ v)
One type of prepare source is the normal one. The normal source needs to
have the same rear validator set and the same forward validator set.
definition validators-match :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow bool
where
validators-match \ s \ h0 \ h1 =
  (RearValidators\ s\ h0 = RearValidators\ s\ h1\ \land
   FwdValidators \ s \ h0 = FwdValidators \ s \ h1)
fun sourcing-normal :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow (hash \times view \times view) \Rightarrow bool
sourcing-normal\ s\ h\ (h',\ v',\ v-src) =
  (\exists v-ss.
  prepared-by-both s h v-src v-ss \land
   -1 \leq v\text{-}src \land
  v-src < v' \land
   nth-ancestor s (nat (v' - v-src)) h' = Some h \land 
   validators-match \ s \ h \ h')
Another type of sourcing allows changing the validator sets. The forward
validator set of the source needs to coincide with the rear validator set of
the newly prepared hash.
definition validators-change :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow bool
where
validators\text{-}change\ s\ ancient\ next\ =
   (FwdValidators\ s\ ancient = RearValidators\ s\ next)
\mathbf{fun}\ sourcing\text{-}switching\text{-}validators::
situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow (hash \times view \times view) \Rightarrow bool
where
sourcing-switching-validators s h (h', v', v-src) =
  (\exists v\text{-}ss.
  prepared-by-both s h v-src v-ss \land
```

committed-by-both s h v-src \land

nth-ancestor s (nat (v' - v-src)) h' = Some $h \land$

 $-1 \le v\text{-}src \land v\text{-}src < v' \land$

```
validators-change s h h')
```

A prepare message's source needs to be one of these two types.

```
definition sourcing :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow (hash \times view \times view) \Rightarrow bool where sourcing \ s \ h\text{-}new \ tri = (sourcing\text{-}normal \ s \ h\text{-}new \ tri \lor sourcing\text{-}switching\text{-}validators \ s \ h\text{-}new \ tri)
```

1.2 Slashing Conditions

In a situation, a validator might be slashed or not. A validator is slashed individually although later we will be often talking "unless one-third of the validators are slashed."

[iii] A validator is slashed when it has sent a commit message and a prepare message containing view numbers in a specific constellation.

```
definition slashed-three :: situation \Rightarrow validator \Rightarrow bool where slashed-three s n = (\exists x y v w u. (n, Commit (x, v)) \in Messages s \land (n, Prepare (y, w, u)) \in Messages s \land u < v \land v < w)
```

[iv] A validator is slashed when it has signed two different Prepare messages at the same view.

```
definition slashed-four :: situation \Rightarrow validator \Rightarrow bool where slashed-four s n = (\exists x1 \ x2 \ v \ vs1 \ vs2. (n, Prepare \ (x1, \ v, \ vs1)) \in Messages \ s \land (n, Prepare \ (x2, \ v, \ vs2)) \in Messages \ s \land (x1 \neq x2 \lor vs1 \neq vs2))
```

A validator is slashed when at least one of the above conditions [i]-[iv] hold.

```
definition slashed :: situation \Rightarrow validator \Rightarrow bool where slashed s \ n = (slashed\text{-}three \ s \ n \lor slashed\text{-}four \ s \ n) definition one\text{-}third\text{-}slashed :: situation \Rightarrow validator \ set \Rightarrow bool
```

one-third-slashed s vs = one-third vs (slashed s)

where

However, since it does not make sense to divide the cardinality of an infinite set by three, we should be talking about situations where the set of validators is finite.

```
definition one-third-of-rear-slashed :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow bool where one-third-of-rear-slashed sh = one-third (RearValidators sh) (slashed s) definition one-third-of-fwd-slashed :: situation \Rightarrow hash \Rightarrow bool where one-third-of-fwd-slashed sh = one-third (FwdValidators sh) (slashed sh = one-third (FwdValidators sh)
```

1.3 Validator History Tracking

In the statement of accountable safety, we need to be a bit specific about which validator set the slashed validators belong to. A singleton is also a validator set and the 2/3 of a random singleton being slashed should not be significant. So, when we have a fork, we start from the root of the fork and identify the heirs of the initial validator sets. Our statement says 2/3 of a heir validator set are slashed.

There are two ways of inheriting the title of relevant validator set. These correspond to the two ways of sourcing a prepare message.

```
fun inherit-normal :: situation ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ bool where inherit-normal s (h-old, v-src) (h-new, v) = (prepared-by-both s h-new v v-src ∧ sourcing-normal s h-old (h-new, v, v-src)) lemma inherit-normal-view-increase : inherit-normal s (h-old, v-src) (h-new, v) ⇒ (v-src < v) ⟨ proof⟩ fun inherit-switching-validators :: situation ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ bool where inherit-switching-validators s (h-old, v-old) (h-new, v-new) = (prepared-by-both s h-new v-new v-old ∧ sourcing-switching-validators s h-old (h-new, v-new, v-old))
```

The heir relation is just zero-or-more repetition of the inheritance.

inductive $heir :: situation \Rightarrow$

```
heir s(h, v)(h'', v'')
```

When two hashes are not in the inheritance relation in either direction, the two hashes are not on the same heir chain. In the statement of accountable safety, we use this concept to detect conflicts (which should not happen until 2/3 of a legitimate heir are slashed).

```
definition on-same-heir-chain :: situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
```

where

```
on-same-heir-chain s x y = (heir \ s \ x \ y \lor heir \ s \ y \ x)
```

When heirs are not on the same chain of legitimacy, they have forked.

```
fun fork :: situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool where fork s (root, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) = (\neg on\text{-}same\text{-}heir\text{-}chain s (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \land heir s (root, v) (h1, v1) \land heir s (root, v) (h2, v2))
```

A fork is particularly bad when the end points are committed, not only prepared.

```
fun fork-with-commits :: situation ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ (hash × view) ⇒ bool

where
fork-with-commits s (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) =
  (fork s (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) ∧
  committed-by-both s h v ∧
  committed-by-both s h1 v1 ∧
  committed-by-both s h2 v2)
```

2 Auxiliary Things (skippable)

2.1 Sets and Arithmetics

```
lemma sum-suc-disj: n-one + n-two \le Suc k \Longrightarrow n-one + n-two \le k \lor n-one + n-two = Suc k \lor proof <math>\rangle
lemma sum-eq-disj: ((n-one :: nat) \le 1 \land (n-two :: nat) \le 1) \lor n-one > 1 \lor n-two > 1 \lor proof <math>\rangle
```

```
lemma sum-eq-case 1:
  n\text{-}one + n\text{-}two = Suc \ k \Longrightarrow
   n\text{-}one > 1 \Longrightarrow
   \exists n-one-pre. n-one-pre \geq 1 \land n-one = Suc n-one-pre \land n-one-pre + n-two = k
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{sum-eq\text{-}case2}\ :
  n-one + n-two = Suc k \Longrightarrow
   n-two > 1 \Longrightarrow
   \exists n-two-pre. n-two-pre \geq 1 \land n-two = Suc n-two-pre \land n-one + n-two-pre = k
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{sum\text{-}suc}\ :
 \textit{n-one} \, + \, \textit{n-two} \, \leq \textit{Suc} \, \, k \Longrightarrow
  n-one + n-two \le k \lor
  n\text{-}one \leq 1 \wedge n\text{-}two \leq 1 \vee
  (\exists n\text{-}one\text{-}pre. n\text{-}one\text{-}pre \geq 1 \land n\text{-}one = Suc n\text{-}one\text{-}pre \land n\text{-}one\text{-}pre + n\text{-}two = 0)
k) \vee
  (\exists n-two-pre. n-two-pre \geq 1 \land n-two = Suc n-two-pre \land n-one + n-two-pre =
k
\langle proof \rangle
lemma \ card-not \ [simp]:
  finite s \Longrightarrow
    card \{n \in s. \neg f n\} = card s - card \{n \in s. f n\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma set-conj [simp]:
  \{n \in s. \ f \ n \land g \ n\} = \{n \in s. \ f \ n\} \cap \{n \in s. \ g \ n\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma two-more-two-set :
  finite \ s \Longrightarrow
     2 * card s \leq 3 * card \{n \in s. fn\} \Longrightarrow
     2 * card s < 3 * card \{n \in s. g n\} \Longrightarrow
     card s
     < 3 * card (\{n \in s. f n\} \cap \{n \in s. g n\})
\langle proof \rangle
lemma card-nonzero-exists:
card \{n \in s. f n\} > 0 \Longrightarrow
 \exists n \in s. f n
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
lemma card-conj-le:
  finite \ s \Longrightarrow
      card \ (\{n \in s. \ f \ n\} \cap \{n \in s. \ g \ n\})
    = card \{n \in s. fn\} + card \{n \in s. gn\} - card (\{n \in s. fn\} \cup \{n \in s. gn\})
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ two\text{-}two\text{-}set:
 2 * card s \leq 3 * card \{n \in s. f n\} \Longrightarrow
  2 * card s \leq 3 * card \{n \in s. g n\} \Longrightarrow
  finite \ s \Longrightarrow
  card \ s \leq 3 * card \ (\{n \in s. \ f \ n\} \cap \{n \in s. \ g \ n\})
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} inclusion-card-le:
  \forall n. \ n \in Validators \ s \longrightarrow f \ n \longrightarrow g \ n \Longrightarrow
   finite\ (Validators\ s) \Longrightarrow
    card \{n \in Validators \ s. \ f \ n\} \leq card \{n \in Validators \ s. \ g \ n\}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma nat-min-min :
     vs1 < v \Longrightarrow
     \neg vs1 < c\text{-}view \Longrightarrow
   (nat (v - vs1) + nat (vs1 - c\text{-}view)) = nat (v - c\text{-}view)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma view-total [simp]:
  (v2 :: view) \le v1 \lor v1 \le v2
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ sum\text{-}is\text{-}suc\text{-}dest:
    Suc \ n = n1 + n2 \Longrightarrow
     ((\exists n1'. n1 = Suc n1' \land n = n1' + n2) \lor
      (\exists n2'. n2 = Suc n2' \land n = n1 + n2'))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma find-max-ind-step:
  \forall u. \ n = nat \ (u - s) \longrightarrow s \in (S :: int \ set) \longrightarrow (\forall x. \ x \in S \longrightarrow x \le u)
                                 \longrightarrow (\exists m. \ m \in S \land (\forall y > m. \ y \notin S)) \Longrightarrow
    \mathit{Suc}\ n=\mathit{nat}\ (\mathit{u}-\mathit{s})\Longrightarrow \mathit{s}\in \mathit{S}\Longrightarrow \forall \mathit{x}.\ \mathit{x}\in \mathit{S}\longrightarrow \mathit{x}\leq \mathit{u}\Longrightarrow \exists\,\mathit{m}.\ \mathit{m}\in \mathit{S}\;\land
(\forall y > m. \ y \notin S)
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\;\mathit{find}\text{-}\mathit{max}\text{-}\mathit{ind}\;:
  \forall u.
    n = nat (u - s) \longrightarrow
    s \in (S :: int \ set) \longrightarrow
    (\forall \ x.\ x \in S \longrightarrow x \le u) \longrightarrow
    (\exists m. m \in S \land
        (\forall y. y > m \longrightarrow y \notin S))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma find-max:
  s \in (S :: int \ set) \Longrightarrow
    \forall x. x \in S \longrightarrow x \leq u \Longrightarrow
    \exists m. m \in S \land
        (\forall y. y > m \longrightarrow y \notin S)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} one-third-mp:
  finite X \Longrightarrow
    \forall v. p v \longrightarrow q v \Longrightarrow
    one-third X p \Longrightarrow one-third X q
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ two\text{-}thirds\text{-}two\text{-}thirds\text{-}one\text{-}third:
  finite X \Longrightarrow
     two\text{-}thirds\ X\ p \Longrightarrow
     two\text{-}thirds\ X\ q \Longrightarrow
      one-third X (\lambda x. p x \land q x)
\langle proof \rangle
2.2
            Validator History Tracking
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{heir-increases-view}:
   heir\ s\ t\ t' \Longrightarrow snd\ t \le snd\ t'
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{inductive}\ \mathit{heir-after-n-switching}\ ::
    nat \Rightarrow situation \Rightarrow
     (hash \times view) \Rightarrow
     (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
where
  heir-n-self: prepared-by-both s h v v-src \implies heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h, v) (h, v)
| heir-n-normal-step :
    heir-after-n-switching n \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h', \ v') \Longrightarrow
     inherit-normal s(h', v')(h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching n \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h^{\prime\prime}, \ v^{\prime\prime})
```

```
| heir-n-switching-step:
   heir-after-n-switching n \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h', \ v') \Longrightarrow
    inherit-switching-validators s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching (Suc n) s(h, v)(h'', v'')
\mathbf{lemma}\ inherit\text{-}switching\text{-}validators\text{-}increase\text{-}view\ :}
 inherit-switching-validators s (h-old, v-old) (h-new, v-new) \Longrightarrow
  v-old < v-new
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ every	ext{-}heir	ext{-}is	ext{-}after	ext{-}n	ext{-}switching:
heir s p0 p1 \Longrightarrow \exists n. heir-after-n-switching n s p0 p1
\langle proof \rangle
fun fork-with-n-switching :: situation \Rightarrow
              (hash \times view) \Rightarrow
              nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow
              nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
where
fork-with-n-switching
   s (root, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2, v2) =
   (\neg on\text{-}same\text{-}heir\text{-}chain\ s\ (h1,\ v1)\ (h2,\ v2)\ \land
    heir-after-n-switching n1 s (root, v) (h1, v1) \wedge
    heir-after-n-switching n2 s (root, v) (h2, v2))
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{fork-has-n-switching}\ :
  fork s(r, v)(h1, v1)(h2, v2) \Longrightarrow
   \exists n1 n2. fork-with-n-switching s (r, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2, v2)
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ heir-decomposition:
  heir\ s\ (h,\ v)\ (h'',\ v'') \Longrightarrow
    ((\exists v\text{-}src. \ h = h'' \land v = v'' \land prepared\text{-}by\text{-}both \ s \ h \ v \ v\text{-}src) \lor
     (\exists h' v'. heir s (h, v) (h', v') \land inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'')) \lor
     (\exists h' v'. heir s (h, v) (h', v') \land inherit\text{-switching-validators } s (h', v') (h'', v''))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heir-same-height:
 heir\ s\ (h',\ v)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
  h' = h
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
fun fork-with-center :: situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times
view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
where
fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) =
   (fork s (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \land
    heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) \land (* This is used to connect the whole setup with
the original statement *)
    committed-by-both s h v \wedge
    committed-by-both s h1 v1 \land
    committed-by-both s h2 v2)
fun fork-with-center-with-n-switching :: situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow
      (hash \times view) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
where
fork-with-center-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2, v2)
   (fork-with-n-switching s (h, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2, v2) \land
    heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) \wedge (* This is used to connect the whole setup with
the original statement *)
    committed-by-both s h v \wedge
    committed-by-both s h1 v1 \wedge
    committed-by-both s h2 v2)
lemma fork-with-center-has-n-switching:
  fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \Longrightarrow
   \exists n1 n2.
    fork-with-center-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2,
v2)
\langle proof \rangle
fun fork-root-views :: situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times
view) \Rightarrow view set
where
fork-root-views s (h-orig, v-orig) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) =
  \{v. (\exists h. fork\text{-}with\text{-}center\ s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h,\ v)\ (h1,\ v1)\ (h2,\ v2))\}
fun fork-with-center-with-high-root ::
  situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view)
\Rightarrow bool
where
  fork-with-center-with-high-root s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) =
     (fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \wedge
      (\forall h' v'. v' > v \longrightarrow
         \neg fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') (h1, v1) (h2, v2)))
\mathbf{fun}\ \mathit{fork}\text{-}\mathit{with}\text{-}\mathit{center}\text{-}\mathit{with}\text{-}\mathit{high}\text{-}\mathit{root}\text{-}\mathit{with}\text{-}\mathit{n}\text{-}\mathit{switching}\ ::\ \\
  situation \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow
                 nat \Rightarrow (hash \times view) \Rightarrow bool
```

```
where
  fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n1 (h1,
v1) n2 (h2, v2) =
    (fork-with-center-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n1 (h1, v1) n2 (h2,
v2) \wedge
      (\forall h' v'. v' > v \longrightarrow
        \neg fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') (h1, v1) (h2, v2)))
{\bf lemma}\ for k-with-center-with-high-root-has-n-switching:
  fork-with-center-with-high-root s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \Longrightarrow
   \exists n1 n2.
      fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n1
(h1, v1) n2 (h2, v2)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma fork-with-center-choose-high-root:
  fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \Longrightarrow
   \exists h' v'. fork\text{-}with\text{-}center\text{-}with\text{-}high\text{-}root\ s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h',\ v')\ (h1,\ v1)\ (h2,
v2)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma forget-number-of-switching:
 heir-after-n-switching n s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one)
  \implies heir\ s\ (h\text{-}twoa,\ v\text{-}twoa)\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma inherit-normal-means-heir:
  inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
  heir s (h', v') (h'', v'')
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma} {\it chain-and-inherit}:
   inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
    v-two \leq snd (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
    \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h'', v'') (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    v-two \leq snd (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    on-same-heir-chain s (h', v') (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow False
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ one\mbox{-}validator\mbox{-}change\mbox{-}leaves\mbox{-}one\mbox{-}set :
   heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    n = 0 \land FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v)) = FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h',\ v')) \lor
    n = 1 \land FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v)) = RearValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h',\ v'))
\langle proof \rangle
```

 \mathbf{lemma} prepared-by-fwd-of-origin:

```
n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
    prepared s (FwdValidators s h) h'' v'' v'
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heir-found-switching:
  heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
   inherit-switching-validators s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
   \theta < Suc \ n \Longrightarrow
   \exists h-one v-one h-two v-two.
      heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-1) s (h, v) (h-one, v-one) \land
      inherit-switching-validators s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \land
      heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-two, v-two) (h", v")
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heir-trans:
  heir\ s\ (h-r,\ v-r)\ (h',\ v') \Longrightarrow
   heir s (h, v) (h-r, v-r) \Longrightarrow
   heir s(h, v)(h', v')
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ heir-normal-extend:
      (\exists h\text{-}one v\text{-}one h\text{-}two v\text{-}two.
            heir-after-n-switching n \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h\text{-}one, \ v\text{-}one) \ \land
            inherit-switching-validators s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \land
            heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-two, v-two) (h', v')) \Longrightarrow
        inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
        (\exists h \text{-} one v \text{-} one h \text{-} two v \text{-} two.
            heir-after-n-switching n \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h\text{-}one, \ v\text{-}one) \ \land
            inherit-switching-validators s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \land
            heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-two, v-two) (h'', v''))
\langle proof \rangle
lemma heir-after-one-or-more-switching-dest:
  heir-after-n-switching na s (h, v) (h-three, v-three) \Longrightarrow
   na > 0 \Longrightarrow
   (\exists h \text{-} one v \text{-} one h \text{-} two v \text{-} two.
    heir-after-n-switching (na - 1) s (h, v) (h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one) \land
    inherit-switching-validators s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \land
    heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-two, v-two) (h-three, v-three))
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{high-point-still-high}:
       1 < n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
      \forall h' v'. v < v' \longrightarrow \neg fork\text{-}with\text{-}center s (h\text{-}orig, v\text{-}orig) (h', v') (h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one)
(h\text{-}two, v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
```

```
\neg on-same-heir-chain s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
       heir\ s\ (h-orig,\ v-orig)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
       heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
       committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
       committed-by-both s h-one v-one \Longrightarrow
       committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
       heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-one-pre -1) s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
       inherit-switching-validators s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-twoa, v-twoa) \Longrightarrow
       heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
        \forall h' \ v'. \ v < v' \longrightarrow \neg \text{ fork-with-center } s \text{ (h-orig, v-orig) } (h', v') \text{ (h-onea,}
v-onea) (h-two, v-two)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma} \ at\text{-}least\text{-}one\text{-}switching\text{-}means\text{-}higher:
  heir-after-n-switching n-one-pre s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
   Suc \ 0 < n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
   snd(h, v) < snd(h-onea, v-onea)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma shallower-fork:
   heir\ s\ (h-orig,\ v-orig)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-one v-one \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-one-pre -1) s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
    inherit-switching-validators s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-twoa, v-twoa) \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
    \neg heir \ s \ (h\text{-}two, \ v\text{-}two) \ (h\text{-}one, \ v\text{-}one) \Longrightarrow
    \neg heir \ s \ (h-one, \ v-one) \ (h-two, \ v-two) \Longrightarrow
    heir\ s\ (h-onea,\ v-onea)\ (h-two,\ v-two) \Longrightarrow
     v < v-onea \implies fork-with-center s (h-orig, v-orig) (h-onea, v-onea) (h-one,
v-one) (h-two, v-two)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma on-same-heir-chain-sym:
 on-same-heir-chain s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) =
  on-same-heir-chain s (h-two, v-two) (h-one, v-one)
 \langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \textit{for} \textit{k-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching-sym}\ :
   fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-one
(h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one)
     n-two (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-two
(h-two, v-two)
     n-one (h-one, v-one)
\langle proof \rangle
```

2.3 Slashing Related

```
{\bf lemma}\ slashed-four-means-slashed-on-a-group:
   finite X \Longrightarrow one\text{-third } X \text{ (slashed-four s)} \Longrightarrow one\text{-third } X \text{ (slashed s)}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma slashed-four-on-a-group:
   finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
    prepared s (FwdValidators s h) h'' v'' v' \Longrightarrow
    \exists v\text{-}two\text{-}src. prepared s (FwdValidators s h) h\text{-}two v'' v\text{-}two\text{-}src \Longrightarrow h'' \neq h\text{-}two
     one-third (FwdValidators s h) (slashed-four s)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma committed-so-prepared:
   finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
    n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v'') \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-two v^{\prime\prime}\Longrightarrow
    \neg one-third (FwdValidators s h) (slashed s) \Longrightarrow prepared s (FwdValidators s h)
h''v''v' \Longrightarrow \exists v\text{-two-src.} prepared s (FwdValidators s h) h\text{-two } v''v\text{-two-src}
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ slashed-three-on-a-group:
 finite X \Longrightarrow
  one-third X (\lambda n. (n, Prepare (h'', v'', v')) \in Messages s \wedge (n, Commit (h-two,
v-two)) \in Messages s) \Longrightarrow
  v' < v-two \Longrightarrow v-two < v'' \Longrightarrow one-third X (slashed-three s)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma slashed-three-on-group:
   finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
     one-third (FwdValidators s h) (\lambda n. (n, Prepare (h'', v'', v')) \in Messages s \wedge
(n, Commit (h-two, v-two)) \in Messages s) \Longrightarrow
    v' < v-two \Longrightarrow
    v-two < v'' \Longrightarrow
     one-third (FwdValidators s h) (slashed-three s)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ smaller\ -induction\ -same\ -height\ -violation\ :
   heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
    prepared-by-both s h'' v'' v' \wedge
     (\exists v\text{-ss. prepared-by-both } s \ h' \ v' \ v\text{-ss}) \ \land -1 \le v' \land v' < v'' \land nth\text{-ancestor } s
(nat\ (v''-v'))\ h''=Some\ h'\wedge validators-match\ s\ h'\ h''\Longrightarrow
    n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h'', v'') (h-two, v'') \Longrightarrow
```

```
heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v'') \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s h-two v'' \Longrightarrow \neg one-third (FwdValidators\ s\ h) (slashed\ s)
    prepared s (FwdValidators s h) h'' v'' v' \Longrightarrow False
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ smaller-induction-skipping-violation:
   heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
    prepared-by-both s\ h''\ v''\ v' \land (\exists\ v\text{-ss.}\ prepared-by-both\ s\ h'\ v'\ v\text{-ss}) \land -1 \leq v'
\land nth-ancestor s (nat (v'' - v')) h'' = Some \ h' \land validators-match \ s \ h' \ h'' \Longrightarrow
    v-two < v'' \Longrightarrow
    n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    n-two < Suc 0 \Longrightarrow
     \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h'', v'') (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
     \neg one-third (FwdValidators s h) (slashed s) \Longrightarrow \neg v-two \leq v' \Longrightarrow prepared s
(FwdValidators\ s\ h)\ h^{\prime\prime}\ v^{\prime\prime}\ v^\prime\Longrightarrow
     v\text{-}two \neq v'' \Longrightarrow False
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ smaller\text{-}induction\text{-}case\text{-}normal:
  heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
   (finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
    v-two \leq snd (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
    n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     \neg on\text{-}same\text{-}heir\text{-}chain\ s\ (h',\ v')\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching n-two s(h, v)(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
      committed-by-both s (fst (h, v)) (snd (h, v)) \Longrightarrow committed-by-both s h-two
v\text{-}two \Longrightarrow \neg one\text{-}third (FwdValidators s (fst (h, v))) (slashed s) \Longrightarrow False) \Longrightarrow
   inherit-normal s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
   finite (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
   v\text{-}two \leq snd \ (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
   n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
   n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
   \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h'', v'') (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
   heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
   committed-by-both s (fst (h, v)) (snd (h, v)) \Longrightarrow committed-by-both s h-two v-two
\implies \neg one\text{-third }(FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v)))\ (slashed\ s) \implies False
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ some-h:
    heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    inherit-switching-validators s(h', v')(h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
    heir s (h', v') (h'', v'')
```

```
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ smaller-induction\text{-}switching\text{-}case:
   heir-after-n-switching n s (h, v) (h', v') \Longrightarrow
    (finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
     v-two \leq snd (h', v') \Longrightarrow
     n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h', v') (h\text{-two}, v\text{-two}) \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
      committed\text{-}by\text{-}both\ s\ (\textit{fst}\ (h,\ v))\ (\textit{snd}\ (h,\ v)) \implies \textit{committed}\text{-}by\text{-}both\ s\ h\text{-}two
v\text{-}two \Longrightarrow \neg one\text{-}third (FwdValidators s (fst (h, v))) (slashed s) \Longrightarrow False) \Longrightarrow
     inherit-switching-validators s (h', v') (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
     finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
     v\text{-}two \leq snd \ (h'', v'') \Longrightarrow
     Suc \ n \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h'', v'') (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
      committed-by-both s (fst (h, v)) (snd (h, v)) \Longrightarrow committed-by-both s h-two
\textit{v-two} \implies \neg \textit{ one-third } (\textit{FwdValidators } \textit{s } (\textit{fst } (\textit{h}, \textit{v}))) \textit{ (slashed } \textit{s)} \implies \textit{False}
\langle proof \rangle
{f lemma}\ accountable\mbox{-}safety\mbox{-}smaller\mbox{-}induction:
    heir-after-n-switching n-one s(h, v) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
     finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ (fst\ (h,\ v))) \Longrightarrow
     v\text{-}two \leq snd \ (h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one) \Longrightarrow
     n-one \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     n-two \leq Suc \ \theta \Longrightarrow
     \neg on\text{-}same\text{-}heir\text{-}chain\ s\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching n-two s(h, v)(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s (fst (h, v)) (snd (h, v)) (* maybe not necessary *) \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
     \neg one-third (FwdValidators s (fst (h, v))) (slashed s) \Longrightarrow False
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ accountable\text{-}safety\text{-}from\text{-}fork\text{-}with\text{-}high\text{-}root\text{-}base\text{-}one\text{-}longer:}
n-one \leq 1 \wedge
 n-two \le 1 \land
 v-one \ge v-two \Longrightarrow
 finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
 fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching
     s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h,\ v)\ n\text{-}one\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)\ n\text{-}two\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h' v'.
    heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
\langle proof \rangle
```

```
\mathbf{lemma}\ accountable\text{-}safety\text{-}from\text{-}fork\text{-}with\text{-}high\text{-}root\text{-}base\text{-}two\text{-}longer:
n\text{-}one \leq 1 \ \land
 n-two \le 1 \wedge
 v-one \leq v-two \Longrightarrow
 finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
 fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching
     s\ (\textit{h-orig},\ \textit{v-orig})\ (\textit{h},\ \textit{v})\ \textit{n-one}\ (\textit{h-one},\ \textit{v-one})\ \textit{n-two}\ (\textit{h-two},\ \textit{v-two}) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h'v'.
    heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ \mathit{accountable}\text{-}\mathit{safety}\text{-}\mathit{from}\text{-}\mathit{fork}\text{-}\mathit{with}\text{-}\mathit{high}\text{-}\mathit{root}\text{-}\mathit{base}\ :
n-one \leq 1 \wedge
 n-two < 1 \wedge
 fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching
     s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h,\ v)\ n\text{-}one\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)\ n\text{-}two\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
 finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h' v'.
   heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
\langle proof \rangle
2.4
          Mainline Arguments for Accountable Safety
lemma use-highness:
 1 \leq n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
     \forall h' v'. v < v' \longrightarrow \neg fork\text{-}with\text{-}center s (h\text{-}orig, v\text{-}orig) (h', v') (h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one)
(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     heir\ s\ (h-orig,\ v-orig)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching n-two s (h, v) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s h-one v-one \Longrightarrow
     committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-one-pre -1) s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
     inherit-switching-validators s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-twoa, v-twoa) \Longrightarrow
     heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
     \neg heir \ s \ (h\text{-}two, \ v\text{-}two) \ (h\text{-}one, \ v\text{-}one) \Longrightarrow
       \neg heir s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow heir s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-two,
v-two) \Longrightarrow False
\langle proof \rangle
lemma confluence-should-not:
  1 \leq n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
     \forall h' v'. v < v' \longrightarrow \neg fork\text{-}with\text{-}center s (h\text{-}orig, v\text{-}orig) (h', v') (h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one)
(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     heir\ s\ (h-orig,\ v-orig)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
```

```
heir-after-n-switching n-two s(h, v)(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-one v-one \Longrightarrow
    committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-one-pre -1) s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
    inherit-switching-validators s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-twoa, v-twoa) \Longrightarrow
    heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
    \neg heir \ s \ (h-two, \ v-two) \ (h-one, \ v-one) \Longrightarrow
   \neg heirs(h-one, v-one)(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow heirs(h-two, v-two)(h-onea, v-onea)
\Longrightarrow \mathit{False}
\langle proof \rangle
lemma prev-switch-not-on-same-heir-chain:
1 \leq n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
\forall h' \ v'. \ v < v' \longrightarrow \neg \ fork\text{-with-center} \ s \ (h\text{-orig}, v\text{-orig}) \ (h', v') \ (h\text{-one}, v\text{-one})
(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
 \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h-one, v-one) (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
 heir\ s\ (h-orig,\ v-orig)\ (h,\ v) \Longrightarrow
 heir-after-n-switching n-two s(h, v)(h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
 committed-by-both s \ h \ v \Longrightarrow
 committed-by-both s h-one v-one \Longrightarrow
 committed-by-both s h-two v-two \Longrightarrow
 heir-after-n-switching (Suc n-one-pre -1) s (h, v) (h-onea, v-onea) \Longrightarrow
 inherit-switching-validators s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-twoa, v-twoa) \Longrightarrow
 heir-after-n-switching 0 s (h-twoa, v-twoa) (h-one, v-one) \Longrightarrow
 \neg on-same-heir-chain s (h-onea, v-onea) (h-two, v-two)
\langle proof \rangle
lemma reduce-fork:
    fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (Suc
n-one-pre) (h-one, v-one)
     n-two (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
    1 \leq n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
    \exists h-one' v-one'.
          fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v)
n-one-pre (h-one', v-one')
        n-two (h-two, v-two)
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ switching	ext{-}induction	ext{-}case	ext{-}one:
  \forall n-one n-two k-one k-one k-two k-two.
    n\text{-}one + n\text{-}twoa \leq n\text{-}one\text{-}pre + n\text{-}two \longrightarrow
    finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
    fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-one
(h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one) n\text{-}twoa
     (h\text{-}two, v\text{-}two) \longrightarrow
     (\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h-orig, \ v-orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one-third-of-fwd-slashed \ s \ h') \Longrightarrow
    finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
     fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (Suc
```

```
n-one-pre) (h-one, v-one)
     n-two (h-two, v-two) \Longrightarrow
     1 \leq n-one-pre \Longrightarrow
    k = n\text{-}one\text{-}pre + n\text{-}two \Longrightarrow
    \exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h-orig, \ v-orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one-third-of-fwd-slashed \ s \ h'
\langle proof \rangle
lemma some-symmetry:
  \forall n-onea n-two h-one v-one h-two v-two.
        n-onea + n-two \leq n-one + n-two-pre \longrightarrow
        finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
      fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-onea
(h-one, v-one) n-two
         (h-two, v-two) \longrightarrow
        (\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h\text{-}orig, \ v\text{-}orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one\text{-}third\text{-}of\text{-}fwd\text{-}slashed \ s \ h') \Longrightarrow
    \forall n-onea n-twoa h-one v-one h-two v-two.
        n-onea + n-twoa \leq n-two-pre + n-one \longrightarrow
        finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
      fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-onea
(h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one) n\text{-}twoa
         (h\text{-}two, v\text{-}two) \longrightarrow
        (\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h\text{-}orig, \ v\text{-}orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one\text{-}third\text{-}of\text{-}fwd\text{-}slashed \ s \ h')
\langle proof \rangle
\mathbf{lemma}\ switching	ext{-}induction	ext{-}case	ext{-}two:
        \forall n-onea n-two h-one v-one h-two v-two.
            n-onea + n-two \leq n-one + n-two-pre \longrightarrow
            finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
              fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v)
n-onea (h-one, v-one) n-two
             (h\text{-}two, v\text{-}two) \longrightarrow
           (\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h\text{-}orig, \ v\text{-}orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one\text{-}third\text{-}of\text{-}fwd\text{-}slashed \ s \ h') \Longrightarrow
        finite (FwdValidators s h) \Longrightarrow
      fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) n-one
(h\text{-}one, v\text{-}one)
         (Suc\ n\text{-}two\text{-}pre)\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
        1 < n-two-pre \Longrightarrow
        k = n\text{-}one + n\text{-}two\text{-}pre \Longrightarrow
        \exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h-orig, \ v-orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one-third-of-fwd-slashed \ s \ h'
\langle proof \rangle
lemma switching-induction:
  \forall n-one n-two h-one v-one h-two v-two.
              n\text{-}one + n\text{-}two \leq k \longrightarrow
              finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
              fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v)
n-one (h-one, v-one) n-two
               (h-two, v-two) \longrightarrow
```

```
(\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h-orig, \ v-orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one-third-of-fwd-slashed \ s \ h')
          \forall n-one n-two h-one v-one h-two v-two.
               n-one + n-two \leq Suc \ k \longrightarrow
              finite (FwdValidators s h) \longrightarrow
               fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v)
n-one (h-one, v-one) n-two
               (h\text{-}two, v\text{-}two) \longrightarrow
               (\exists h' \ v'. \ heir \ s \ (h\text{-}orig, \ v\text{-}orig) \ (h', \ v') \land one\text{-}third\text{-}of\text{-}fwd\text{-}slashed \ s \ h')
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ accountable\mbox{-}safety\mbox{-}from\mbox{-}fork\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}high\mbox{-}root\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}n\mbox{-}ind :
\forall n-one n-two h-one v-one h-two v-two.
 n\text{-}one + n\text{-}two \leq k \longrightarrow
 finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \longrightarrow
 fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching
    s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h,\ v)\ n\text{-}one\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)\ n\text{-}two\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two)\longrightarrow
 (\exists h' v'.
   heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h')
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ accountable\mbox{-}safety\mbox{-}from\mbox{-}fork\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}high\mbox{-}root\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}n:
finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
 fork-with-center-with-high-root-with-n-switching
     s\ (h\text{-}orig,\ v\text{-}orig)\ (h,\ v)\ n\text{-}one\ (h\text{-}one,\ v\text{-}one)\ n\text{-}two\ (h\text{-}two,\ v\text{-}two) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h' v'.
   heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
\langle proof \rangle
{\bf lemma}\ accountable\mbox{-}safety\mbox{-}from\mbox{-}fork\mbox{-}with\mbox{-}high\mbox{-}root :
finite\ (FwdValidators\ s\ h) \Longrightarrow
 fork-with-center-with-high-root s (h-orig, v-orig) (h, v) (h-one, v-one) (h-two,
v-two) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h' v'.
   heir s (h-orig, v-orig) (h', v') \wedge
    one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
\langle proof \rangle
definition validator\text{-}sets\text{-}finite :: situation <math>\Rightarrow bool
  where validator-sets-finite s = (\forall h. finite (FwdValidators s h))
{\bf lemma}\ accountable\mbox{-}safety\mbox{-}center:
validator-sets-finite s \Longrightarrow
 fork-with-center s (h, v) (h, v) (h1, v1) (h2, v2) \Longrightarrow
 \exists h'v'.
   heir s (h, v) (h', v') \wedge
   one-third-of-fwd-slashed s h'
```

```
 \begin{split} &\langle proof \rangle \\ &\textbf{lemma} \ heir\text{-}initial: \\ & \ heir \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h1, \ v1) \implies \\ & \ heir \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h, \ v) \\ &\langle proof \rangle \end{split}   \begin{aligned} &\textbf{lemma} \ fork\text{-}with\text{-}center\text{-}and\text{-}root: } \\ & \ fork\text{-}with\text{-}commits \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h1, \ v1) \ (h2, \ v2) \implies \\ & \ fork\text{-}with\text{-}center \ s \ (h, \ v) \ (h, \ v) \ (h1, \ v1) \ (h2, \ v2) \\ &\langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}
```

3 Accountable Safety (don't skip)

The statement of accountable safety is simple. If a situation has a finite number of validators on each hash, a fork means some validator set suffers 1/3 slashing. A fork is defined using the *heir* relation. The slashed validator set is also a heir of the original validator set.

```
lemma accountable-safety: validator-sets-finite s \Longrightarrow fork\text{-}with\text{-}commits\ s\ (h,\ v)\ (h1,\ v1)\ (h2,\ v2) \Longrightarrow ∃\ h'\ v'.
heir s\ (h,\ v)\ (h',\ v')\ \land
one-third-of-fwd-slashed s\ h'
⟨proof⟩
```

end