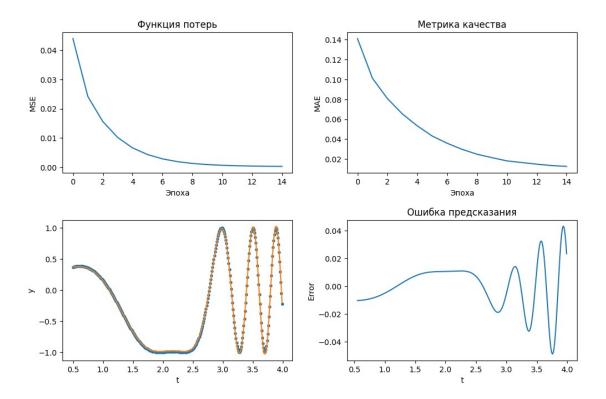
```
Лабораторная работа № 2 по Нейроинформатике
Линейная нейронная сеть. Правило обучения Уидроу-Хоффа
Выполнила: Тимофеева Наталья М8О-408Б-19
Вариант № 16
Часть 1
Аппроксимация
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.python.keras import layers
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from timeit import default timer as timer
Задаём сигнал
def signal(t):
    return np.sin(-np.sin(t) * t * t + t)
Создание модели
epochs = 15
discrete = 5
t = np.arange(0.5, 4, 0.01)
y = signal(t).tolist()
model = keras.models.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(1, input dim = discrete,
activation='linear',
                             kernel initializer =
keras.initializers.RandomNormal(stddev = 0.5, mean = 0.0),
                             bias initializer =
keras.initializers.RandomNormal(stddev = 0.5, mean = 0.0)))
optimazer = keras.optimizers.SGD(learning rate = 0.01)
model.compile(loss = 'mse', optimizer = optimazer, metrics = ['mae'])
Подготовка данных
windows = [y[i:i + discrete] for i in range(0, len(y) - discrete)]
expectations = [y[i] for i in range(discrete, len(y))]
# Проверка соответствия размеров
assert len(windows) == len(expectations)
Обучение модели
time start = timer()
hist = model.fit(windows, expectations, batch size = 1, epochs =
```

```
epochs, shuffle = True)
time end = timer()
Epoch 1/15
345/345 [============= ] - Os 634us/step - loss:
0.0439 - mae: 0.1408
Epoch 2/15
0.0242 - mae: 0.1012
Epoch 3/15
0.0156 - mae: 0.0808
Epoch 4/15
0.0101 - mae: 0.0654
Epoch 5/15
0.0066 - mae: 0.0534
Epoch 6/15
0.0043 - mae: 0.0432
Epoch 7/15
0.0028 - mae: 0.0359
Epoch 8/15
0.0019 - mae: 0.0299
Epoch 9/15
345/345 [============= ] - Os 686us/step - loss:
0.0013 - mae: 0.0250
Epoch 10/15
345/345 [============= ] - Os 632us/step - loss:
8.9070e-04 - mae: 0.0215
Epoch 11/15
6.4744e-04 - mae: 0.0183
Epoch 12/15
4.8768e-04 - mae: 0.0166
Epoch 13/15
3.8476e-04 - mae: 0.0150
Epoch 14/15
3.1272e-04 - mae: 0.0136
Epoch 15/15
2.7072e-04 - mae: 0.0127
print('∃ποx: {0}'.format(epochs))
print('Время обучения: {0} секунд'.format(int(time_end - time_start)))
```

```
print('Функция потерь MSE: {0}'.format(min(hist.history['loss'])))
print('Метрика качества MAE: {0}'.format(min(hist.history['mae'])))
Эпох: 15
Время обучения: 3 секунд
Функция потерь MSE: 0.0002707249077502638
Метрика качества МАЕ: 0.012732269242405891
Предсказание
y predicted = y[:discrete]
errors = []
for i in range(0, len(expectations)):
  predicted = model.predict([windows[i]])
  y predicted += [predicted]
  errors += [predicted.item() - expectations[i]]
1/1 [======] - 0s 43ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 34ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 33ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 32ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 28ms/step
```

```
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 38ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 34ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 36ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 38ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 35ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 41ms/step
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(10, 6.5))
fig.tight layout(h pad = 4, w pad = 4)
axes[0, 0].set_title('Функция потерь')
axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Эποχα')
axes[0, 0].set ylabel('MSE')
axes[0, 0].plot(hist.history['loss'])
axes[0, 1].set title('Метрика качества')
axes[0, 1].set xlabel('∃noxa')
axes[0, 1].set ylabel('MAE')
axes[0, 1].plot(hist.history['mae'])
axes[1, 0].set xlabel('t')
axes[1, 0].set_ylabel('y')
axes[1, 0].plot(t, y, '.')
axes[1, 0].plot(t, y predicted)
axes[1, 1].set_title('Ошибка предсказания')
axes[1, 1].set xlabel('t')
axes[1, 1].set ylabel('Error')
axes[1, 1].plot(t[discrete:], errors)
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x236628a1480>]
```



```
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Выполнила: Тимофеева Наталья М8О-408Б-19
Вариант № 16
Часть 2
Фильтрация
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.python.keras import layers
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from timeit import default timer as timer
Задаём сигналы
def noised signal(t):
    return (1 / 8) * np.cos(-5 * t ** 2 + 10 * t - 5)
def true signal(t):
    return np.cos(-5 * t ** 2 + 10 * t - 5)
Создание модели
epochs = 30
discrete = 5
t = np.arange(0, 2.5, 0.01)
y noised = noised signal(t).tolist()
y true = true signal(t).tolist()
model = keras.models.Sequential()
model.add(keras.layers.Dense(1, input dim = discrete,
activation='linear',
                             kernel initializer =
keras.initializers.RandomNormal(stddev = 0.5, mean = 0.0),
                             bias initializer =
keras.initializers.RandomNormal(stddev = 0.5, mean = 0.0)))
optimazer = keras.optimizers.SGD(learning rate = 0.01)
model.compile(loss = 'mse', optimizer = optimazer, metrics = ['mae'])
Подготовка данных
windows = [y noised[i:i + discrete] for i in range(0, len(y noised) -
discrete)1
expectations = [y true[i] for i in range(discrete, len(y true))]
# Проверка соответствия размеров
assert len(windows) == len(expectations)
```

Лабораторная работа № 2 по Нейроинформатике

## Обучение модели

```
time start = timer()
hist = model.fit(windows, expectations, batch size = 1, epochs =
epochs, shuffle = True)
time end = timer()
Epoch 1/30
0.3514 - mae: 0.5334
Epoch 2/30
0.2320 - mae: 0.4367
Epoch 3/30
0.1611 - mae: 0.3661
Epoch 4/30
0.1122 - mae: 0.3028
Epoch 5/30
0.0810 - mae: 0.2573
Epoch 6/30
0.0604 - mae: 0.2220
Epoch 7/30
0.0468 - mae: 0.1936
Epoch 8/30
0.0379 - mae: 0.1719
Epoch 9/30
0.0320 - mae: 0.1575
Epoch 10/30
0.0280 - mae: 0.1456
Epoch 11/30
245/245 [============= ] - Os 732us/step - loss:
0.0255 - mae: 0.1355
Epoch 12/30
0.0236 - mae: 0.1299
Epoch 13/30
0.0225 - mae: 0.1234
Epoch 14/30
245/245 [============= ] - Os 853us/step - loss:
0.0218 - mae: 0.1218
Epoch 15/30
```

```
0.0211 - mae: 0.1184
Epoch 16/30
0.0208 - mae: 0.1148
Epoch 17/30
245/245 [============= ] - Os 734us/step - loss:
0.0206 - mae: 0.1162
Epoch 18/30
245/245 [============ ] - Os 705us/step - loss:
0.0203 - mae: 0.1144
Epoch 19/30
0.0202 - mae: 0.1113
Epoch 20/30
0.0201 - mae: 0.1112
Epoch 21/30
245/245 [============ ] - Os 762us/step - loss:
0.0200 - mae: 0.1107
Epoch 22/30
0.0198 - mae: 0.1106
Epoch 23/30
0.0197 - mae: 0.1105
Epoch 24/30
0.0194 - mae: 0.1087
Epoch 25/30
0.0193 - mae: 0.1091
Epoch 26/30
0.0195 - mae: 0.1080
Epoch 27/30
0.0193 - mae: 0.1092
Epoch 28/30
0.0193 - mae: 0.1076
Epoch 29/30
245/245 [============= ] - Os 751us/step - loss:
0.0192 - mae: 0.1081
Epoch 30/30
0.0192 - mae: 0.1073
print('∃ποx: {0}'.format(epochs))
print('Время обучения: {0} секунд'.format(int(time end - time start)))
```

```
print('Функция потерь MSE: {0}'.format(min(hist.history['loss'])))
print('Метрика качества MAE: {0}'.format(min(hist.history['mae'])))
Эпох: 30
Время обучения: 6 секунд
Функция потерь MSE: 0.01922464370727539
Метрика качества МАЕ: 0.10733126103878021
Предсказание
predicted = model.predict(windows)
y_predicted = y_true[:discrete] + predicted.flatten().tolist()
errors = [i - j for i, j in zip(predicted, expectations)]
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(10, 6.5))
fig.tight_layout(h_pad = 4, w pad = 4)
axes[0, 0].set title('Функция потерь')
axes[0, 0].set xlabel('Эпоха')
axes[0, 0].set ylabel('MSE')
axes[0, 0].plot(hist.history['loss'])
axes[0, 1].set_title('Метрика качества')
axes[0, 1].set xlabel('∃noxa')
axes[0, 1].set ylabel('MAE')
axes[0, 1].plot(hist.history['mae'])
axes[1, 0].set xlabel('t')
axes[1, 0].set ylabel('v')
axes[1, 0].plot(t, y noised, label = 'Зашумлённый сигнал')
axes[1, 0].plot(t, y_true, label = 'Сигнал без шума')
axes[1, 0].plot(t, y_predicted, label = 'Предсказанный сигнал')
axes[1, 0].legend()
axes[1, 1].set title('Ошибка предсказания')
axes[1, 1].set xlabel('t')
axes[1, 1].set ylabel('Error')
axes[1, 1].plot(t[discrete:], errors)
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x14cb494a680>]
```

