## The Quick Script Alphabet

	J	4	1	l	4	8	7	(	ð	в
KEYWORD EXAMPLE EXAMPLE		B-ay <u>b</u> e ∉ <sup>≀</sup>	T-ea <u>t</u> o <u>I</u> ^	D-ay <u>d</u> o <b>↓</b> ^	K-ey <u>c</u> an <u>ל</u> ט	G-ay egg دړ	TH-aw <u>th</u> ink <u>)</u> ıld	TH-ey <u>th</u> en ( <sup>V</sup>	F-ee <u>f</u> or <u>ð</u> ∖ɔ	V-ie <u>v</u> an هرب
No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	5	7,	(	7	1	2	P	,	٢	<b>J</b>

	X	6	8	3	)
KEYWORD	i-NG	M-ay	N-o	L-ow	R-oe
EXAMPLE	i <u>n</u> k	<u>m</u> e	a <u>n</u> d	<u>l</u> ie	<u>r</u> ip
EXAMPLE	۱ <u>۵</u> ۲	61	<u>اه</u> ر	<u> </u>	<u>ار</u>
No.	21	22	23	24	25

## Vowels and Diphthongs:

Consonants:

	1	1	C	9	J	<b>9</b>	ſ	1	`	۹
KEYWORD		EA-t		EIGH-t				AWE		OY
EXAMPLE	-			<u>a</u> ble			c <u>al</u> m	h <u>au</u> l	<u>o</u> n	<u>oi</u> l
				<u>ह</u> 9८३		69	-			<u>ਕ</u> ਤ
No.	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
	(	p	0	V	Λ					

KEYWORD UttEr\* OU-t OWE f-OO-t OO-ze EXAMPLE <u>us,abet how</u> t<u>oe</u> <u>goo</u>d b<u>oo</u>t EXAMPLE TS,TALL <u>lo</u> <u>4√</u>| δ∠Γ 36 37 38 39 40 No.

\*NB: 'r' represents both vowel sounds in 'utter': ie, the 'u' (as in us) and the shwa (as in abet).

## Ligatures:

h	r	n	ಅ	n	ง	ဂ
KEYWORD YEW	IA-n	EAR	AIR	AR-k	OR-b	EARnER*
EXAMPLE few						<u>err, ar</u> ise
EXAMPLE $\partial \underline{h}$	۶ <u>۲</u>	<u>ص</u> ا	<u>ಗಿ</u>	<u>ን</u>	9 <u>०</u>	<u>ი</u> , <u>ი</u> ջչ
No. 41	42	43	44	45	46	47

\*NB: 'o' represents both vowel sounds in 'earner': ie, the 'err' and the shwa with 'r'.