Modular Implementation Plan for Video Compression Project

Intro to Digital Signal ProcessingMay 2025

Overview

This document outlines a comprehensive and modular plan for implementing the Digital Signal Processing project titled "Simplified Video Compression with DCT and Predictive Coding". The project involves building a basic video encoder/decoder in MATLAB using techniques like DCT, quantization, RLE, and predictive coding. The implementation is divided into phases for clarity and efficiency.

Phase 0 – Setup and Familiarization

- Duration: 1 Day
- Objective: Understand the theoretical foundation of DCT-based compression.
- Tasks:
 - Study project instructions and concepts including DCT, quantization, RLE, and GOP structures.
 - Review the helper functions: frame_to_mb.m and mb_to_frame.m.
 - Create the project folder structure for organizing scripts and data.

Phase 1 – Core Components (Modules)

- Duration: 2–3 Days
- Objective: Develop independent modules that will be used in both encoding and decoding pipelines.
- Modules to Implement:
 - 1. DCT and Quantization: dct_quantize_block.m
 - Applies 2D DCT using dct2.
 - Quantizes each coefficient using a standard quantization matrix.

- 2. Zigzag + RLE Encoding: rle_encode_block.m
 - Performs zigzag scanning of an 8x8 block.
 - Applies Run-Length Encoding for compression.
- 3. Inverse RLE and Zigzag: rle_decode_block.m
 - Reconstructs the 2D quantized block from RLE + zigzag data.
- 4. Inverse Quantization + IDCT: dequantize_idct_block.m
 - Reconstructs the macroblock using inverse quantization and idct2.
- 5. Serialization: serialize_data.m, deserialize_data.m
 - Save and load binary streams using fwrite, fread.

Phase 2 - Implement compress.m

- Duration: 2 Days
- Steps:
 - 1. Read input frames and convert them to double.
 - 2. Divide each frame into 8x8x3 macroblocks.
 - 3. Loop over frames:
 - For I-frames: process with DCT \rightarrow Quant \rightarrow Zigzag \rightarrow RLE.
 - For P-frames: compute residual with previous frame and compress.
 - 4. Serialize and save to result.bin.

Phase 3 - Implement decompress.m

- Duration: 2 Days
- Steps:
 - 1. Load result.bin.
 - 2. For each frame:
 - I-frame: decompress with inverse RLE \rightarrow zigzag \rightarrow dequant \rightarrow IDCT.
 - P-frame: decompress residual and add to previous frame.
 - 3. Convert macroblocks back to image and save as .jpg.

Phase 4 – Metric Plots and Analysis

- **Duration:** 1 Day
- Deliverables:
 - 1. Compression Ratio Plot: GOP size vs compressed ratio.
 - 2. **PSNR Plot:** For GOP sizes 1, 15, 30 compare PSNR frame-by-frame.

Phase 5 – Improved Algorithm (Part 2)

- **Duration:** 2–3 Days
- Choose one improvement path:
 - Option A: Implement block matching for motion estimation.
 - Option B: Add B-frames and experiment with quantization matrices.
- Re-implement encoder/decoder as:
 - improved_compress.m, improved_decompress.m
- Generate updated compression ratio and PSNR plots.

Phase 6 – Finalization and Reporting

- **Duration:** 1 Day
- Tasks:
 - Write project report with methodology, plots, and parameter explanations.
 - Prepare README.md for script usage.
 - Verify all scripts run without errors.

Conclusion

By following this modular and time-managed plan, the project can be completed efficiently with clear milestones. Each phase is structured to support incremental testing and verification, ensuring robustness in the final implementation.