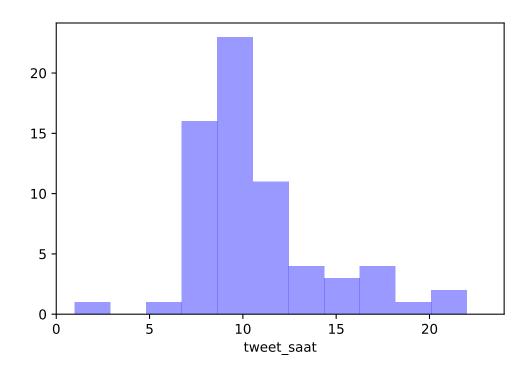
TWITTER HASHTAG ANALYSIS FOR "@DeutscheBörse"

```
In [3]: import tweepy, codecs
In [4]: consumer key = "cQc0kP6TZjTozZ53"
         consumer secret = "Ro6p8Kb4Ljj9kcI3vdeXlgetaWCZ10"
         access token ="3224795051-L4U1AiU8QjpcPYVH"
         access token secret = "FYcR91YXxmUWnCokylrtL"
         auth = tweepy.OAuthHandler(consumer key,consumer secret)
         auth.set access token(access token, access token secret)
         api = tweepy.API(auth)
In [5]: import pandas as pd
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [20]: tweetler = api.search(g = "@DeutscheBörse", lang = "en", count = 20000)
In [2]: def hashtag df(tweetler):
             import pandas as pd
             id list = [tweet.id for tweet in tweetler]
             df = pd.DataFrame(id list, columns= ["id"])
             df["text"] = [tweet.text for tweet in tweetler]
             df["created at"] = [tweet.created at for tweet in tweetler]
             df["retweeted"] = [tweet.retweeted for tweet in tweetler]
             df["text"] = [tweet. for tweet in tweetler]
             df["source"] = [tweet.source for tweet in tweetler]
```

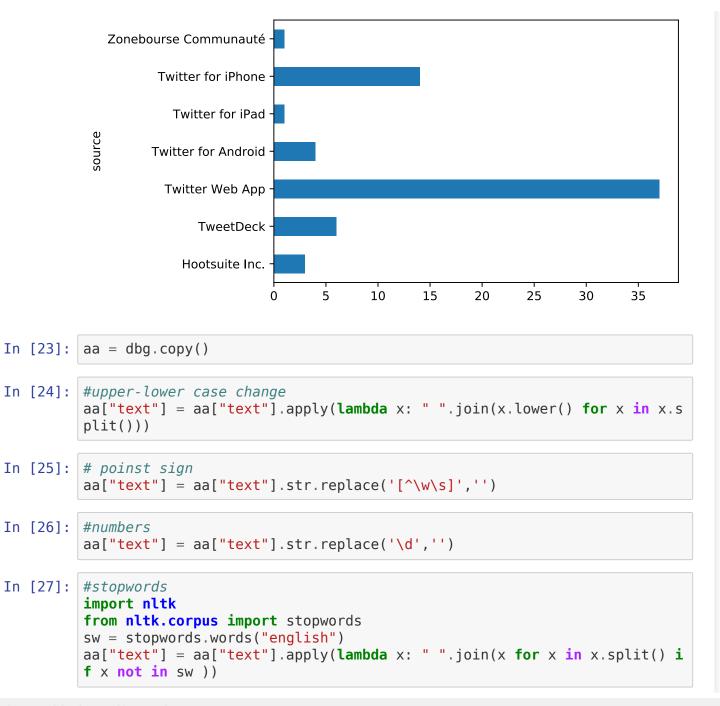
```
df["retweet count"] = [tweet.retweet count for tweet in tweetler]
             df["user screen name"] = [tweet.author.screen name for tweet in twe
         etlerl
             df["user_followers_counts"] = [tweet.author.followers_count for twe
         et in tweetler]
             df["user location"] = [tweet.author.location for tweet in tweetler]
             df["Hashtags"] = [tweet.entities.get("hashtags") for tweet in tweet
         lerl
             return df
In [21]: dbg = hashtag df(tweetler)
In [49]: dbg["tweet saat"] = dbg["created at"].apply(lambda x: x.strftime("%H"))
         which hours "@DeutscheBörse" hastag is used in tweets
In [53]: sns.distplot(dbg.tweet_saat,kde = False,color = "blue") #which hours "@
         DeutscheBörse" hastag is used in tweets
         plt.xlim(00,24)
Out[53]: (0, 24)
```



```
In [55]: kaynak_freq = dbg.groupby("source").count()["id"]
```

People are using Twitter Web Application while sending tweets about "@DeutscheBörse" hastag.

```
In [56]: kaynak_freq.plot.barh()
Out[56]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2304213bb38>
```



```
In [28]: ##lemmi
         from textblob import Word
         aa["text"] = aa["text"].apply(lambda x : " ".join([Word(word).lemmatize
         () for word in x.split()]))
In [29]: | aa["text"] = aa["text"].str.replace("rt",'')
In [30]: aa["text"] # Here I cleaned text.
Out[30]: 0
                madana hg would like thank deutscheboerse ven...
                               madana hg deutscheboerse congrats
               mojmir hlinka year constant accusation journal...
               ok markus braun ceo wirecard stepped least new...
               company ceo resigned today suspended senior ex...
               deutscheboerse go bitcoin brendaneich nntaleb ...
         61
         62
               deutscheboerse go bitcoin brendaneich nntaleb ...
               happy bihday subsidiary clearstream clearstrea...
         63
                madana hq would like thank deutscheboerse ven...
         64
         65
                madana hq would like thank deutscheboerse ven...
         Name: text, Length: 66, dtype: object
In [31]: freq df = aa["text"].apply(lambda x: pd.value counts(x.split(" "))).sum
         (axis=0).reset index() # frequency of words
In [57]: freq df.columns = ["words", "frequency"]
In [58]: freq df.groupby("words").count()["frequency"].sort values(ascending = F
         alse)
Out[58]: words
         vet
         f jan
         event
         evidence
         exalted
```

network 1
new 1
news 1
nikkeimarket 1

Name: frequency, Length: 305, dtype: int64

In [59]: freq_df[freq_df.frequency > freq_df.frequency.mean() + freq_df.frequenc
y.std()] ##Reduction according to std.

Out[59]:

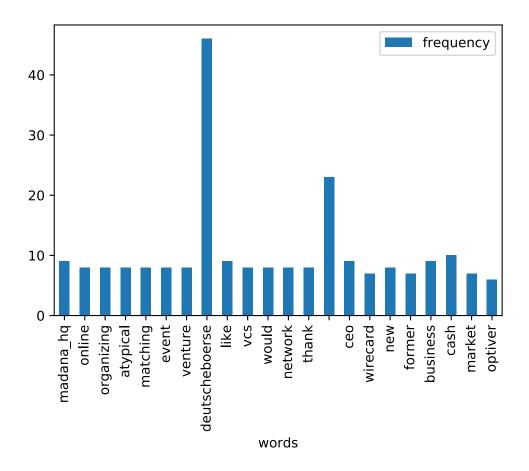
	words	frequency
0	madana_hq	9.0
1	online	8.0
2	organizing	8.0
3	atypical	8.0
4	matching	8.0
5	event	8.0
6	venture	8.0
7	deutscheboerse	46.0
8	like	9.0
9	VCS	8.0
10	would	8.0
11	network	8.0
12	thank	8.0
13		23.0
25	ceo	9.0
30	wirecard	7.0
33	new	8.0

	words	frequency
35	former	7.0
151	business	9.0
237	cash	10.0
239	market	7.0
241	optiver	6.0

```
In [63]: freqler = freq_df[freq_df.frequency > freq_df.frequency.mean() + freq_d
f.frequency.std()]
```

Here we can see the visualization of words and which words are most used from people who use "@DeutscheBörse" hashtag

```
In [64]: freqler.plot.bar(x = "words", y ="frequency")
Out[64]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2304208e320>
```



Word cloud for collected words about deutsch borse.

```
In [37]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    from os import path
    from PIL import Image
    from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS, ImageColorGenerator
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [38]: text = " ".join(i for i in aa.text)
```

```
In [39]: wordcloud = WordCloud(background color = "white").generate(text)
         plt.imshow(wordcloud , interpolation= "bilinear")
         plt.axis("off")
         plt.tight layout(pad = 0)
         plt.show()
                             on
                                 optiver wiener_boerse
In [84]: mrkt = np.array(Image.open("Adsiz.jpg"))
         %config InlineBackend.figure format = "retina"
         %config InlineBackend.figure format = "retina"
In [87]:
         wc = WordCloud(background color= "white",
                                     max words=100,
                                     mask=mrkt,
                                     contour width=3,
                                     contour color="firebrick")
         wc.generate(text)
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

```
plt.imshow(wc, interpolation = "bilinear")
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight_layout(pad = 0)
plt.show()
```



Sentiment Analysis.

```
aa1['Polarity'] = aa1['text'].apply(getPolarity)
 In [97]: def getscore(score):
               if score <0:</pre>
                   return "negative"
               elif score == 0:
                   return "notr"
               else:
                   return "positive"
 In [99]: aa1['Analysis'] = aa1['Polarity'].apply(getscore)
In [101]: duygu_freq = aal.groupby("Analysis").count()["id"]
          duygu_freq.plot.bar()
Out[101]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x230430c9668>
           40
           35
           30
           25
           20
           15
           10
            5
                                Analysis
```

NEGATIVE TWEETS

```
In [103]:
    print('Printing negative:\n')
    j=1
    sortedDF = aal.sort_values(by=['Polarity'],ascending=False) #Sort the t
    weets
    for i in range(0, sortedDF.shape[0]):
        if( sortedDF['Analysis'][i] == 'negative'):
            print(str(j) + ') '+sortedDF["text"][i])
            print()
            j=j+1
```

Printing negative:

- 1) jc donutshos im disappointed germany made fool german medium handel sblatt reflect
- 2) deezee cryptomahdi deutscheboerse agreed take long license revoked
- 3) donutshos im disappointed germany made fool german medium handelsbla tt sho httpstcotmszfndlz
- 4) germantrader deutscheboerse well also criminal bafin didnt investiga te request third pay audit httpstcovvazkhoy
- 5) come conclusion today criminal let stock trade morning opinion https tcoybbwljgep

POSITIVE TWEETS

```
In [104]: print('Printing positive tweets:\n')
    j=1
    sortedDF = aa1.sort_values(by=['Polarity']) #Sort the tweets
    for i in range(0, sortedDF.shape[0]):
        if( sortedDF['Analysis'][i] == 'positive'):
            print(str(j) + ') '+ sortedDF['text'][i])
```

```
print()
j= j+1
```

Printing positive tweets:

- 1) ok markus braun ceo wirecard stepped least new ceo former prosecutor previous httpstcotjwbyvlnlp
- 2) sound like wirecard wdi management blaming pointing others rather ad mitting blatan httpstcomrmksctso
- 3) cryptomahdi deutscheboerse time post none good
- 4) akadfinanzjourn live kalbpat pressesprecher der deutscheboerse beim seminar journalistinnen amp finanzen httpstcokfq
- 5) akadfinanzjourn live kalbpat pressesprecher der deutscheboerse beim seminar journalistinnen amp finanzen httpstcokfq
- 6) akadfinanzjourn live kalbpat pressesprecher der deutscheboerse beim seminar journalistinnen amp finanzen httpstcokfq
- 7) live kalbpat pressesprecher der deutscheboerse beim seminar journali stinnen amp finanzen httpstcokfqdvwiz
- 8) great news btcetc bitcoin exchange traded crypto ticker btce listed deutscheboerse morning first httpstcoccdtxbkap
- 9) deutscheboerse eurexgroup clear first interest rate swap transactio n japan httpstcoaextjeqxt httpstcoiryqfetuik
- 10) eurexgroup clear first interest rate swap transaction japan httpstc oaextjegxt httpstcoirygfetuik
- 11) lambopnl former optiver ceo new head cash business deutscheboerse httpstcogliucmawc
- 12) lambopnl former optiver ceo new head cash business deutscheboerse httpstcogliucmawc

- 13) clearstream fund ajbellgroup appointed clearstream primary custodi an fund processing activity excited
- 14) former optiver ceo new head cash business deutscheboerse httpstcogliucmawc
- 15) deutscheboerse paul hilgers become new managing director cash mark et business september looking forward
- 16) deutscheboerse paul hilgers become new managing director cash mark et business september looking forward
- 17) deutscheboerse paul hilgers become new managing director cash mark et business september looking forward
- 18) paul hilgers become new managing director cash market business sept ember looking forward httpstcoicdxpteuma
- 19) congratulation happy th bihday eex httpstcotejtwmzjj
- 20) crifc_de deutscheboerse great news
- 21) time kickoff adafellowship programme excited welcome talented ambit ious colleague httpstcodkuwttps
- 22) happy bihday subsidiary clearstream clearstream httpstcoyjcbumbzk

```
In [5]: ! jupyter nbconvert --to html dbg.ipynb.

[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook dbg.ipynb. to html
[NbConvertApp] Writing 803783 bytes to dbg.ipynb.html
In []:
```