

Repeatable Unit Testing with JUnit

Ozgur Yilmazel

Overview

- Benefits of Repeatable Unit Tests
- Principles
- JUnit 101
- JUnit Observations
- JUnit Tactics
- JUnit Extensions

Benefits of Repeatable Unit Tests

- Decreased Integration Time & Costs
- Clarify Scope of Work
- Supports Ruthless Design Innovation (Refactoring)
- Ongoing Documentation/Tutorial on Component Usage
- Long term benefits far outweigh short term development costs

Benefits of Repeatable Unit Tests (cont.)

- Regression Test New Changes
- Higher Quality Code == Reduced Maintenance Costs
- Higher Quality Code == Increased Business Agility

Principles

- Code is Not “Done” until Tests are Correctly Written and Executed
- No Software Promotion until All Tests Pass
- Code a Little, Test a Little
 - Keeps the Developer on Track
 - Isolate & Localize Problems
 - Validates Requirements & Design Earlier rather than Later

Principles (cont.)

- Test First Design
- You Can't Afford *Not* To Write Unit Tests
 - Move Integration “Pain” to Earlier in Project - Less Expensive
 - Cost of Software Change Increases Exponentially towards End of Project

JUnit 101

HowTo - Install

- Download from junit.org
- Add jar file to classpath
- Online Documentation Available
- Many Extensions Exist
 - Load Testing
 - Servlet/Struts Testing

HowTo - Create Test Class

```
import junit.framework.*;  
public class TestFoo extends  
    TestCase {  
}
```

Write setUp/tearDown Methods for Class

```
import junit.framework.*;
public class TestSquare extends
    TestCase {
    private Square shape;
    public void setUp() {
        shape = new Square();
    }
    public void tearDown() {
        shape = null;
    }
}
```

Add Methods for each Test

```
import junit.framework.*;
public class TestFoo extends TestCase {
    // other methods omitted...
    public void testSmall() {
        assertNotNull("shape is null", shape);
        shape.setX(10);
        shape.setY(10);
        assertEquals("area
incorrect", 100, shape.getArea());
    }
}
```

Code ~~mai~~ n Method

```
import junit.framework.*;
public class TestFoo extends TestCase {
    // other methods omitted...
    public static void main(String[] argv) {
        junit.textui.TestRunner.run(TestFoo.class)
    }
}
```

Run It!

..F

Time: 0

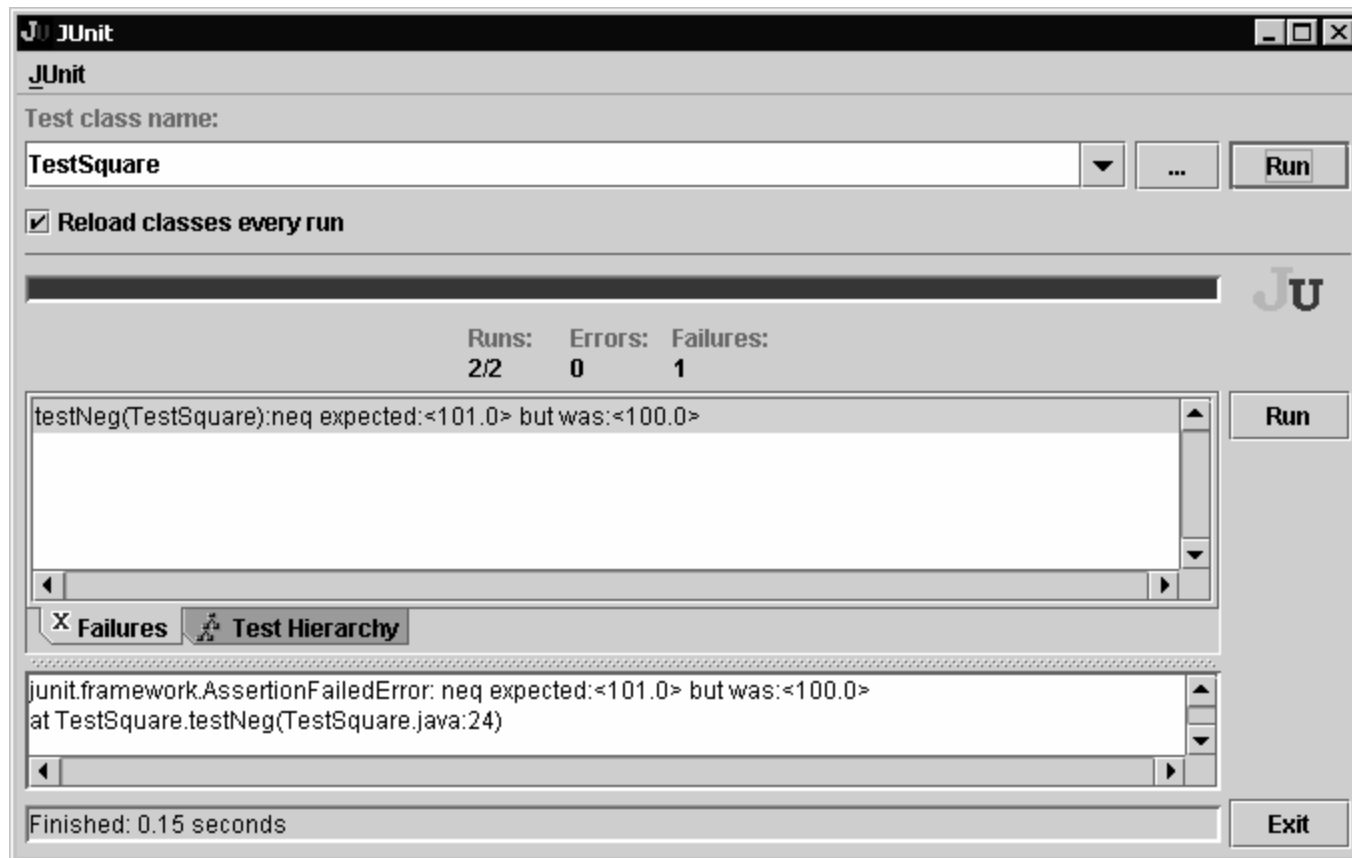
There was 1 failure:

1) testNeg(TestSquare)junit.framework.AssertionFailedError: neq
expected: <101.0> but was: <100.0>
at TestSquare.testNeg(TestSquare.java:23)
at TestSquare.main(TestSquare.java:16)

FAILURES!!!

Tests run: 2, Failures: 1, Errors: 0

Run It! (GUI)



ANT Integration

- ANT has tasks for working w/ JUnit (part of optional package)
- Sample ANT task:

```
<target name="test-all" depends="clean,jar,test-jar" if="junit.present">
  <!-- Import JUnit task -->
  <taskdef
    name="junit"
    classname="org.apache.tools.ant.taskdefs.optional.junit.JUnitTask"
  />

  <junit printsummary="yes" fork="yes" filtertrace="on" haltonfailure="no" >
    <classpath refid="test.classpath"/>
    <formatter type="plain" />
    <batchtest fork="yes" todir="${junit.reports}">
      <fileset dir="${java.src.dir}">
        <include name="**/*Test.java"/>
      </fileset>
    </batchtest>
  </junit>
</target>
```

JUnit Observations

- Many assertXXX Methods Provide Objective Evaluation of Code
- Visual TestRunner is Available
 - Keep it green to keep it clean
- Failure - Failed Assertion
- Error - Unexpected Exception

Tactics

- Create One Test Class for each Production Class
 - ProviderDAOJDBC & ProviderDAOJDBCTest
- Keep Test Classes in line w/ file
 - Use ANT filesets to include or exclude

Tactics (cont.)

- Bug Report == Write a Test
- Run Tests at Least Daily (Smoke Test)
 - Can use GUMP (jakarta.apache.org/gump)
- Write Tests for Code with Highest Probability of Breakage
- Write Test Code First
 - Or at least very early in development

Tactics (cont.)

- Tether Test Cases into Master Test Case
 - Run One Test Case to Verify Integrity before Migration to next Phase
- Limit Testing of Model/Entity/Bean Classes
- Within Test Cases, Leverage assertXXX Methods
 - Use assertXXX Methods Instead of Output Statements
- Use JUnit

Extensions

- StrutsTestCase - Test Struts Actions
(<http://strutstestcase.sourceforge.net/>)
- junitperf - Beat the Code Senseless!
(<http://www.clarkware.com/software/JUnitPerf.html>)
- JDepend - Test the Design
(<http://www.clarkware.com/software/JDepend.html>)
- www.junit.org
- Perl Unit: <http://search.cpan.org/dist/Test-Unit/>

Summary

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References

- Original JUnit Paper:
<http://junit.sourceforge.net/doc/testinfected/testing.htm>
- Another JUnit Primer:
<http://www.clarkware.com/articles/JUnitPrimer.html>
- eXtreme Programming: <http://extremeprogramming.org>