

ECON 703 - PS 3

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(3) Prove that the function $f(x) = \cos^2(x)e^{5-x-x^2}$ has a maximum on \mathbb{R} .

Proof: Define $g(x) = \cos^2(x)$ and $h(x) = e^{5-x-x^2}$. Notice that, since $-1 \leq \cos(x) \leq 1$, $0 \leq g(x) \leq 1$. Thus, $f(x) \leq h(x)$. $h(x) < 1$ on $(-\infty, -\sqrt{21}/2 - 1/2) \cup (\sqrt{21}/2 - 1/2, \infty)$, so $\max h(x)$ is at $x \in A = [-\sqrt{21}/2 - 1/2, \sqrt{21}/2 - 1/2]$. Similarly, $\max f(x)$ is at an $y \in A$. A is a closed subset of \mathbb{R} . Since g and h are continuous, f is continuous. Since A is closed and f is continuous, $f(x)$ is bounded on A . Thus, A is compact. By the extreme value theorem, f reaches its maximum on A and therefore on \mathbb{R} . \square

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