## ECON 712 - 2015 Midterm

## Alex von Hafften

## 1. State and solve planner's problem:

The planner maximizes aggregate utility weighing each generation equally subject to resource feasibility and nonnegativity constraints.

$$\begin{split} \max_{\substack{c_t^t, c_t^{t-1}, \ell_t^t \forall t \in \mathbb{N} \\ \text{s.t. } c_t^{t-1} + (1+n)c_t^t = A(1+n)\ell_t^t \\ } \ln(c_1^0) + \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} c_t^t - \frac{\gamma}{2} (\ell_t^t)^2 + \ln(c_t^{t-1}) \\ \text{s.t. } c_t^{t-1} + (1+n)c_t^t = A(1+n)\ell_t^t \\ \ell_t^t \in [0,1] \\ c_t^t \geq 0 \\ c_t^{t-1} \geq 0 \end{split}$$

We can drop the nonnegativity constraint on  $c_t^{t-1}$  because it is logged and  $\ln(0) = -\infty$ . We can also drop the nonnegativity constraint on  $\ell_t^t$  because that implies that output is zero, so  $c_t^{t-1}$  would be zero. Thus the legrangian is:

$$\mathcal{L} = \ln(c_1^0) + \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} c_t^t - \frac{\gamma}{2} (\ell_t^t)^2 + \ln(c_t^{t-1}) + \lambda_t^1 (A(1+n)\ell_t^t - c_t^{t-1} - (1+n)c_t^t)$$

First order condition for  $c_t^t$ :

$$1 - \lambda_t^1(1+n) = 0 \implies \lambda_t^1 = \frac{1}{1+n}$$

First order condition for  $c_t^{t-1}$ :

$$\frac{1}{c_t^{t-1}} - \lambda_t^1 = 0 \implies c_t^{t-1} = 1 + n$$

First order condition for  $\ell_t^t$ :

$$-\gamma \ell_t^t + \lambda_t^1 A(1+n) = 0 \implies -\gamma \ell_t^t + \frac{1}{1+n} A(1+n) = 0 \implies \ell_t^t = \frac{A}{\gamma}$$

This implies

$$(1+n) + (1+n)c_t^t = A(1+n)\frac{A}{\gamma} \implies 1 + c_t^t = A\frac{A}{\gamma} \implies c_t^t = \frac{A^2}{\gamma} - 1$$