

ECON 709 - PS 3

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1. A random point (X, Y) is distributed uniformly on the square with vertices $(1, 1), (1, -1), (-1, 1)$, and $(-1, -1)$. That is, the joint PDF is $f(x, y) = 1/4$ on the square and $f(x, y) = 0$ outside the square. Determine the probability of the following events:
 - (a) $X^2 + Y^2 < 1$
 - (b) $|X + Y| < 2$
2. Let the joint PDF of X and Y be given by $f(x, y) = g(x)h(y) \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ for some functions $g(x)$ and $h(y)$. Let a denote $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x)dx$ and b denote $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(x)dx$
 - (a) What conditions a and b should satisfy in order for $f(x, y)$ to be a bivariate PDF?
 - (b) Find the marginal PDF of X and Y .
 - (c) Show that X and Y are independent.
3. Let the joint PDF of X and Y be given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} cxy & \text{if } x, y \in [0, 1], x + y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the value of c such that $f(x, y)$ is a joint PDF.
 - (b) Find the marginal distributions of X and Y .
 - (c) Are X and Y independent? Compare your answer to Problem 2 and discuss.
4. Show that any random variable is uncorrelated with a constant.
 5. Let X and Y be independent random variables with means μ_X, μ_Y and variances σ_X^2, σ_Y^2 . Find an expression for the correlation of XY and Y in terms of these means and variances.
 6. Prove the following: For any random vector (X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) ,

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n Var(X_i) + 2 \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} Cov(X_i, X_j).$$

7. Suppose that X and Y are joint normal, i.e. they have the joint PDF:

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_X\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp(-(2(1-\rho^2))^{-1}(x^2/\sigma_X^2 - 2xy/\sigma_X\sigma_Y + y^2/\sigma_Y^2))$$

- (a) Derive the marginal distributions of X and Y , and observe that both normal distributions.
- (b) Derive the conditional distribution of Y given $X = x$. Observe that it is also a normal distribution.

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- (c) Derive the joint distribution of (X, Z) where $Z = (Y/\sigma_Y) - (\rho X/\sigma_X)$, and then show that X and Z are independent.
8. Consider a function $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Recall that the inverse image of a set A , denoted $g^{-1}(A)$ is $g^{-1}(A) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : g(x) \in A\}$. Let there be functions $g_1 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g_2 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. Let X and Y be two random variables that are independent. Suppose that g_1 and g_2 are both Borel-measurable, which means that $g_1^{-1}(A)$ and $g_2^{-1}(A)$ are both in the Borel σ -field whenever A is in the Borel σ -field. Show that the two random variables $Z := g_1(X)$ and $W := g_2(Y)$ are independent. (Hint: use the 1st or the 2nd definition of independence.)