Capstone Exam

Quiz, 25 questions

X Try again once you are ready.

Required to pass: 70% or higher

You can retake this quiz up to 1 time every 3 days.

Back to Week 1

Retake



1/1 points

1.

Instructions: The following exam contains 25 questions from IIPP, PoC, and AlgTh. We suggest that you browse all of the questions first before you start working seriously on the exam. Also, please review the Honor Code for this exam before you begin. You may use any materials available on the web. But, you may not solicit help from another human to complete this exam.

You have an unlimited numbers of attempts at this exam. However, this is a three day delay between attempts. Each time you submit the exam for grading Coursera will select new variants of the exam questions. Note that the differences between these variants can be small. **Work through each exam question carefully on each attempt.**

Finally, if you are convinced that an exam question is in error, you may send email to *fundamentalscomputing@online.rice.edu*. However emails of the form "I'm confused about a problem" may be ignored. Good luck on the exam. You can do this!

Question 1: Consider a function in Python whose execution terminates with the statement

1	return			

Enter the value returned by the function in the text box below.

None

Correct Response

Correct. In Python, functions without an explicit return value return **None** by default.

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1/1 points

2.

Consider the following snippet of Python code:

```
1  var1 = 7
2
3  def var0(var1, var2):
4     var3 = var1 + var2
5     global var4
6     var4 = 17
7     return var3 + var4
8
9  print var0(var1, var1)
```

What global names are created during execution of this code snippet? What local names are created during execution of this code snippet?

Global - var0, var1, var4

Local - var2, var3

Global - var1, var4

Local - var1, var2, var3

Global - var0, var4

Local - var1, var2, var3

Global - var0, var1, var4

Local - var1, var2, var3



Correct.



1/1 points

3.

Which of the following Python expressions can be used as a key to a dictionary in Python?



[0]

Un-s	elected is correct
Capstone Exam	
Quiz, 25 questions	0
Corr	ect
	set([0])
Un-s	selected is correct
	(0)
Corr	ect
	False
_	
Corr	ect
	"0"
Corr	ect
×	0 / 1 points
4.	
	pleGUI (and most other GUIs), a point on the canvas is indexed by two

In **SimpleGUI** (and most other GUIs), a point on the canvas is indexed by two coordinates. Which statement below correctly characterizes the change in the position of a point on the canvas as these coordinates are varied?



Increasing the first coordinate moves the point downward. Increasing the second coordinate moves the point right.

This should not be selected

Incorrect.



Increasing the first coordinate moves the point right. Increasing the second coordinate moves the point downward.

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Increasing the first coordinate moves the point upward. Increasing the second coordinate moves the point right.

Increasing the first coordinate moves the point right. Increasing the second coordinate moves the point upward.



1/1 points

5.

We will revisit the **BankAccount** class from Quiz 6a in IIPP. Here is a slightly modified template for the **BankAccount** class.

```
class BankAccount:
2
         def __init__(self, initial_balance):
3
            Creates an account with the given balance.
5
6
7
8
        def deposit(self, amount):
9
10
             Deposits the amount into the account.
11
12
13
        def withdraw(self, amount):
14
15
16
            Withdraws the amount from the account.
            Each withdrawal resulting in a balance of
17
            less than 10 dollars (before any fees) also
18
             deducts a penalty fee of 5 dollars from the balance.
19
20
21
22
23
        def get_balance(self):
24
25
             Returns the current balance in the account.
26
27
28
29
         def get_fees(self):
30
31
             Returns the total fees ever deducted from the account.
32
33
```

The deposit and withdraw methods each change the account balance. The withdraw method also deducts a fee of 5 dollars from the balance if the withdrawal (before any fees) results in a balance of less than 10 dollars. Since we also have the method get_fees, you will need to have a variable to keep track of the fees paid.

Implement that **BankAccount** class as described above. Here's one possible test with multiple accounts. This test should print the values 10, 5, 0, and 5.

```
1 account1 = BankAccount(10)
2 account1.withdraw(15)
3 account2 = BankAccount(15)
account2.deposit(10)
5 account1.deposit(20)
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6 account2.withdraw(20)
7 print account1.get_balance(), account1.get_fees(), account2.get_balance(), account2.get_fees()
```

Copy-and-paste the following much longer test. What four numbers are printed at the end? Enter the four numbers, separated only by spaces.

```
account1 = BankAccount(20)
2
    account1.deposit(10)
3
    account2 = BankAccount(10)
4
    account2.deposit(10)
5
    account2.withdraw(50)
6
    account1.withdraw(15)
7
    account1.withdraw(10)
8
    account2.deposit(30)
9
    account2.withdraw(15)
10
    account1.deposit(5)
11
    account1.withdraw(20)
12
    account2.withdraw(15)
    account2.deposit(25)
13
14
    account2.withdraw(15)
15
    account1.deposit(10)
16
    account1.withdraw(50)
17
    account2.deposit(25)
18
    account2.deposit(25)
19
    account1.deposit(30)
    account2.deposit(10)
20
21
    account1.withdraw(15)
22
    account2.withdraw(10)
23
    account1.withdraw(10)
24
    account2.deposit(15)
25
    account2.deposit(10)
26
    account2.withdraw(15)
27
    account1.deposit(15)
28
    account1.withdraw(20)
29
    account2.withdraw(10)
30
    account2.deposit(5)
    account2.withdraw(10)
31
    account1.deposit(10)
32
33
    account1.deposit(20)
34
    account2.withdraw(10)
35
    account2.deposit(5)
    account1.withdraw(15)
36
37
    account1.withdraw(20)
38
    account1.deposit(5)
39
    account2.deposit(10)
40
    account2.deposit(15)
41
    account2.deposit(20)
42
    account1.withdraw(15)
43
    account2.deposit(10)
44
    account1.deposit(25)
45
    account1.deposit(15)
46
    account1.deposit(10)
47
    account1.withdraw(10)
48
    account1.deposit(10)
49
    account2.deposit(20)
50
    account2.withdraw(15)
51
    account1.withdraw(20)
52
    account1.deposit(5)
53
    account1.deposit(10)
54
    account2.withdraw(20)
    print account1.get_balance(), account1.get_fees(), account2.get_balance(),
         account2.get_fees()
```

```
-75 55 30 30
```

Correct Response

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1/1 points

6.

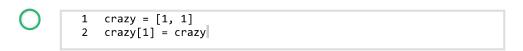
In IIPP, we used reference diagrams to visualize the behavior of Python programs that involved mutable objects such as lists. These reference diagrams can be viewed as instances of directed graphs (ala Algorithmic Thinking) in which nodes contain the data stored in the list and the directed edges correspond to references in the diagram.

If we view reference diagrams as directed graphs in this manner, which of the following snippets of Python code has a reference diagram whose corresponding directed graph contains a cycle?

```
1 crazy = [1, 1]
2 crazy[1] = crazy[0]
```

```
1 crazy = [1, 1]
2 crazy = crazy[1]
```

```
1 crazy = [1, 1]
2 crazy[1] = crazy[1]
```



Correct

Correct.



0/1 points

Consider this <u>submitted solution</u> to the Rock-paper-scissors-lizard-Spock miniproject from IIPP. This solution is either correct or has one line of code that is in **Capstone Exam**.

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If the program is correct, enter the number 0 in the box below. If the submitted program has an error, enter the number of the erroneous line as a positive integer in the box below.

Note that the lines are numbered starting at one as done in IDLE and CodeSkulptor. (Hint: IDLE displays the line number of the currently selected line in the lower right corner of the window.)

0

Incorrect Response

Examine the code more closely. Remember to enter the line number as a positive integer.



0/1 points

8.

Consider this <u>submitted solution</u> to the Pong mini-project from IIPP. Note that the paddles do not move in response to key presses.

Modifying four consecutive lines of code fixes this problem and yields a working program. Enter the line number of the first line of code that needs to be modified. Again, the lines are numbered starting at one as done in IDLE or CodeSkulptor.

57

Incorrect Response

Remember to enter the line number as a positive integer.



1/1 points

Consider this <u>submitted solution</u> to the Blackjack mini-project from IIPP. Note that the program throws an **AttributeError**.

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Modifying exactly one line of the program corrects this error and yields a program that works correctly. Enter the number of the line of code that needs to be modified. Again, the lines are numbered starting at one as done in IDLE or CodeSkulptor.

86

Correct Response

Correct. A **Deck** object should be initialized to consist of a list of **Card** objects, not tuples.



1/1 points

10.

Consider the following sequence of operations on a stack. In this sequence *Add*(5) means to push 5 onto a stack. *Rem*() means to pop an element off of a stack.

Add(4), Add(8), Rem(), Add(7), Add(6), Add(5), Rem(), Rem(), Add(2), Rem(), Add(3), Add(7)

Perform these operations on an initially empty stack. What are the contents of the stack after all of these operations are complete?

Indicate your answer with a single number in which each digit is an element on the stack. The right-most element (the least significant digit) should be the next element to be popped. For example, 321 would indicate a stack with three elements (3, 2, and 1) and 1 would be the next element to be popped.

4737

Correct Response



0/1 points 11.

What is the probability of rolling a Yahtzee (five of a kind) on a single roll of 5 six-Capstone Exame dice?

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Enter a single numerical answer with at least four significant digits of precision below

0.0001286



Remember that your answer should include four significant digits of precision, not just four digits.



0 / 1 points

12.

Assume you have an unfair die. The die has a 0.1 probability of landing on 1, a 0.2 probability of landing on 2, a 0.3 probability of landing on 3, a 0.15 probability of landing on 4, a 0.05 probability of landing on 5, and a 0.2 probability of landing on 6.

Write a function, **probability(outcomes)**, that takes a list of numbers as input (where each number must be between 1 and 6 inclusive) and computes the probability of getting the given sequence of outcomes from rolling the unfair die. Assume the die is rolled exactly the number of times as the length of the **outcomes** input.

For example, the result of **probability**([1]) should be .1.

What is the result of the following call to the function?

Enter a single numerical answer with at least four significant digits of precision in the box below. Note that Coursera will accept floating point numbers formatted using Python's scientific notation.

4.782969E-43

Incorrect Response



0/1 points

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13.

Consider a process that grows binary trees. At time step 0, the process starts with a tree, T, that consists of a single node. Thereafter, the following happens in each step of the process:

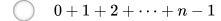
- 1. The existing tree, T, is copied, creating an identical tree, S.
- 2. A new root node, R, is created.
- 3. The left child of R is set to T.
- 4. The right child of R is set to S.
- 5. The tree rooted at R becomes the new T for the next step of the process.

Which arithmetic sum models the number of nodes in T after time step n?



$$1+3+7+\cdots+2^{n+1}-1$$

This should not be selected



$$\bigcirc \quad 1+2+4+\cdots+2^n$$

$$1+1+2+\cdots+2^{n-1}$$



1/1 points

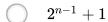
14.

Which math expression is equivalent to the sum that is the answer to the previous question?



$$2^{n+1}-1$$

Correct



 \bigcirc 2ⁿ

 $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$



 $2^{n} - 1$

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0/1 points

15.

Consider rooted trees in which the number of children for each node is equal to the height of the subtree rooted by the node. If the height of the root of the tree is n, enter a math expression for the maximum number of leaves in a tree that satisfies this property.

Preview

$$\frac{n}{2}(n+1)$$



Consider formulating a recurrence that describes the solution to this problem and then solve the recurrence.

Reveal correct answer

0.75 / 1 points

Consider the following grid:

Capstone Ex	50000	2000	045		20	200
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		7		9	10	
	12	13	14	15	16	17
		19	20	21		23

The neighbors of a particular grid square are the squares that are up, down, left, and right from that square. Black squares are blocked and cannot be searched. If you start a Breadth-first Search from square 15, which of the following are possible orders in which the squares could be searched?

For this problem, you may assume that the neighbors of a cell are represented using a set as done in "Algorithmic Thinking".

15, 16, 17, 9, 10, 21, 20, 14, 13, 23, 4, 19, 12, 5, 19, 7, 1, 0, 2

Un-selected is correct

15, 21, 9, 16, 14, 20, 10, 17, 13, 19, 4, 23, 12, 7, 5, 1, 0, 2

Correct

15, 14, 21, 9, 16, 20, 13, 10, 17, 19, 7, 12, 4, 23, 1, 5, 2, 0

Correct

15, 9, 14, 16, 21, 10, 13, 20, 19, 7, 4, 12, 17, 23, 5, 1, 2, 0

This should not be selected



0/1 points

"Pick-A-Number" is a game in which the board consists of a list of numbers. On a player's turn, that player may pick a number on either end of the list. Turns

Capstone Example hate. When the list is exhausted, the winner is the player with the highest sum of the numbers they picked.

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For example, consider the following game board:

3, 5, 2, 1

Players P1 and P2 play optimally as follows:

- P1 picks 1, leaving 3, 5, 2
- P2 picks 3, leaving 5, 2
- P1 picks 5, leaving 2
- P2 picks 2

P1 then wins 6 to 5.

Write a recursive function, <code>pick_a_number(board)</code> that takes a list representing the game board and returns a tuple that is the score of the game if both players play optimally. Here, optimal play means that the player maximizes his/her final score. The returned tuple should be ordered with the current player's score first and the other player's score second.

Compute the value of the expression below:

Enter just the two numbers with a space between them. For example, if your function returns (6, 5) (as it should on the above example game), you should just enter 6 5 in the answer box.

74 69

Incorrect Response



0 / 1 points

Consider the following five functions:

Capstone Exam $+2^n + \cdots + 1000^n$

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- 2. n^{1000}
- 3. $(n^3 + 2n)/(2n + 1)$
- 4. $(n^2+1)/(n+1)$
- 5. $(n!)^n$

Your task is to reorder the functions in the list above so that each function is big- O of the functions below it. As these functions are reordered, the initial numbers assigned to each function should be preserved.

Once you have successfully reordered the functions, enter the numbers associated with the reordered functions (ordered from top to bottom) in the box below. For example, if function 5 is big-O of function 4, function 4 is big-O of function 3,..., and function 2 is big-O of function 1, enter your answer as 5 4 3 2 1 in the box below.

Incorrect Response

Make sure that your order is not reversed. As a hint, the first number should be 4.



0/1 points

10

Let G=(V,E) be an undirected graph with n nodes and m edges, and let deg(v), for $v\in V$, denote the degree of node v. Give an expression in terms of m, n, or both, for the term $\sum_{v\in V} deg(v)$.

Preview

mn

m*n

Incorrect Response

Be sure to check the "Preview" to ensure that your answer is being parsed as you intended.

Reveal correct answer

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1/1 points

20.

The $transitive\ closure$ of a directed graph g=(V,E) is a directed graph g'=(V,E') such that $(u,v)\in E'$ if and only if there is a path from u to v in g. The following is a dynamic programming algorithm (incomplete) for computing the adjacency matrix, denoted by $R^{(n)}$, of the transitive closure of directed graph g that is given by its adjacency matrix A. In this question, we assume the nodes in V are numbered $1,2,\ldots,n$.

$$egin{aligned} R^{(0)} \leftarrow A; \ \mathbf{for} \ k \leftarrow 1 \ \mathbf{to} \ n \ \mathbf{do} \ \mathbf{for} \ i \leftarrow 1 \ \mathbf{to} \ n \ \mathbf{do} \ \mathbf{for} \ j \leftarrow 1 \ \mathbf{to} \ n \ \mathbf{do} \ R^{(k)}[i,j] \leftarrow \ldots; \end{aligned}$$

Return $R^{(n)}$

The fifth line is missing the term to be assigned to ${\cal R}^{(k)}$. Which of the following gives the correct term?



$$R^{(k-1)}[i,j]$$
 or $(R^{(k-1)}[i,k]$ and $R^{(k-1)}[k,j])$

Correct

$$igcap R^{(k-1)}[i,j]$$
 or $R^{(k-1)}[i,k]$ or $R^{(k-1)}[k,j]$

$$igcap R^{(k-1)}[i,k]$$
 and $R^{(k-1)}[k,j]$

$$igcup R^{(k-1)}[i,j]$$

$$igcap R^{(k-1)}[i,j]$$
 and $R^{(k-1)}[i,k]$ and $R^{(k-1)}[k,j]$

$$igcap R^{(k-1)}[i,j]$$
 and $(R^{(k-1)}[i,k]$ or $R^{(k-1)}[k,j])$

0.40 / 1 points

21.

Questions 21 - 25 refer to the following pseudo-code of Algorithm Mystery:

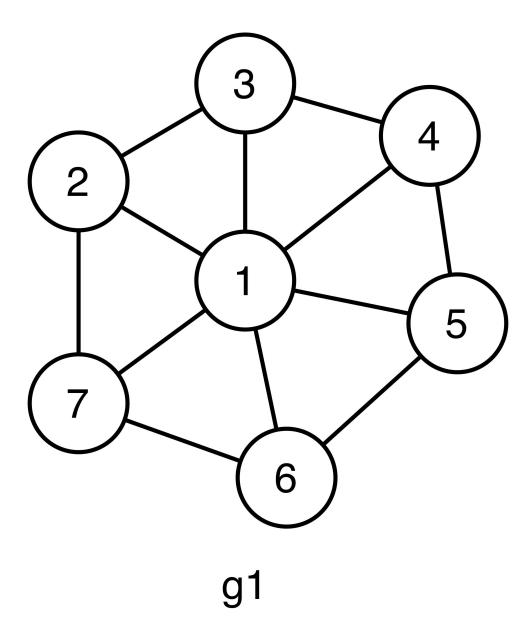
Algorithm 1: Mystery.

Input: Undirected graph g = (V, E).

Capstone Exam^{Putput}: Subset $V' \subseteq V$ that satisfies some property.

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For some input graphs, the output of the algorithm might not be unique. If we use the following graph g1 as input to Algorithm **Mystery**, which of the following sets could Algorithm **Mystery** return as output?



{1}

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This should not be selected

Un-selected is correct

Un-selected is correct

[] $\{1,3,5,7\}$

This should be selected

This should be selected

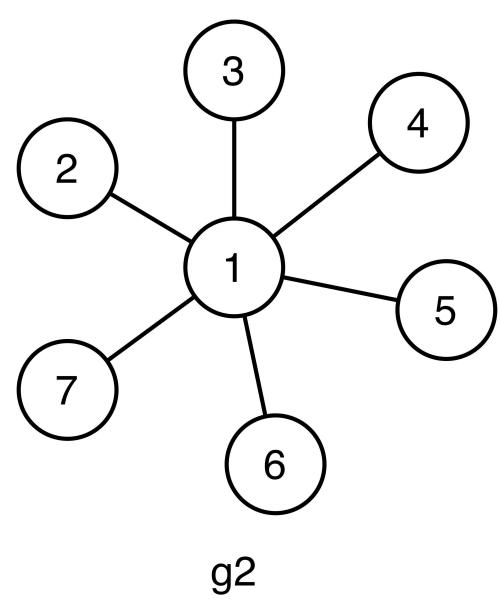


1/1 points

If we use the following graph g2 as input to Algorithm **Mystery**, which of the following sets could Algorithm **Mystery** return as output?

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Un-selected is correct

Un-selected is correct

Un-selected is correct

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Corr		rect					
	Un-s	$\{1,2,3,4\}$ elected is correct					
	~	1/1 points					
	23. Which Myste	of the following statements correctly specifies the output of Algorithm ry ?					
		A subset $V'\subseteq V$ of minimum size such that every node in V' is connected to every other node in the graph.					
		A subset $V'\subseteq V$ such that every edge in E has at least one of its endpoints in V' .					
		A subset $V'\subseteq V$ such that every node in V' is connected to every other node in the graph.					
		A subset $V'\subseteq V$ of minimum size such that every edge in E has both of its endpoints in V' .					
	0	A subset $V'\subseteq V$ of minimum size such that every edge in E has at least one of its endpoints in V' .					
	Corre	ect					



0/1 points

For an input graph g with n nodes and m edges, that is represented by its adjacency list, which of the following terms gives the tightest bound on the Capstone Exampt-case running time of Lines 5–7 in Algorithm Mystery? Assume that testing membership of an element in a set takes O(1) operations.

0	O(n)

This should not be selected

What if m > n?

- O(m+n)
- $\bigcirc O(n^2)$
- O(mn)



0 / 1 points

25.

As your final task, implement Algorithm **Mystery** from Question 21 in Python 2 and run your implementation on the undirected graphs defined in this <u>provided code</u>. These graphs are represented in the standard dictionary form used in "Algorithmic Thinking".

To aid you in testing your code, Algorithm **Mystery** should return sets of size 6 and 9, respectively, on the graphs **GRAPH3** and **GRAPH4** from the provided code. Once you are confident that your implementation is correct, run your code on **GRAPH6** and enter the size of the computed set as an integer in the box below.

Warning: If you plan to use CodeSkulptor for this problem, be warned that your code may take a long time to run. In desktop Python, our solution takes 10-15 seconds to process the last graph. Expect running times on the order of 10+ minutes if you use CodeSkulptor.

15

Incorrect Response



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