Trạng thái	Đã xong
Bắt đầu vào lúc	Thứ Ba, 25 tháng 3 2025, 2:39 PM
Kết thúc lúc	Thứ Ba, 25 tháng 3 2025, 3:39 PM
Thời gian thực hiện	1 giờ
Điểm	6,00/6,00
Điểm	**10,00** trên 10,00 (**100**%)

Câu hỏi 1

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

Implement the **put** method in template class **XHashMap** representing the **Hash Table.** The Hash Table is implemented with **Open Hashing** for handling collision, using a Singly linked list to store keys with the same index. The description of the method is given in the code.

```
int hashFunction(int key, int capacity) {
    return key % capacity;
}

template<class K, class V>
class XHashMap {
public:
    class Entry {
    public:
        K key;
        V value;
        Entry* next;

        Entry(K key, V value, Entry* next = 0) {
            this->key = key;
            this->value = value;
            this->next = next;
        }
    };
private:
    Entry** table; // hash table
    int capacity; // size for the hash table
    int count;
public:
    // Constructor
    XHashMap() {
        this->capacity = 10;
        this->count = 0;
        table = new Entry*[capacity];
        //reset table to 0
        for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
            table[i] = 0;
        }
    }
    ~XHashMap(){ // Destructor
        //Remove all entries in the current map
        for(int idx=0; idx < this->capacity; idx++){
            Entry* entry = this->table[idx];
            while(entry != 0){
                Entry * next = entry->next;
                delete entry;
                entry = next;
            }
        }
        //Remove table
        delete []table;
    }

    // YOUR ANSWER
    // print table method (for testing)
    void printTable() const {
        cout << "------------The hash table is shown below-----------\n";
        for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
            Entry* entry = table[i];
```

```
            cout << "Index " << i << ": ";
            while (entry != 0) {
                cout << "(" << entry->key << ", " << entry->value << ") ";
                entry = entry->next;
            }
            cout << endl;
        }
        cout << "----------------------------------------------------\n";

    }
};
```

For example:

Test	Result

`map.put(6, 100);`
`map.printTable();`
	`----------The hash table is shown below----------`
	`Index 0:`
	`Index 1:`
	`Index 2:`
	`Index 3:`
	`Index 4:`
	`Index 5:`
	`Index 6: (6, 100)`
	`Index 7:`
	`Index 8:`
	`Index 9:`
	`----------------------------------------------------`

`map.put(0, 10);`
`map.put(10, 100); // adding not replacing`
`map.printTable();`
	`----------The hash table is shown below----------`
	`Index 0: (10, 100) (0, 10)`
	`Index 1:`
	`Index 2:`
	`Index 3:`
	`Index 4:`
	`Index 5:`
	`Index 6:`
	`Index 7:`
	`Index 8:`
	`Index 9:`
	`----------------------------------------------------`

`map.put(1, 15);`
`map.put(1, 200); // updating new value for existing index`
`map.printTable();`
	`----------The hash table is shown below----------`
	`Index 0:`
	`Index 1: (1, 200)`
	`Index 2:`
	`Index 3:`
	`Index 4:`
	`Index 5:`
	`Index 6:`
	`Index 7:`
	`Index 8:`
	`Index 9:`
	`----------------------------------------------------`

Answer: (penalty regime: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 100 %)

Reset answer

```
1  void put(int key, int value) {
2    // Compute the index using the hash function
3      int index = hashFunction(key, capacity);
4
5      // Check if the key exists in the linked list at the index
6      Entry* current = table[index];
7      while (current != 0) {
8          // If key is found, update its value
9          if (current->key == key) {
10             current->value = value;
11             return;
12         }
13         current = current->next;
14     }
```

```
15
16      // If key doesn't exist, create and insert a new entry
17      Entry* newEntry = new Entry(key, value, table[index]);
18      table[index] = newEntry;
19
20      // Increment the count and ensure load factor
21      count++;
22      ensureLoadFactor(count);
23
24  }
25
26  void ensureLoadFactor(int current_size) {
27      // Calculate the maximum allowed size based on the load factor (0.75 * capacity)
28      int maxAllowedSize = 0.75 * capacity;
29
30      // If the current size exceeds or equals the max allowed size, trigger rehashing
31      if (current_size >= maxAllowedSize) {
32          // Calculate the new capacity (1.5 times the old capacity)
33          int newCapacity = capacity * 1.5;
34
35          // Call the rehash function with the new capacity
36          rehash(newCapacity);
37      }
38  }
39
40  void rehash(int newCapacity) {
41    // Store the current table and capacity
42      Entry** oldTable = table;
43      int oldCapacity = capacity;
44
45      // Create a new table with the new capacity and update the capacity
46      capacity = newCapacity;
47      table = new Entry*[newCapacity];
48
49      // Initialize the new table with nullptr values
50      for (int i = 0; i < newCapacity; i++) {
51          table[i] = 0;
52      }
53
54      // Reset count as we'll be reinserting all entries
55      count = 0;
56
57      // For each index in the old table
58      for (int i = 0; i < oldCapacity; i++) {
59          Entry* current = oldTable[i];
60
61          // Traverse the linked list at that index
62          while (current != 0) {
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	map.put(6, 100); map.printTable();	----------The hash table is shown below---------- Index 0: Index 1: Index 2: Index 3: Index 4: Index 5: Index 6: (6, 100) Index 7: Index 8: Index 9: ----------	----------The hash table is shown below---------- Index 0: Index 1: Index 2: Index 3: Index 4: Index 5: Index 6: (6, 100) Index 7: Index 8: Index 9: ----------	✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	map.put(0, 10);
	map.put(10, 100); // adding not replacing
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0: (10, 100) (0, 10)
		Index 1:
		Index 2:
		Index 3:
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0: (10, 100) (0, 10)
			Index 1:
			Index 2:
			Index 3:
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(1, 15);
	map.put(1, 200); // updating new value for existing index
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0:
		Index 1: (1, 200)
		Index 2:
		Index 3:
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0:
			Index 1: (1, 200)
			Index 2:
			Index 3:
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(101, 500);
	map.put(101, 100);
	map.put(101, 300);
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0:
		Index 1: (101, 300)
		Index 2:
		Index 3:
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0:
			Index 1: (101, 300)
			Index 2:
			Index 3:
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(874, 912);
	map.put(557, 367);
	map.put(738, 612);
	map.put(986, 477);
	map.put(424, 315);
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0:
		Index 1:
		Index 2:
		Index 3:
		Index 4: (424, 315) (874, 912)
		Index 5:
		Index 6: (986, 477)
		Index 7: (557, 367)
		Index 8: (738, 612)
		Index 9:
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0:
			Index 1:
			Index 2:
			Index 3:
			Index 4: (424, 315) (874, 912)
			Index 5:
			Index 6: (986, 477)
			Index 7: (557, 367)
			Index 8: (738, 612)
			Index 9:
			---------- 	
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	map.put(112, 545);
	map.put(790, 999);
	map.put(350, 432);
	map.put(678, 805);
	map.put(432, 217);
	map.put(883, 374);
	map.put(112, 596);
	map.put(926, 314);
	map.put(240, 890);
	map.put(432, 410);
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0: (240, 890)
		Index 1:
		Index 2:
		Index 3: (678, 805)
		Index 4:
		Index 5: (350, 432)
		Index 6:
		Index 7: (112, 596)
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		Index 10: (790, 999)
		Index 11: (926, 314)
		Index 12: (432, 410)
		Index 13: (883, 374)
		Index 14:
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0: (240, 890)
			Index 1:
			Index 2:
			Index 3: (678, 805)
			Index 4:
			Index 5: (350, 432)
			Index 6:
			Index 7: (112, 596)
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			Index 10: (790, 999)
			Index 11: (926, 314)
			Index 12: (432, 410)
			Index 13: (883, 374)
			Index 14:
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(510, 789);
	map.put(734, 645);
	map.put(510, 132);
	map.put(341, 981);
	map.put(210, 473);
	map.put(653, 550);
	map.put(480, 280);
	map.put(556, 990);
	map.put(808, 359);
	map.put(510, 732);
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0: (510, 732) (210, 473) (480, 280)
		Index 1: (556, 990)
		Index 2:
		Index 3:
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8: (653, 550)
		Index 9:
		Index 10:
		Index 11: (341, 981)
		Index 12:
		Index 13: (808, 359)
		Index 14: (734, 645)
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0: (510, 732) (210, 473) (480, 280)
			Index 1: (556, 990)
			Index 2:
			Index 3:
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8: (653, 550)
			Index 9:
			Index 10:
			Index 11: (341, 981)
			Index 12:
			Index 13: (808, 359)
			Index 14: (734, 645)
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(601, 238);
	map.put(148, 870);
	map.put(481, 711);
	map.put(753, 922);
	map.put(642, 583);
	map.put(191, 774);
	map.put(854, 417);
	map.put(770, 101);
	map.put(980, 346);
	map.put(529, 908);
	map.printTable();
		----------The hash table is shown below----------
		Index 0:
		Index 1: (601, 238) (481, 711)
		Index 2:
		Index 3: (753, 922)
		Index 4: (529, 908)
		Index 5: (980, 346) (770, 101)
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		Index 10:
		Index 11: (191, 774)
		Index 12: (642, 583)
		Index 13: (148, 870)
		Index 14: (854, 417)
		---------- 	
			----------The hash table is shown below----------
			Index 0:
			Index 1: (601, 238) (481, 711)
			Index 2:
			Index 3: (753, 922)
			Index 4: (529, 908)
			Index 5: (980, 346) (770, 101)
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			Index 10:
			Index 11: (191, 774)
			Index 12: (642, 583)
			Index 13: (148, 870)
			Index 14: (854, 417)
			---------- 	
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	map.put(143, 541);
	map.put(143, 222);
	map.put(143, 735);
	map.put(143, 900);
	map.put(143, 587);
	map.put(143, 101);
	map.put(143, 348);
	map.put(143, 641);
	map.put(143, 924);
	map.put(143, 541);
	map.printTable();
		------------The hash table is shown below------------
		Index 0:
		Index 1:
		Index 2:
		Index 3: (143, 541)
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7:
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		---------- 	
			------------The hash table is shown below------------
			Index 0:
			Index 1:
			Index 2:
			Index 3: (143, 541)
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7:
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			---------- 	
				✓

✓	map.put(132, 664);
	map.put(312, 305);
	map.put(232, 743);
	map.put(322, 101);
	map.put(452, 651);
	map.put(542, 836);
	map.put(672, 129);
	map.put(762, 432);
	map.put(892, 923);
	map.put(982, 489);
	map.printTable();
		------------The hash table is shown below------------
		Index 0:
		Index 1:
		Index 2: (452, 651) (542, 836)
		Index 3:
		Index 4:
		Index 5:
		Index 6:
		Index 7: (982, 489) (892, 923) (232, 743) (322, 101)
		Index 8:
		Index 9:
		Index 10:
		Index 11:
		Index 12: (762, 432) (132, 664) (312, 305) (672, 129)
		Index 13:
		Index 14:
		---------- 	
			------------The hash table is shown below------------
			Index 0:
			Index 1:
			Index 2: (452, 651) (542, 836)
			Index 3:
			Index 4:
			Index 5:
			Index 6:
			Index 7: (982, 489) (892, 923) (232, 743) (322, 101)
			Index 8:
			Index 9:
			Index 10:
			Index 11:
			Index 12: (762, 432) (132, 664) (312, 305) (672, 129)
			Index 13:
			Index 14:
			---------- 	
				✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi **2**

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

Implement the **get** method in template class **XHashMap** representing the **Hash Table.** The Hash Table is implemented with **Open Hashing** for handling collision, using a Singly linked list to store keys with the same index. The description of the method is given in the code.

```
int hashFunction(int key, int capacity) {
    return key % capacity;
}

template<class K, class V>
class XHashMap {
public:
    class Entry {
    public:
        K key;
        V value;
        Entry* next;

        Entry(K key, V value, Entry* next = 0) {
            this->key = key;
            this->value = value;
            this->next = next;
        }
    };
private:
    Entry** table; // hash table
    int capacity; // size for the hash table
    int count;
public:
    // Constructor
    XHashMap() {
        this->capacity = 10;
        this->count = 0;
        table = new Entry*[capacity];
        //reset table to 0
        for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
            table[i] = 0;
        }
    }
    ~XHashMap(){ // Destructor
        //Remove all entries in the current map
        for(int idx=0; idx < this->capacity; idx++){
            Entry* entry = this->table[idx];
            while(entry != 0){
                Entry * next = entry->next;
                delete entry;
                entry = next;
            }
        }
        //Remove table
        delete []table;
    }

    // put method
    void put(int key, int value); //Already implemented

    // YOUR ANSWER
};
```

For example:

Test	Result

vector<int> keys = {20};
for(int key: keys){
try{
cout << "Value for key " << key <<": " << map.get(key) << endl;
}
catch (std::out_of_range& e){
cout << e.what() << endl;
}
}
	Value for key 20: 95

Answer: (penalty regime: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 100 %)

Reset answer

```
V& get(K key) {
    // Calculate the index using the hash function
    int index = hashFunction(key, capacity);

    // Access and traverse the linked list at that index
    Entry* current = table[index];
    while (current != 0) {
        // If the current entry's key matches, return its value
        if (current->key == key) {
            return current->value;
        }
        current = current->next;
    }

    // If not found, throw std::out_of_range exception
    throw std::out_of_range("Key not found");
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {20};`
	`for(int key: keys){`
	`  try{`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key <<": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e){`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 20: 95	Value for key 20: 95	✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {52, 35};`
	
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (const std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << "Key " << key << " not found: " << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 52: 70
		Value for key 35: 99
			Value for key 52: 70
			Value for key 35: 99
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {20, 1, 57};`
	`for(int key: keys){`
	`  try{`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e){`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 20: 95
		Value for key 1: Key not found
		Value for key 57: 80
			Value for key 20: 95
			Value for key 1: Key not found
			Value for key 57: 80
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {87, 65, 43, 92, 12};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 87: 77
		Value for key 65: Key not found
		Value for key 43: 15
		Value for key 92: 32
		Value for key 12: Key not found
			Value for key 87: 77
			Value for key 65: Key not found
			Value for key 43: 15
			Value for key 92: 32
			Value for key 12: Key not found
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {53, 91, 79, 4, 99};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 53: 26
		Value for key 91: Key not found
		Value for key 79: Key not found
		Value for key 4: 74
		Value for key 99: Key not found
			Value for key 53: 26
			Value for key 91: Key not found
			Value for key 79: Key not found
			Value for key 4: 74
			Value for key 99: Key not found
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {77, 33, 56, 20, 60, 70, 15, 48, 68, 11};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 77: Key not found
		Value for key 33: 96
		Value for key 56: 29
		Value for key 20: 95
		Value for key 60: Key not found
		Value for key 70: 43
		Value for key 15: Key not found
		Value for key 48: 31
		Value for key 68: 57
		Value for key 11: 72
			Value for key 77: Key not found
			Value for key 33: 96
			Value for key 56: 29
			Value for key 20: 95
			Value for key 60: Key not found
			Value for key 70: 43
			Value for key 15: Key not found
			Value for key 48: 31
			Value for key 68: 57
			Value for key 11: 72
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {62, 89, 1, 96, 81, 40, 54, 9, 82, 18};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 62: Key not found
		Value for key 89: Key not found
		Value for key 1: Key not found
		Value for key 96: Key not found
		Value for key 81: Key not found
		Value for key 40: 28
		Value for key 54: Key not found
		Value for key 9: 81
		Value for key 82: 65
		Value for key 18: 54
			Value for key 62: Key not found
			Value for key 89: Key not found
			Value for key 1: Key not found
			Value for key 96: Key not found
			Value for key 81: Key not found
			Value for key 40: 28
			Value for key 54: Key not found
			Value for key 9: 81
			Value for key 82: 65
			Value for key 18: 54
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {94, 71, 26, 25, 84, 97, 17, 100, 31, 42};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 94: Key not found
		Value for key 71: 90
		Value for key 26: 79
		Value for key 25: 11
		Value for key 84: Key not found
		Value for key 97: 88
		Value for key 17: 23
		Value for key 100: Key not found
		Value for key 31: 45
		Value for key 42: Key not found
			Value for key 94: Key not found
			Value for key 71: 90
			Value for key 26: 79
			Value for key 25: 11
			Value for key 84: Key not found
			Value for key 97: 88
			Value for key 17: 23
			Value for key 100: Key not found
			Value for key 31: 45
			Value for key 42: Key not found
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {86, 2, 22, 75, 78, 67, 29, 88, 45, 63, 69, 7, 95, 66, 34, 52, 13, 58, 46, 49};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 86: Key not found
		Value for key 2: Key not found
		Value for key 22: 89
		Value for key 75: Key not found
		Value for key 78: 19
		Value for key 67: Key not found
		Value for key 29: 48
		Value for key 88: 68
		Value for key 45: Key not found
		Value for key 63: 14
		Value for key 69: 55
		Value for key 7: Key not found
		Value for key 95: Key not found
		Value for key 66: 85
		Value for key 34: 86
		Value for key 52: 70
		Value for key 13: 84
		Value for key 58: Key not found
		Value for key 46: 73
		Value for key 49: 93
			Value for key 86: Key not found
			Value for key 2: Key not found
			Value for key 22: 89
			Value for key 75: Key not found
			Value for key 78: 19
			Value for key 67: Key not found
			Value for key 29: 48
			Value for key 88: 68
			Value for key 45: Key not found
			Value for key 63: 14
			Value for key 69: 55
			Value for key 7: Key not found
			Value for key 95: Key not found
			Value for key 66: 85
			Value for key 34: 86
			Value for key 52: 70
			Value for key 13: 84
			Value for key 58: Key not found
			Value for key 46: 73
			Value for key 49: 93
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {85, 32, 50, 83, 21, 600, 3, 73, 93, 74, 345, 57, 10, 24, 200, 44, 18, 72, 80, 105, 51, 889, 26, 123, 59, 0, 101, 57, 35, 110};`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Value for key " << key << ": " << map.get(key) << endl;`
	`  } catch (std::out_of_range& e) {`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Value for key 85: Key not found
		Value for key 32: Key not found
		Value for key 50: 21
		Value for key 83: 87
		Value for key 21: 94
		Value for key 600: Key not found
		Value for key 3: 51
		Value for key 73: 30
		Value for key 93: 53
		Value for key 74: Key not found
		Value for key 345: Key not found
		Value for key 57: 80
		Value for key 10: Key not found
		Value for key 24: Key not found
		Value for key 200: Key not found
		Value for key 44: 16
		Value for key 18: 54
		Value for key 72: Key not found
		Value for key 80: Key not found
		Value for key 105: Key not found
		Value for key 51: Key not found
		Value for key 889: Key not found
		Value for key 26: 79
		Value for key 123: Key not found
		Value for key 59: 60
		Value for key 0: Key not found
		Value for key 101: Key not found
		Value for key 57: 80
		Value for key 35: 99
		Value for key 110: Key not found
			Value for key 85: Key not found
			Value for key 32: Key not found
			Value for key 50: 21
			Value for key 83: 87
			Value for key 21: 94
			Value for key 600: Key not found
			Value for key 3: 51
			Value for key 73: 30
			Value for key 93: 53
			Value for key 74: Key not found
			Value for key 345: Key not found
			Value for key 57: 80
			Value for key 10: Key not found
			Value for key 24: Key not found
			Value for key 200: Key not found
			Value for key 44: 16
			Value for key 18: 54
			Value for key 72: Key not found
			Value for key 80: Key not found
			Value for key 105: Key not found
			Value for key 51: Key not found
			Value for key 889: Key not found
			Value for key 26: 79
			Value for key 123: Key not found
			Value for key 59: 60
			Value for key 0: Key not found
			Value for key 101: Key not found
			Value for key
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	
			57: 80 Value for key 35: 99 Value for key 110: Key not found	

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi **3**

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

Implement the **remove** method in template class **XHashMap** representing the **Hash Table.** The Hash Table is implemented with **Open Hashing** for handling collision, using a Singly linked list to store keys with the same index. The description of the method is given in the code.

```
int hashFunction(int key, int capacity) {
   return key % capacity;
}

template<class K, class V>
class XHashMap {
public:
   class Entry {
   public:
      K key;
      V value;
      Entry* next;

      Entry(K key, V value, Entry* next = 0) {
         this->key = key;
         this->value = value;
         this->next = next;
      }
   };

private:
   Entry** table; // hash table
   int capacity; // size for the hash table
   int count;

public:
   // Constructor
   XHashMap() {
      this->capacity = 10;
      this->count = 0;
      table = new Entry*[capacity];
      //reset table to 0
      for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
         table[i] = 0;
      }
   }

   ~XHashMap(){ // Destructor
      //Remove all entries in the current map
      for(int idx=0; idx < this->capacity; idx++){
         Entry* entry = this->table[idx];
         while(entry != 0){
            Entry * next = entry->next;
            delete entry;
            entry = next;
         }
      }
      //Remove table
      delete []table;
   }

   // put method
   void put(int key, int value); //Already implemented

   V& get (int key); //Already implemented

   // YOUR ANSWER
};
```

For example:

Test	Result

`vector<int> keys = {68}; // Update the keys vector to hold the new key`
`for (int key : keys) {`
`  try {`
`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
`  }`
`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception`
`  cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message`
`  }`
`}`
	`Remove for key = 68, value = 57`

`vector<int> keys = {92, 51, 34}; // Include all keys in the vector`
`for (int key : keys) {`
`  try {`
`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
`  }`
`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception`
`  cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message`
`  }`
`}`
	`Remove for key = 92, value = 32`
	`Remove for key = 51, value = Key not found`
	`Remove for key = 34, value = 86`

`vector<int> keys = {83, 4, 77, 28, 56}; // Update the keys vector with the new keys`
`for (int key : keys) {`
`  try {`
`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
`  }`
`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception`
`  cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message`
`  }`
`}`
	`Remove for key = 83, value = 87`
	`Remove for key = 4, value = 74`
	`Remove for key = 77, value = Key not found`
	`Remove for key = 28, value = Key not found`
	`Remove for key = 56, value = 29`

Answer: (penalty regime: 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 100 %)

Reset answer

```
V remove(K key) {
    // Calculate the index using the hash function
    int index = hashFunction(key, capacity);

    // Start at the head of the linked list for this index
    Entry* current = table[index];
    Entry* prev = nullptr;

    // Traverse the linked list to find the key
    while (current != nullptr) {
        // If key is found
        if (current->key == key) {
            // Store the value to return
            V value = current->value;

            // If this is the first node in the list
            if (prev == nullptr) {
                // Update the head of the list
                table[index] = current->next;
            }
            else {
                // Link previous node to the next node
                prev->next = current->next;
            }

            // Decrement the count
            count--;

            // Delete the entry and return its value
            delete current;
            return value;
        }

        // Move to next node
```

```
        prev = current;
        current = current->next;
    }

    // If key is not found, throw an out_of_range exception
    throw std::out_of_range("Key not found");
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {68};  // Update the keys vector to hold the new key`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 68, value = 57	Remove for key = 68, value = 57	✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {92, 51, 34};  // Include all keys in the vector`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 92, value = 32
		Remove for key = 51, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 34, value = 86
			Remove for key = 92, value = 32
			Remove for key = 51, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 34, value = 86
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {83, 4, 77, 28, 56};  // Update the keys vector with the new keys`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 83, value = 87
		Remove for key = 4, value = 74
		Remove for key = 77, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 28, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 56, value = 29
			Remove for key = 83, value = 87
			Remove for key = 4, value = 74
			Remove for key = 77, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 28, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 56, value = 29
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {65, 21, 100, 47, 59, 14, 99, 76, 22, 70};  // Updated keys vector`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 65, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 21, value = 94
		Remove for key = 100, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 47, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 59, value = 60
		Remove for key = 14, value = 23
		Remove for key = 99, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 76, value = 43
		Remove for key = 22, value = 89
		Remove for key = 70, value = 43
			Remove for key = 65, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 21, value = 94
			Remove for key = 100, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 47, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 59, value = 60
			Remove for key = 14, value = 23
			Remove for key = 99, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 76, value = 43
			Remove for key = 22, value = 89
			Remove for key = 70, value = 43
				✓

✓	`vector<int> keys = {11, 41, 87, 9, 39, 7, 25, 46, 40, 16};`
	`// Updated keys vector`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 11, value = 72
		Remove for key = 41, value = 62
		Remove for key = 87, value = 77
		Remove for key = 9, value = 81
		Remove for key = 39, value = 91
		Remove for key = 7, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 25, value = 11
		Remove for key = 46, value = 73
		Remove for key = 40, value = 28
		Remove for key = 16, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 11, value = 72
			Remove for key = 41, value = 62
			Remove for key = 87, value = 77
			Remove for key = 9, value = 81
			Remove for key = 39, value = 91
			Remove for key = 7, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 25, value = 11
			Remove for key = 46, value = 73
			Remove for key = 40, value = 28
			Remove for key = 16, value = Key not found
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	vector<int> keys = {85, 73, 80, 15, 66, 88, 60, 53, 90, 57};
	// Updated keys vector
	for (int key : keys) {
	try {
	cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;
	}
	catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception
	cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message
	}
	}
		Remove for key = 85, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 73, value = 30
		Remove for key = 80, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 15, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 66, value = 85
		Remove for key = 88, value = 68
		Remove for key = 60, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 53, value = 26
		Remove for key = 90, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 57, value = 80
			Remove for key = 85, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 73, value = 30
			Remove for key = 80, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 15, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 66, value = 85
			Remove for key = 88, value = 68
			Remove for key = 60, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 53, value = 26
			Remove for key = 90, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 57, value = 80
				✓

✓	vector<int> keys = {26, 1, 5, 94, 42, 43, 97, 20, 64, 54};
	// Updated keys vector
	for (int key : keys) {
	try {
	cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;
	}
	catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception
	cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message
	}
	}
		Remove for key = 26, value = 79
		Remove for key = 1, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 5, value = 37
		Remove for key = 94, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 42, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 43, value = 15
		Remove for key = 97, value = 88
		Remove for key = 20, value = 95
		Remove for key = 64, value = 49
		Remove for key = 54, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 26, value = 79
			Remove for key = 1, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 5, value = 37
			Remove for key = 94, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 42, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 43, value = 15
			Remove for key = 97, value = 88
			Remove for key = 20, value = 95
			Remove for key = 64, value = 49
			Remove for key = 54, value = Key not found
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {37, 93, 18, 62, 86, 46, 30, 35, 8, 69, 96, 24, 81, 13, 52, 84, 45, 23, 2, 31};  // Updated keys vector`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 37, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 93, value = 53
		Remove for key = 18, value = 54
		Remove for key = 62, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 86, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 46, value = 73
		Remove for key = 30, value = 52
		Remove for key = 35, value = 99
		Remove for key = 8, value = 66
		Remove for key = 69, value = 55
		Remove for key = 96, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 24, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 81, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 13, value = 84
		Remove for key = 52, value = 70
		Remove for key = 84, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 45, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 23, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 2, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 31, value = 45
			Remove for key = 37, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 93, value = 53
			Remove for key = 18, value = 54
			Remove for key = 62, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 86, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 46, value = 73
			Remove for key = 30, value = 52
			Remove for key = 35, value = 99
			Remove for key = 8, value = 66
			Remove for key = 69, value = 55
			Remove for key = 96, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 24, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 81, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 13, value = 84
			Remove for key = 52, value = 70
			Remove for key = 84, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 45, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 23, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 2, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 31, value = 45
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int> keys = {12, 61, 82, 10, 17, 49, 33, 74, 75, 86, 57, 78, 19, 50, 27, 67, 38, 100, 15, 45};  // Updated keys vector`
	`for (int key : keys) {`
	`  try {`
	`  cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;`
	`  }`
	`  catch (std::out_of_range& e) {  // Catch the out_of_range exception`
	`  cout << e.what() << endl;  // Print the exception message`
	`  }`
	`}`
		Remove for key = 12, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 61, value = 58
		Remove for key = 82, value = 65
		Remove for key = 10, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 17, value = 23
		Remove for key = 49, value = 93
		Remove for key = 33, value = 96
		Remove for key = 74, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 75, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 86, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 57, value = 80
		Remove for key = 78, value = 19
		Remove for key = 19, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 50, value = 21
		Remove for key = 27, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 67, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 38, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 100, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 15, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 45, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 12, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 61, value = 58
			Remove for key = 82, value = 65
			Remove for key = 10, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 17, value = 23
			Remove for key = 49, value = 93
			Remove for key = 33, value = 96
			Remove for key = 74, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 75, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 86, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 57, value = 80
			Remove for key = 78, value = 19
			Remove for key = 19, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 50, value = 21
			Remove for key = 27, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 67, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 38, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 100, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 15, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 45, value = Key not found
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	vector<int> keys = {540, 89, 200, 99, 111, 73, 120, 23, 62, 101,
	92, 133, 57, 999, 80, 109, 66, 124, 66, 137,
	321, 106, 95, 128, 63, 118, 102, 55, 87, 1}; // Updated keys vector
	for (int key : keys) {
	try {
	cout << "Remove for key = " << key << ", value = " << map.remove(key) << endl;
	}
	catch (std::out_of_range& e) { // Catch the out_of_range exception
	cout << e.what() << endl; // Print the exception message
	}
	}
		Remove for key = 540, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 89, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 200, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 99, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 111, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 73, value = 30
		Remove for key = 120, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 23, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 62, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 101, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 92, value = 32
		Remove for key = 133, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 57, value = 80
		Remove for key = 999, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 80, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 109, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 66, value = 85
		Remove for key = 124, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 66, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 137, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 321, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 106, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 95, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 128, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 63, value = 14
		Remove for key = 118, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 102, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 55, value = Key not found
		Remove for key = 87, value = 77
		Remove for key = 1, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 540, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 89, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 200, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 99, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 111, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 73, value = 30
			Remove for key = 120, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 23, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 62, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 101, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 92, value = 32
			Remove for key = 133, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 57, value = 80
			Remove for key = 999, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 80, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 109, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 66, value = 85
			Remove for key = 124, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 66, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 137, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 321, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 106, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 95, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 128, value = Key not found
			Remove for key = 63, value = 14
			Remove for key =
				✓

	Test	Expected	Got	
			118, value = Key not found Remove for key = 102, value = Key not found Remove for key = 55, value = Key not found Remove for key = 87, value = 77 Remove for key = 1, value = Key not found	

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi **4**

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

Implement three following hashing function:

```
long int midSquare(long int seed);
long int moduloDivision(long int seed, long int mod);
long int digitExtraction(long int seed, int* extractDigits, int size);
```

Note that:

In midSquare function: we eliminate 2 last digits and get the 4 next digits.

In digitExtraction: extractDigits is a sorted array from smallest to largest index of digit in seed (index starts from 0). The array has size **size.**

For example:

Test	Result
int a[]={1,2,5}; cout << digitExtraction(122443,a,3);	223
cout <<midSquare(9452);	3403

Answer: (penalty regime: 0, 0, 0 %)

Reset answer

```
long int midSquare(long int seed)
{
    seed = seed * seed;
    seed /= 100;
    return seed % 10000;
}
long int moduloDivision(long int seed, long int mod)
{
    return seed % mod;
}
long int digitExtraction(long int seed,int* extractDigits,int size)
{
   int tmp[1000];
    for(int i = 0;i < 1000; i++) tmp[i] = -1;
    int i = 0;
    while(seed > 0){
        tmp[i] = seed % 10;
        seed /= 10;
        i++;
    }
    long int result = 0;
    long int n = 1;
    int j = 0;
    while(size){
        result = result * 10 + tmp[i - extractDigits[j] - 1];
        j += 1;
        n *= 10;
        size --;

    }
    return result;
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	int a[]={1,2,5}; cout << digitExtraction(122443,a,3);	223	223	✓
✓	cout <<midSquare(9452);	3403	3403	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi **5**

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

Implement function

```
int foldShift(long long key, int addressSize);
int rotation(long long key, int addressSize);
```

to hashing key using Fold shift or Rotation algorithm.

Review:

The **folding method** for constructing hash functions begins by dividing the item into equal-size pieces (the last piece may not be of equal size). These pieces are then added together to give the resulting hash value.

The **rotation** method rotates the last digit to the front, and apply foldShift.

For example:

Test	Result
cout << rotation(600101, 2);	26

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
#include<math.h>
#include<string.h>
long int to_int(string s) {
    long int base=1;
    long int res=0;
    for (int i=s.size()-1; i>=0; i--) {
        res += (s[i]-48)*base;
        base*=10;
    }
    return res;
}
int foldShift(long long key, int addressSize)
{
    string s="";
    string num=to_string(key);
    long int sum=0;
    for (int i=0; i<int(num.size()); ) {
        s="";
        for (int j=0; j<addressSize&&i+j<int(num.size()); j++) {
            s+= num[i+j];
        }
        i=i+addressSize;
        sum+=to_int(s);
    }
     long int mod = pow(10, addressSize);
    return sum % mod;
}

int rotation(long long key, int addressSize)
{
    string num=to_string(key);
    string s1 = num.substr(0, num.size()-1);
    num=num[num.size()-1]+s1;
    long int n = to_int(num);
    return foldShift(n, addressSize);
    return 0;
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	`cout << rotation(600101, 2);`	26	26	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.

Câu hỏi **6**

Đúng

Đạt điểm 1,00 trên 1,00

There are `n` people, each person has a number between `1` and `100000` (`1 ≤ n ≤ 100000`). Given a number `target`. Two people can be matched as a **perfect pair** if the sum of numbers they have is equal to `target`. A person can be matched no more than 1 time.

Request: Implement function:

```
int pairMatching(vector<int>& nums, int target);
```

Where `nums` is the list of numbers of `n` people, `target` is the given number. This function returns the number of **perfect pairs** can be found from the list.

Example:

The list of numbers is `{1, 3, 5, 3, 7}` and `target = 6`. Therefore, the number of **perfect pairs** can be found from the list is `2` (pair `(1, 5)` and pair `(3, 3)`).

Note:

In this exercise, the libraries `iostream, string, cstring, climits, utility, vector, list, stack, queue, map, unordered_map, set, unordered_set, functional, algorithm` has been included and `namespace std` are used. You can write helper functions and classes. Importing other libraries is allowed, but not encouraged, and may result in unexpected errors.

For example:

Test	Result

`vector<int>items{1, 3, 5, 3, 7};`
`int target = 6;`
`cout << pairMatching(items, target);`
	2

`int target = 6;`
`vector<int>items{4,4,2,1,2};`
`cout << pairMatching(items, target);`
	2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0, 0, 0, 5, 10, ... %)

Reset answer

```
int pairMatching(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
    map<int, int> m;

    // Đếm số lần xuất hiện của từng số
    for(int i : nums)
        m[i]++;

    int count = 0;

    for(auto it = m.begin(); it != m.end(); ++it) {
        int num = it->first;
        int freq = it->second;

        // Trường hợp num + num == target
        if (num * 2 == target) {
            count += freq / 2;
            m[num] = 0; // Đánh dấu là đã sử dụng hết số này
        }
        // Trường hợp tìm thấy cặp (num, target - num)
        else if (m.find(target - num) != m.end() && m[target - num] > 0) {
            int pair_count = min(freq, m[target - num]);
            count += pair_count;
            m[num] = 0;
            m[target - num] = 0; // Đánh dấu cả hai số là đã sử dụng
        }
    }
    return count;
}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	

✓	`vector<int>items{1, 3, 5, 3, 7};`
	`int target = 6;`
	`cout << pairMatching(items, target);`
		2	2	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Đúng

Marks for this submission: 1,00/1,00.