

Concepts and Models of Parallel and Data-centric Programming

Apache Spark – Introduction

Lecture, Summer 2020

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Outline

- O. Organization
- Foundations
- 2. Shared Memory
- 3. GPU Programming
- 4. Bulk-Synchronous Parallelism
- Message Passing
- Distributed Shared Memory
- 7. Parallel Algorithms
- 8. Parallel I/O
- MapReduce
- 10. Apache Spark

- a. Spark Programming Model
- b. Resilient Distributed Datasets (RDDs)
- c. Job Scheduling and Fault Tolerance
- d. Streaming and Applications
- e. Concluding Remarks





Motivation

- MapReduce: Abstractions for large-scale data processing
 - Load balancing, fault tolerance etc. handled by framework
- Problem: MapReduce jobs only disk-based
 - Inefficient when reusing intermediate results, especially for iterative algorithms
 - Interactive querying of data slow
- Result: Iterative jobs and interactive analyses lead to enormous disk I/O
- Solution: Implement systems caching data in memory for reuse
 - Specialized frameworks: Pregel, HaLoop, Apache Storm, ...
 - More general framework: Apache Spark





Brief History

- 2010: Spark source published by Matei Zharia at UC Berkeley's AMPLab
- 2010: Paper introducing Spark by Matei Zharia (UC Berkeley)
- 2012: Paper describing Resilient Distributed Datasets (RDDs)
- 2014: Spark gets top-level Apache project
- 2016: More than 1000 organizations using Spark in production [1]



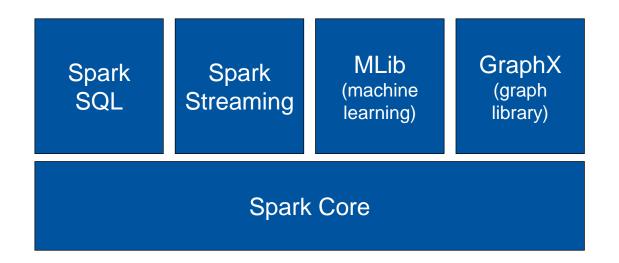
[1] https://spark.apache.org/faq.html





Framework Overview

- Spark Core provides fundamental functionalities (RDDs, transformations, ...)
- Spark Core written in Scala (~ 14.000 LOC)
- Several abstractions build upon the core functionalities
- Spark Core and abstractions form the Apache Spark project







Goals

- Speed: Programs up to 100 times faster than Hadoop MapReduce (inmemory computing)
- Ease of Use: Java, Scala, Python and R bindings
- Generality: Integrating a stack of different libraries (SQL, Streaming, Machine Learning, ...)
- Runs Everywhere
 - Supports YARN and other cluster frameworks as well as a standalone mode
 - Supports various data sources like HDFS, Cassandra, HBase and S3



