Jwebap User Guide

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1 Introduction

Jwebap is an open-source profiler tool for j2ee application. It is pure java-based and working on any computer with jdk 1.4 and up. It is also very easy to use because it only launches two files. Following are some of its features:

High Performance: Jwebap uses ASM (A Java bytecode engineering library) to inject class to achieve runtime information. The function is very low-overhead. And now it is deployed in some China Telecom product systems with ten Millions users.

Pure Java: Most profilers use the JVMPI (Java Virtual Machine Profiling Interface) and some localized interface to monitor runtime details inside JVM. However, Jwebap is written entirely in java. It has no dependency on JVM or OS. So you can easily deploy it in any platform with very low-overhead.

Plugin Architecture: Jwebap is based on a plug-in architecture. Every trace analysis tool is deployed in jwebap as a plugin. You can configure what plugin you need use. You can do timing filter on method execution, database statement, http request, etc. You can also view the leak connections, view the heap stack in execution, and count average execution time, over-time rate, etc. A plugin can

be extended easily under the plug-in architecture, so Jwebap can implement more analysis components and reports in the future.

Easy To Use: When you use Jwebap, you will find it is easy to use. It has simple configure file, web console, and helpful analysis report.

2 How to use?

2.1 Step I: deploy jarfiles

Include jwebap.jar and it's dependency libraries to your application classes path. It is generally 'WEB-INF/lib/' if your application is just a web module, or the server lib path if your application is an EJB application with EAR.

2.2 Step II: configure

And then change your web.xml:

Add context-param to locate jwebap.xml

Add Jwebap start listener at the first of all listeners

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listener-class>org.jwebap.startup.JwebapListener
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Add http filter for HttpComponent

Add Servlet for Jwebap console

2.3 Step III: lanunch jwebap!

Lanunch tracer.jar in your application classes path(the default plugin in jwebap defined in jwebap.xml plugin-ref tag)

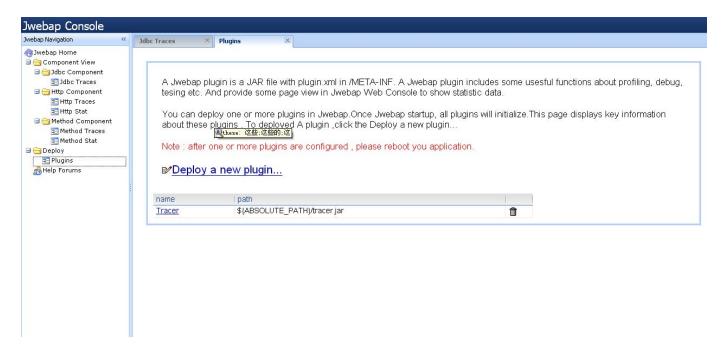
Now ,startup your application ! if you config correctly ,you can

access JwebapServlet to see the Jwebap Console.

2.4 Step IV: config tracer-plugin

When you see the jwebap console ,that's not enough. We have not any plugin in it. Next, we should deploy plugins in jwebap

console.



Jwebap implement a default plugin 'tracer'. It has been deployed default when jwebap startup. So,we can see it in jwebap console →deploy→plugins. And then ,we should modify some parameter with this plugin.

Click 'Tracer', and choice component which you will config, here has three component:

1) HttpComponent

trace-filter-active-time: (ms) timings filter's over time.

trace-max-size: max over-time trace size

2) MethodComponent

trace-filter-active-time: (ms) timings filter's over time.

trace-max-size: max over-time trace size

detect-clazzs: package name and class name that detected by

MethodComponent, like 'test.*;test.Test', divided by ';'.

3) JdbcComponent

trace-filter-active-time: (ms) timings filter's over time.

trace-max-size: max over-time trace size

connection-listener: connection listener, divided by ';'.

driver-clazzs:

Local datasource: set your <ConnectionManagerClass>,or the connection pool 's datasource. If you have more than one class ,divided by ';'.

c3p0:com.mchange.v2.c3p0.ComboPooledDataSource;

dbcp: org.apache.commons.dbcp.BasicDataSource also,other class. Jwebap will inject **driver-clazzs,**and detect any connection and datasource object it's method renturn.

Note: 'driver-clazzs =<jdbc driver>' is deprecated.

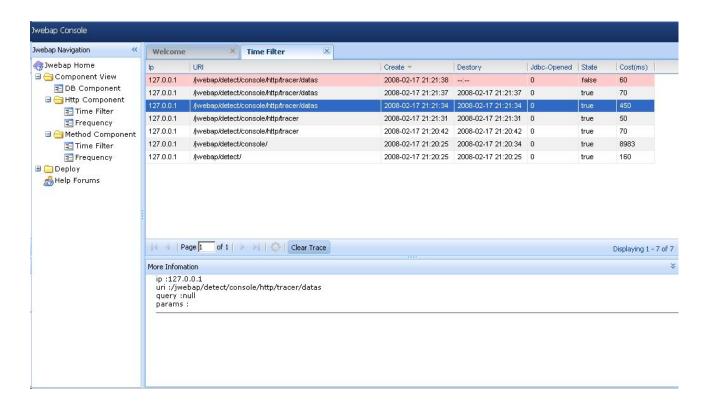
Beacause of connection pool, set 'driver-clazzs =<jdbc driver>', jwebap will find out all connection is leaked.

JNDI datasource: If your application uses jndi datasource, you can set the class which manages connections in your application as driver. e.g.: 'com.china.telecom.ConnectionManager'. Else if you use spring to get jndi datasource you, also can set driver-clazzs=org.springframework.jndi.JndiObjectFactoryBe

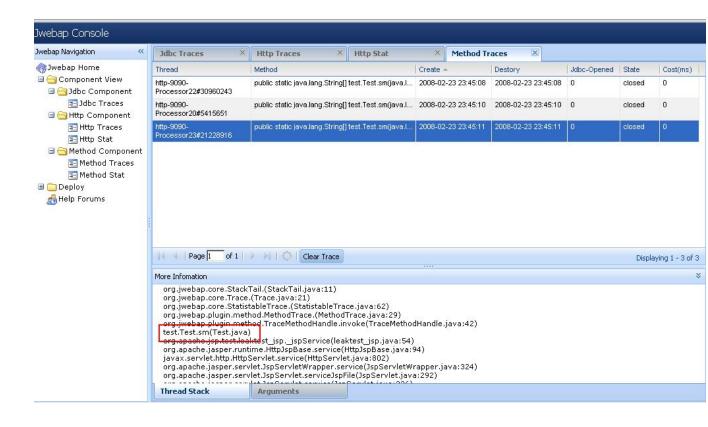
an.JdbcComponent will inject this class to proxy all connection the class's method return.

3 ScreenShot

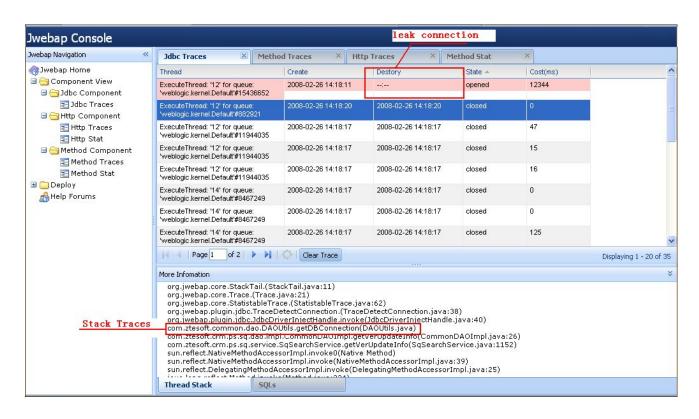
3.1 Http Traces

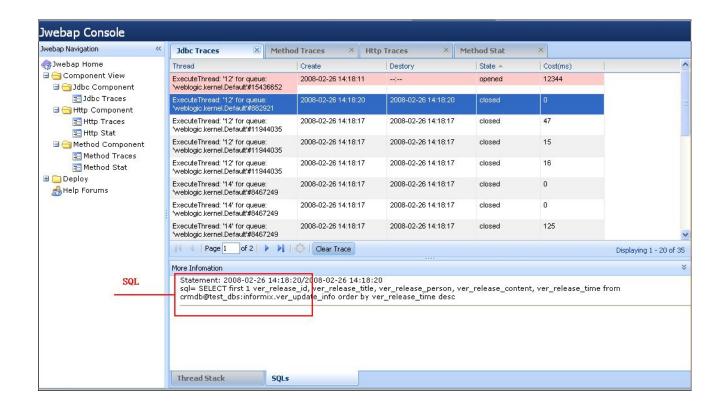


3.2 Method Traces

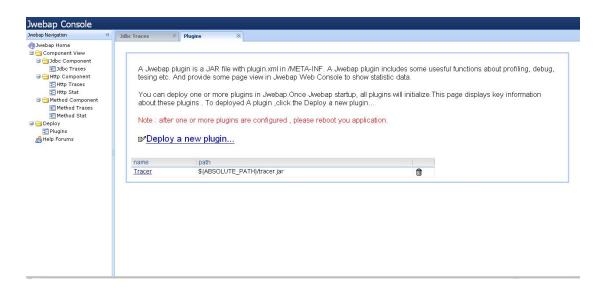


3.3 Jdbc Traces





3.4 Plugin Deploy



4 Dependency

- 1) JDK1.4 and up
- 2) commons-digester-1.7.jar

- 3) commons-betwixt-0.8.jar
- 4) commons-beanutils.jar
- 5) commontemplate-0.8.1.jar
- 6) commons-logging.jar configuration file:
- 1) jwebap.xml

Middleware Support:

Tomcat4+, WebLogic8+, WAS6+, JBoss