#### **Hint for Naming Resources**

When naming resources, use the format bi-2023hs-[RESOURCE NAME]-[SHORT NAME] where \*\*[SHORT NAME] \*\* is your account name and should be filled by you. Adjust the \*\*[RESOURCE NAME] \*\* accordingly based on the specific resource you're creating.

# **Exercise: Data Replication to Google Cloud Platform (GCP)**

In this exercise, you will replicate a PostgreSQL database to the Google Cloud Platform. You will create a project, create a storage bucket, upload a database dump to that bucket, create a Cloud SQL instance, and then import the dump into Cloud SQL.

## **Prerequisites**

• A Google Cloud Platform account.

# Step 1: Create a GCP Project

- 1. Navigate to the Google Cloud Console.
- 2. Click on the project drop-down and select New Project.
- 3. Enter a project name bi-2023hs-proj-[SHORT NAME] and select a billing account.
- 4. Click Create to create your new project.
- 5. Once the project is created, ensure you select the project from the project dropdown so you are working within the correct project.
- 6. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation.

#### **Step 2: Create a Storage Bucket**

- 1. In the Cloud Console, navigate to Storage > Browser.
- 2. Click Create Bucket.
- 3. Enter bi-2023hs-bucket-[SHORT NAME] as name for your bucket, and choose Zurich as location.
- 4. Click Create to create your new bucket.
- 5. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation on creating buckets.

# Step 3: Upload the Database Dump

- 1. Download the dump of your PostgreSQL database from Moodle.
- 2. In the Cloud Console, navigate to Cloud Storage > Buckets.
- 3. Click on the name of the bucket you created in Step 2.
- 4. Click Upload files, navigate to the location of your database dump on your machine, select the file, and click Open to upload the dump to your bucket.
- 5. Alternatively, you can use the gsutil cp command to upload the dump to your bucket:

```
gsutil cp /path/to/your/database.dump gs://your-bucket-name
```

6. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation on uploading objects.

## **Step 4: Create a Cloud SQL Instance**

- 1. In the Cloud Console, navigate to SQL > Instances.
- 2. Click Create instance.
- 3. Select the PostgreSQL option and click Next.
- 4. In the "Instance ID" field, enter postgres.
- 5. In the "Password" field, enter a password for the postgres user.
- 6. Select PostgreSQL 15 as database version.
- 7. Select Enterprise as Cloud SQL Edition.
- 8. Select Sandbox as preset for the edition.
- 9. Select Single Zone and Zurich (europe-west6) as region and zone.
- 10. Click Create to create the instance. This may take 5 to 10 minutes.
- 11. Once the instance is created, you will be redirected to the "Instance details" page.
- 12. In the Cloud Console, navigate to SQL > Databases.
- 13. Click on the name of your SQL instance.
- 14. In the Databases tab, click Create Database.
- 15. Enter adventureworks as the database name.
- 16. Click Create.
- 17. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation on creating a Cloud SQL instance.

# **Step 5: Import the Database Dump**

1. In the "Instance details" page, click on the Import button in the button bar at the top.

- 2. In the "Import database" dialog that appears, click on the Browse button.
- 3. Select the Cloud Storage option, and then navigate to the bucket and the database dump file you uploaded earlier.
- 4. Select the file and click Select.
- 5. Select adventureworks as the database name.
- 6. Click Import to start the import process. This may take some time depending on the size of the database dump.
- 7. Once the import is completed, you will see a notification in the Cloud Console.
- 8. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation on importing and exporting SQL data.

# **Step 6: Connect to the Cloud SQL Instance**

- 1. Make sure your Cloud SQL instance has a public IP address as Cloud Shell doesn't work with a private IP address.
- 2. In the Google Cloud console, click the Cloud Shell icon in the upper right corner.
- 3. When Cloud Shell finishes initializing, a message will appear with a prompt similar to username@sample-project:~ (sample-project)\$.
- 4. If your Cloud Shell session is set to a different project, change it to the project where your Cloud SQL instance is located using the following command:

```
gcloud config set project [PROJECT_ID]

Replace [PROJECT_ID] with your project ID.
```

5. At the Cloud Shell prompt, connect to your Cloud SQL instance using the following command:

```
gcloud sql connect postgres --user=postgres
```

Replace your-instance-id with the Instance ID you set earlier.

- 6. Click Authorize in the message box that appears to authorize Cloud Shell to make API calls.
- 7. A message will indicate that your IP is being allowlisted for incoming connections, after which you will be prompted to enter your password.
- 8. Enter the password you set for the postgres user during the instance creation process.
- 9. Once connected, switch to the adventureworks database by executing the following command:

\c adventureworks

- 10. You are now connected to the adventureworks database in your Cloud SQL instance.
- 11. For more detailed instructions, refer to the official documentation on connecting to a Cloud SQL instance using Cloud Shell.