

### Partial Differential Equations 2024 - Assignment and Seminar Exam(Combined)

Each question carries 6 marks.

1. Estimate: For the fundamental solution  $\Phi$  of the Laplacian and  $n \geq 2$

$$\int_{\partial B(0,\epsilon)} |\Phi(y)| dy \leq C(\epsilon).$$

2. If  $g \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R})$  and  $f$  is locally integrable, then  $f * g$  exists and is infinitely differentiable on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
3. State Gauss-Green theorem. Let  $U$  be an open bounded subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Suppose that  $u \in C^1(\bar{U})$ , then

$$\int_U u \Delta v - v \Delta u dx = \int_{\partial U} u \frac{\partial v}{\partial \nu} - v \frac{\partial u}{\partial \nu} dS$$

4. Define standard mollifier. Let  $U$  be an open subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  and  $f : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is locally integrable, define its mollification  $f^\epsilon$  and prove that  $f^\epsilon \rightarrow f$  a.e. as  $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$ .

### Partial Differential Equations 2024 - Minor 2

Each question carries 4 marks.

1. Evaluate: For  $x = (2, 0) \in \mathbb{R}^2$

$$\int_{B(x, \sqrt{2})} \ln(x^2 + y^2) dx dy.$$

2. State true or false with justification: Let  $u : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous bounded function which satisfies mean value property, then  $u$  is a constant.
3. For the case  $n = 2$ , write the Laplace operator  $\Delta$  in polar coordinates.
4. Let  $\Omega$  be a open bounded subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $u : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a harmonic function,  $A = \{x \in \Omega : u(x) = M\}$  where  $M = \sup_{x \in \Omega} u(x)$ . Then which of the following is/are correct:
  - a.  $A$  is open in  $\Omega$ .
  - b.  $A$  is closed in  $\Omega$ .
  - c.  $A$  is empty.
  - d.  $A$  is empty only if  $u$  is non-constant.