Practice quiz on the Cartesian Plane

TOTAL POINTS 5

1. Which of the following points in the Cartesian Plane is on the y-axis?

1 / 1 point

- \bigcirc (5,0)
- \bigcirc (1,1)
- $\bigcirc (-5,0)$
- (0,-5)



The y-axis is defined to be all points in the Cartesian plane with zero as x-coordinate. The point (0,-5) meets that requirement.

2. Find the distance between the points A=(2,2) and C=(3,3):

1 / 1 point

- \bigcirc 0
- O 1
- O 2
- \bigcirc $\sqrt{2}$

✓ Correct

Recall that the distance between points (a,b) and (c,d) is $\sqrt{(c-a)^2+(d-b)^2}$.

In this case (a,b)=(2,2) and (c,d)=(3,3), so the distance is $\sqrt{(3-2)^2+(3-2)^2}=\sqrt{2}.$

3. Find the point-slope form of the equation of the line that goes between A=(1,1) and B=(5,3):

1 / 1 point

$$y-3=\frac{1}{2}(x-1)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$Oy - 1 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 5)$$

In this case, the slope
$$m=\frac{3-1}{5-1}=\frac{1}{2}$$

We can choose either ${\cal A}$ or ${\cal B}$ for the point on the line, but in neither case do we get this chosen answer.

4. Which of the following points is on the line with equation:

1 / 1 point

- y-1=2(x-2)?
- \bigcirc (2,3)
- \bigcirc (0,0)
- \bigcirc (3,2)
- \bigcirc (2,1)



If we plug in 1 for y and 2 for x in the equation of the line, we make a true statement, 0 = 0, so this point lies on the line.

5. Suppose that a line ℓ has slope 2 and goes through the point (-1,0). What is the y-intercept of ℓ ?

1 / 1 point

- \bigcirc 0
- \bigcirc -1
- O 1
- 2

. / Correct

Recall that the y-intercept of ℓ is the y-coordinate of where ℓ hits the y-axis.

Since $(-1,0)\in \mathcal{\ell}$, the point on ℓ with x=0 is obtained by running one unit from (-1,0) while rising two units.

This gives y=2 as the y-intercept.