

Problem Set 2

Physics 266 Second Semester, AY 2024-2025

10 points per number

Due: 30 May 2025 (Friday)

1. **Fraunhofer diffraction pattern by a circular aperture** (Section 8.5.1, Born & Wolf).

Generate the normalized ($I_0 = 1$) intensity contour plot $I(x, y)$ that is produced by a point light source (located at infinity, $\lambda = 0.550$ micron) via a uniformly-illuminated lens of radius $r = 1$ cm, focal length $f = 3$ cm and refractive index $n = 1.53$.

The origin of the x - y plane coincides with the lens focus. Intensity resolution of contour plot: 0.05

2. For $f = 3$ cm and $n = 1.153$, plot the fullwidth at half maximum (FWHM) value of the normalized central spot as a function of circular aperture radius r where: $0.1 \leq r$ (cm) ≤ 10 (512 data points) and $\lambda = 0.550$ micron.

Discuss briefly the salient features and implications of your results.

3. **Fraunhofer diffraction pattern by a rectangular aperture** (Section 8.5.1, Born & Wolf).

Generate the normalized ($I_0 = 1$) intensity contour plot $I(x, y)$ that is produced by a point light source (located at infinity, $\lambda = 0.550$ micron) via a uniformly-illuminated cylindrical lens of dimensions: $a = 2b = 2$ cm, $f = 3$ cm, $n = 1.53$.

The origin of the x - y plane coincides with the lens focus. The longer side of the lens is parallel with the y -axis. Intensity resolution of contour plot: 0.05

4. **Fraunhofer diffraction pattern by a square aperture** (Section 8.5.1, Born & Wolf).

Generate the normalized ($I_0 = 1$) intensity contour plot $I(x, y)$ that is produced by a point light source (located at infinity, $\lambda = 0.550$ micron) via a uniformly-illuminated cylindrical lens of dimensions: $a = b = 2$ cm, and $f = 3$ cm.

The origin of the x - y plane coincides with the lens focus. The longer side of the aperture is parallel with the y -axis. Intensity resolution of contour plot: 0.05.

5. For the same aperture size, plot the diagonal FWHM of the central spot as a function of the ratio a/b where: $0.1 \leq a/b \leq 10$ (512 data points) and $\lambda = 0.550$ micron.

Discuss briefly the salient features and implications of your results.

END