

Extracting data from the sales raw date and concatenating them into one csv file

```
#Importing all the required libraries
import pandas as pd
import os
import glob

# Reading the monthly csv files from the folder

files = os.path.join("D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data" ,
"*csv")
list_of_files = glob.glob(files)
print(list_of_files)

['D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_April_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_August_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_December_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_February_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_January_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_July_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_June_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_March_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_May_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_November_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_October_2022.csv',
'D:/jspm/SIP project/amazon sales raw data\\Sales_September_2022.csv']

#concatenating the data
concatenated_data= pd.concat(map(pd.read_csv,list_of_files) ,
ignore_index=True)

# Writing the concatenating data to a new csv file
Output_file= "D:/jspm/SIP project/Yearly_sales/YEARLY_SALES.csv"

concatenated_data.to_csv(Output_file,index= False)
print("Files concatenated and saved to:",Output_file)

Files concatenated and saved to: D:/jspm/SIP
project/Yearly_sales/YEARLY_SALES.csv

df = pd.read_csv("D:/jspm/SIP project/Yearly_sales/YEARLY_SALES.csv")
df.head()
print(df.shape)

(186850, 6)
```

df

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price
Each \				
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99
...
.				
186845	259353	AAA Batteries (4-pack)	3	2.99
186846	259354	iPhone	1	700
186847	259355	iPhone	1	700
186848	259356	34in Ultrawide Monitor	1	379.99
186849	259357	USB-C Charging Cable	1	11.95

	Order Date	Purchase Address
0	2022-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
1	NaN	NaN
2	2022-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
3	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
4	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
...
186845	2022-09-17 20:56:00	840 Highland St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
186846	2022-09-01 16:00:00	216 Dogwood St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186847	2022-09-23 07:39:00	220 12th St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186848	2022-09-19 17:30:00	511 Forest St, San Francisco, CA 94016
186849	2022-09-30 00:18:00	250 Meadow St, San Francisco, CA 94016

[186850 rows x 6 columns]

```
def DESC(dataframe):  
    print(f"Shape of data : {dataframe.shape}\n{'-'*50}")  
    print(f"{dataframe.info()}\n{'-'*50}")  
    print(f"Count of null values in columns :\  
n{dataframe.isna().sum()}\n{'-'*50}")
```

DESC(df)

Shape of data : (186850, 6)

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 186850 entries, 0 to 186849
Data columns (total 6 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Order ID	186305 non-null	object
1	Product	186305 non-null	object
2	Quantity Ordered	186305 non-null	object
3	Price Each	186305 non-null	object
4	Order Date	185950 non-null	object
5	Purchase Address	186305 non-null	object

dtypes: object(6)
memory usage: 8.6+ MB
None

Count of null values in columns :

Order ID	545
Product	545
Quantity Ordered	545
Price Each	545
Order Date	900
Purchase Address	545

dtype: int64

In the dataframe there are some rows which are completely null so dropping them

Final_data = df.dropna()

DESC(Final_data)

Shape of data : (185950, 6)

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 185950 entries, 0 to 186849
Data columns (total 6 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Order ID	185950 non-null	object
1	Product	185950 non-null	object
2	Quantity Ordered	185950 non-null	object
3	Price Each	185950 non-null	object
4	Order Date	185950 non-null	object
5	Purchase Address	185950 non-null	object

dtypes: object(6)
memory usage: 9.9+ MB
None

Count of null values in columns :

```
Order ID      0
Product       0
Quantity Ordered  0
Price Each    0
Order Date    0
Purchase Address  0
dtype: int64
```

```
-----
# For Analysis we need City and State columns
Final_data[['City', 'State']] = Final_data['Purchase
Address'].str.split(',', expand=True).loc[:,1:]
```

```
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\3596567923.py:2:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
Final_data[['City', 'State']] = Final_data['Purchase
Address'].str.split(',', expand=True).loc[:,1:]
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\3596567923.py:2:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
Final_data[['City', 'State']] = Final_data['Purchase
Address'].str.split(',', expand=True).loc[:,1:]
```

```
Final_data.head()
```

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	\
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600	
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	

	Order Date	Purchase Address
City \		
0	2022-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
Dallas		
2	2022-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
Boston		

```

3 2022-04-12 14:38:00 669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001 Los Angeles
4 2022-04-12 14:38:00 669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001 Los Angeles
5 2022-04-30 09:27:00 333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001 Los Angeles

```

```

State
0 TX 75001
2 MA 02215
3 CA 90001
4 CA 90001
5 CA 90001

```

As we can see State Column contains Postal Code which is not needed for Analysis so Extracting only State name

```

Final_data['State'] = Final_data['State'].str.split("
",expand=True).loc[:,1]

```

```

Final_data.head()

```

C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\1391076204.py:2:

SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```

Final_data['State'] = Final_data['State'].str.split("
",expand=True).loc[:,1]

```

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	\
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600	
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	

	Order Date	Purchase Address	
City \			
0	2022-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001	
		Dallas	
2	2022-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215	
		Boston	
3	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	Los Angeles
4	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	Los Angeles
5	2022-04-30 09:27:00	333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001	Los Angeles

Angeles

```
State
0    TX
2    MA
3    CA
4    CA
5    CA
```

```
Final_data["State"].unique()
```

```
array(['TX', 'MA', 'CA', 'WA', 'GA', 'NY', 'OR', 'ME'], dtype=object)
```

Matching names with their Abbreviation and replacing Abbreviation in State Column with full name of state

```
state_name =
{"TX": "Texas", "MA": "Massachusetts", "CA": "California", "WA": "Washington",
 "GA": "Georgia", "NY": "New York", "OR": "Oregon", "ME": "Maine"}
```

```
Final_data["State"] = Final_data["State"].map(state_name)
```

```
Final_data.head()
```

C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\1283795104.py:5:

SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
Final_data["State"] = Final_data["State"].map(state_name)
```

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price Each	\
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95	
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99	
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600	
4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99	

	Order Date	Purchase Address
City \		
0	2022-04-19 08:46:00	917 1st St, Dallas, TX 75001
Dallas		
2	2022-04-07 22:30:00	682 Chestnut St, Boston, MA 02215
Boston		
3	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
Los Angeles		
4	2022-04-12 14:38:00	669 Spruce St, Los Angeles, CA 90001
Los Angeles		

```
5 2022-04-30 09:27:00      333 8th St, Los Angeles, CA 90001  Los Angeles
```

```
      State
0      Texas
2  Massachusetts
3      California
4      California
5      California
```

```
DESC(Final_data)
```

```
Shape of data : (185950, 8)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 185950 entries, 0 to 186849
Data columns (total 8 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Order ID	185950 non-null	object
1	Product	185950 non-null	object
2	Quantity Ordered	185950 non-null	object
3	Price Each	185950 non-null	object
4	Order Date	185950 non-null	object
5	Purchase Address	185950 non-null	object
6	City	185950 non-null	object
7	State	185950 non-null	object

```
dtypes: object(8)
```

```
memory usage: 12.8+ MB
```

```
None
```

```
Count of null values in columns :
```

Order ID	0
Product	0
Quantity Ordered	0
Price Each	0
Order Date	0
Purchase Address	0
City	0
State	0

```
dtype: int64
```

```
# Datatype of OrderID ,Quantity Ordered and Price Each Column is Object which is wrong so changing it to correct dtype
```

```
Final_data["Order ID"]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Order ID"])
Final_data["Quantity Ordered"]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Quantity Ordered"])
Final_data["Price Each"]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Price Each"])
```

```

Final_data["Order Date"]=pd.to_datetime(Final_data["Order
Date"],infer_datetime_format=True)

C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\2523658474.py:3:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    Final_data["Order ID"]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Order ID"])
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\2523658474.py:4:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    Final_data["Quantity Ordered "]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Quantity
Ordered"])
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\2523658474.py:5:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    Final_data["Price Each"]=pd.to_numeric(Final_data["Price Each"])
C:\Users\admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_6072\2523658474.py:6:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#
returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
    Final_data["Order Date"]=pd.to_datetime(Final_data["Order
Date"],infer_datetime_format=True)

# Dropping Purchase Address from Dataframe as we have extracted City
and State Columns

Final_data= Final_data.drop("Purchase Address", axis=1)

DESC(Final_data)

Shape of data : (185950, 8)
-----

```



```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 185950 entries, 0 to 186849
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Order ID              185950 non-null  int64
1   Product               185950 non-null  object
2   Quantity Ordered      185950 non-null  object
3   Price Each            185950 non-null  float64
4   Order Date            185950 non-null  datetime64[ns]
5   City                  185950 non-null  object
6   State                 185950 non-null  object
7   Quantity Ordered      185950 non-null  int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 12.8+ MB
None
-----
Count of null values in columns :
Order ID           0
Product            0
Quantity Ordered   0
Price Each         0
Order Date         0
City               0
State              0
Quantity Ordered   0
dtype: int64
-----

```

Now we will derive Category Column from Product Column

```

Final_data["Product"].unique()

array(['USB-C Charging Cable', 'Bose SoundSport Headphones',
      'Google Phone', 'Wired Headphones', 'Macbook Pro Laptop',
      'Lightning Charging Cable', '27in 4K Gaming Monitor',
      'AA Batteries (4-pack)', 'Apple AirPods Headphones',
      'AAA Batteries (4-pack)', 'iPhone', 'Flatscreen TV',
      '27in FHD Monitor', '20in Monitor', 'LG Dryer', 'ThinkPad
      Laptop',
      'Vareebadd Phone', 'LG Washing Machine', '34in Ultrawide
      Monitor'],
      dtype=object)

def product_category(dataframe, column_name, product_name_ends_with,
category_name):

index_list=dataframe[dataframe[column_name].str.endswith(product_name_
ends_with)==True].index

```

```

        dataframe.loc[index_list,"Category"]= category_name
        print(f"'Category' column created Successfully for Category
'{category_name}'")

product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Charging Cable", "Charging
Cable")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Charging Cable'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Headphones", "Headphones")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Headphones'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Phone", "Phone")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Phone'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Laptop", "Laptop")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Laptop'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Monitor", "Monitor")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Monitor'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Batteries (4-pack)",
"Batteries")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Batteries'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "TV", "TV")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'TV'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Dryer", "Dryer")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Dryer'
product_category(Final_data, "Product", "Washing Machine", "Washing
Machine")
'Category' column created Successfully for Category 'Washing Machine'
Final_data.head()

```

	Order ID	Product	Quantity Ordered	Price
Each \				
0	176558	USB-C Charging Cable	2	11.95
2	176559	Bose SoundSport Headphones	1	99.99
3	176560	Google Phone	1	600.00

4	176560	Wired Headphones	1	11.99
5	176561	Wired Headphones	1	11.99

	Order Date	City	State	Quantity Ordered
\				
0	2022-04-19 08:46:00	Dallas	Texas	2
2	2022-04-07 22:30:00	Boston	Massachusetts	1
3	2022-04-12 14:38:00	Los Angeles	California	1
4	2022-04-12 14:38:00	Los Angeles	California	1
5	2022-04-30 09:27:00	Los Angeles	California	1

	Category
0	Charging Cable
2	Headphones
3	Phone
4	Headphones
5	Headphones

```
Final_data= Final_data.drop(df.columns[2],axis=1)
```

```
DESC(Final_data)
```

```
Shape of data : (185950, 8)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Int64Index: 185950 entries, 0 to 186849
```

```
Data columns (total 8 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Order ID	185950 non-null	int64
1	Product	185950 non-null	object
2	Price Each	185950 non-null	float64
3	Order Date	185950 non-null	datetime64[ns]
4	City	185950 non-null	object
5	State	185950 non-null	object
6	Quantity Ordered	185950 non-null	int64
7	Category	185950 non-null	object

```
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int64(2), object(4)
```

```
memory usage: 16.8+ MB
```

```
None
```

```
Count of null values in columns :
```

Order ID	0
Product	0

```
Price Each      0
Order Date      0
City            0
State           0
Quantity Ordered 0
Category        0
dtype: int64
-----
```

Now there are no null values, column datatype is correct and also derived necessary columns. So we will create a new csv file with this dataframe

```
Final_data.to_csv("SALES_2022", index= False)
Final_data.to
```