

Skype Desktop API Reference Manual

(Formerly known as Skype Public API)

Quick link to the full index of this reference.

Purpose of this guide

This document describes the Skype application programming interface (API) for Windows, the Skype APIs for Linux and Mac, and provides a reference guide for the Skype developer community.

Who reads this guide?

Skype's developer community who work with us to enrich the Skype experience and extend the reach of free telephone calls on the internet.

What is in this guide?

This document contains the following information:

- Overview of the Skype API
- Using the Skype API on Windows
- Using the Skype API on Linux
- Using the Skype API on Mac
- Skype protocol
- Skype reference
 - Terminology
 - Commands
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More information

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Tracer Skype4COM

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Text notation

This document uses monospace font to represent code, file names, commands, objects and parameters. The following text conventions apply for syntax:

- CALL uppercase text indicates a keyword, such as command, notification, and object.
- property lowercase text indicates a category of a keyword
- <username> angle brackets indicate an identifier, such as username or call id
- [<target>] square brackets identify optional items
- * asterisk indicates repetitive items
- | vertical bar means "or"
- -> command issued by client (used in examples)
- <- response or notification from Skype (used in examples)
- // comment line (used in examples)

Overview of the Skype API

The Skype API provides a mechanism for 3rd party scripts, applications and devices to control Skype UI functions and implement additional or improved features to complement the Skype.

The API has two layers:

- Communication Layer is a set of methods for external application to establish connection to Skype client and communicate with it.
- Command Protocol Layer is a text-based "language" that external applications can use to speak to the Skype client, once communication channel is established by Communication Layer.

Additionally, there are several Skype API wrapper libraries that encapsulate the functionality of Skype API. Such wrappers can act as optional third layers.

Communication Layer

Communication Layer provides a mechanism for external application to communicate with Skype. This layer is platform-dpendant – a transport mechanism to exchange data with Skype is different on Windows, Linux and Mac operating systems.

For more information on how to implement communication layers for different operating systems, see following sections of this document:

• Using the Skype API on Windows



about it and proceed with talking to Skype, using Protocol layer commands.

Protocol Layer

The Protocol Layer is a language of commands that Skype knows how to respond to. The syntax of that language is described in Skype API reference portion of this documument.

Commands sent to Skype must be in UTF-8 format.

To get a better feel how the command protocol works, you should start by downloading the Skype API Tracer program. Once you get that program running (and have authorised its connection to the API in Skype UI) you can play around with commands you can find in the Commands section.

For example, you can query various properties of a contact record (User object) like this:

```
-> get user echo123 birthday
<- USER echo123 birthDAY 0
-> get user echo123 is_video_capable
<- USER echo123 IS_VIDEO_CAPABLE FALSE
```

A test call to Skype's call testing service using API would look approximately like that:

```
-> call echo123
-- CALL 14662 STATUS UNPLACED
-- CALL 14662 STATUS UNPLACED
-- CALL 14662 STATUS ROUTING
-- USER echo123 COUNTRY United Kingdom
-- USER echo123 COUNTRY United Kingdom
-- USER echo123 COUNTRY United Kingdom
-- USER echo123 COUNTRY
-- CALL 14662 STATUS RINGING
-- USER echo123 COUNTRY United Kingdom
-- CALL 14662 VAA_INPUT_STATUS FALSE
-- CALL 14662 DURATION 1
-- CALL 14662 DURATION 2
-- CALL 14662 DURATION 3
-- CALL 14662 STATUS FINISHED
```

Wrappers

While text based command protocol is more universal, using pre-built libraries is easier to start with. We have had three API wrapper libraries: Skype4COM, Skype4Py and Skype4Java. Currently, only Skype4COM wrapper is still supported.

Skype API on Windows

When developing applications to work with Skype, follow these general guidelines:

- Give intuitive names to executable files (exe files) because this name is displayed to the user for confirmation. If the name is unclear, the user might not allow the application to access Skype.
- Sign applications with VeriSign's CodeSigning certificate.
- The application must support the NAME command and publish its name.

To initiate communication, a client application broadcasts the SkypeControlAPIDiscover message, including its window handle as a wParam parameter. Skype responds with a SkypeControlAPIAttach message to the specified window and indicates the connection status with one of the following values:

- SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_SUCCESS = 0 The client is attached and the API window handle is
 provided in wParam parameter.
- SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_PENDING_AUTHORIZATION = 1 Skype acknowledges the connection request and is waiting for user confirmation. The client is not yet attached and must wait for the SKYPECONTROLAPI ATTACH SUCCESS message.
- SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_REFUSED = 2 The user has explicitly denied access to client.
- SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_NOT_AVAILABLE = 3 The API is not available at the moment, for example because no user is currently logged in. The client must wait for a SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_API_AVAILABLE broadcast before attempting to connect again. When the API becomes available, Skype broadcasts the SKYPECONTROLAPI_ATTACH_API_AVAILABLE = 0x8001 message to all application windows in the system. The data exchange uses commands (or responses), provided as null-terminated UTF-8 strings. The terminating 0 must be transferred as well. You cannot combine several messages in one packet. There is no limit to the length of the transferred string.

Note: The result of processing the message must be different from zero (0), otherwise Skype considers that the connection broken.

If the API client spends more than 1 second processing a message, the connection is disconnected. Use the PING command to test the connection status. To ease debugging during development, in regedit enter the key APITimeoutDisabled (DWORD value, θ = timeout enabled 1 = timeout disabled) into the HKCU\Software\Skype \Phone\UI file in the registry to override the 1 second timeout.

To check if Skype is installed, in regedit check if the following key exists: HKCU\Software \Skype\Phone, SkypePath. This key points to the location of the skype.exe file. If this key does not exist, check if the HKLM\Software\Skype\Phone, SkypePath key exists. If the HKCU key does not exist but the HKLM key is present, Skype has been installed from an administrator account but not been used from the current account.

Skype API on Linux

The Skype API for Linux, version 1.4 uses the Skype protocol 7, with few limitations in comparison to protocol 7 implementation in our Windows version. The list of unavailable commands can be found at the bottom of this page.

Supported distributions

Skype for Linux runs on the following Linux distributions:

- Feisty Fawn (7.04)
- Debian Etch
- Mepis
- Xandros
- Fedora 7 / Fedora Core 6
- OpenSUSE 10+
- Mandriva
- Dynamic / Static / Static OSS

The client may also work with other distributions but has not been tested.

Transport



Note: X11 messaging is still under development. The final release of Skype for Linux API, version 1.3, will include examples of working with X11 and a description of the Skype action handler for X11.

X11 messaging

The X11 messaging framework is included in all Linux distributions.

D-BUS messaging

Download the D-BUS libraries, version 0.23

D-BUS behavior in this release is changed from earlier releases, as follows:

- D-BUS is disabled by default to avoid startup delays for developers who do not want to use it.
- To use D-BUS in a manner that is consistent with earlier versions of the Skype API for Linux, enter the following switches in the command line when you start the Skype client:
 - --enable-dbus --use-system-dbus

The second switch is necessary because Skype now uses the session-dbus by default to enable multiple clients to run on one machine simultaneously.

Important: The Skype for Linux API, version 1.3, beta uses D-BUS version .23. The next release will move to support for D-BUS version .61+.

If you use RPM Package Manager to install skype, the D-BUS files are automatically configured. If you do not use RPM for the installation, you must create a configuration file as follows:

- 1. Create a text file named skype.conf
- 2. Save this file to /etc/dbus-1/system.d/skype.conf
- 3. Add the following information to the file:

Using the Skype API for Linux

To access the Skype API from a client application:

Important: On Linux, if you use spaces in the application_name, the name is truncated to the space. For example, if the application name is Skype for Java, the message displayed is "Skype wants to talk . . .". Also, on Linux it is essential to pass the application name before exchanging protocols, otherwise the connection will not work.

• If the user selects OK, protocol messages are exchanged:

<- 0K	
-> PROTOCOL 5	
<- PROTOCOL 5	

The Skype protocol manages the subsequent session.

Note: The session is associated with the window ID of the Skype API client. If the window is closed for any reason, a new session must be established.

D-BUS usage

D-BUS uses the following:

- Service is com. Skype. API
- Communication paths:
 - The client-to-Skype path is /com/Skype.
 - The Skype-to-client path is /com/Skype/Client.
- Methods are:
 - ${\tt o}$ Use the Invoke method with one string parameter for client-to-Skype commands.
 - Use the Notify method for Skype-to-client commands and responses.
 D-BUS is disabled by default.

Protocol 7 commands currently missing from Linux version

- GET / SET AVATAR
- GET / SET PCSPEAKER
- GET / SET RINGTONE
- GET / SET UI_LANGUAGE
- GET / SET VIDEO_IN
- GET / SET WALLPAPER
- GET / SET SILENT_MODE
- GET PREDICTIVE_DIALER_COUNTRY
- GET SKYPEVERSION
- GET USER
- SET MENU_ITEM
- RINGER

Also most of the OPEN commands for various Skype UI windows have not been implemented yet.

Skype API on Mac

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as an embedded framework. To do so, copy it into the application bundle and link it to the application.

Client applications send string commands to control Skype. The format of these strings commands is described in the Skype API reference. If you are using a Cocoa or Carbon interface, Skype will send information back to your application by calling asynchronous delegate functions/methods.

Below, you'll find the instructions specific to Cocoa, Carbon, and AppleScript.

Cocoa

SkypeAPI class

Class methods

+ (BOOL)isSkypeRunning;

This method returns YES, when Skype is running and NO otherwise.

+ (void)setSkypeDelegate:(NSObject<SkypeAPIDelegate>*)aDelegate;

You must design an object to be Skype delegate (see delegate methods below). Use this method to set your object as Skype delegate.

+ (NSObject<SkypeAPIDelegate>*)skypeDelegate;

Returns the object which is currently set as Skype delegate.

+ (void)removeSkypeDelegate;

Removes current Skype delegate.

+ (void)connect;

Call this method after you have set Skype delegate. It will try to connect your application to Skype. Delegate method skypeAttachResponse will let you know, whether your application was successfully connected or not.

+ (void)disconnect;

Disconnects your application from Skype.

In 2.5 and later:

 $+ \ ({\tt NSString*}) {\tt sendSkypeCommand:} ({\tt NSString*}) {\tt aCommandString;}\\$

In 1.5:

 $+ \ (\texttt{void}) sendSkypeCommand: (\texttt{NSString*}) a CommandString; \\$

Use this method to control Skype or request information. aCommandString is a Skype API string as described in Skype API protocol documentation. Note, that if you are using Skype.framework 2.5 or later then you have to change your code a little bit compared to 1.5, because in 2.5 sendSkypeCommand returns strings (in 1.5 all information was returned in asynchronous callbacks).

Required method // delegate protocol @protocol SkypeAPIDelegate - (NSString*)clientApplicationName; @end	UAUDACKMACHINE	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13				Go	MA 201	7	JUL 2014	Close
<pre>@protocol SkypeAPIDelegate - (NSString*)clientApplicationName;</pre>	Required method									
- (NSString*)clientApplicationName;	// delegate protoc	ol								
@end		•								
	@end									

This method should return the name of your application. This name will be shown to the user, when your application uses Skype. The name should not include any version information.

Optional methods

```
// delegate informal protocol
@interface NSObject (SkypeAPIDelegateInformalProtocol)
- (void)skypeNotificationReceived:(NSString*)aNotificationString;
```

This is the main delegate method Skype uses to send information to your application. aNotificationString is a Skype API string as described in Skype API protocol documentation.

- (void)skypeAttachResponse:(unsigned)aAttachResponseCode;

This method is called after Skype API client application has called connect. aAttachResponseCode is 0 on failure and 1 on success.

- (void)skypeBecameAvailable:(NSNotification*)aNotification;

This method is called after Skype has been launched.

- (void)skypeBecameUnavailable:(NSNotification*)aNotification;

This method is called after Skype has quit.

@end

Guidelines

Design an object in your application to be a Skype delegate. This object must implement the required delegate method clientApplicationName. In order to receive information from Skype, it is recommended that your delegate object also implements the optional delegate methods. The first method your application should call is setSkypeDelegate. In most implementations, that will probably be:

[SkypeAPI setSkypeDelegate:self];

Next, you should call connect. After you have received positive response with skypeAttachResponse, you can start sending commands to Skype by using sendSkypeCommand. For example:

[SkypeAPI sendSkypeCommand:@"CALL echo123"];

When your application quits or wants to disconnect from Skype, you should call disconnect.

Carbon

Here is the definition of SkypeDelegate:

```
struct SkypeDelegate
{
// Required member
CFStringRef clientApplicationName;
// Optional members, can be NULL
void (*SkypeNotificationReceived)(CFStringRef aNotificationString);
void (*SkypeAttachResponse)(unsigned int aAttachResponseCode);
void (*SkypeBecameAvailable)(CFPropertyListRef aNotification);
void (*SkypeBecameUnavailable)(CFPropertyListRef aNotification);
};
```

Description

```
CFStringRef clientApplicationName;
```

This string should be the name of your application. It will be shown to the user, when your application uses Skype. The name should not include any version information.

```
void (*SkypeNotificationReceived)(CFStringRef aNotificationString);
```

This is the main delegate function Skype uses to send information to your application. aNotificationString is a Skype API string as described in Skype API protocol documentation.

```
void (*SkypeAttachResponse)(unsigned int aAttachResponseCode);
```

This function is called after Skype API client application has called ConnectToSkype. aAttachResponseCode is 0 on failure and 1 on success.

```
void (*SkypeBecameAvailable)(CFPropertyListRef aNotification);
```

This function is called after Skype has been launched.

```
void (*SkypeBecameUnavailable)(CFPropertyListRef aNotification);
```

This function is called after Skype has quit.

You should define the functions like this:

```
void SkypeNotificationReceived(CFStringRef aNotificationString){}
void SkypeAttachResponse(unsigned int aAttachResponseCode){}
void SkypeBecameAvailable(CFPropertyListRef aNotification){}
void SkypeBecameUnavailable(CFPropertyListRef aNotification){}
```

and you can set them as members of your SkypeDelegate struct like so:

```
SkypeDelegate mySkypeDelegate;
mySkypeDelegate.SkypeNotificationReceived = SkypeNotificationReceived;
mySkypeDelegate.SkypeAttachResponse = SkypeAttachResponse;
mySkypeDelegate.SkypeBecameAvailable = SkypeBecameAvailable;
mySkypeDelegate.SkypeBecameUnavailable = SkypeBecameUnavailable;
mySkypeDelegate.clientApplicationName = CFSTR("My Carbon App");
```

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This function returns TRUE, when Skype is running and FALSE otherwise.

void SetSkypeDelegate(struct SkypeDelegate* aDelegate);

You must design a struct to be Skype delegate (see SkypeDelegate description above). Use this function to set your struct as Skype delegate.

struct SkypeDelegate* GetSkypeDelegate(void);

Returns the struct which is currently set as Skype delegate.

void RemoveSkypeDelegate(void);

Removes current Skype delegate.

void ConnectToSkype(void);

Call this function after you have set Skype delegate. It will try to connect your application to Skype. Delegate callback function skypeAttachResponse will let you know, whether your application was successfully connected or not.

void DisconnectFromSkype(void);

Disconnects your application from Skype.

CFStringRef SendSkypeCommand(CFStringRef aCommandString);

Use this function to control Skype or request information. aCommandString is a Skype API/span> string as described in Skype API protocol documentation.

In Skype.framework 2.6.0.142 and later: CFStringRef !SendSkypeCommand(CFStringRef aCommandString);

Older versions: void !SendSkypeCommand(CFStringRef aCommandString);

Note, that if you are using Skype.framework 2.6.0.142 or later then you have to change your code a little bit compared to older versions, because in 2.6.0.142 !SendSkypeCommand returns strings (previously all information was returned in asynchronous callbacks). Skype versions 2.5 and higher know how to return info synchronously. So, if you want to support Skype version 1.5, then you still have to listen to asynchronous callbacks.

Guidelines

The first method your application should call is SetSkypeDelegate, where aDelegate is your SkypeDelegate struct. In most implementations, that will probably be:

SetSkypeDelegate(&myCarbonDelegate);

Next, you should call ConnectToSkype. After you have received positive response with SkypeAttachResponse, you can start sending commands to Skype by using SendSkypeCommand. For example:

SendSkypeCommand(CFSTR("CALL echo123"));

When your application quits or wants to disconnect from Skype, you should call DisconnectFromSkype.



There is just one command for Skype API, but it is a very powerful command, because you can send any the command strings as specified in Skype API protocol documentation to control Skype or request information.

Examples

```
tell application "Skype"

*send command "MESSAGE echo123 check" script name "My Script"
end tell
tell application "Skype"

*send command "CALL echo123" script name "My Other Script"
end tell
```

Skype protocol

The Skype protocol is currently in its seventh version. Starting with protocol 1 (the first Skype protocol) a new version is created only when new commands become incompatible with existing commands. The protocol number does not increase when new commands are introduced but existing commands remain unchanged.

Protocol 8

Protocol 8 is the current version of the Skype protocol.

- New CALL STATUS enumerator WAITING_REDIAL_COMMAND.
- New CALL STATUS enumerator REDIAL PENDING.
- New SMS FAILUREREASON enumerator NO_SENDERID_CAPABILITY.
- Sending chat messages and CHAT CREATE commands may now fail with a new error code: 615, "CHAT: chat with given contact is disabled".

Protocol 7

- Call transfer API, We have two new CALL statuses: TRANSFERRING | TRANSFERRED
- Modified CHATMESSAGE property TYPE enumerations:

TYPE = POSTEDCONTACTS|GAP_IN_CHAT|SETROLE|KICKED|SETOPTIONS|KICKBANNED|JOINEDASAPPLICANT|SETPICTURE|SETGUIDELINES

Protocol 6

• VOICEMAIL command enters deprecation process and is replaced by CALLVOICEMAIL command.

Protocol 5



- 2.0 Windows
- 14084 Windows
- 1.3.0.33 Windows and Mac

This protocol introduced multiperson chat commands, one-to-one video calls, call forwarding, and contact grouping.

Protocol 4

Protocol 4 is used by the following versions of Skype:

- 1.2.0.11 Windows
- 1.1.0.3 Windows and Linux
 This protocol introduced ISO code prefixes for language and country.

Protocol 3

Protocol 3 is used by the following version of Skype:

1.1.0.61 – Windows
 This protocol introduced a compatibility layer for previous versions of instant messaging.

Protocol 2

Protocol 2 is used by the following version of Skype:

- 1.0.0.94
 - This protocol implemented the following changes:
- Introduced the SKYPEME online status
- For calls on hold, notifies clients with either LOCALHOLD or REMOTEHOLD. Protocol 1 simply returned ONHOLD.
- Introduces the call status, CANCELLED .

Protocol 1 and 2 compatibility

If the requested protocol is smaller than 3, all incoming commands are converted as follows:

- SEARCH MESSAGES → SEARCH CHATMESSAGES
- $\bullet \ \mathsf{SEARCH} \ \mathsf{MISSEDMESSAGES} \to \mathsf{SEARCH} \ \mathsf{MISSEDCHATMESSAGES} \\$
- ullet GET MESSAGE ightarrow GET CHATMESSAGE
- ullet SET MESSAGE ightarrow SET CHATMESSAGE

The GET MESSAGE properties are also converted:

- PARTNER_HANDLE → FROM_HANDLE
- PARTNER_DISPNAME → FROM_DISPNAME

All API notification (including GET/SET MESSAGE) replies are converted:

- ullet CHATMESSAGE * FROM_HANDLE x \rightarrow MESSAGE * PARTNER_HANDLE x
- CHATMESSAGE * FROM_DISPNAME $x \rightarrow$ MESSAGE * FROM_DISPNAME x
- CHATMESSAGE * property x → MESSAGE * property x

If the protocol is less than 3, SEARCH MESSAGES and SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES commands return string MESSAGES 1, 2, 3.

Terminology

The Skype API reference uses the following terms:

- The Skype access API is also known as the Skype control API.
- The client application issues a command to control Skype.
- In reply to some commands, Skype returns a synchronous response. Not all commands require a response.
 Responses are documented under their relevant commands.
- Skype objects and their properties are described in Objects section of this reference.
- A notification is an asynchronous message Skype sends to a client when a change occurs, for example when
 a contact comes online or a new chatmessage is received.
- Skype has general parameters to control the setup, current user and connection information.
- Connectable users are online Skype users who are in the client contact list and also non-contacts who are in
 active communication with the client.

Commands

This section provides a reference to the commands used in Skype.

Command identifiers

A command identifier is useful to identify a response to a specific command. A command identifier is supported by most commands and is included in the response.

Syntax

#<command_id> command

Response

#<command id> response|error

Parameters

command_id - client assigned alphanumeric identifier

Errors

all possible errors for a given command

Version

Protocol 4

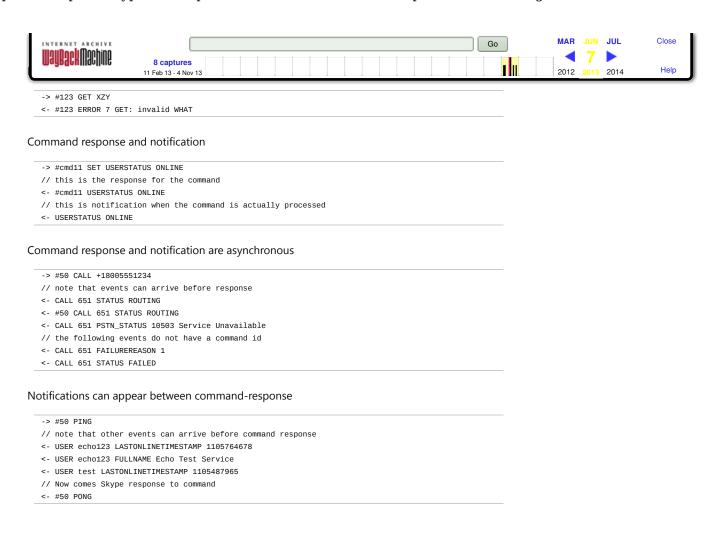
Notes

- A command identifier is not included in asynchronous notification events initiated by a command.
- Asynchronous commands usually return a synchronous response with the command id. When the command is processed an asynchronous notification is also sent
- A response may come not directly after the command because there can other messages can be received between command and response.

Examples

Simple response to command

-> #AB GET USERSTATUS



Making and managing voice calls

This section describes the commands for making and managing voice calls.

Refer to Making and managing video calls for a description of video call commands. Refer to Call failure reasons for a list of all reasons for call failure.

CALL

Syntax

CALL <target>[, <target>]*

Response

CALL <call_ID> <status>

Parameters

<target> – targets to be called. In case of multiple targets conference is created. Available target types:

- USERNAME Skype username, e.g. "pamela", "echo123"
- PSTN PSTN phone number, e.g. "+18005551234", "003725555555"
- SPEED DIAL CODE 1 or 2 character speeddial code

Errors

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Irying to call to a blocked user (unblock user in contactlist)

- ERROR 73 too many participants Call is initiated to more than 9 people
- ERROR 92 call error

Call is initiated to a number that is neither PSTN number nor a speeddial number

Version

Protocol 1

Notes

The Skype call window is focused when a call is initiated through the API. It is possible to make speed dial calls via the API.

Example

- -> CALL echo123
- <- CALL 1402 STATUS ROUTING
- <- CALL 1402 SUBJECT
- <- CALL 1402 STATUS ROUTING
- <- CALL 1402 STATUS RINGING
- <- CALL 1402 STATUS INPROGRESS
- <- CALL 1402 DURATION 1
- <- CALL 1402 STATUS FINISHED

GET CALL

Syntax

GET CALL <id> property

Response

CALL <id> property <value>

Parameters and response values

- <id>- call ID (numeric);
- property property name. Refer to CALL object for the list of properties.

Errors

- ERROR 7 GET: invalid WHAT
- Object name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 11 Invalid call id

ID includes other than numeric characters.

- ERROR 12 Unknown call
 - Call with specified ID does not exist in current user's call history.
- ERROR 13 Invalid prop
 - Property name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 71 Invalid conference participant NO Conference participant's number is not a number or is too big

Version

Protocol 1

Example

- -> GET CALL 1594 TYPE
- <- CALL 1594 TYPE OUTGOING_P2P

Syntax:

- -> SET CALL <id> STATUS INPROGRESS
- <- CALL <id> STATUS INPROGRESS

Parameters:

<id> - call ID (numeric)

Errors

- ERROR 19 Invalid call id

 ID includes other than numeric characters
- ERROR 20 Unknown call
 Call with specified ID does not exist
- ERROR 23 Cannot resume this call at the moment Given call is not ringing and therefore can not be answered.

SET CALL FINISHED

Terminates the call.

Syntax:

- -> SET CALL <id> STATUS FINISHED
- <- CALL <id> STATUS FINISHED

Parameters:

<id> – call ID (numeric)

Errors

- ERROR 19 Invalid call id ID includes other than numeric characters
- ERROR 20 Unknown call
 Call with specified ID does not exist in current user's call history nor is active.
- ERROR 24 Cannot hangup inactive call Given call is not in progress and therefore can not be hung up.

SET CALL ONHOLD

Places a call on hold. You can later resume the call by setting the state to INPROGRESS.

Syntax:

- -> SET CALL <id> STATUS ONHOLD
- <- CALL <id> STATUS ONHOLD

Parameters:

<id> - call ID (numeric), possible values:

Note that from Protocol 2 and up, SET CALL ONHOLD results in two possible status responses:

- LOCALHOLD call was placed on hold by local user
- REMOTEHOLD call was placed on hold by remote user



- ID includes other than numeric characters
- ERROR 20 Unknown call
 - The call ID does not exist in current user's call history nor is it active.
- ERROR 22 Cannot hold this call at the moment
 Given call is not in progress and therefore can not be placed on hold.
- ERROR 23 Cannot resume this call at the moment Given call is not on hold and therefore can not be resumed.

SET CALL JOIN CONFERENCE

Svntax

SET CALL <joining_id> JOIN_CONFERENCE <master_id>

Response

CALL <id> CONF_ID <conference_id>

Parameters

- <joining_id> call ID (numeric) to join into;
- <master_id> master call ID, where is another call's ID.

Errors

- ERROR 19 Invalid call id
 ID includes other than numeric characters
- ERROR 20 Unknown call
- Call with specified ID does not exist in current user's call history nor is active.
- ERROR 72 Cannot create conference
 Creating conference, for example "SET CALL 65 JOIN_CONFERENCE 66" fails for some reason.

Note

• It is possible to initate a conference with the CALL target1, target2 command

Example

```
// make first call
-> CALL test
<- CALL 1540 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 1540 SUBJECT
<- CALL 1540 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 1540 STATUS RINGING
<- CALL 1540 STATUS INPROGRESS
// set first call on hold ...
-> SET CALL 1540 STATUS ONHOLD
<- CALL 1540 STATUS INPROGRESS
<- CALL 1540 STATUS ONHOLD
// .. and make another call
-> CALL echo123
<- CALL 1545 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 1545 SUBJECT
<- CALL 1545 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 1545 STATUS RINGING
<- CALL 1545 STATUS INPROGRESS
// join second call (1545) into conference with first call (1540)
-> SET CALL 1545 JOIN_CONFERENCE 1540
<- CALL 1545 CONF_ID 17930
<- CALL 1545 CONF_ID 17930
<- CALL 1540 CONF ID 17930
\ensuremath{//} first call is automatically resumed and joined to conference
<- CALL 1540 STATUS INPROGRESS
```

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<- CALL 1545 STATUS	FINISHED									

SET CALL DTMF

Sends DTMF specified in parameter to the call target.

Syntax:

-> SET CALL <id> DTMF <value>

<- SET CALL <id> DTMF <value>

Parameters:

- <id>- call ID (numeric)
- <value> permitted symbols are: {0..9,#,*}.

When sending DTMF codes manually, with the dialpad buttons on the Call Phones tab of the Skype UI, these DTMF codes are displayed on the address bar, below dialpad. This is not the case while sending DTMF codes with SET CALL DTMF command.

If you want your programmatically sent DTMF codes to be displayed on the address bar, you can use BTN_RELEASED command instead of SET_CALL_DTMF. When used during an active call, BTN_RELEASED with appropriate parameter {0..9,#,*} will cause equivalent DTMF code to be sent to the remote party of that call.

Note that this will only work if the Call Phones tab (dialpad) is active. On active Call tab, the DTMF codes will still be sent but the keys will not be displayed on the address bar. On Contacts tab, the keys will be added to the address bar but no DTMF codes will be sent. Therefore, if you want to use BTN_RELEASED for sending DTMF codes, you will need to make sure the Skype UI has Call Phones as active tab. This you can do with OPEN DIALPAD command.

Notes

- DTMF support and quality for PSTN calls depends on terminating partner.
- This command does not accept multiple symbols in its parameter.

Errors

- ERROR 19 Invalid call id

 ID includes other than numeric characters
- ERROR 20 Unknown call
 Call with specified ID does not exist in current user's call history nor is it active.
- ERROR 21 Unknown/disallowed call prop DTMF property value is incorrect or misspelled

SET CALL SEEN

Syntax

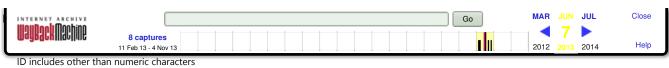
SET CALL <id> SEEN

Response

CALL <id> SEEN TRUE

Parameters

<id> - call ID (numeric)



• ERROR 20 Unknown call

Call with specified ID does not exist in current user's call history nor is active.

Example

```
-> SET CALL 15 SEEN
<- CALL 15 SEEN TRUE
```

ALTER CALL

The ALTER CALL command controls call status.

Syntax:

```
ALTER CALL XXX
{ ANSWER
| HOLD
| RESUME
| HANGUP
| END { HANGUP | REDIRECT_TO_VOICEMAIL | FORWARD_CALL } // for an incoming ringing call
| DTMF <0|1|..|9|*|#>
| TRANSFER
| JOIN_CONFERENCE <callID> }
```

Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command for more information on altering the TRANSFER property.

Command feedback for ALTER CALL always includes echoing back the original command, usually followed by status change notifications, specific to particular commands.

Example:

```
-> ALTER CALL 1719 HANGUP
<- ALTER CALL 1719 HANGUP
<- CALL 1719 STATUS FINISHED
```

Version

Protocol 5

GET CALL CAN_TRANSFER

Returns TRUE or FALSE, depending on whether a call can be transferred.

Syntax:

- -> GET CALL <id> CAN_TRANSFER <handle>
- <- CALL <id> CAN_TRANSFER <handle> {TRUE|FALSE}

Example:

```
-> GET CALL 1034 CAN_TRANSFER +3721234567
<- CALL 1034 CAN_TRANSFER +3721234567 FALSE
```

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)



Skypeln numbers if you have Skype Pro subscription.

Syntax:

- -> ALTER CALL <id> TRANSFER handle1[, handle2 ..]
- <- ALTER CALL <id> TRANSFER

If multiple handles are passed in parameters, first one to answer the call will get the transfer.

To better describe the call transfer mechanism, let's assume there are three participants in a call: A, B and C.

- A calls B
- B transfers the call to C
- A and C can now talk.

The ALTER CALL TRANSFER command is issued by B, to create a call between A and C. To check whether it is possible to transfer the call from A, B can use GET CALL CAN_TRANSFER command. Note that it is caller B (transferring party) who has to determine, whether a call is transferable.

Relevant CALL object STATUS property values:

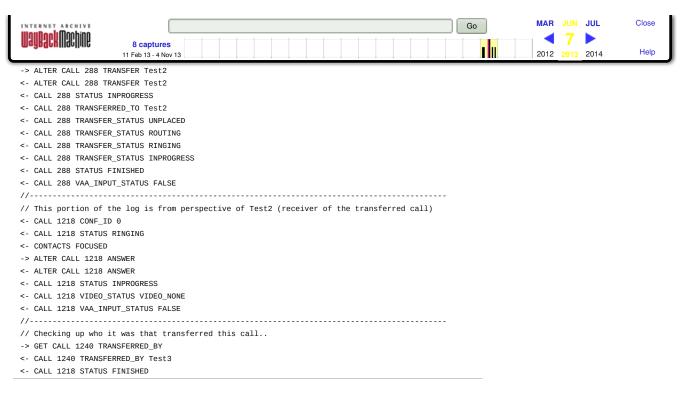
- TRANSFERRING seen by B, this status is set while the call between A and C is in progress)
- TRANSFERRED seen by B, terminating status of the call. Set after either the transferred call has ended or B
 does END/HANGUP;

Relevant CALL object properties:

- TRANSFER_ACTIVE seen by A, indicates whether the call has been transferred.
- TRANSFER_STATUS seen by B the call status while the call is being transferred, it is relayed from A side
 continuously until the call has ended or when B decides to do CALL ALTER END. Ending call on B side will
 not terminate the call between A and C, just the status updates.
- TRANSFERRED_BY seen by C, contains identity of B.
- TRANSFERRED_T0 seen by both A and B; contains identity of C.

Example:

```
//-----
// In this example, user Test is calling user Test3. Test3 then transfers the call to Test2.
// Note that for better clarity, call heartbeat messages are removed.
// Following portion of log is from perspective of the first outgoing call from user Test.
-> CALL Test3
<- CALL 626 STATUS UNPLACED
<- CALL 626 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 626 STATUS RINGING
<- CALL 626 TRANSFER ACTIVE TRUE
<- CALL 626 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 626 TRANSFERRED_TO Test2
<- CALL 626 STATUS RINGING
<- CALL 626 VAA_INPUT_STATUS FALSE
<- CALL 626 STATUS INPROGRESS
<- CALL 626 VIDEO STATUS VIDEO NONE
<- CALL 626 STATUS FINISHED
// This portion of the log is from perspective of Test3 (who will transfer it to Test2)
<- CALL 288 CONF_ID 0
<- CALL 288 STATUS RINGING
<- CONTACTS FOCUSED
//-----
// Checking here if it is possible to transfer this call to Test2
```

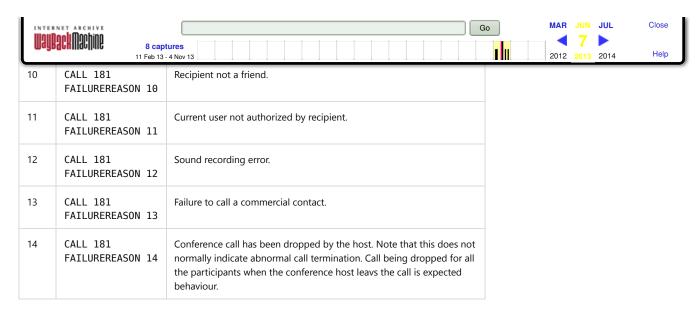


Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Call failure reasons

6 1	D	B 31
Code	Description	Possible reason
1	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 1	Miscellaneous error
2	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 2	User or phone number does not exist. Check that a prefix is entered for the phone number, either in the form 003725555555 or +3725555555; the form 3725555555 is incorrect.
3	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 3	User is offline
4	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 4	No proxy found
5	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 5	Session terminated.
6	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 6	No common codec found.
7	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 7	Sound I/O error.
8	CALL 181 FAILUREREASON 8	Problem with remote sound device.



Sending and managing SMS messages

This section describes the commands for creating and managing SMS messages.

Refer to SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

CREATE SMS

This command creates an SMS object.

Syntax:

-> CREATE SMS <type> <target>

Where target is a valid PSTN number and type can be one of the following:

- OUTGOING normal outbound SMS.
- CONFIRMATION_CODE_REQUEST Refer to [#SMS_NUMBER_VALIDATION SMS reply-to validation] for more information.
- CONFIRMATION_CODE_SUBMIT Refer to [#SMS_NUMBER_VALIDATION SMS reply-to validation] for more
 information.

Refer to

- Creating an SMS message section for more information (including format of feedback notifications).
- SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

SET SMS BODY

This command sets or changes the text of an existing SMS object.

Syntax:

-> SET SMS <id> BODY "text"

Where is an SMS object ID returned from CREATE SMS command and text is the SMS message text.



SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

ALTER SMS SEND

This command sends a composed SMS message to the server.

Syntax:

-> ALTER SMS <id> SEND

Where is SMS object ID.

Refer to

- Creating an SMS message section for more information.
- SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

SET SMS SEEN

This command sets an SMS object as SEEN.

Syntax:

-> SET SMS <id> SEEN

Where is an SMS object ID.

Refer to

• SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

Creating an SMS message

To create, compose and send an SMS message, use CREATE SMS, SET SMS and ALTER SMS commands.

Refer to SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Example:



Version

Added in API version 2.5

SMS message text in chunks

The SMS object has special properties to break large messages into smaller chunks. Maximum size of a chunk is 160 characters. Note that some unusually clever-looking symbols ("ä", "ö", etc.) translate into more than one characters in stored text.

To query how many chunks is contained in an SMS message:

```
-> GET SMS <id> CHUNKING  
<- SMS <id> CHUNKING <no. of chunks> <no. of characters in the final chunk>
```

To access text within a chunk:

```
-> GET SMS <id> CHUNK <#> <- SMS <id> CHUNK <#> <text>
```

Searching SMS messages

Following two commands are available to search for SMS objects:

- SEARCH SMSS
- SEARCH MISSEDSMSS

Version

Added in API version 2.5

Deleting SMS messages

All SMS messages that you have created in Skype remain stored in the system until they get



<- DELETE SMS <ID>

Example:

- -> SEARCH SMSS
- <- SMSS 233
- -> DELETE SMS 233
- <- DELETE SMS 233

The list of deletable SMS messages can be queried with SEARCH SMSS command. Refer to SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

SET SMS REPLY_TO_NUMBER

This command sets the reply-to property of an SMS object.

Syntax:

-> SET SMS <id> REPLY_TO_NUMBER <pstn>

Version

Added in API version 2.5

SET SMS TARGET_NUMBERS

This command changes the destination(s) of an SMS message.

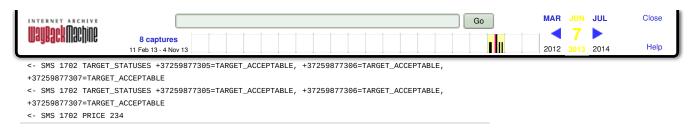
Syntax:

SET SMS <id> TARGET_NUMBERS <pstn1>[, <pstn2>]

Where is ID of a created SMS object and destination(s) are given as a comma-separated list of valid PSTN numbers.

Example:

```
//-----
// Note that at least one target number is mandatory for CREATE SMS
-> CREATE SMS OUTGOING +37259877305
<- SMS 1702 TYPE OUTGOING
<- SMS 1702 STATUS COMPOSING
<- SMS 1702 PRICE 0
<- SMS 1702 TIMESTAMP 0
<- SMS 1702 STATUS COMPOSING
<- SMS 1702 PRICE_PRECISION 3
<- SMS 1702 PRICE_CURRENCY EUR
<- SMS 1702 TARGET_NUMBERS +37259877305
<- SMS 1702 PRICE -1
<- SMS 1702 TARGET_STATUSES +37259877305=TARGET_ANALYZING
<- SMS 1702 TARGET STATUSES +37259877305=TARGET ACCEPTABLE
<- SMS 1702 PRICE 78
//-----
// Now let's add two more target numbers (in addition to original)
-> SET SMS 1702 TARGET_NUMBERS +37259877305, +37259877306, +37259877307
<- SMS 1702 TARGET_NUMBERS +37259877305, +37259877306, +37259877307
```



Version Added in API version 2.5

Setting mobile phone number on reply-to field in outgoing SMS messages

An outgoing SMS message from Skype lists the reply-to number as the user's Skype ID. It is possible to change the reply-to number to a mobile phone number by registering the number in Skype client.

Skype validates this number, and it then becomes the reply-to number for outgoing SMS messages.

To register a mobile phone number in Skype client:

- 1. Create and send an SMS message of type CONFIRMATION CODE REQUEST to your own mobile number.
- 2. Skype sends an SMS message to your mobile, with message body containing a confirmation code.
- Create another SMS of type CONFIRMATION_CODE_SUBMIT to the same number and include the confirmation code in message body.
- 4. Your mobile phone number is then validated as a reply-to number for outgoing SMS messages.

To create confirmation request and submit messages, use CONFIRMATION_CODE_REQUEST and CONFIRMATION_CODE_SUBMIT respectively as 2nd parameter in CREATE SMS command.

To retrieve the mobile number you have set as reply-to for outgoing SMS messages:

```
-> GET PROFILE SMS_VALIDATED_NUMBERS
<- PROFILE SMS_VALIDATED_NUMBERS <+ number >[, <+number>..]
```

Call cost information

Cost information is stored in RATE, RATE_CURRENCY and RATE_PRECISION properties of a CALL object.

Example of how to retrieve call cost data:

```
//-
// First let's find a suitable call ID
-> SEARCH CALLS
-- CALLS 100, 101, 102
//-
// Here we will retrieve cost data from call 100
-> GET CALL 100 RATE
-- CALL 100 RATE 1234
-> GET CALL 100 RATE_PRECISION
-- CALL 100 RATE_PRECISION 2
-> GET CALL 100 RATE_CURRENCY
-- CALL 100 RATE_CURRENCY EUR
//-
// To determine the actual cost of the call,
// you will also need to know the call duration
-> GET CALL 100 DURATION
-- CALL 100 DURATION 60
```

Note that call DURATION is expressed in seconds while call RATE is expressed as cost per minute.

Version

Protocol 6, Skype API version 2.5

Making and managing video calls

This section contains the commands for making and managing video calls.

Skype4Com sample:

VideoSwitching.pas

GET VIDEO_IN

The GET VIDEO_IN command retrieves the name of the video device to use for a call. If no value is returned, Skype sets the default value.

Syntax

- -> GET VIDEO_IN
- <- VIDEO IN [<devicename>]

Note

If no devicename is returned, Skype sets a default value with the following command:

-> SET VIDEO_IN <devicename>

SET VIDEO_IN

This command enables you to change webcam settings.

Svntax

- -> SET VIDE0_IN [<device_name>]
- <- VIDEO_IN [<device_name>]

If the parameter is empty, webcam is set to "Default video device".

If device passed in parameter cannot be found, following error is reported:

• ERROR 50 cannot set device

GET CALL VIDEO_STATUS

To check if a Skype client is video-enabled:

Syntax

-> GET CALL 5921 VIDEO_STATUS

Response

Skype responds with the video status for the active call, for example:
<- CALL 5921 VIDEO_STATUS VIDEO_NONE

INTERNET ARCHIVE WAYBACK MACHINE	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13						Go	MAR 2012	JUN 7 2013	JUL 2014	Close
VIDEO_SEND_ENABLED											
VIDEO_RECV_ENABLED											
VIDEO_BOTH_ENABLED											

Version Protocol 5

ALTER CALL VIDEO_SEND

Used to start or stop sending video during a call.

Syntax to start video:

- -> ALTER CALL <id> START_VIDEO_SEND
- <- ALTER CALL <id> START_VIDEO_SEND
- <- CALL <id> VIDEO_SEND_STATUS STARTING

Syntax to stop video:

- -> ALTER CALL <id> STOP_VIDEO_SEND
- <- ALTER CALL <id> STOP_VIDEO_SEND

Parameters:

START_VIDEO_SEND
STOP_VIDEO_SEND

Version Protocol 5

ALTER CALL VIDEO_RECEIVE

Used to start or stop receiving video during a call.

Syntax to start receiving video:

- -> ALTER CALL <id> START_VIDEO_RECEIVE
- <- ALTER CALL <id> START_VIDEO_RECEIVE

Syntax to stop receiving video:

- -> ALTER CALL <id> STOP_VIDEO_RECEIVE
- <- ALTER CALL <id> STOP_VIDEO_RECEIVE
- <- CALL <id> VIDEO_RECEIVE_STATUS STOPPING

Parameters:

START_VIDEO_RECEIVE
STOP_VIDEO_RECEIVE

Version Protocol 5

Syntax

-> GET CALL 5921 VIDEO_SEND_STATUS

Response

Skype responds with the appropriate parameter.

Parameters

NOT_AVAILABLE // The client does not have video capability because video is disabled or a webcam is unplugged).

AVAILABLE // The client is video-capable but the video is not running (can occur during a manual send).

STARTING // The video is sending but is not yet running at full speed.

REJECTED // The receiver rejects the video feed (can occur during a manual receive).

RUNNING // The video is actively running.

STOPPING // The active video is in the process of stopping but has not halted yet.

PAUSED // The video call is placed on hold.

Version

Protocol 5

GET CALL VIDEO_RECEIVE_STATUS

To check video receive status:

Syntax

-> GET CALL 5921 VIDEO RECEIVE STATUS

Response

Skype responds with the appropriate parameter.

Parameters

NOT_AVAILABLE // The client does not have video capability because video is disabled or a webcam is unplugged).

AVAILABLE // The client is video-capable but the video is not running (can occur during a manual send).

STARTING // The video is sending but is not yet running at full speed.

REJECTED // The receiver rejects the video feed (can occur during a manual receive).

RUNNING // The video is actively running.

STOPPING // The active video is in the process of stopping but has not halted yet.

PAUSED // The video call is placed on hold.

Version

Protocol 5

IS_VIDEO_CAPABLE

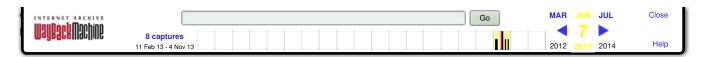
To check if a user is video-capable:

Syntax

-> GET USER <username> IS VIDEO CAPABLE

Response

<- USER <username> IS_VIDEO_CAPABLE {True|False}



OPEN VIDEOTEST

To open the Video Test window to test if video is working:

Syntax

OPEN VIDEOTEST

Response

If successful command is echoed back

Version

Protocol 5

OPEN OPTIONS VIDEO

To open the Video Options window:

Syntax:

- -> OPEN OPTIONS VIDEO
- <- OPEN OPTIONS VIDEO

Version

Protocol 5

Leaving and manipulating voicemails

This section contains the commands to leave and manipulate voicemails.

Skype4Com samples:

• VoiceMail2WAV.pas – Delphi example on how to save voicemails into WAV files.

VOICEMAIL

The VOICEMAIL command starts to deprecate in protocol 6 and is replaced by the CALLVOICEMAIL command.

CALLVOICEMAIL

Refer to VOICEMAIL object.

To leave a voicemail:

Syntax

CALLVOICEMAIL <target>

When you start an outgoing voicemail, a call object and two voicemail objects are created. First one of the voicemail objects is incoming greeting message. Second voicemail object is the outgoing message.



Version Protocol 6

- When you create VOICEMAIL object, a CALL object is also created.
- After you play a voicemail, other person's greeting is not deleted.
- When voicemail is recording, Skype returns a call xx vm_duration x response in addition to voicemail xx duration x message.

Notes

- · Leaving a voicemail for a target user actually uses two types of voicemail object:
 - o a greeting type of voicemail object which is downloaded from the server
 - o an outgoing type of voicemail object which the user composes

OPEN VOICEMAIL

To open and start playing a voicemail:

Syntax

OPEN VOICEMAIL <id>

Response

If successful command is echoed back

Parameters

<id> - voicemail identifier

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 512 invalid voicemail ID

Voicemail identifier is missing, is invalid or does not exist

Notes

- Voicemail is downloaded from server automatically.
- The main Skype window comes into focus and switches to the Call List tab; use the ALTER VOICEMAIL command to play without a UI response.

To get hold of voicemail IDs, refer to SEARCH VOICEMAILS and SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS commands.

ALTER VOICEMAIL

The ALTER VOICEMAIL command allows finer control over the VOICEMAIL object.

Syntax:

- -> ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> action
- <- ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> action

Parameters:

action - possible values:

- STARTPLAYBACK starts playing downloaded voicemail
- STOPPLAYBACK stops voicemail playback
- UPLOAD uploads recorded voicemail from a local computer to a server



- DELETE delete voicemail object
- STARTPLAYBACKINCALL Initiates voicemail playback during an active call. The voicemail will be played both locally and to remote call participant.
- SETUNPLAYED sets voicemail status property to UNPLAYED.

In version 3.5.0.202 following ALTER commands were added to enable redirection of voice streams for voicemails:

- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_INPUT
- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_OUTPUT
- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_CAPTURE_MIC

Notes

- STARTPLAYBACK plays voicemail but the window does not change to the Call List tab as it does with the OPEN VOICEMAIL command.
- STOPRECORDING causes automatic message upload to the server.
- Voicemails are deleted as a background process and the elapsed time depends on the server response; during this period, the SEARCH VOICEMAILS command still returns an ID for the voicemail, but the status is changed to DELETING.

Managing call forwarding

This section contains the commands to manage call forwarding.

Skype4Com example:

• CallForwarding.pas

GET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF

Use the GET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF command to query if call forwarding is enabled for a call.

Syntax

-> GET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF

Response

<- PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF {True|False}

Version

Protocol 1.4

SET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF

Use the SET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF to enable or disable call forwarding.

Syntax

-> SET PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF {True|False}

Response

<- PROFILE CALL_APPLY_CF {True|False}

Version

Use the GET_PROFILE_CALL_FORWARD_RULES to query the rules set for call forwarding. Note that the call forwarding process starts after number of seconds given in CALL_NOANSWER_TIMEOUT property of the PROFILE object.

Syntax:

- -> GET PROFILE CALL_FORWARD_RULES
- <- PROFILE CALL_FORWARD_RULES [<start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>|
 <+PSTN>}[<start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>|<+PSTN>}]*]

Parameters:

- start_time in seconds when connecting to this number/user starts
- end_time in seconds when ringing to this number/user ends
- username another Skype username to forward calls to
- +PSTN PSTN number to forward a call

Note

A call can be forwarded to multiple numbers and the numbers can overlap in time, with all ringing and the first to pick up the call takes it.

Version

Protocol 1.4

SET PROFILE CALL_FORWARD_RULES

Use the SET PR0FILE CALL_F0RWARD_RULES to set the rules for call forwarding. Note that the call forwarding process starts after number of seconds given in CALL_NOANSWER_TIMEOUT property of the PR0FILE object.

Syntax:

```
-> SET PROFILE CALL_FORWARD_RULES [<start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>| <+PSTN>}[ <start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>|<+PSTN>}]*]
```

```
<- PROFILE CALL_FORWARD_RULES [<start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>|
<+PSTN>}[ <start_time>,<end_time>,{<username>|<+PSTN>}]*]
```

Parameters:

- \bullet $\mbox{start_time}$ in seconds when connecting to this number/user starts
- end_time in seconds when ringing to this number/user ends
- username another Skype username to forward calls to
- +PSTN PSTN number to forward a call

Version

Protocol 1.4

GET PROFILE CALL_NOANSWER_TIMEOUT

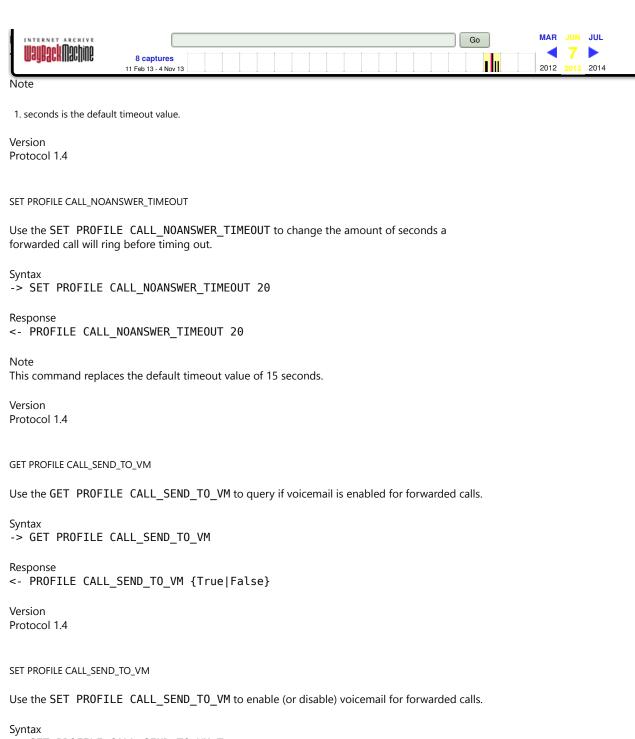
Use the GET PROFILE CALL_NOANSWER_TIMEOUT to query the amount of seconds a forwarded call will ring before timing out.

Syntax

-> GET PROFILE CALL_NOANSWER_TIMEOUT

Close

Help



-> SET PROFILE CALL_SEND_TO_VM True

Response

<- PROFILE CALL_SEND_TO_VM True

Version

Protocol 1.4

Creating chats and sending messages



CHAT CREATE

This command creates a chat object.

Syntax

-> CHAT CREATE [<target>, <target>*]

Response

<- CHAT <chat id> STATUS <value>

Version

Protocol 5, updated in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Parameters

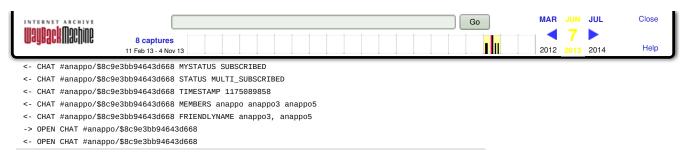
- <target> username(s) with whom to create a chat
- <chat_id> chat identifier; string (usually looks like "#me/\$target;012345679012345")
- <value> depends on the type of chat created: DIALOG for a 1:1 chat; MULTI_SUBSCRIBED for a chat
 with multiple participants

Notes

- From version 3.6 and later, opening chat windows (both from API and manually via UI) generate additional chat window open and close notification messages. Refer to the Chat notifications section for more information
- The CHAT CREATE command does not open a chat window; use the OPEN CHAT command to do so.
- Starting from protocol 7, the parameter(s) are no longer mandatory. If no usernames are passed in parameters, an empty multichat is created.

Example:

```
//-----
// Creating chat with one target
-> CHAT CREATE anappo5
<- CHAT #anappo/$anappo5:2e4e763a2fc121ed STATUS DIALOG
-> OPEN CHAT #anappo/$anappo5;2e4e763a2fc121ed
<- OPEN CHAT #anappo/$anappo5;2e4e763a2fc121ed
// Creating chat with no target
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc NAME #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc ACTIVITY_TIMESTAMP 0
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc TYPE MULTICHAT
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHATMEMBER 570 ROLE USER
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc MYROLE USER
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc MEMBERS anappo
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc MYSTATUS SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc TIMESTAMP 1175089677
-> OPEN CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc
<- OPEN CHAT #anappo/$72cb4c9d0871e6dc
//-----
// Creating chat with two targets
-> CHAT CREATE anappo3, anappo5
<- CHAT #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668 NAME #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668
<- CHAT #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668 ACTIVITY TIMESTAMP 0
<- CHAT #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668 STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668 TYPE MULTICHAT
<- CHAT #anappo/$8c9e3bb94643d668 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
```



Error codes:

615, "CHAT: chat with given contact is disabled" - added in Skype version 3.5 (protocol 8)

CHATMESSAGE

Syntax

CHATMESSAGE <chat_id> <message>

Response

CHATMESSAGE <id> STATUS SENDING

Parameters

- <chat_id> chat identifier
- <message> message text body to send
- <id> chatmessage identifier

Version

Protocol 5

Errors

- ERROR 510 Invalid/unknown chat name given Chat with does not exist
- ERROR 511 Sending a message to chat fails Could not send message to chat (eg. not a member)

ALTER CHAT SETTOPIC

Changes chat topic.

Syntax:

- -> ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETTOPIC <topic>
- <- ALTER CHAT SETTOPIC

See also ALTER CHAT SETTOPICXML command.

Version

Protocol 5

Errors

• ERROR 501 CHAT: No chat found for given chat Chat with does not exist

chat topic will be updated as well, stripped of XML tags.

Syntax:

- -> ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETTOPICXML <topic>
- <- ALTER CHAT SETTOPICXML

Example (without feedback notifications):

-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML <BLINK>topic is blinking</BLINK>
-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML topic in bold
-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML <I>topic in italic</I>
-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML <U>topic with underline</U>
-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML Smiley: <SS type="smile">:-)</SS>

-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$b9275b3b334341f2 SETTOPICXML topic in red

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT ADDMEMBERS

This command adds new members to a chat.

Syntax

- -> ALTER CHAT <chat_id> ADDMEMBERS <target>[, <target>]*
- <- ALTER CHAT ADDMEMBERS

Version

Protocol 5

Errors

- ERROR 501 CHAT: No chat found for given chat Chat with does not exist
- ERROR 504 CHAT: Action failed
 Could not add members into chat (eg is already a member; you have left chat)

ALTER CHAT LEAVE

This command causes user to leave the chat.

Syntax

- -> ALTER CHAT <chat_id> LEAVE
- <- ALTER CHAT LEAVE

Errors

- ERROR 501 CHAT: No chat found for given chat Chat with does not exist
- ERROR 504 CHAT: Action failed
 Could not leave chat (for example if the user has already left this chat)

ALTER CHAT BOOKMARKED

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-> ALTER CHAT <chat_id> BOOKMARK

<- ALTER CHAT <ID> BOOKMARKED TRUE

Syntax to remove a chat from list of bookmarked chats:

-> ALTER CHAT <ID> UNBOOKMARK

<- ALTER CHAT <ID> BOOKMARKED FALSE

Refer to following SEARCH commands on how to obtain a chat ID

SEARCH CHATS

SEARCH ACTIVECHATS

SEARCH MISSEDCHATS

SEARCH RECENTCHATS

SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS

Version

Protocol 6, Skype API version 2.5

GET CHAT CHATMESSAGES

Returns IDs of chatmessage objects in a specified chat.

Syntax:

-> GET CHAT <chat_id> CHATMESSAGES

<- CHAT <chat_id> CHATMESSAGES <id>[, <id>]*

Version:

Protocol 5

Errors

• ERROR 501 CHAT: No chat found for given chat Chat with does not exist

GET CHAT RECENTCHATMESSAGES

Syntax

GET CHAT <chat_id> RECENTCHATMESSAGES

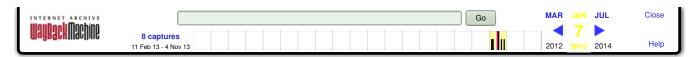
Response

CHAT <chat_id> RECENTCHATMESSAGES <id>[, <id>]*

Version

Protocol 5

Errors



SET CHATMESSAGE SEEN

Syntax

SET CHATMESSAGE <id> SEEN

Response

CHATMESSAGE <id> STATUS <value>

Parameters

- <id> chat message ID.
- <value> new value for chat message status; refer to CHATMESSAGE object for status values

Version

Protocol 3

Example

- -> SET CHATMESSAGE 61 SEEN
 <- CHATMESSAGE 61 STATUS READ
- **Errors**

ERROR 18 SET: invalid WHAT
CHATMESSAGE command is missing or misspelled
ERROR 31 Unknown message id
Unknown chat message ID
ERROR 30 Invalid message id
Chat message ID is misspelled or contains non-permitted symbols (numeric are permitted)
ERROR 32 Invalid WHAT
Invalid status given to chat message, for example the message is already marked as seen

SET CHATMESSAGE BODY

This command enables you to change the text of a chat message.

Syntax:

-> SET CHATMESSAGE <chatmessage_id> BODY <text>

Weather a chat message text is changeable can be determined by checking the IS_EDITABLE property of a CHATMESSAGE object.

The rules for allowing editing are:

- Everyone can change their own messages.
- Creator of public chat can edit messages from others.
- Masters can edit messages originating from others, except those from the chat creator.
- Helpers and below cannot edit messages from others.

Refer to CHAT ROLES section for the list of chat roles.

E)	xample:			
	//			

UAYBACKMACHINE	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13	MAR 2012	7	Close
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	STATUS SENT			
//				
// Then lets see if	f we can edit it			
-> GET CHATMESSAGE	864 IS_EDITABLE			
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	IS_EDITABLE TRUE			
//				
// Then see if we o	can change the message text			
-> SET CHATMESSAGE	864 BODY Test message after being edited			
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	BODY Test message after being edited			
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	EDITED_TIMESTAMP 1175093385			
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	EDITED_BY anappo			
<- CHATMESSAGE 864	BODY Test message after being edited			

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

SET MESSAGE SEEN - obsolete

Mark message as seen by the user and remove it from the missed messages list. This command is obsolete and has been replaced by the SET CHATMESSAGE SEEN command.

Syntax

SET MESSAGE <id> SEEN

Response

MESSAGE <id> STATUS value

Properties

- <id> message ID;
- value (new) status value

Version

Protocol 1, deprecated in protocol 3

Example

- -> SET MESSAGE 1578 SEEN
- <- MESSAGE 1578 STATUS READ

Errors

- ERROR 18 SET: invalid WHAT Object name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 30 Invalid message id
 ID includes other than numeric characters.
- ERROR 31 Unknown message id

Message with specified ID does not exist in current user's message history.

• ERROR 32 Invalid WHAT

Property name missing or misspelled.

MESSAGE - obsolete

The MESSAGE command is obsolete and has been replaced by the CHATMESSAGE command.

Syntax

MESSAGE <target> <text>



Parameters

- <target> target username to whom to send the message
- <text> message body, for example Please call me

Version

Protocol 1

Errors

ERROR 26 Invalid user handle
The target username is missing or includes symbols which are not premitted

ERROR 43 Cannot send empty message
The message has no body.

Notes

When message sending fails, a LEFT-type message is received. The message's LEAVEREASON shows why it failed. See the CHATMESSAGE object for a description.

Example

- -> MESSAGE echo123 Please call me
- <- MESSAGE 982 STATUS SENDING
- <- MESSAGE 982 STATUS SENT

GET CHAT MEMBEROBJECTS

This command provides list of CHATMEMBER object IDs that represent chat participants.

Syntax:

GET CHAT <id> MEMBEROBJECTS

Refer to

- CHATMEMBER object for a list of CHATMEMBER properties.
- GET CHATMEMBER command for how to access CHATMEMBER properties.
- SEARCH CHATS for how to get a list of CHAT IDs.

Example:

-> GET CHAT #test/\$test3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS <- CHAT #test/\$3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS 453, 454, 1465

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

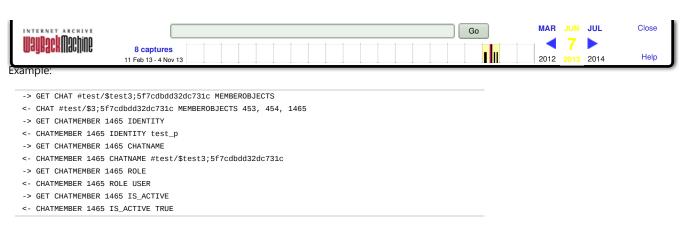
GET CHATMEMBER

This command provides read access to objects representing chat participants.

Syntax:

GET CHATMEMBER <id>

Refer to



Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT JOIN

This command enables you to re-join a Public chat that you have previously left. This command assumes a CHAT object is already present in the local system.

Note that this command does work with non-public multichats.

*

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat id> JOIN

Example:

```
//-----
// Leaving public chat #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48
-> ALTER CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 LEAVE
<- ALTER CHAT LEAVE
<- MESSAGE 392 STATUS SENDING
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MYSTATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 B00KMARKED FALSE
<- MESSAGE 392 STATUS SENT
// Re-joining the chat
-> ALTER CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 JOIN
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MYSTATUS CONNECTING
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- ALTER CHAT JOIN
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 BOOKMARKED TRUE
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MYSTATUS WAITING_REMOTE_ACCEPT
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHATMEMBER 75 IS_ACTIVE FALSE
<- CHATMEMBER 396 IS_ACTIVE FALSE
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MEMBERS anappo anappo2 anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo anappo3
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 MYSTATUS SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED
<- CHATMEMBER 75 IS ACTIVE TRUE
<- CHATMEMBER 396 IS_ACTIVE TRUE
```

<- CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo anappo2 anappo3

ERROR 504 CHAT: action failed
 Attempt to re-join dialog or multichat. This command only enables you to re-join public chats.

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT CLEARRECENTMESSAGES

This command clears recent chat messages in a given chat. Note that this command does not actually update user interface when a Skype client chat window for that chat is open. To see the effect, close the chat window and re-open it.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> CLEARRECENTMESSAGES

Example:

-> ALTER CHAT #anappo/\$test_p;297fcefb07ffc4b2 CLEARRECENTMESSAGES
<- ALTER CHAT CLEARRECENTMESSAGES

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT SETALERTSTRING

This command enables you to set up a chat alert string. Normally, a small notification window will pop up at system tray when someone posts a message in a chat while the chat window is closed. When an alert string is set, the notification window will only appear when the message contains value set in SETALERTSTRING property.

Note that when setting this value from API, first symbol of the alert string is assumed to be "=" and gets stripped. To prevent first symbol of your alert string from being stripped, add "=" in front of it.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETALERTSTRING <alert_string>

Example:

-> ALTER CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 SETALERTSTRING "=test"
<- ALTER CHAT SETALERTSTRING

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT ACCEPTADD

This command is used for accepting invitations to shared contact groups. In other chat contexts, invitations are either accepted or declined automatically, depending on user's privacy settings.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> ACCEPTADD



ALTER CHAT DISBAND

This command removes all chat participants from the chat and closes it.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat id> DISBAND

Example:

- -> ALTER CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 DISBAND
- <- ALTER CHAT DISBAND
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 MYSTATUS CHAT_DISBANDED
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Public Chats

Public Chats were introduced in API version 3.0 Public Chats are an extension of existing multichat functionality.

From API point of view, public chats differ from multichats in that:

 CREATE command works somewhat differently, as a public chat identifier is formed differently from multichats;

Public chats have a user hierarchy with different privilege levels and a set of tools for chat administration (similar to administration of IRC channels). These administration tools are actually available for standard multichats as well (API commands such as KICK work in multichats, altho the Skype user interface for setting privileges is not available for multichats).

More or less everything listed under Creating chats and sending messages section is also applicable to public chats. The list of sections below is specific to public chats.

CHAT ROLES and PRIVILEGES

- CREATOR member who created the chat. There can be only one creator per chat. Only creator can
 promote other members to masters.
- MASTER Also known as chat hosts. Masters cannot promote other people to masters.
- HELPER a semi-privileged member. Helpers will not be affected by the USERS_ARE_LISTENERS option.
 Helpers cannot promote or demote other members.
- USER regular members who can post messages into the chat.
- LISTENER a demoted member who can only receive messages but not post anything into the chat.
- APPLICANT a member waiting for acceptance into the chat. Member cannot be demoted to applicants
 once they have been accepted.

Refer to

- ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO command for how to determine if it is possible to change the role of
 any given chat member.
- ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO command for more info on how to change chat member roles.

ALTER CHAT SETPASSWORD



ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETPASSWORD <password> <password_hint>

Example:

- -> ALTER CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 SETPASSWORD test2 password is test2
- <- ALTER CHAT SETPASSWORD
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 PASSWORDHINT password is test2

Note that the password must be one word – without any whitespaces in it. All subsequent words in command parameters will be considered as password hint. Password hint will be displayed to users when they join the chat.

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT ENTERPASSWORD

This command enables you to enter passwords from within your own code, when joining password-protected chat channels.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> ENTERPASSWORD <password>

Example:

```
\ensuremath{//} While trying to connect to a public password-protected channel,
// we get following messages:
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef PASSWORDHINT "password is test"
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS PASSWORD REQUIRED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
// Lets supply a wrong password first and see what happens..
-> ALTER CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef ENTERPASSWORD test2
<- ALTER CHAT ENTERPASSWORD
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS CONNECTING
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS PASSWORD REQUIRED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
//-----
// Now lets supply correct password:
-> ALTER CHAT #test_1/$4ea116d4c216baef ENTERPASSWORD test
<- ALTER CHAT ENTERPASSWORD
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS CONNECTING
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS WAITING_REMOTE_ACCEPT
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef MYROLE USER
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef MEMBERS anappo test_l
<- CHAT \#\text{test\_l/\$4ea116d4c216baef} ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo \text{test\_l}
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef TIMESTAMP 1174906897
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef ADDER test_l
<- CHAT \#\text{test\_l/\$4ea116d4c216baef} GUIDELINES test guidelines
<- MESSAGE 557 STATUS RECEIVED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef TOPIC TestingPublicChats2
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef OPTIONS 1
<- CHATMEMBER 556 ROLE LISTENER
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef MYROLE LISTENER
<- CHATMEMBER 547 ROLE CREATOR
<- CHAT #test 1/$4ea116d4c216baef MYSTATUS SUBSCRIBED
<- CHAT #test_l/$4ea116d4c216baef STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED
```



Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS

This command enables you to change chat options.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETOPTIONS <options bitmap>

Chat options bits:

- 1 JOINING ENABLED when this bit is off, new users cannot join the chat.
- 2 JOINERS_BECOME_APPLICANTS when this bit is on, new users will be able to join the chat but they
 will be unable to post or receive messages until authorized by one of the chat administrators (CREATOR or
 MASTER).
- 4 JOINERS_BECOME_LISTENERS when this bit is on, new users will be able to receive message in chat
 but unable to post until promoted to USER role. Basically a read-only flag for new users.
- 8 HISTORY_DISCLOSED when this bit is off, newly joined members can see chat history prior to their
 joining. Maximum amount of history backlog available is either 400 messages or 2 weeks of time,
 depending on which limit is reached first.
- 16 USERS ARE LISTENERS read-only flag for chat members with USER role.
- 32 TOPIC_AND_PIC_LOCKED_FOR_USERS when this bit of options is off, USER level chat members can change chat topic and the topic picture.

Example:

```
//-
// Setting flags: JOINING_ENABLED, JOINERS_BECOME_LISTENERS, HISTORY_DISCLOSED
// Adding up the bits: 1 + 4 + 8 = 13
-> ALTER CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 SETOPTIONS 13
<- MESSAGE 678 STATUS SENDING
<- ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS
<- CHAT #anappo/$a1044019f5dc8c48 OPTIONS 13
<- MESSAGE 678 STATUS SENT
```

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO

This command enables chat administrators (chat CREATORS AND MASTERS) to set privilege levels (roles) for other chat members.

Syntax:

-> ALTER CHATMEMBER <id> SETROLETO CREATOR|MASTER|HELPER|USER|LISTENER

Refer to

- Chat roles section for more information on different roles. Note that you cannot demote a user to LISTENER role when the chat is already in ready-only mode (USERS_ARE_LISTENERS chat option).
- ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO command for how to determine if it is possible to change the role of any given chat member.

Example:

- -> GET CHAT #anappo/\$anappo3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$anappo3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS 1846, 2227, 2495



Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO

This command can be used to determine weather current user is able to change the privilege level of another chat member.

Syntax:

- -> ALTER CHATMEMBER <id> CANSETROLETO CREATOR | MASTER | HELPER | USER | LISTENER | APPLICANT
- <- ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO TRUE|FALSE

Note that unlike other ALTER commands, this one doesn't actually change object properties.

Refer to

- Chat roles section for more information on different roles.
- ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO command for more info on how to change chat member roles.

Example:

- -> GET CHAT #test/\$test3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS <- CHAT #test/\$test3;5f7cdbdd32dc731c MEMBEROBJECTS 1846, 2227, 2495 -> GET CHATMEMBER 2495 IDENTITY <- CHATMEMBER 2495 IDENTITY testuser -> ALTER CHATMEMBER 2495 CANSETROLETO HELPER <- ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO TRUE -> ALTER CHATMEMBER 2495 SETROLETO HELPER
- <- ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO
- <- MESSAGE 3166 STATUS SENDING
- <- CHATMEMBER 2495 ROLE HELPER

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT KICK

With this command, chat member with sufficient privilege level (master or creator) can remove another member from chat.

Note that after being kicked from the channel, the kicked member can re-join the chat. For more permanent removal, see ALTER CHAT KICKBAN command.

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> KICK <skypename1[, skypename2 ..]>

Example:

- -> ALTER CHAT #test/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 KICK test2
- <- ALTER CHAT KICK



ALTER CHAT KICKBAN

With this command, chat member with sufficient privilege level (master or creator) can permanently remove another member from chat. Note that kickban only prevents the user from re-joining the chat. Banned users can be added back to the chat by administrators from within the chat.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat id> KICKBAN <skypename1[, skypename2 ..]>

Example:

-> ALTER CHAT #test/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 KICKBAN test2
<- ALTER CHAT KICKBAN

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT FINDUSINGBLOB

This command searches for existing CHAT object with given BL0B property value and returns chat ID and status. Refer to CHAT object for more information.

Syntax:

CHAT FINDUSINGBLOB <blob>

Example:

- -> CHAT FINDUSINGBLOB LsgqqqCTpxWYjt9PL1hSvGD0iPhqUuQAHxI7w7Qu7gJ3VZv_q_99ZJ04lF9Dfaw
- <- CHAT #anappo2/\$d936403094338dbb STATUS MULTI_SUBSCRIBED

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT CREATEUSINGBLOB

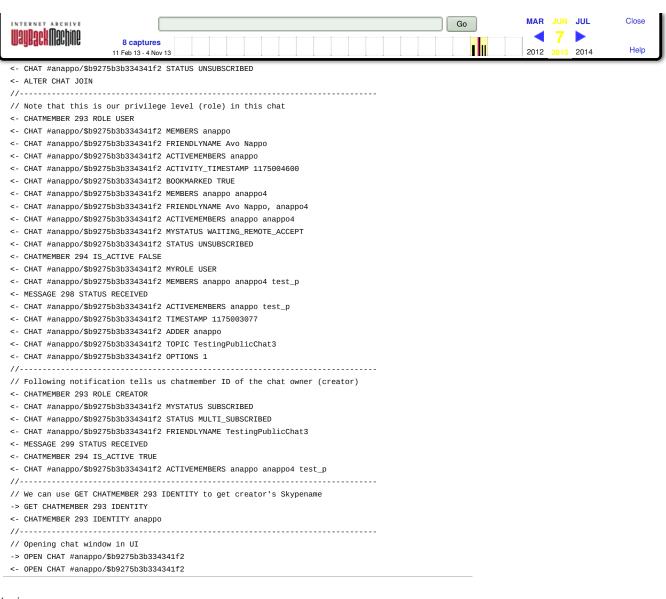
This command creates a chat object, based on public chat blob. This enables you to join public chats from within your own code, assuming that you have somehow obtained the chat blob.

Syntax:

CHAT CREATEUSINGBLOB <blob>

<- CHAT #anappo/\$b9275b3b334341f2 STATUS UNSUBSCRIBED

Example:



Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

ALTER CHAT SETGUIDELINES

This command enables you to set the Guidelines message for public chats. The guideline message is displayed at the top of the chat window.

Syntax:

ALTER CHAT <chat_id> SETGUIDELINES <guidelines>

Example:

- -> ALTER CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 SETGUIDELINES these here are test guidelines
- <- MESSAGE 744 STATUS SENDING
- <- ALTER CHAT SETGUIDELINES
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$a1044019f5dc8c48 GUIDELINES these here are test guidelines
- <- MESSAGE 744 STATUS SENT

Version

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Managing contacts and groups

Users can group contacts, for example, creating separate groups for friends, family, and work. To add a user to a group, the user must be in the contact list. Contacts can be in multiple groups at the same time. Refer to the GROUP object for a description of the object properties.

This section contains commands used for grouping the contacts.

GET GROUP USERS

The GET GROUP USERS command queries the members of a group.

Syntax

-> GET GROUP <id> USERS

Response

<- GROUP <id> USERS <user1>, <user2>, <user3>

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5

GET GROUP VISIBLE

The GET GROUP VISIBLE command queries if a group is visible to the user.

Syntax

-> GET GROUP <id> VISIBLE

Response

<- GROUP <id> VISIBLE {True|False}

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5

GET GROUP EXPANDED

The GET GROUP EXPANDED command queries whether a group is expanded in the Skype window.

Syntax

-> GET GROUP <id> EXPANDED

Response

<- GROUP <id> EXPANDED {True|False}

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5

The GET GROUP DISPLAYNAME gets the displayname for a group.

Syntax

-> GET GROUP <id> DISPLAYNAME

Response

<- GROUP <id> DISPLAYNAME <name>

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5

SET GROUP DISPLAYNAME

The SET GROUP DISPLAYNAME command changes the displayname for a group.

Syntax

-> SET GROUP <id> DISPLAYNAME <name>

Response

<- GROUP <id> DISPLAYNAME <name>

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5

GET GROUP TYPE

The GET GROUP TYPE command queries the group type.

Syntax

-> GET GROUP <id> TYPE

Response

<- GROUP <id> TYPE <group_type>

Refer to the SEARCH GROUPS command on how to get the group ID list.

Refer to the GROUP object for a list and description of group types.

Version

Protocol 5

CREATE GROUP

The CREATE GROUP command creates a contact group, for example a group named Family.

Syntax

-> CREATE GROUP <Family>

Response

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<- GROUP <234> T	YPE CUSTOM_GROUP				-				
<- GROUP <234> N	ROFUSERS 0								
<- GROUP <234> N	ROFUSERS_ONLINE 0								
<- GROUP <234> C	USTOM_GROUP_ID <111>								
<- GROUP <234> D	ISPLAYNAME <family></family>								
<- GROUP <234> U	SERS								
	gers the following n > USERS <user1></user1>								

DELETE GROUP

The DELETE GROUP removes a contact group.

Syntax

-> DELETE GROUP <234>

Response

<- DELETE GROUP <234>

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

The command triggers the following notifications:

```
<- DELETED GROUP <234>
<- GROUP <234> USERS <user1> <user2>...
```

ALTER GROUP ADDUSER

The ALTER GROUP ADDUSER command adds contacts to a group.

Syntax

-> ALTER GROUP <234> ADDUSER <userhandle|PSTN>

Response

<- ALTER GROUP <234> ADDUSER <userhandle|PSTN>

Parameters

ADDUSER <userhandle|PSTN>

This command triggers the following notification:

<- GROUP <234> NROFUSERS y

Note:

A contact must exist in a contactlist to be added to a group.

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version

Protocol 5



Syntax:

- -> ALTER GROUP <group_id> REMOVEUSER <userhandle|PSTN>
- <- ALTER GROUP <group_id> REMOVEUSER <userhandle|PSTN>

Parameters:

REMOVEUSER <userhandle|PSTN>

Example:

-> ALTER GROUP 49 REMOVEUSER anappo5

// notification - new size of group 49 is 6 contacts

<- GROUP 49 NROFUSERS 6

// Removed user was placed in system group "Ungrouped" (group 52 in this case)

<- GROUP 52 NROFUSERS 1

<- ALTER GROUP 49 REMOVEUSER anappo5

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the group ID list.

Version:

Protocol 5

Sharing contact groups

Shared contact groups differ from Send Contacts functionality in that adding users to shared groups will automatically cause cross-authorization attempts between users.

To change an existing contact group into shared contact group:

-> ALTER GROUP <id> SHARE [<text>]

Where is the contact group ID and text is invitation message displayed to the invited user.

To accept invitation to a shared group:

-> ALTER GROUP <id> ACCEPT

To decline invitation to a shared group:

-> ALTER GROUP <id> DECLINE

Refer to SEARCH GROUPS on how to get the list of group IDs.

Version

Protocol 6

SET USER DISPLAYNAME

The SET USER DISPLAYNAME command changes the display name of a contact.

By default this USER object property is empty. If a value is assigned to this property with SET <skypename> DISPLAYNAME <value> then that value will be displayed in Skype UI instead of user's FULLNAME.

Syntax:

Version Protocol 5

Search commands

The search command requests specific information about objects. If no target is specified, all results for specified objects are returned.

Syntax:

SEARCH USERS | FRIENDS | CALLS [< target >] | ACTIVECALLS | MISSEDCALLS | VOICEMAILS | CHATS | MISSEDCHATS | ACTIVECHATS | RECENTCHATS | BOOKMARKEDCHATS | CHATMESSAGES [< target >] | MISSEDCHATMESSAGES | MESSAGES [< target >] | MISSEDMESSAGES | USERSWAITINGMYAUTHORIZATION | GROUPS [{ ALL | CUSTOM | HARDWIRED }] | FILETRANSFERS | ACTIVEFILETRANSFERS | SMSS | MISSEDSMSS

Notes

- In Skype for Windows 1.1 only one search at a time is allowed; since version 1.2 multiple searches can
 executed at the same time;
- The number of search results is not limited.
- SkypeOut contacts: since Skype for Windows 1.2 release it is possible to get the list of SkypeOut contacts which are part of the main contact list and they are returned with the contact list numbers, if the SEARCH FRIENDS command is executed. To get more information about the number in a current user's SkypeOut contacts use the GET USER <number> <ful>
 fullname>" command.

This section contains the search commands.

SEARCH FRIENDS

Syntax

SEARCH FRIENDS

Response

USERS [user[, user]*]

returns a list of found usernames; an empty list if no match is found

ERROR 67 target not allowed with SEARCH FRIENDS
 A target(such as mike) was specified with the SEARCH FRIENDS command

Version

Protocol 1

Example

-> SEARCH FRIENDS	
<- USERS tim, joe, mike	

SEARCH USERS

Syntax

-> SEARCH USERS <target>

Parameters

<target> – part of username or e-mail to match. If the search string contains "@", the search is performed by e-mail address and has to be an exact match. If the search string is a valid Skype

Response

<- USERS [<username>[, <username>]*]

returns a list of found usernames; list is empty if no match was found

Errors

 ERROR 4 Empty target not allowed Target username is not specified

Notes

When running the SEARCH USERS command, USER notifications are reported back to the API client as users are found on the network. The API client should ignore these events and request each user's property after the search.

Version

Protocol 1

Example:

-> SEARCH USERS echo123 <- USERS echo123, echo1232885

SEARCH CALLS

Syntax

SEARCH CALLS <target>

Parameters

<target> – username. Specifying a target is optional. If a target is specified, Skype searches the call history between the current user and the target user.

Response

<- CALLS [id[, id]*]

Returns a list of call IDs. If a target is specified, Skype returns IDs of all calls that have been made between the current and target user.

Errors

• ERROR 5 Search CALLS: invalid target Characters that are not permitted were used in the target username. The username must have 6-22 characters and can contain only the following symbols: {a-Z, 0-9-_..}.

Version

Protocol 1

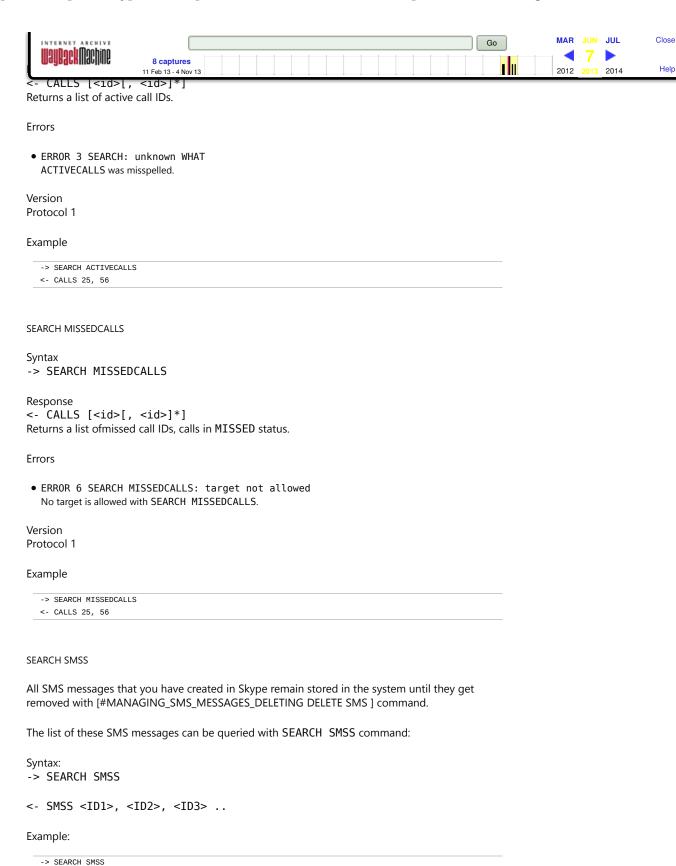
Example

-> SEARCH CALLS abc <- CALLS 15, 16, 39

SEARCH ACTIVECALLS

Lists all calls visible on calltabs, including members of conference calls if the user is hosting a conference.

Syntax



Refer to SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

<- SMSS 233

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SEARCH MISSEDSMSS

Returns a list of IDs of received but unread SMS objects.

Syntax:

- -> SEARCH MISSEDSMSS
- <- SMSS <ID1>, <ID2>, <ID3> ...

Example:

- -> SEARCH SMSS
- <- SMSS 233

Refer to SMS object section for a list of SMS object properties.

Version

Added in API version 2.5

SEARCH VOICEMAILS

Returns a list of voicemail IDs.

Syntax:

- -> SEARCH VOICEMAILS
- <- VOICEMAILS [<id>[, <id>]*]

Errors

 ERROR 29 SEARCH VOICEMAILS: target not allowed No target is allowed with SEARCH VOICEMAILS.

Version

Protocol 5

Example:

- -> SEARCH VOICEMAILS
- <- VOICEMAILS 65, 70, 71

SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS

Returns a list of IDs of missed voicemails.

Syntax:

- -> SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS
- <- VOICEMAILS [<id>[, <id>]*]

Errors

• ERROR 29 SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS: target not allowed No target is allowed with SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS

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Example:								
-> SEARCH MISSEDVOI	CEMAILS							
<- VOICEMAILS 65, 7	0, 71							

SEARCH MESSAGES

Syntax

SEARCH MESSAGES [<target>]

Parameters

<target> – username. It is optional to specify a target. If a target is specified, Skype searches the message
history between the current user and the target user.

Response

MESSAGES [<id>[, <id>]*]

Returns a list of message IDs. If a target is specified, Skype returns IDs of all messages that have been sent between the current user and the target user.

Errors

ERROR 5 SEARCH MESSAGES: invalid target
 A character was used in the target username that is not permitted. The username must have 6-22 characters and can contain only the following symbols: {a-Z, 0-9-__,}.

Version

Protocol 1, deprecated in protocol 3

Notes

This search is deprecated in protocol 3, use the SEARCH CHATMESSAGES command instead.

Example

-> SEARCH MESSAGES abc <- MESSAGES 123, 124

SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES

Syntax

SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES

Response

MESSAGES [<id>[, <id>]*]

Returns a list of message IDs.

Errors

 ERROR 29 SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES: target not allowed No target is allowed with the SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES command.

Version

Protocol 1, deprecated in protocol 3

Notes

This search is deprecated in protocol 3. Use the SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES command

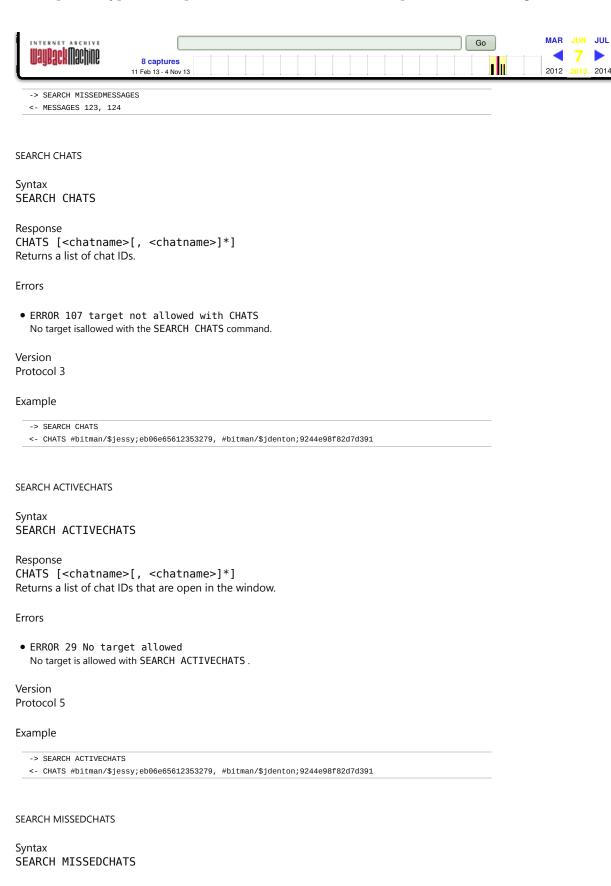
Response

CHATS [<chatname>[, <chatname>]*]

Close

Help

2014



• ERROR 29 SEARCH MISSEDCHATS: target not allowed Notarget is allowed with SEARCH MISSEDCHATS.

Version Protocol 5

Example

- -> SEARCH MISSEDCHATS
- <- CHATS #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65612353279, #bitman/\$jdenton;9244e98f82d7d391

SEARCH RECENTCHATS

Syntax

SEARCH RECENTCHATS

Response

CHATS [<chatname>[, <chatname>]*]
Returns a list of recent chat IDs.

Errors

 ERROR 29 SEARCH RECENTCHATS: target not allowed Notarget is allowed with SEARCH RECENTCHATS.

Version

Protocol 5

Example

- -> SEARCH RECENTCHATS
- <- CHATS #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65612353279, #bitman/\$jdenton;9244e98f82d7d391

SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS

Syntax

SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS

Response

CHATS [<chatname>[, <chatname>]*]
Returns a list of bookmarked chat IDs.

Errors

 ERROR 29 SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS: target not allowed Notarget is allowed with SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS.

Version

Protocol 5

Example

- -> SEARCH BOOKMARKEDCHATS
- <- CHATS #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65612353279, #bitman/\$jdenton;9244e98f82d7d391

Parameters

- username> - target username, optional. If a username is specified, only chatmessages from/to that target user are returned.

Response

CHATMESSAGES [<id>[, <id>]*]
Returns a list of chat message IDs.

Errors

• ERROR 29 SEARCH CHATMESSAGES: Target not allowed
The target username contained a character that is not permitted. (Username must have 6-22 characters and can contain only the following symbols: {a-Z, 0-9-_..}.

Version

Protocol 3

Example

- -> SEARCH CHATMESSAGES abc
- <- CHATMESSAGES 60, 59

SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES

Syntax

SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES

Response

CHATMESSAGES [<id>[, <id>]*]

Returns a list of missed chat message IDs.

Errors

• ERROR 29 SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES: target not allowed Notarget is allowed with SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES.

Version

Protocol 3

Example

- -> SEARCH MISSEDCHATMESSAGES
- <- CHATMESSAGES 61, 62

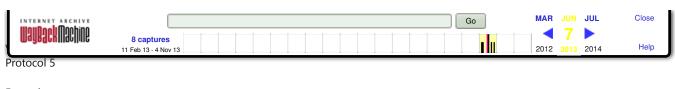
SEARCH USERSWAITINGMYAUTHORIZATION

List of users who are waiting for contact authorization.

Syntax:

- -> SEARCH USERSWAITINGMYAUTHORIZATION
- <- USERS [<skypename1>[, <skypename2>]*]

Errors



Example:

-> SEARCH USERSWAITINGMYAUTHORIZATION
<- USERS tim, john, echo123

SEARCH GROUPS

The SEARCH GROUPS command returns comma-separated list of IDs of user's contact groups.

Syntax:

- -> SEARCH GROUPS [{ ALL | CUSTOM | HARDWIRED }]
- <- GROUPS <id1>, <id2>, <id3>, ...

Example:

```
//-
// Getting a list of custom (user-made) groups
-> SEARCH GROUPS CUSTOM
-- GROUPS 3238, 3239, 3240, 3241, 3242, 3372
//-
// Getting group names from IDs goes like this:
-> GET GROUP 3240 DISPLAYNAME
-- GROUP 3240 DISPLAYNAME test
```

Version

Protocol 5

Errors

```
ERROR 561 - SEARCH GROUPS: invalid target
ERROR 562 - Invalid group id
ERROR 563 - Invalid group object
ERROR 564 - Invalid group property given
```

SEARCH FILETRANSFERS

Returns a list of all file transfer IDs. Refer to FILETRANSFER object for more details.

Syntax

-> SEARCH FILETRANSFERS

Response

<- FILETRANSFERS [<id>[, <id>]*]

Example:

```
-> SEARCH FILETRANSFERS
<- FILETRANSFERS 1343, 1314, 1263, 1249, 1241, 982, 544, 1086
```

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

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transfer IDs.

Refer to FILETRANSFER object for more details.

Note that it is not necessary for remote users to accept the file transfer for it to become listed in ACTIVEFILETRANSFERS for both parties.

Syntax

-> SEARCH ACTIVEFILETRANSFERS

Response

<- FILETRANSFERS [<id>[, <id>]*]

Example:

- -> SEARCH ACTIVEFILETRANSFERS
- <- FILETRANSFERS 1411
- -> GET FILETRANSFER 1411 STATUS
- <- FILETRANSFER 1411 STATUS WAITING_FOR_ACCEPT

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Managing history

These commands are available to clear chat, voicemail, and call history.

Skype4Com example:

CallHistory.pas

CLEAR CHATHISTORY

This command clears chat history. NB! This command does not remove chat entries from the Skype history tab. Instead, it clears chatmessage histories within chats.

Syntax

- -> CLEAR CHATHISTORY
- <- CLEAR CHATHISTORY

CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY

Clears voicemail entries from the history tab in Skype UI.

Syntax:

- -> CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY
- <- CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY

Example:

- -> CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY
- <- CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY
- <- VOICEMAIL 3398 STATUS DELETING

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Clears call entries from the history tab in Skype UI.

Syntax:

- -> CLEAR CALLHISTORY <ALL|MISSED|INCOMING|OUTGOING> [skypename]
- <- CLEAR CALLHISTORY <ALL|MISSED|INCOMING|OUTGOING> [skypename]

Example:

```
//-----
// Removes incoming calls from user test2 from Skype history tab
-> CLEAR CALLHISTORY INCOMING test2
<- CLEAR CALLHISTORY INCOMING test2
```

Controlling Skype user interface

This section lists the commands used to control the Skype user interface.

FOCUS

The FOCUS brings the Skype window into focus on screen (on top).

Syntax:

- -> FOCUS
- <- FOCUS

See also SET WINDOWSTATE command for more recent and universal version of the same functionality.

Note also that from version 3.6 the FOCUS command produces additional window state notification message in following format:

<- WINDOWSTATE NORMAL|MINIMIZED|MAXIMIZED|HIDDEN

Version

Protocol 1

MINIMIZE

This command minimizes the main Skype window into the system tray.

Syntax:

- -> MINIMIZE
- <- MINIMIZE

See also SET WINDOWSTATE command for more recent and universal version of the same functionality.

Note also that from version 3.6 the MINIMIZE command produces additional window state notification message in following format:

Skype for Windows 1.3

Notes

This command does not minimize other Skype windows, such as chat or filetransfer.

GET WINDOWSTATE

Returns the current state of the Skype main window. The WINDOWSTATE property is read-write, so you can cause the Skype main window to minimize to system tray, maximize, etc. with corresponding SET WINDOWSTATE command.

Syntax:

@→ GET WINDOWSTATE @

<- WINDOWSTATE NORMAL|MINIMIZED|MAXIMIZED|HIDDEN

Example:

- -> #1 GET WINDOWSTATE
- <- #1 WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- -> #2 SET WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- <- #2 WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- -> #3 SET WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- #3 WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- -> #4 SET WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- <- #4 WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- <- WINDOWSTATE NORMAL

Note that you also get these WINDOWSTATE notification messages when the window state was altered via UI, i.e. when a user clicks on minimize button in the Skype window, corresponding API notification event is generated.

This is also the reason SET WINDOWSTATE command receives two reply notifications. One is sent as direct reply to the actual API command, the second one is generated by the change in Skype window state.

NB! As seen in the example above, of those two notification events, in response to SET WINDOWSTATE only one comes with command identifier.

Version:

Windows version 3.6

SET WINDOWSTATE

This command causes the Skype Main window to change state. Note that this command only applies to Skype main window. Other Skype windows, such as chat windows or file trasfer windows are unaffected by this command.

Syntax:

@→ SET WINDOWSTATE NORMAL|MINIMIZED|MAXIMIZED|HIDDEN @

<- WINDOWSTATE NORMAL|MINIMIZED|MAXIMIZED|HIDDEN

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with command identifiers, then it might be important to know that only the first one of those notifications comes back with command ID (see example below).

Parameters:

- NORMAL resets Skype main window to previous manually adjusted size and position.
- MINIMIZED minimizes Skype window to taskbar NB! This does not put Skype to system tray, to minimize Skype to system tray use HIDDEN parameter.
- MAXIMIZED maximizes Skype main window all over the current desktop.
- HIDDEN minimizes Skype main window to system tray.

Example:

- -> #1 GET WINDOWSTATE
- <- #1 WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- -> #2 SET WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- <- #2 WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- -> #3 SET WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- #3 WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MAXIMIZED
- <- WINDOWSTATE MINIMIZED
- -> #4 SET WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- <- #4 WINDOWSTATE NORMAL
- <- WINDOWSTATE NORMAL

Version:

*Added in API version 3.6

OPEN ADDAFRIEND

This command opens the Add a Contact window. NB! Don't miss that "A" between "ADD" and "FRIEND".

Syntax:

- -> OPEN ADDAFRIEND [<username>]
- <- OPEN ADDAFRIEND [<username>]

Parameters

- target username is optional. If a username is specified, the window is prefilled with it.

Errors

ERROR 69 OPEN: invalid WHAT Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.0

OPEN IM

This command opens the chat window with prefilled message.



Response:

In response, open chat command feedback is generated, followed by with echoing back the original command (see example below).

Parameters

- <username> contact username to whom to send the message.
- <message> optional message body prefilled into the window. Note that this message is not actually sent
 – just pasted into chat window's input line.

Errors

- ERROR 69 OPEN: invalid WHAT Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 70 Invalid user handle
 Username is missing or contains not permitted symbols

Notes

The protocol 5 chat management commands and Skype for Windows 1.3 OPEN CHAT command are preferable to the OPEN IM command.

Example:

- -> OPEN IM echo123 this is a prefilled chatmessage
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 NAME #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657</p>
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 ACTIVITY_TIMESTAMP 0
- <- MESSAGE 1259 STATUS SENDING
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 TYPE DIALOG
- <- CHATMEMBER 1257 ROLE USER
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 MYROLE USER
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 ACTIVEMEMBERS anappo
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 MYSTATUS SUBSCRIBED
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 STATUS DIALOG
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 TIMESTAMP 1178793154
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 DIALOG_PARTNER echo123
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 MEMBERS anappo echo123
- <- CHAT #anappo/\$echo123;ebe5311cdd203657 FRIENDLYNAME Echo / Sound Test Service
- <- OPEN IM echo123 this is a prefilled chatmessage

Version

Skype for Windows 1.0

OPEN CHAT

Opens chat window for existing CHAT object.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN CHAT <chat_id>
- <- OPEN CHAT <chat_id>

Parameters

<chat_id> - existing chat identifier (Refer to SEARCH CHATS command).

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 105 Invalid chat name



Example:

-> OPEN CHAT #test/\$echo123;52c2750d8686c10c <- OPEN CHAT #test/\$echo123;52c2750d8686c10c

NB! From version 3.6 and later, opening chat windows (both from API and manually via UI) generate additional chat window open and close notification messages. Refer to the Chat notifications section for more information.

OPEN FILETRANSFER

Syntax:

- -> OPEN FILETRANSFER <username>[, <username>]*[IN <folder>]
- <- OPEN FILETRANSFER <username>[, <username>]*[IN <folder>]

Parameters

- <username> list of usernames to transfer file to;
- <folder> optional, filesystem folder for file selection window. If not specified, the file transfer window
 opens in the default directory.

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 108 user not contact
 Command is allowed for authorized contacts only
- ERROR 109 directory doesn't exist Given folder does not exist or user has no access to it

Example:

- -> OPEN FILETRANSFER echo123 IN C:\temp
- <- ERROR 108 user not contact
- -> OPEN FILETRANSFER myfriend IN $C:\times$
- <- OPEN FILETRANSFER myfriend IN C:\temp

Version

Skype for Windows 1.3

OPEN LIVETAB

Opens Live tab in Skype UI.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN LIVETAB
- <- OPEN LIVETAB

Version

API version 3.2 (protocol 7)



OPEN VOICEMAIL

This command brings the callhistory tab into focus and starts playing a voicemail. See OPEN VOICEMAIL command reference for details.

OPEN PROFILE

This command opens the profile window for the current user.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN PROFILE
- <- OPEN PROFILE

Errors

 ERROR 69 invalid open what Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN USERINFO

This command opens the profile window for a named Skype contact. Note that when the contact given in the parameter does not exist, a profile window is still opened, with an option to add <skypename> to user's contact list. Therefore, you cannot rely on feedback of this command to determine whether <skypename> is present in your contact list.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN USERINFO <skypename>
- <- OPEN USERINFO <skypename>

Parameters

<skypename> - Skypename of contact

Errors

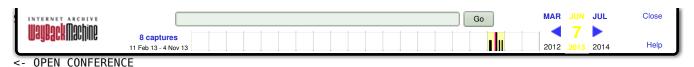
- ERROR invalid skypename
- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN CONFERENCE

This command opens the create conference window. Note that this command does not allow parameters.



Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN SEARCH

This command opens the Skype user search window. Note that this command does not allow parameters.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN SEARCH
- <- OPEN SEARCH

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN OPTIONS

This command opens the options configuration window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN OPTIONS <page>
- <- OPEN OPTIONS <page>

Parameters

<page>, possible values:

- general
- privacy
- notifications
- soundalerts
- sounddevices
- hotkeys
- connectionvoicemail
- callforward
- video
- advanced

Note that no error feedback is generated that when an erroneous page name is passed in the <page> parameter – the command will still be echoed back, it simply does nothing.

Errors



Skype for Windows 1.4

Note: OPEN OPTIONS video parameter was introduced in Skype for Windows 2.0.

OPEN CALLHISTORY

This command opens and sets the focus to the call history tab in the main Skype window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN CALLHISTORY
- <- OPEN CALLHISTORY

Errors

• ERROR 69 invalid open what Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

As of version 2.0.0.12, this command also works on Linux.

OPEN CONTACTS

This command opens and sets the focus to the contacts tab in the main Skype window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN CONTACTS
- <- OPEN CONTACTS

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

As of version 2.0.0.12, this command also works on Linux.

OPEN DIALPAD

This command opens and sets the focus to the dialpad tab in the main Skype window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN DIALPAD
- <- OPEN DIALPAD

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

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OPEN SENDCONTACTS

This command opens the send contacts window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN SENDCONTACTS <username> [<username2> <username3>]
- <- OPEN SENDCONTACTS <username> [<username2> <username3>]

Parameters

Whitespace separated list of Skype usernames of recepients of the contact list.

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 4 OPEN Empty target not allowed missing username parameter(s)

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN BLOCKEDUSERS

This command opens the blocked users tab of the Options window.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN BLOCKEDUSERS
- <- OPEN BLOCKEDUSERS

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN IMPORTCONTACTS

This command opens the import contacts wizard.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN IMPORTCONTACTS
- <- OPEN IMPORTCONTACTS

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

INTERNET ARCHIVE		Go	MAR JUN JUL	Close
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This command opens the getting started wizard.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN GETTINGSTARTED
- <- OPEN GETTINGSTARTED

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

OPEN AUTHORIZATION

This command opens the authorization request window for a given user.

Syntax:

- -> OPEN AUTHORIZATION <skypename>
- <- OPEN AUTHORIZATION <skypename>

Parameters

skypename of the user whose authorization is requested.

Errors

- ERROR 69 invalid open what
- Open target is missing or misspelled
- ERROR 117 OPEN User already authorized

Version

Skype for Windows 1.4

BTN_PRESSED and BTN_RELEASED

BTN_PRESSED command does not actually do anything useful. BTN_RELEASED command can be used to simulate keyboard events in Skype UI.

Syntax:

- -> BTN_PRESSED <key>
- <- BTN_PRESSED <key>
- -> BTN_RELEASED <key>
- <- BTN_RELEASED <key>

Parameters:

Parameter can have one the of following values:

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Note that during an active call, when either Call or Call Phone tabs are focused, BTN RELEASED command with parameter that is a valid DTMF code, will cause that DTMF code to be sent to the remote party of the call.

Version Protocol 5

GET CONTACTS FOCUSED

This command returns the skypename of a contact currently focused in Skype UI. Note that when more than one contacts are selected in SKype UI, this command only returns only one contact (the last one focused).

- -> GET CONTACTS FOCUSED
- <- CONTACTS FOCUSED <skypename>

Note that the <- CONTACTS FOCUSED response has the same syntax as automatic focus notifications.

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.1)

GET/SET UI_LANGUAGE

Following two commands are available to change and retrieve current interface language settings:

- -> GET UI_LANGUAGE
- -> SET UI_LANGUAGE <iso2>

Example:

- -> GET UI_LANGUAGE
- <- UI LANGUAGE en
- -> SET UI_LANGUAGE en
- <- UI_LANGUAGE en
- <- UI_LANGUAGE en
- <- UI_LANGUAGE en

Note that the <- UI_LANGUAGE <iso2> notification message is also generated by Skype when language settings get changed manually from the user interface.

NB! When the UI language is set via custom language file, GET UI_LANGUAGE will return "xx" (used to return "en" in versions prior to 3.5).

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

GET/SET WALLPAPERS

Following two commands are available to change and retrieve current interface wallpapers:

INTERNET ARCHIVE	Go	MAR JUN JUL Clos	se
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- -> SET WALLPAPER [<filename>]
- <- WALLPAPER [<filename>]

Note that the filename parameter must contain full path as well as file extension of the wallpaper file. The filename parameter must not be enclosed in quotes.

When SET WALLPAPER command is given without a parameter, it will remove current wallpaper.

Supported picture formats are PNG, JPG, and BMP

Example:

```
// Setting user interface background
-> SET WALLPAPER C:\Stuff\test.bmp
<- WALLPAPER C:\Stuff\test.bmp
<- WALLPAPER C:\Stuff\test.bmp
// Trying non-existing file..
-> SET WALLPAPER c:\Stuff\wrongfile.bmp
<- ERROR 111 SET File not found
//-----
// Retrieving background filename
-> GET WALLPAPER C:\Stuff\test.bmp
<- WALLPAPER C:\Stuff\test.bmp
//-----
// Clearing background filename
-> SET WALLPAPER
<- WALLPAPER
<- WALLPAPER
```

Note that the <- WALLPAPER <filename> notification message is also generated by Skype when the wallpaper is changed manually from the user interface.

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

SILENT_MODE

While in silent mode, the Skype client will no longer send out any visual notifications of calls, chat messages or other Skype events, although you will still hear ringtone when someone is calling you.

Syntax:

- -> SET SILENT_MODE {ON|OFF}
- <- SILENT_MODE {ON|OFF}

Example:

-> SET SILENT_MODE ON
<- SILENT_MODE OF
-> SET SILENT_MODE OFF
<- SILENT_MODE OFF

Silent mode can also be turned off by doubleclicking on the Skype icon in the System Tray. NB!

UAUDACKMACHINE		Go	MAR JUN	JUL Close
	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13		2012 2013	2014 Help

Note that when a user manually turns off silent mode from System Tray, SILENT_MODE OFF notification is sent out by Skype.

Note that switching silent mode ON will cause the Skype Client to pop a confirmation message, displaying the name of the application from which the silent mode request originated. This confirmation message will re-pop every time a third party application tries to enter silent mode.

Version Protocol 6 (Skype API 2.6)

Custom Menus and Events

In API version 3.0, it is possible to add your own menu items under !DoMore sections of Skype UI menus. When such menu items get clicked on by a user, notification events are sent back to application from which the menu was created. A companion functionality to this are Skype Alert Events – clickable notification event entries in Skype UI that you can add and remove from your own code.

Custom Menu Items

The custom menu interface provides commands, notifications and events required to create and manage custom menu entries in the Skype client. Custom menu items are automatically removed when the API client that created them is disconnected.

When a custom menu item is clicked by the user, notification event to the API client is fired. Each API client has its own specific menu items and each client only receives notifications from menu items it creates.

The menu items can appear in Do More sections of various menus across the Skype user interface. Which particular Do More menu receives the menu item is controlled by the CONTEXT parameter of the CREATE MENU_ITEM command.

Note that custom menus are currently only supported by Windows client.

Version Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

CREATE MENU_ITEM

Creates a custom menu item in one of the Do More menus of the Skype interface.

Syntax:

CREATE MENU_ITEM <id> CONTEXT <context> CAPTION <caption> [HINT <hint>]

[ICON <icon_path>] [ENABLED true|false] [ENABLE_MULTIPLE_CONTACTS
true|false] [CONTACT_TYPE_FILTER skype|skypeout|all]

Example:

- -> CREATE MENU_ITEM test01 CONTEXT contact CAPTION "TEST 01" ENABLED true
- <- MENU_ITEM test01 CREATED
- //-----
- // Following menu item will only be enabled for SkypeOut contacts
- -> CREATE MENU_ITEM test02 CONTEXT contact CAPTION "TEST FOR SKYPEOUT" CONTACT_TYPE_FILTER skypeout
- <- MENU_ITEM test02 CREATED

- CONTEXT controls in which one of the Do More menus the menu item will appear. Valid values are:
 - CHAT Do More button at the upper part of a Chat window. Note that the Do More button is disabled
 when there are more than two chat participants.
 - O CALL Do More menu at the upper part of the Call tab.
 - MYSELF Do More menu from the Personalize button on user's moodmessage tab.
 - o T00LS Do More sub-menu under the Tools menu.
 - CONTACT Do More sub menu from contact menu that can be opened by right-clicking on a contact.
 Note the Do More menu is disabled when more that one contacts are selected. The CONTACT key has three sub-keys:
 - SKYPE menu item will be enabled only for contacts with Skype accounts. The menu item will be grayed out for SkypeOut contacts.
 - SKYPEOUT menu item will be enabled only for SkypeOut contacts. The menu item will be grayed out for skypename contacts.
 - ALL menu item will be enabled for all sorts of contacts, in which case you can basically omit this key altogether.
- CAPTION Menu item text. Max 32 characters, enclose in quotes if the text contains whitespaces.
- HINT Optional and currently unused.
- ICON The directory path of the .PNG file of the menu icon. Maximum size of the icon is 32 × 32 pixels. Enclose in quotes. This parameter is optional.
- ENABLED true | false controls if the menu item is in enabled state. Menu item in disabled state remain visible in the menu but is grayed out and unclickable.
- ENABLE_MULTIPLE_CONTACTS Optional and currently unused.

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

DELETE MENU_ITEM

Removes a custom menu item. Note that custom menu items are removed automatically when the client application that created them is disconnected.

Syntax:

DELETE MENU_ITEM <id>

Example:

- -> CREATE MENU_ITEM test01 CONTEXT contact CAPTION "TEST 01" ENABLED true
 <- MENU_ITEM test01 CREATED
- -> DELETE MENU ITEM test01
- <- DELETE MENU_ITEM test01

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

SET MENU_ITEM

Syntax:

SET MENU_ITEM roperty> <value>

This command enables you to change following properties of a custom menu item:

- CAPTION
- HINT
- ENABLED

Example:



Note that you can only change MENU_ITEM properties one at a time. To change both CAPTION and ENABLED properties of a MENU_ITEM, you will need two SET MENU_ITEM commands.

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

MENU_ITEM click event

MENU_ITEM events are generated when a user clicks on a custom menu item. Note that each API client receives MENU_ITEM events only for menu items created from within their own code.

The message format is as follows:

```
<- MENU_ITEM <menu_id> CLICKED [<user_id>] CONTEXT <context>
[CONTEXT_ID <context_id>]
```

- The parameter is always returned as the ID of the menu item that was clicked.
- is only returned if the CONTEXT was either CONTACT, CALL or CHAT and contains the Skype name of the contact.
- · is always returned as CONTEXT of the menu item.
- is only returned if the context was either CALL or CHAT. In case of a CALL, returns CALL ID, in case of a CHAT, it returns CHAT ID.

Example:

```
//-----
// Context = MYSELF
-> CREATE MENU_ITEM test05 CONTEXT MYSELF CAPTION "TEST" ENABLED true
// -- clicking --
<- MENU_ITEM test05 CLICKED CONTEXT myself
//-----
// Context = TOOLS
-> CREATE MENU_ITEM test06 CONTEXT TOOLS CAPTION "TEST" ENABLED true
// -- clicking --
<- MENU_ITEM test06 CLICKED CONTEXT tools
// Context = CONTACT
-> CREATE MENU_ITEM test07 CONTEXT CONTACT CAPTION "TEST" ENABLED true
// -- clicking --
<- MENU_ITEM test07 CLICKED echo123 CONTEXT contact
// Context = CALL
-> CREATE MENU ITEM test03 CONTEXT CALL CAPTION "TEST" ENABLED true
<- MENU_ITEM test03 CLICKED echo123 CONTEXT call CONTEXT_ID 879</p>
// Context = CHAT
-> CREATE MENU_ITEM test04 CONTEXT CHAT CAPTION "TEST" ENABLED true
// -- clicking --
<- MENU_ITEM test04 CLICKED echo123 CONTEXT chat CONTEXT_ID #tester/$echo123;559a71c0ef9d758b
```

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

Skype Alert Events

Events, when created, appear in Skype UI on the right side of the mood message / profile panel



Parameters:

- EVENT <id> unique identifier, alphanumeric and must start with a letter.
- CAPTION <text> displayed name of the menu item, enclosed in quotes if it contains whitespaces.
- HINT <text> free-form text, enclosed in quotes if it contains whitespaces.

Custom events will be displayed on events tab as "Plugin messages". The CAPTION of the event will be displayed as a clickable link. Clicking on such link will generate a notification message in following format:

<- EVENT <id> CLICKED

Note that only the API client who created that particular event will receive such message.

The text given in HINT parameter will be displayed as hint, on mouse hover on the link.

Events remain in plugin message list as long as the API client that created them gets disconnected or are deleted from within API client code.

To delete events:

-> DELETE EVENT <id>

Example:

Version

Protocol 6 (API version 3.0)

Application to application commands

The AP2AP feature in Skype allows two API clients to exchange information without the communication being visible on the client. Application to application communication has the following characteristics:

- From Skype version 3.1.0.150 it is no longer required for users to be in each other's contact list to be able to
 establish AP2AP connections. The only requirement for AP2AP connections is that both users have to be
 online.
- From API version 3.0, you can establish AP2AP connections between several instances of Skype that are logged in with the same skypename.
- Connections are only attempted to connectable users at CONNECT.
- Connections are established only when there is a matching application on the other side.
- When connection is dropped by one of the parties, all undelivered (stream) data will be lost. This is typically
 a problem when connection to remote aplication is dropped by a stream sender before receiver has
 acknowledged that it has received entire stream.

- The stream write provides reliable transmission to deliver a large amount of data.
- The maximum amount of write to a stream can be 0xFFFF bytes long.
- Any character except 0×00 is allowed in a message.
- Datagrams are unreliable packets sent over a network (usually translates to UDP).
- The maximum size of datagrams is 1400 bytes.
- There is no guarantee that datagrams will be delivered.

Note: When connected to another user using application to application messaging, a user cannot install anything on the remote user's client without the express permission of the remote user.

Note on AP2AP streams:

With Skype4Com library versions prior to 1.0.28, re-entrant event handlers caused stream packets to be retrieved from receiving side in incorrect order. If you experience problems with packet order (and you are using Skype4Com library), make sure you upgrade it to version 1.0.28.

Another note on Skype4Com library:

Binary data transfers via ap2ap functionality of Skype4Com library can sometimes lead to data getting partially scrambled. To make sure your binary data is transmitted properly, we strongly suggest that you use base64 encoding to convert your data to strings before passing those strings to Skype4Com IApplication.!SendDatagram and IApplicationStream.Write methods.

The reason for this phenomenon is that due to how string parameters are handled when communicating with ActiveX objects, all Skype API commands that are passed to or retrieved from the Skype client by Skype4Com library are passed through UTF-8 encoding routine. This includes commands dealing with application to application datagrams and stream writes/reads. Those UTF-8 encoding routines occasionally produce different results, depending on additional language packs a user has installed in Windows.

For code example on base64 encoding/decoding algorithms, refer to A2AStreams.pas example linked below

Read an [#COMMAND_AP2AP_EXAMPLE application to application example] to get you started.

Skype4Com example:

- A2AChat.pas
- A2AStreams.pas

AP2AP CREATE

This command registers a new application object with Skype. Application name cannot contain whitespaces.

Syntax:

CREATE APPLICATION <appname>

Response

If successful, the command is echoed back

Parameters

<appname> : An arbitrary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data

Errors

- ERROR 536 CREATE: no object or type given
- ERROR 537 CREATE: Unknown object type given
- ullet ERROR 540 CREATE APPLICATION: Missing or invalid name



- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

AP2AP CONNECT

This command creates a stream from the application to another Skype user's instance of the same application.

Syntax:

ALTER APPLICATION <appname> CONNECT <skypename>

Response:

If successful, the command is echoed back

Example 1: no matching application on the other side

- -> #ID1 alter application test connect testuser <- #ID1 ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT testuser
- <- APPLICATION test CONNECTING testuser
- <- APPLICATION test CONNECTING

Note that only the initial feedback notification is echoed back with command ID.

Example 2: Matching application on remote was found

Parameters:

- <appname> : An arbitary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data
- <skypename>: The user to connect to this application

Errors:

- ERROR 546 ALTER APPLICATION: Missing or invalid action
- ERROR 547 ALTER APPLICATION CONNECT: Invalid user handle

Version:

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

Note:

If the user identified by <skypename> is logged in from multiple locations, a stream will be created to each location.

AP2AP WRITE



Syntax

ALTER APPLICATION <appname> WRITE <skypename>:<id> <text>

Response

If successful, the command is echoed back

Note: There is a bug in Skype 1.4 where, following an application WRITE event, Skype reports that the number of bytes sent is two characters greater than that which is actually written.

Parameters

- <appname> : An arbitary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data
- <skypename> : The name of the skype contact to whom the message will be sent
- <id>: The numeric identifier for the skype instance to which the message will be sent
- <text>: The text to send

Errors

- ERROR 546 ALTER APPLICATION : Missing or invalid action
- ERROR 550 ALTER APPLICATION READ: Missing or Invalid stream identifier

Version

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

Example

```
//Send "Hello world!" to user "testtest20" stream "1" (application "exe")
-> ALTER APPLICATION exe WRITE testtest20:1 Hello world!
<- ALTER APPLICATION exe WRITE testtest20:1
// The message has been queued for sending, message length is reported back
<- APPLICATION exe SENDING testtest20:1 14
// The message has been sent -- note missing stream ID from the end of response
<- APPLICATION exe SENDING
-> ALTER APPLICATION exe WRITE testtest20:1 1234567890
<- ALTER APPLICATION exe WRITE testtest20:1
<- APPLICATION exe SENDING testtest20:1 12
<- APPLICATION exe SENDING testtest20:1 12
```

AP2AP DATAGRAM

This command sends a datagram to the application stream.

Syntax:

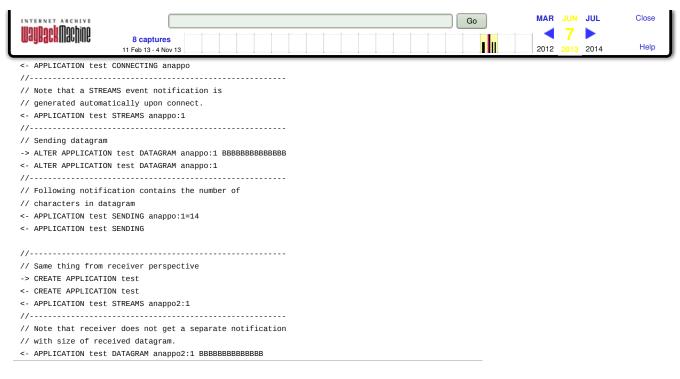
ALTER APPLICATION <appname> DATAGRAM <skypename>:<id> <text>

Parameters

- <appname> : An arbitrary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data
- <skypename>: skypename of the remote party
- <id>: stream ID
- <text>: datagram content (0×00 is not allowed, so to use this for binary transfers you need to convert the
 data to remove nulls, using base64 or base128 for example).

Example:

```
//----/
// Creating and connecting application
// (from sender perspective)
```



Errors

- ullet ERROR 546 ALTER APPLICATION : Missing or invalid action
- ERROR 551 ALTER APPLICATION DATAGRAM: Missing or invalid stream identifier

Version

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

AP2AP READ

This command reads data from an application stream.

Syntax

ALTER APPLICATION <appname> READ <skypename>:<id>

Response

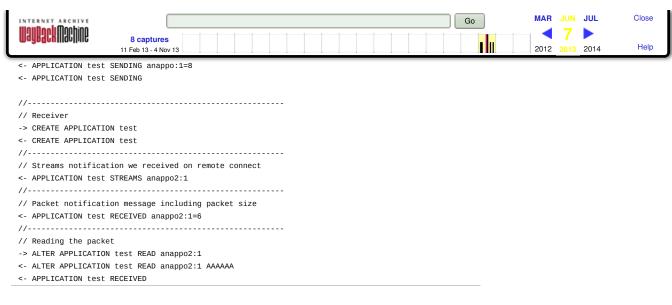
If successful, the command is echoed back

Parameters

- <appname> : An arbitrary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data
- <skypename>: skypename of the remote party
- <id>: stream ID

Example:

```
//----
// Sender
-> CREATE APPLICATION test
-> ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT anappo
<- ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT anappo
<- ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT anappo
<- APPLICATION test CONNECTING anappo
```



Errors:

- ERROR 546 ALTER APPLICATION : Missing or invalid action
- ERROR 550 ALTER APPLICATION READ: Missing or invalid stream identifier

Version

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

AP2AP DISCONNECT

This command disconnects a user stream from an application.

Syntax

ALTER APPLICATION <appname> DISCONNECT <skypname>:<id>

Response

If successful, the command is echoed back

Parameters

- <appname> : An arbitrary name to identify the application that will be exchanging data
- <skypename>:<id>: The user and stream to disconnect

Example:

Note that if you use re-connect to the same remote user after disconnecting, the part of the streams notification will increment itself.

- -> ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT anappo2
- <- ALTER APPLICATION test CONNECT anappo2



Errors:

- ERROR 546 ALTER APPLICATION : Missing or invalid action
- ERROR 548 ALTER APPLICATION DISCONNECT: Invalid stream identifier

Version

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

AP2AP DELETE

This command deletes an application and drops all connections to it.

Syntax

DELETE APPLICATION <appname>

Response

If successful, the command is echoed back

Parameters

<appname> : The name of the application to be deleted

NB! If your application had open connections to remote users, these users will not receive notifications when you delete that application.

Errors:

- ERROR 538 DELETE: no object or type given
- ERROR 539 DELETE: Unknown object type given
- ERROR 542 DELETE APPLICATION : missing or invalid application name
- ERROR 541 APPLICATION: operation failed

Version

- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

Application to application example

Jim and Joe are two users who installed "toru" application.

// register application on both sides

[JIM] => CREATE APPLICATION toru

[JIM] <= CREATE APPLICATION toru

[JOE] => CREATE APPLICATION toru

[JOE] <= CREATE APPLICATION toru

// JIM initiates communication to JOE

[JIM] => ALTER APPLICATION toru CONNECT joe

[JIM] <= ALTER APPLICATION toru CONNECT joe

// connection establishing ...

[JIM] <= APPLICATION toru CONNECTING joe

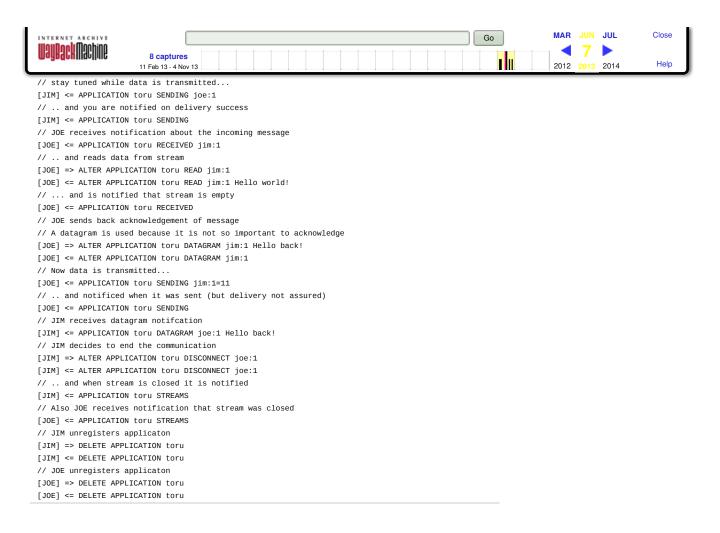
// .. and is successful

[JIM] <= APPLICATION toru CONNECTING

// .. and creates one stream

[JIM] <= APPLICATION toru STREAMS joe:1

// and JOE is notified by new stream



Voice Streams

Refer to CALL object for properties relevant to manipulating voice streams.

To change voice stream properties of a CALL object, there are three extensions of the ALTER CALL command:

```
ALTER CALL <id> SET_INPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

This enables you to set a port or a wav file as a source of your voice, instead of a microphone.

```
ALTER CALL <id> SET_OUTPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

Redirects incoming transmission to a port or a wav file.

```
ALTER CALL <id> SET_CAPTURE_MIC PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

Captures your own voice from microphone to a port or a wav file.

Note that as of version 3.5.0.202 redirecting of voice streams is also available for voicemails. Look for corresponding ALTER commands at the end of this section.

Example 1 - capturing incoming transmission

```
MAR JUN JUL
                                                                                                                         Close
                                                                                       Go
                                                                                                               8 captures
                                                                                                                         Help
                                                                                                     2012
                                                                                                              2014
                    11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13
-> call echo123
<- CALL 808 STATUS UNPLACED
<- CALL 808 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 808 STATUS RINGING
<- CONTACTS FOCUSED
<- CALL 808 VAA INPUT STATUS FALSE
<- CALL 808 STATUS INPROGRESS
//-----
// \ensuremath{\text{Ok}}\xspace , the call is now in progress and the helpful lady robot
// on the other side is talking. We can capture her voice to
// a wav file by issuing the following command:
-> ALTER CALL 808 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER CALL 808 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- CALL 808 STATUS FINISHED
//-----
// We now have a c:\test.wav file, containing the incoming transmission.
```

Example 2 – altering the source of the outgoing transmission

```
//-----
// Let's call the helpful robot again and play a little trick on her
// By altering sound input source, we can send her back her own voice
// that we recorded in our previous example.
-> call echo123
<- CALL 846 STATUS UNPLACED
<- CALL 846 STATUS ROUTING
<- CALL 846 STATUS RINGING
<- CALL 846 VAA_INPUT_STATUS FALSE
<- CALL 846 STATUS INPROGRESS
// Wait until the lady robot asks for you to speak, then set
// call input to a file instead of microphone.
-> ALTER CALL 846 SET INPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER CALL 846 SET_INPUT file="c:\test.wav
<- CALL 846 VAA INPUT STATUS TRUE
<- CALL 846 VAA_INPUT_STATUS FALSE
//-----
// If the sound from fail was sent correctly, you should hear
// the robot's voice in the playback phase of the call test.
<- CALL 846 STATUS FINISHED
```

Example 3 – capturing voice from the microphone

The relevant properties of a CALL object can be accessed in a following manner:

```
-> GET CALL 748 INPUT
```



Audio format File: WAV PCM

Sockets: raw PCM samples

1. KHz mono, 16 bit

Note:

The voice access API works with virtual audio cables (VACs) versions 3 and 4. However, users with VAC version 3.x may encounter distorted sound for the initial one or two seconds of a call.

When you redirect a port, Skype acts as a TCP client and goes looking for a TCP server on the given port. To receive voice stream data, you have to have your own TCP server running on that port.

Skype4Com example:

- VoiceStreams.pas Example of how to redirect voice streams to a TCP port.
- VoiceMail2WAV.pas Example on how to save voicemails into WAV files.
- VoiceMail2Port.pas Example on how to redirect voicemail output to a TCP port.

Version

Skype API version 2.6 (protocol 6)

ALTER CALL SET_INPUT

This enables you to set a port or a wav file as a source of your voice, instead of a microphone.

Syntax:

```
-> ALTER CALL <id> SET_INPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

```
<- ALTER CALL <id> SET_INPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" |
FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

Note that for now, the SOUNDCARD parameter only accepts one value – "default".

Example:

```
-> ALTER CALL 846 SET_INPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER CALL 846 SET_INPUT file="c:\test.wav"
```

Version

Skype API version 2.6 (protocol 6)

ALTER CALL SET_OUTPUT

This command redirects incoming transmission to a port or a wav file.

Syntax:

```
-> ALTER CALL <id> SET_OUTPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE LOCATION"
```

INTERNET ARCHIVE		Go	MAR JUN JUL	Close
WayBack Machine	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13		2012 2013 2014	Help

Note that for now, the SOUNDCARD parameter only accepts one value – "default". If this parameter is omitted or differs from "default", the soundcard output is muted.

Example:

```
-> ALTER CALL 808 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER CALL 808 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav"
```

Version

Skype API version 2.6 (protocol 6)

ALTER CALL SET_CAPTURE_MIC

This command captures your own voice from microphone to a port or a wav file.

Syntax:

```
-> ALTER CALL <id> SET_CAPTURE_MIC PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

```
<- ALTER CALL <id> SET_CAPTURE_MIC PORT="port_no" |
FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

Example:

```
-> ALTER CALL 889 SET_CAPTURE_MIC file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER CALL 889 SET_CAPTURE_MIC file="c:\test.wav"
```

Version

Skype API version 2.6 (protocol 6)

ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_INPUT

This enables you to set a port or a wav file as a source of voicemail's input instead of a microphone.

Syntax:

```
-> ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> SET_INPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE_LOCATION"
```

```
<- ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> SET_INPUT SOUNDCARD="default" | PORT="port_no" | FILE="FILE LOCATION"
```

Note that for now, the SOUNDCARD parameter only accepts one value – "default". If this parameter is omitted or differs from "default", the soundcard input is muted.

Example:

```
-> ALTER VOICEMAIL 146 SET_INPUT file="c:\test.wav"
<- ALTER VOICEMAIL 146 SET_INPUT file="c:\test.wav"
```

Version

Skype API version 3.5.0.202 (protocol 8)

ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_OUTPUT

Close

S captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13 -> ALTER VOICEMAIL <id>SET_OUTPUT SOUNDCARD="default" PORT="port_no" FILE="FILE LOCATION"</id>
<pre><- ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> SET_OUTPUT SOUNDCARD="default" PORT="port_no" FILE="FILE_LOCATION"</id></pre>
Note that for now, the SOUNDCARD parameter only accepts one value – "default". If this parameter is omitted or differs from "default", the soundcard output is muted.
Example:
-> ALTER VOICEMAIL 108 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav" <- ALTER VOICEMAIL 108 SET_OUTPUT file="c:\test.wav"
Version Skype API version 3.5.0.202 (protocol 8)
ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_CAPTURE_MIC
This command captures your own voice from microphone to a port or a wav file.
<pre>Syntax: -> ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> SET_CAPTURE_MIC PORT="port_no" FILE="FILE_LOCATION"</id></pre>
<- ALTER VOICEMAIL <id> SET_CAPTURE_MIC PORT="port_no" FILE="FILE_LOCATION"</id>
Example:
-> ALTER VOICEMAIL 189 SET_CAPTURE_MIC file="c:\test.wav" <- ALTER VOICEMAIL 189 SET_CAPTURE_MIC file="c:\test.wav"
Version Skype API version 3.5.0.202 (protocol 8)

Testing connections

This command can be used to test whether connection between your application and Skype is still alive. This command is not meant to query online status of remote users.

Syntax

PING

Response

If successful PONG is echoed back

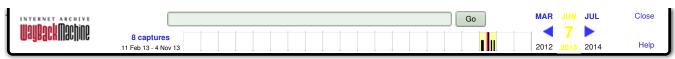
Version

Protocol 1

*

Note that from protocol 6 and onward, the PONG reply to PING is asynchronous.

Objects



USER object

NB! When you retrieve USER object records with SEARCH USERS command, the user profile data is guaranteed to be accessible with GET USER <user_id> commands only until another SEARCH command is executed. The reason for this is that big SEARCH commands can and often trigger Skype's internal garbage collection routine that can clear out the data retreived by previous searches.

The user object has the following properties:

- HANDLE username, for example: USER pamela HANDLE pamela.
- FULLNAME user's full name, for example: USER pamela FULLNAME Jane Doe
- BIRTHDAY user's birth date in YYYYMMDD format, for example: USER bitman BIRTHDAY 19780329.
- SEX example: USER pamela SEX UNKNOWN. Values:
 - O UNKNOWN user has not specified sex in personal profile.
 - O MALE
 - o FEMALE
- LANGUAGE name of language, for example: USER mike LANGUAGE English. In protocol 4 with the ISO 639 prefix, example: USER mike LANGUAGE en English.
- COUNTRY name of country, for example: USER mike COUNTRY Estonia. In protocol 4 with the ISO 3166 prefix, example: USER mike COUNTRY ee Estonia.
- PROVINCE example: USER mike PROVINCE Harjumaa.
- CITY example: USER mike CITY Tallinn.
- PHONE HOME example: USER mike PHONE HOME 3721111111.
- PHONE_OFFICE example: USER mike PHONE_OFFICE 3721111111.
- PHONE_MOBILE example: USER mike PHONE_MOBILE 3721111111.
- HOMEPAGE example: USER mike HOMEPAGE http://www.joltid.com.
- ABOUT example: USER mike ABOUT I am a nice person.
- HASCALLEQUIPMENT always returns TRUE. Example: USER pamela HASCALLEQUIPMENT TRUE.
- IS VIDEO CAPABLE possible values: True or False
- IS_V0ICEMAIL_CAPABLE possible values: True or False
- BUDDYSTATUS example: USER pamela BUDDYSTATUS 2. Possible BUDDYSTATUS values:
 - o 0 never been in contact list.
 - o 1 deleted from contact list. (read-write)
 - o 2 pending authorisation. (read-write)
 - o 3 added to contact list.
- ISAUTHORIZED (read-write) is user authorized by current user? Example: USER pamela ISAUTHORIZED TRUE. Values:
 - TRUE
 - o FALSE
- ISBLOCKED (read-write) is user blocked by current user? Example: USER spammer ISBLOCKED TRUE.

Values:

- o TRUE
- o FALSE
- ONLINESTATUS user online status, for example: USER mike ONLINESTATUS ONLINE. Possible values:
 - O UNKNOWN unknown user.
 - OFFLINE user is offline (not connected). Will also be returned if current user is not authorized by other user to see his/her online status.
 - O ONLINE user is online.
 - O AWAY user is away (has been inactive for certain period).
 - NA user is not available.
 - O DND user is in "Do not disturb" mode.
- SkypeOut user is in the SkypeOut contact list.
- SKYPEME (Protocol 2)
- LASTONLINETIMESTAMP UNIX timestamp, available only for offline user. Example USER mike



- o FALSE
- SPEEDDIAL (read-write) speeddial code assigned to user.
- RECEIVEDAUTHREQUEST text message for authorization request; available only when user asks for authorization
- M00D_TEXT mood text for user (mood text is only visible to authorised users; visible in Skype for Windows 2.0).
- RICH_MODD_TEXT advanced version of user's mood message. See SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT command for more information. Introduced in API version 3.0
- ALIASES <text> list of assigned aliases (aliases are only visible as a result of a direct match for alias search).
- TIMEZONE <offset> time offset from GMT in minutes; visible in Skype for Windows 2.0.
- IS_CF_ACTIVE whether the user has Call Forwarding activated or not. Possible values:
 - o TRUE
 - o FALSE
- NROF_AUTHED_BUDDIES Stores the number of authorized contacts in the contact list.

Most user properties are read-only. The following properties are read-write and can be modified with the SET command:

- BUDDYSTATUS
 - o 1 delete from buddylist
 - o 2 add user into contactlist and ask for authorization: SET USER echo123 BUDDYSTATUS 2 Please authorize me
- ISBLOCKED
 - o TRUE block user
 - o FALSE unblock user
- ISAUTHORIZED
 - O TRUE authorize user
 - o FALSE dismiss authorization for user
- SPEEDDIAL speeddial code assigned to user

PROFILE object

Use the GET PR0FILE command to retrieve profile information. The PR0FILE object has the following properties:

- PSTN_BALANCE (read only) SkypeOut balance value. Note that the precision of profile balance value is currently fixed at 2 decimal places, regardless of currency or any other settings.
- PSTN_BALANCE_CURRENCY (read only) SkypeOut currency value
- FULLNAME text
- BIRTHDAY yyyymmdd, 0 is returned if not set; no partial birthday allowed
- SEX MALE | FEMALE | UNKNOWN
- LANGUAGES [lang[lang]*] lang is a two letter ISO code (en, de, et)
- COUNTRY iso2 name, a two letter ISO code; name country name
- IPCOUNTRY GeoIP location, country code in two letter ISO format
- PROVINCE text
- CITY text
- PHONE_HOME text
- PHONE OFFICE text
- PHONE_MOBILE text
- HOMEPAGE text

- TIMEZONE Offset is given in seconds, according to this formula: (24 + offset_from _GMT) * 3600. For example, value of this property for Estonia (GMT+2) would be 93600 (26*3600).
- CALL_APPLY_CF To enable/disable call forwarding See Call forwarding
- CALL NOANSWER TIMEOUT Time out on call See Call forwarding
- CALL_FORWARD_RULES See Call forwarding
- CALL_SEND_T0_VM To enable/disable voicemail for forwarded calls See Call forwarding
- SMS_VALIDATED_NUMBERS A read-only property that contains a comma-separated list of phone
 numbers the user has registered for usage in reply-to field of SMS messages. See
 [#SMS_NUMBER_VALIDATION Setting mobile phone number on reply-to field in outgoing SMS messages]
 section for further information.

CALL object

The CALL object has the following properties:

- TIMESTAMP time when call was placed (UNIX timestamp), for example CALL 17 TIMESTAMP 1078958218
- PARTNER_HANDLE for example CALL 17 PARTNER_HANDLE mike. In case of SkypeOut and SkypeIn
 calls this property contains the PSTN number of remote party, prefixed by countrycode (+123456789).
- PARTNER_DISPNAME for example CALL 17 PARTNER_DISPNAME Mike Mann
- TARGET_IDENTITY This property is set when you a) have a Skypeln number and b) receive an incoming PSTN call. The value of call's target identity property is then set to your own Skypeln number. This property is not set if the incoming call is P2P. This property was introduced in API version 3.1
- CONF_ID if the CONF_ID>0 the call is a conference call, for example: CALL 17 CONF_ID 0
- TYPE call type, for example: CALL 17 TYPE OUTGOING_PSTN . Possible values:
 - INCOMING_PSTN incoming call from PSTN
 - OUTGOING PSTN outgoing call to PSTN
 - INCOMING P2P incoming call from P2P
 - o OUTGOING_P2P outgoing call to P2P
- STATUS call status, for example: CALL 17 STATUS FAILED . Possible values:
 - o UNPLACED call was never placed
 - ROUTING call is currently being routed
 - EARLYMEDIA with pstn it is possible that before a call is established, early media is played. For
 example it can be a calling tone or a waiting message such as all operators are busy.
 - FAILED call failed try to get a FAILUREREASON for more information.
 - RINGING currently ringing
 - o INPROGRESS call is in progress
 - ONHOLD call is placed on hold
 - o FINISHED call is finished
 - o MISSED call was missed
 - o REFUSED call was refused
 - o BUSY destination was busy
 - o CANCELLED (Protocol 2)
 - o TRANSFERRING Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)
 - O TRANSFERRED Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)
 - $\hbox{ \circ VM_BUFFERING_GREETING-voicemail greeting is being downloaded} \\$
 - $\verb| o VM_PLAYING_GREETING voice mail greeting is being played \\$
 - o VM_RECORDING voicemail is being recorded
 - o VM_UPLOADING voicemail recording is finished and uploaded into server
 - o VM SENT voicemail has successfully been sent
 - o VM_CANCELLED leaving voicemail has been cancelled
 - VM_FAILED leaving voicemail failed; check FAILUREREASON
 - WATTING_REDIAL_COMMAND This status is set when your outgoing call to PSTN gets rejected by remote party. This state was added in version 3.5 (protocol 8).
 - REDIAL_PENDING This status is set when you press redial button on the Call Phones tab of the Skype interface. This state was added in version 3.5 (protocol 8).
- VIDEO_STATUS Commands ALTER CALL VIDEO_SEND and RECEIVE ALTER CALL VIDEO_RECEIVE can be
 used to change call video status. Possible values of this property are:

- VIDEO_SEND_STATUS and VIDEO_RECEIVE_STATUS possible values of this property are:
 - NOT_AVAILABLE the client does not have video capability because video is disabled or a webcam is unplugged).
 - O AVAILABLE the client is video-capable but the video is not running (can occur during a manual send).
 - O STARTING the video is sending but is not yet running at full speed.
 - REJECTED the receiver rejects the video feed (can occur during a manual receive).
 - RUNNING the video is actively running.
 - STOPPING the active video is in the process of stopping but has not halted yet.
 - PAUSED the video call is placed on hold.
- FAILUREREASON example: CALL 17 FAILUREREASON 1 (numeric).
- SUBJECT not used.
- PSTN_NUMBER example: CALL 17 PSTN_NUMBER 372123123.
- ullet DURATION example: CALL 17 DURATION 0.
- PSTN_STATUS error string from gateway, in the case of a PSTN call, for example: CALL 26 PSTN STATUS 6500 PSTN connection creation timeout.
- CONF_PARTICIPANTS_COUNT number of non-hosts in the case of a conference call. Possible values are:
 - 0 call is not a conference. For the host, CONF_PARTICIPANTS_COUNT is always 0.
 - o 1 call is a former conference.
 - 2, 3, 4 call is a conference. Note that from 2.5 and upwards, Skype API manages conference
 participation in a slightly different manner. In newer versions, after the call is finished, the
 CONF_PARTICIPANTS_COUNT reports highest number of participants the call had at any given time.
- CONF_PARTICIPANT n the username of the nth participant in a conference call, the call type and status and the displayname of participants who are not the host. For example: CALL 59 CONF_PARTICIPANT 1 echo123 INCOMING_P2P INPROGRESS Echo Test Service.
- VM DURATION
- VM ALLOWED DURATION maximum duration in seconds allowed to leave voicemail
- RATE expressed as cost per minute (added in protocol 6).
- RATE_CURRENCY EUR|USD.. This property gets populated from currency selected in Skype account details
 – PSTN_BALANCE_CURRENCY property of the PROFILE object. However, the value of
 PSTN_BALANCE_CURRENCY can change in time (added in protocol 6).
- RATE_PRECISION the number of times to divide RATE by 10 to get the full currency unit. For example, a
 RATE of 1234 with RATE_PRECISION of 2 amounts to 12.34 (added in protocol 6).
- INPUT New in API version 2.6 Refer to Voice Streams section for more information. Can have following values:
 - o SOUNDCARD="default" default is currently the only acceptable value.
 - o PORT="port_no" the ID of the audio port (1..65535)
 - FILE="filename.wav" the path and name of the audio file.
- OUTPUT can have all the same values as INPUT property. Refer to Voice Streams section for more information. New in API version 2.6
- CAPTURE_MIC can have all the same values as INPUT and OUTPUT properties. Refer to Voice Streams section for more information. New in API version 2.6
- VAA_INPUT_STATUS true|false, indicates if voice input is enabled. New in API version 2.6
- FORWARDED_BY Contains identity of the user who forwarded a call. If the user who forwarded the call could not be identified then this property will be set to "?". New in API version 2.6
- TRANSFER_ACTIVE Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)
- TRANSFER_STATUS Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)
- TRANSFERRED_BY Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)
- TRANSFERRED T0 Refer to ALTER CALL TRANSFER command. Added in protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Notes

- Status values for voicemails (VM_xxx) and VM_DURATION/VM_ALLOWED_DURATION apply to calls which
 are forwarded into voicemail. This feature was introduced in protocol 5.
 Most call properties are read-only. The following properties are read-write and can be modified with the
 SET command:
- STATUS for call control. Possible values:

- SEEN sets call as seen, so that a missed call is seen and can be removed from the missed calls list.
- DTMF sends VALUE as DTMF. Permitted symbols in VALUE are: {0..9,#,*}
- JOIN_CONFERENCE joins call with another call into conference. VALUE is the ID of another call.

MESSAGE object

Version

Protocol 1, deprecated in protocol 3 and replaced by the CHATMESSAGE object.

Properties

- TIMESTAMP time when the message was sent (UNIX timestamp), for example: MESSAGE 21 TIMESTAMP 1078958218
- PARTNER_HANDLE for example MESSAGE 21 PARTNER_HANDLE mike
- PARTNER_DISPNAME for example MESSAGE 21 PARTNER_DISPNAME Mike Mann
- CONF ID not used.
- TYPE message type, for example MESSAGE 21 TYPE TEXT . Possible TYPE values:
 - AUTHREQUEST authorization request
 - O TEXT IM or topic set
 - CONTACTS contacts data
 - O UNKNOWN other
- STATUS message status, for example MESSAGE 21 STATUS QUEUED . Possible values:
 - o SENDING message is being sent
 - o SENT message was sent
 - FAILED message sending failed. Try to get a FAILUREREASON for more information.
 - o RECEIVED message has been received
 - o READ message has been read
 - o IGNORED message was ignored
 - O QUEUED message is queued
- FAILUREREASON for example MESSAGE 21 FAILUREREASON 1 (numeric).
- BODY message body, for example MESSAGE 21 BODY Hi, what's up?
 Most message properties are read-only. The following property is read-write and can be modified with the SET command:
- SEEN the message is seen and will be removed from missed messages list. The UI sets this automatically if auto-popup is enabled for the user.

CHAT object

Version

Protocol 3 (updated in protocol 7)

Properties

- NAME chat ID, for example CHAT #test_l/\$6a072ce5537c4044 NAME #test l/\$6a072ce5537c4044
- TIMESTAMP time when chat was created, for example CHAT #test_l/\$6a072ce5537c4044
 TIMESTAMP 1078958218
- ADDER user who added the current user to chat, for example CHAT 1078958218 ADDER
- STATUS chat status, for example CHAT #test_1/\$6a072ce5537c4044 STATUS MULTI SUBSCRIBED. Possible values:
 - LEGACY_DIALOG old style IM
 - O DIALOG 1:1 chat.
 - $\verb|OMULTI_SUBSCRIBED| participant in chat| \\$
 - UNSUBSCRIBED left chat

- TOPIC chat topic. Example: CHAT #test_l/\$6a072ce5537c4044 TOPIC API testimine
- TOPICXML set when a chat topic contains XML formatting elements (topic was changed with ALTER CHAT SETTOPICXML command) This property works in parallel with TOPIC property – when TOPICXML is set, the value is stripped of XML tags and updated in TOPIC.
- CHATMESSAGES all messages IDs in this chat, for example CHAT #test_l/\$6a072ce5537c4044
 CHATMESSAGES 34, 35, 36, 38, 39
- ACTIVEMEMBERS members who have stayed in chat, for example CHAT #test_1/\$6a072ce5537c4044 ACTIVEMEMBERS k6rberebane test_2 test_3
- FRIENDLYNAME name shown in chat window title, for example CHAT #test_l/\$6a072ce5537c4044
 FRIENDLYNAME Test Test XX | tere ise ka
- CHATMESSAGES list of chatmessage identifiers
- RECENTCHATMESSAGES list of missed/recent chatmessage identifiers
- B00KMARKED TRUE | FALSE (added in protocol version 6 / Skype API version 2.5)

Following properties were added to CHAT object in protocol 7 (API version 3.0):

- MEMBEROBJECTS contains the list of CHATMEMBER object IDs. Refer to
 - CHATMEMBER object for list of properties
 - GET CHATMEMBER command on how to access those properties.
 - O GET CHAT MEMBEROBJECTS command on how to get a list of chatmember object IDs for a given chat.
- PASSWORDHINT contains password hint text for the chat object. Refer to ALTER CHAT SETPASSWORD
 command on how to set chat passwords.
- GUIDELINES contains chat guidelines text. Refer to ALTER CHAT SETGUIDELINES command on how to set chat guidelines.
- OPTIONS bitmap of chat options. Refer to ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS command for more information.
- DESCRIPTION currently used only for hidden synchronization channels for managing shared groups.
- DIALOG PARTNER the handle of the dialog partner for dialog type chats (chats with two participants).
- ACTIVITY TIMESTAMP the UNIX timestamp of last activity.
- TYPE chat type with following possible values:
 - LEGACY_DIALOG no longer supported.
 - O DIALOG a chat with only two participants.
 - MULTICHAT a chat with more than two participants.
 - SHAREDGROUP a chat used for synchronization of shared contact groups.
 - LEGACY_UNSUBSCRIBED no longer supported.
- MYSTATUS user's current status in chat. Possible values are:
 - CONNECTING status set when the system is trying to connect to the chat.
 - WAITING_REMOTE_ACCEPT set when a new user joins a public chat. When the chat has "participants need authorization to read messages" option, the MYSTATUS property of a new applicant will remain in this status until he gets accepted or rejected by a chat administrator. Otherwise user's MYSTATUS will automatically change to either LISTENER or USER, depending on public chat options.
 - ACCEPT_REQUIRED this status is used for shared contact groups functionality.
 - PASSWORD_REQUIRED status set when the system is waiting for user to supply the chat password.
 - o SUBSCRIBED set when user joins the chat.
 - O UNSUBSCRIBED set when user leaves the chat or chat ends.
 - o CHAT_DISBANDED status set when the chat is disbanded.
 - QUEUED_BECAUSE_CHAT_IS_FULL currently the maximum number of people in the same chat is 100.
 - APPLICATION_DENIED set when public chat administrator has rejected user from joining.
 - KICKED status set when the user has been kicked from the chat. Note that it is possible for the user to re-join the chat after being kicked.
 - O BANNED status set when the user has been banned from the chat.
 - RETRY_CONNECTING status set when connect to chat failed and system retries to establish connection.
- MYROLE user's privilege level in chat Refer to CHAT ROLES section for more information.
- BLOB for public chats, this property contains encoded list of chat join-points. Contents of this field is used
 in public chat URLs.
- APPLICANTS this property contains list of skypenames of people who have applied to join the chat but
 have not yet been accepted by a public chat administrator. Users only become applicants when the chat has

CHATMEMBER object

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Properties:

- CHATNAME -
- IDENTITY -
- ROLE CREATOR | MASTER | HELPER | USER | LISTENER | APPLICANT Refer to chat roles for more information.
- IS_ACTIVE TRUE | FALSE
 - O TRUE indicates that the chat member has joined the chat.
 - FALSE indicates that the member has been added to the chat but has not yet acknowledged it.
 Normally occurs when the member who was added to a chat was offline at the time. Once IS_ACTIVE becomes TRUE, it will remain true.

Refer to GET CHATMEMBER command on how to access CHATMEMBER properties.

CHATMESSAGE object

Version

Protocol 3. Supersedes the MESSAGE object. Updated in protocol 7. Note that when your application connects to Skype, "PROTOCOL 7" command must be sent to Skype before your client can recognize new message types added in protocol 7. Connecting with default protocol (protocol 1) will cause new message types being reported as UNKNOWN.

Properties

- TIMESTAMP time when message was sent (UNIX timestamp), for example MESSAGE 21 TIMESTAMP 1078958218
- PARTNER_HANDLE NB! This property is deprecated since API version 3.0 and replaced with FROM HANDLE.
- PARTNER_DISPNAME NB! This property is deprecated since API version 3.0 and replaced with FROM DISPNAME.
- FROM HANDLE skypename of the originator of the chatmessage.
- FROM DISPNAME displayed name of the originator of the chatmessage.
- TYPE message type, for example MESSAGE 21 TYPE TEXT. Possible values:
 - SETTOPIC change of chat topic
 - O SAID IM
 - o ADDEDMEMBERS invited someone to chat
 - SAWMEMBERS chat participant has seen other members
 - CREATEDCHATWITH chat to multiple people is created
 - o LEFT someone left chat; can also be a notification if somebody cannot be added to chat
 - POSTEDCONTACTS system message that is sent or received when one user sends contacts to another.
 Added in protocol 7.
 - O GAP_IN_CHAT messages of this type are generated locally, during synchronization, when a user enters a chat and it becomes apparent that it is impossible to update user's chat history completely. Chat history is kept only up to maximum of 400 messages or 2 weeks. When a user has been offline past that limit, GAP_IN_CHAT notification is generated. Added in protocol 7.
 - SETROLE system messages that are sent when a chat member gets promoted or demoted. Refer to ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO command for more info on how to change chat member roles. Added in protocol 7.
 - KICKED system messages that are sent when a chat member gets kicked. Refer to ALTER CHAT KICK command for more information. Added in protocol 7.
 - KICKBANNED system messages that are sent when a chat member gets banned. Refer to ALTER CHAT KICKBAN command for more information. Added in protocol 7.
 - o SETOPTIONS system messages that are sent when chat options are changed. Refer to ALTER CHAT

CHAT SETGUIDELINES command for more information. Added in protocol 7.

- JOINEDASAPPLICANT notification message that gets sent in a public chat with JOINERS_BECOME_APPLICANTS options, when a new user joins the chat. See ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS command for more information on chat options. Added in protocol 7.
- O UNKNOWN unknown message type, possibly due to connecting to Skype with older protocol.
- STATUS message status, for example MESSAGE 21 STATUS QUEUED . Possible values:
 - o SENDING message is being sent
 - o SENT message was sent
 - o RECEIVED message has been received
 - O READ message has been read
- LEAVEREASON used with LEFT type message, for example CHATMESSAGE 21 LEAVEREASON UNSUBSCRIBE . Possible values:
 - O USER NOT FOUND user was not found
 - USER_INCAPABLE user has an older Skype version and cannot join multichat
 - ADDER_MUST_BE_FRIEND recipient accepts messages from contacts only and sender is not in his/her contact list
 - ADDED_MUST_BE_AUTHORIZED recipient accepts messages from authorized users only and sender is not authorized
 - o UNSUBSCRIBE participant left chat
- CHATNAME chat that includes the message, for example #test 3/\$b17eb511457e9d20
- USERS people added to chat
- IS_EDITABLE TRUE | FALSE Refer to SET CHATMESSAGE BODY command for more information on how
 to edit chat message text (B0DY) and on what conditions is such editing permitted. This property was
 introduced in API version 3.0
- EDITED BY identity of the last user who edited the message. New in API version 3.0
- EDITED_TIMESTAMP UNIX timestamp of the last edit. New in API version 3.0
- OPTIONS numeric field that contains chat options bitmap in system messages that get sent out when a change is made to chat options (messages where TYPE is SETOPTIONS). In normal messages the value of this field is 0. Refer to ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS command for more information.
- ROLE used in system messages that get sent when a public chat administrator has promoted or demoted
 a chat member. The TYPE property of such messages is set to SETROLE. In these messages the value of this
 field is set to the new assigned role of the promoted or demoted chat member. In normal messages the
 value of this property is set to UNKNOWN. Refer to CHAT ROLES section for a list of different chat roles and
 ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO command for how chat roles can be changed. New in API version 3.0

Most chatmessage properties are read-only. The following property is read-write and can be modified with the SET command:

- SEEN mark missed chatmessage as seen and removes chat from missed events.
- BODY message text. Note that this property was read-only prior to API version 3.0

VOICEMAIL object

Version

Protocol 5

Properties

- TYPE type of voicemail object
 - INCOMING voicemail received from partner
 - o OUTGOING voicemail sent to partner
 - DEFAULT_GREETING Skype default greeting from partner
 - CUSTOM_GREETING partner's recorded custom greeting
 - O UNKNOWN
- PARTNER_HANDLE username for voicemail sender (for incoming) or recipient (for outgoing)

- DOWNLOADING downloading from server to local machine
- O UNPLAYED voicemail has been downloaded but not played back yet
- O BUFFERING buffering for playback
- O PLAYING currently played back
- O PLAYED voicemail has been played back
- O BLANK intermediate status when new object is created but recording has not begun
- o RECORDING voicemail currently being recorded
- RECORDED voicemail recorded but not yet uploaded to the server
- o UPLOADING voicemail object is currently being uploaded to server
- O UPLOADED upload to server finished but not yet deleted; object is also locally stored
- o DELETING pending delete
- FAILED downloading voicemail/greeting failed
- UNKNOWN
- FAILUREREASON possible values
 - MISC ERROR
 - CONNECT ERROR
 - NO_VOICEMAIL_PRIVILEGE
 - NO_SUCH_VOICEMAIL
 - o FILE_READ_ERROR
 - FILE_WRITE_ERROR
 - RECORDING ERROR
 - PLAYBACK ERROR
 - O UNKNOWN
- SUBJECT not used
- TIMESTAMP
- DURATION actual voicemail duration in seconds
- ALLOWED_DURATION maximum voicemail duration in seconds allowed to leave to partner
- INPUT New in API version 3.5.0.202 Can have following values:
 - o SOUNDCARD="default" default is currently the only acceptable value.
 - o PORT="port_no" the ID of the audio port (1..65535)
 - \circ FILE="filename.wav" the path and name of the audio file.
- OUTPUT can have all the same values as INPUT property. New in API version 3.5.0.202
- CAPTURE_MIC can have all the same values as INPUT and OUTPUT properties. New in API version 3.5.0.202

SMS object

Version

Added in API version 2.5

Refer to Sending and managing SMS messages section for additional info.

Properties

- BODY SMS message text, read-write access
- TYPE Possible values:
 - INCOMING received messages. Note that as sending SMS messages to Skype numbers is currently not supported, this status is here mainly for future compatibility.
 - O OUTGOING sent messages
 - CONFIRMATION_CODE_REQUEST [#SMS_NUMBER_VALIDATION used for registering user's Skype ID as a reply-to number]
 - CONFIRMATION_CODE_SUBMIT [#SMS_NUMBER_VALIDATION used for registering user's Skype ID as a reply-to number]
 - O UNKNOWN for unknown reasons, the message type is unknown
- STATUS Possible values:

- SENDING TO SERVER the message is in process of being sent to serve
- o SENT TO SERVER the message has been sent to server
- o DELIVERED server has confirmed that the message is sent out to recepient
- SOME_TARGETS_FAILED server reports failure to deliver the message to one of the recepients within 24h
- o FAILED the message has failed, possible reason may be found in FAILUREREASON property
- O UNKNOWN message status is unknown
- FAILUREREASON
 - MISC_ERROR indicates failure to supply a meaningful error message
 - O SERVER CONNECT FAILED unable to connect to SMS server
 - NO_SMS_CAPABILITY recepient is unable to receive SMS messages
 - INSUFFICIENT_FUNDS insufficient Skype Credit to send an SMS message
 - INVALID_CONFIRMATION_CODE set when an erroneous code was submitted in a CONFIRMATION CODE SUBMIT message
 - o USER_BLOCKED user is blocked from the server
 - o IP_BLOCKED user's IP is blocked from the server
 - o NODE_BLOCKED user's p2p network node has been blocked from the server
 - O UNKNOWN default failure code
 - NO_SENDERID_CAPABILITY Set when a CONFIRMATION_CODE_REQUEST SMS message is sent
 with a mobile phone number containing country code of either USA, Taiwan or China. Setting reply-to
 number from Skype SMS's to your mobile number is not supported in these countries. Added in Skype
 version 3.5 (protocol 8).
- IS_FAILED_UNSEEN TRUE | FALSE To change this value from True to False, use SET SMS <id> SEEN command
- TIMESTAMP Unix timestamp (usually GMT)
- PRICE cost of sending the SMS message (integer value)
- PRICE_PRECISION 1|2|3.. the number of times the PRICE is divided by 10 to express ther full currency
 unit
- For example, a PRICE of 1234 with PRICE PRECISION of 2 amounts to 12.34.
- PRICE_CURRENCY EUR|USD..
- REPLY TO NUMBER reply-to field of the SMS message, read-write access
- TARGET_NUMBERS comma-separated list of SMS recepients (+number, +number, +number..), read-write
 access
- TARGET_STATUSES a string containing comma-separated list of recepients with message delivery status
 for each of them, in following format: "+number=status, +number=status." Possible values for target
 statuses are:
 - TARGET_ANALYZING
 - TARGET UNDEFINED
 - TARGET_ACCEPTABLE
 - TARGET NOT ROUTABLE
 - TARGET_DELIVERY_PENDING
 - TARGET DELIVERY SUCCESSFUL
 - TARGET DELIVERY FAILED
 - O UNKNOWN

APPLICATION object

Properties

CONNECTABLE – query connectable users. NB! From API version 3.0, this property enters the deprecation process.

-> GET APPLICATION appname CONNECTABLE
<- APPLICATION appname CONNECTABLE [username]*]

CONNECTING – query on-going connection process after the connection is established. Username is removed from CONNECTING list.

Wayback Machine	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13	Go	MAR 2012	JUN 7 2013	JUL 2014	Close
STREAMS – query o	pen streams (connections)					
-> GET APPLICATION <- APPLICATION appl	appname STREAMS name STREAMS [username:id[username:id]*]					
SENDING – query if removed from the S	currently sending any data. After the data is sent, the stream name is					
-> GET APPLICATION	appname RECIEVED					
<- APPLICATION appr	name SENDING [username:id=bytes [username:id bytes]*]					
, , ,	the number of bytes reported by the SENDING notification following an ITE is 2 bytes longer than that which was written.					
-> alter application	on exe write testtest20:1 w					
<- ALTER APPLICATION	ON exe WRITE testtest20:1					
<- APPLICATION exe	SENDING testtest20:1 3					
-> alter application	on exe write testtest20:1 1234567890					
<- ALTER APPLICATION	ON exe WRITE testtest20:1					
<- APPLICATION exe	SENDING testtest20:1 12					

RECEIVED – query if there is data waiting in received buffer. After the data is read from the stream, the stream name is removed from the RECEIVED list.

```
-> GET APPLICATION appname RECEIVED

<- APPLICATION appname SENDING [username:id=bytes [username:id bytes]*]

incoming datagram notification

<- APPLICATION appname DATAGRAM user:id text
```

Version

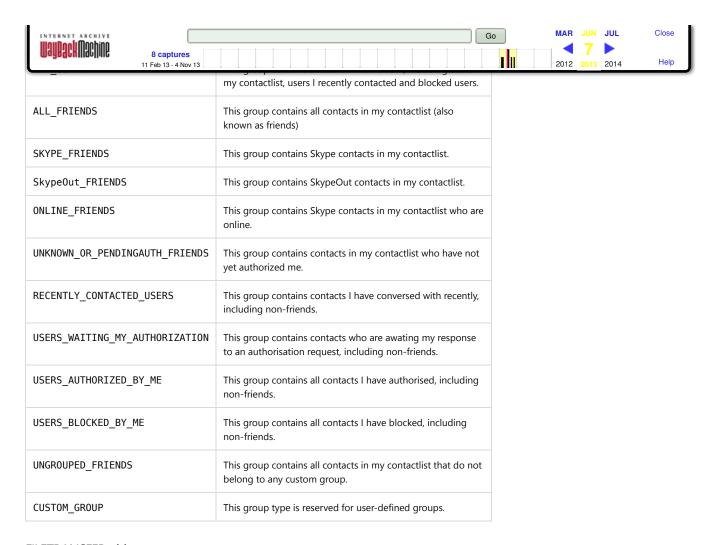
- Protocol 5
- Skype for Windows 1.4

GROUP object

The GROUP object enables users to group contacts. There are two types of GROUP; custom groups and hardwired groups. The GROUP object has the following properties:

- TYPE: {ALL | CUSTOM | HARDWIRED | SHARED_GROUP | PROPOSED_SHARED_GROUP}
 - ALL all groups. (new in API version 2.5)
 - $\verb|O| CUSTOM user-defined groups. \\$
 - ${\tt o \ HARDWIRED-"smart"}$ groups defined by Skype to manage groups.
 - SHARED_GROUP shared groups, with semi-automatic cross-authrization between contacts (new in API version 2.5)
 - o PROPOSED_SHARED_GROUP a group that has turned into a shared group and is waiting for accept/decline (new in API version 2.5)
- CUSTOM_GROUP_ID a persistent ID for custom groups which can be empty at the start of group creation.
- DISPLAYNAME the display name of the group (read-write)
- NR0FUSERS the number of contacts in this group (read-only)
- NROFUSERS_ONLINE the number of contacts online in this group (read-only)
- USERS the list of contacts in the group (read-only)
 Following is a description of all group types defined by Skype:

HARDWIRED GROUPS are described in the following table.



FILETRANSFER object

File transfer objects are for monitoring purposes only. No alters/actions via API are currently allowed with these objects. File transfers cannot be initiated nor accepted via API commands.

Values of all the properties can be accessed with GET FILETRANSFER <id><property name> commands.

Refer to SEARCH FILETRANSFERS and SEARCH ACTIVEFILETRANSFERS for getting lists of FILETRANSFER objects in the system.

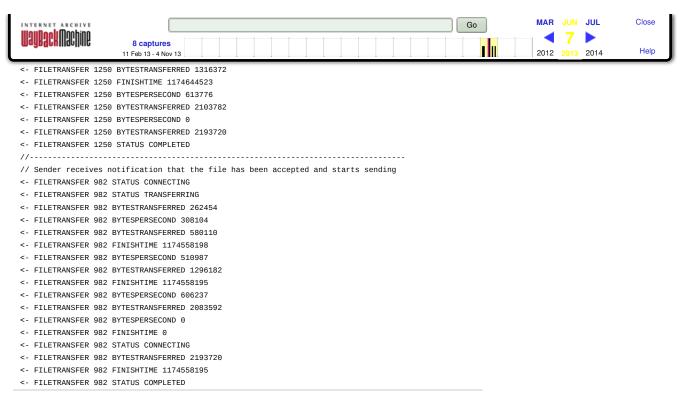
Properties:

- TYPE possible values are:
 - o INCOMING file transfer object from receiving side.
 - o OUTGOING file transfer object from transmitting side.
- STATUS current status of the object. Possible values are:
 - NEW initial state of a file transfer. For sender, the status proceeds to WAITING_FOR_ACCEPT.
 - WAITING_FOR_ACCEPT status set for sender until receiver either accepts or cancels the transfer.
 - CONNECTING is set for both parties after remote user accepts the file transfer.
 - TRANSFERRING is set at the start of the file transfer.
 - TRANSFERRING_OVER_RELAY set when no direct connection between sender and receiver could be established over the network. Analogous to TRANSFERRING.
 - PAUSED this status is currently unused.

- o FAILED file transfer failed to complete. Cause of the failure can be seen in FAILUREREASON.
- FAILUREREASON set when STATUS is set to FAILED.
 - SENDER_NOT_AUTHORIZED It is only possible to transfer files between users who have authorized
 each-other. As initiating file transfers to remote users who have not authorized the sender is currently
 blocked by UI, this FAILUREREASON appears to be unused.
 - REMOTELY_CANCELLED set when remote user has cancelled the transfer.
 - FAILED_READ read error on local machine.
 - FAILED_REMOTE_READ read error on remote machine.
 - FAILED_WRITE write error on local machine.
 - FAILED REMOTE WRITE write error on remote machine.
 - REMOTE_DOES_NOT_SUPPORT_FT Skype client of the receiver does not support file transfers.
 - REMOTE_OFFLINE_FOR_TOO_LONG the recipient of the proposed file transfer is not available (offline for longer than 7 days).
- PARTNER HANDLE remote user's skypename.
- PARTNER_DISPNAME remote user's display name.
- STARTTIME Unix timestamp of when the transfer was started.
- FINISHTIME while transmission is in progress the value is updated with estimated time of completion (0
 when no estimation can be given). When transmission is finished, the value is set to the timestamp of
 completion/failure.
- FILEPATH full path of the file being read or written in local file system. Includes filename and extension. *
 FILENAME filename (and extension) without path. This is also seen by the receiver before accept (default
 file name, from sender).
- FILESIZE file size, 64-bit numeric.
- BYTESPERSECOND transfer speed during file transfer. Becomes 0 after transfer is completed, failed or aborted.
- BYTESTRANSFERRED current nr. of bytes transferred (progress), 64-bit numeric.

Example:

```
// Sender initiates file transfer from UI
// Note that the file name in notification message is not enclosed in quotes.
<- FILETRANSFER 982 TYPE OUTGOING
<- FILETRANSFER 982 PARTNER HANDLE Test2
<- FILETRANSFER 982 PARTNER DISPNAME Test2
<- FILETRANSFER 982 FILEPATH C:\Stuff\This is test file.mp3
<- FILETRANSFER 982 FILENAME This is test file.mp3
<- FILETRANSFER 982 STATUS NEW
<- FILETRANSFER 982 FILESIZE 0
<- FILETRANSFER 982 STARTTIME 1174558044
<- FILETRANSFER 982 FINISHTIME 0
<- FILETRANSFER 982 BYTESPERSECOND 0
<- FILETRANSFER 982 BYTESTRANSFERRED 0
<- FILETRANSFER 982 FILESIZE 2193720
<- FILETRANSFER 982 STATUS WAITING FOR ACCEPT
// Remote user receives incoming file notification
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 TYPE INCOMING
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 PARTNER_HANDLE Test
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 PARTNER DISPNAME Test
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 FILENAME This is test file.mp3
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 STATUS NEW
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 STARTTIME 1174644373
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 FINISHTIME 0
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 BYTESPERSECOND 0
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 BYTESTRANSFERRED 0
\ensuremath{//} Remote user accepts the file from UI and starts receiving
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 FILEPATH C:\test\This is test file.mp3
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 STATUS CONNECTING
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 STATUS TRANSFERRING
<- FILETRANSFER 1250 BYTESTRANSFERRED 262454
```



Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

Managing object properties

Three commands are available for retrieving and modifing object properties and general parameters:

- GET general request command to retrieve object properties and general parameters
- SET to set object properties and modify general parameters
- ALTER to alter or perform an action with an object

General syntax

```
• GET USER <username> property
 |CALL <id> property
 |MESSAGE <id> property
 |CHAT <id> property
```

|CHATMESSAGE <id> property

|VOICEMAIL <id> property

• SET USER <username> property <value>

|CALL <id> property <value>

|MESSAGE <id> property <value>

|CHAT <id> property <value>

|CHATMESSAGE <id> property <value>

| VOICEMAIL <id> property <value>

See the corresponding object information for available properties and property values:

- CALL object
- USER object
- PROFILE object
- CHAT object
- CHATMESSAGE object
- VOICEMAIL object

GET USER

This command returns property values for a specified user.

Svntax

GET USER <username> property

Response

USER <username> property <value>

Parameters

- <username> Skype username to retrieve property
- property property name. Refer to the USER object information for list of properties.

Version

Protocol 1

Errors

- ERROR 7 GET: invalid WHAT Object name missing or misspelled
- ERROR 10 Invalid prop ID and/or property missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 8 invalid handle
 USERNAME missing or includes a not permitted character. Note: The GET USER <target>
 ONLINESTATUS command returns the response OFFLINE unless the current user is authorized by the target user to see his/her online status.

Example

-> GET USER pamela FULLNAME <- USER pamela FULLNAME Jane Doe

SET USER

Syntax

SET USER <target> ISAUTHORIZED TRUE | FALSE – allow/disable target to see current user's userstatus

 ${\tt SET\ USER\ <} {\tt target>\ ISBLOCKED\ TRUE|FALSE-block/unblock\ target\ user}$

SET USER <target> BUDDYSTATUS 1 – remove target from contactlist

SET USER <target> BUDDYSTATUS 2 <message> – add target into contactlist and ask authorization with message

GET CALL

This command returns property values for a specified call. See GET CALL command reference for more details.

GET CHAT

This command returns property values for a specified chat.



Response

CHAT <chat id> property <value>

Parameters

- <chat id> chat identifier;
- property property name.
 Available properties are: NAME , TIMESTAMP , ADDER , STATUS , POSTERS , MEMBERS , TOPIC ,
 CHATMESSAGES , ACTIVEMEMBERS , FRIENDLYNAME . See CHAT object description for detailed info.

Version

Protocol 3

Errors

- ERROR 7 GET: invalid WHAT Object name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 105 invalid chat name Errorin the CHATNAME parameter.
- ERROR 106 Invalid PROP Property name missing or misspelled.

Example

- -> GET CHAT #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65635359671 NAME
- <- CHAT #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65635359671 NAME #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65635359671

GET CHATMESSAGE

This command returns property values for a specified chat message.

Syntax

GET CHATMESSAGE <id> property

Response

CHATMESSAGE <id> property <value>

Parameters

- <id> chat message ID;
- property property name.
 Available properties are: CHATNAME, TIMESTAMP, FROM_HANDLE, FROM_DISPNAME, TYPE, USERS, LEAVEREASON, BODY, STATUS. Refer to the CHATMESSAGE object information for more detail.

Version

Protocol 3

Example

- -> GET CHATMESSAGE 60 CHATNAME
- <- CHATMESSAGE 60 CHATNAME #bitman/\$jessy;eb06e65631239671

Errors

- ERROR 7 GET: invalid WHAT Object name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 14 Invalid message id

Property name missing or misspelled

GET MESSAGE

This command returns property values for a specified message. This command is deprecated since protocol 3, and was replaced by the GET CHATMESSAGE command.

Syntax

GET MESSAGE <id> property

Parameters

- <id> chat message ID;
- property property name.
 Availableproperties are: TIMESTAMP (UNIX timestamp), PARTNER_HANDLE, PARTNER_DISPNAME,
 CONF_ID (not used), TYPE, STATUS, FAILUREREASON (numeric), BODY. Refer to the MESSAGE object information for more detail.

Version

Protocol 1, deprecated in protocol 3

Errors

- ERROR 7 GET: invalid WHAT Object name missing or misspelled.
- ERROR 14 Invalid message id
 ID includes other than numeric characters.
- ERROR 15 Unknown message

Message with specified ID does not exist in current user's message history.

• ERROR 16 Invalid prop Property name missing or misspelled.

Example

-> GET MESSAGE 159 TYPE <- MESSAGE 159 TYPE TEXT

GET APPLICATION

For information about the GET APPLICATION command, refer to the APPLICATION object information.

Managing general parameters

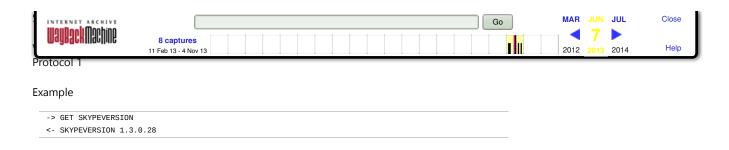
Use GET and SET commands to manage the general variables.

GET SKYPEVERSION

Syntax

GET SKYPEVERSION

Response



GET CURRENT USER

This command gets the username for the currently logged in user.

Syntax

GET CURRENTUSERHANDLE

Response

CURRENTUSERHANDLE <username>

Version

Protocol 1

GET USERSTATUS

This command queries or modifies user visiblity for the current user.

Syntax

GET USERSTATUS

SET USERSTATUS <value>

Response

USERSTATUS <value>

Parameters

<value> - new userstatus. Possible values:

- UNKNOWN
- ONLINE current user is online
- OFFLINE current user is offline
- SKYPEME current user is in "Skype Me" mode (protocol 2).
- AWAY current user is away.
- NA current user is not available.
- DND current user is in "Do not disturb" mode.
- INVISIBLE current user is invisible to others.
- LOGGEDOUT current user is logged out. Clients are detached.

Version

Protocol 1

Errors

• ERROR 28 Unknown userstatus Status value is incorrect or misspelled

Example

- -> SET USERSTATUS OFFLINE
- <- USERSTATUS OFFLINE

GET PRIVILEGE

Syntax

GET PRIVILEGE user_privilege

Response

PRIVILEGE user_privilege <value>

Parameters

- user_privilege possible values:
 - SkypeOut True or False
 - SkypeIn True or False
 - \circ V0ICEMAIL True or False

Errors

• ERROR 40 Unknown privilege
Privilege name is missing or misspelled

Version

Protocol 1

Example

- -> GET PRIVILEGE SkypeOut
- <- PRIVILEGE SkypeOut TRUE
- -> GET PRIVILEGE SkypeIn
- <- PRIVILEGE SkypeIn FALSE

GET PROFILE

This command queries the current user's profile information.

Syntax:

- -> GET PROFILE <profile_property>
- <- PROFILE <profile_property> <value>

Refer to PROFILE object for possible values of parameter.

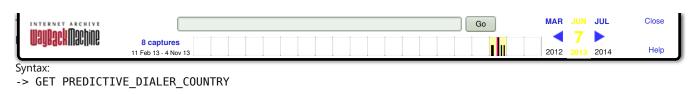
Example:

- -> GET PROFILE PSTN_BALANCE
- <- PROFILE PSTN_BALANCE 5000
- -> GET PROFILE PSTN_BALANCE_CURRENCY
- <- PROFILE PSTN_BALANCE_CURRENCY EUR

Version

Protocol 3

GET PREDICTIVE DIALER COUNTRY



<- PREDICTIVE_DIALER_COUNTRY <iso2>

Example:

-> GET PREDICTIVE_DIALER_COUNTRY
<- PREDICTIVE_DIALER_COUNTRY ee

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.1)

SET PROFILE MOOD_TEXT

The SET PROFILE MOOD TEXT command changes the mood text for a user.

Syntax

- -> SET PROFILE MOOD_TEXT Life is great and then you...
- <- PROFILE MOOD_TEXT Life is great and then you...

Version

Protocol 5

SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT

This is a "with bells and whistles" version of the SET PROFILE MOOD_TEXT command.

Syntax

- -> SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <text>
- <- PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <text>
- <- PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <text>
- <- PROFILE MOOD_TEXT <text>
- <- USER <username> RICH_MOOD_TEXT <text>
- <- USER <username> MOOD_TEXT <text>

Note that when this property is changed, it is also propagated into the old MOD_TEXT, with XML tags stripped. Corresponding properties of the USER object are updated as well.

When MOOD_TEXT property is set, the RICH_MOOD_TEXT property is automatically cleared.

Example:

```
//-
// For purpose of bit conservation we omit feedback notifications

SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT Smiley: <SS type="smile">:-)</SS>

SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <FONT COLOR="#FF0010">Red text</FONT>

SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <BLINK>Blinking text</BLINK>

SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT <B>Bold text</B>
```

<SS type="smile"></SS> also accepts following smileys:

smile, sad, laugh, cool, surprised, wink, cry, sweat, speechless, kiss, tongueout, blush, wonder, sleepy, snooze, dull, inlove, talk, yawn, puke, doh, angry, wasntme, party, worry, mmm, nerdy, lipssealed, hi, call, devil, angel, envy, wait, hug, makeup, giggle, clap, think, bow, rofl, whew, happy, smirk, nod, shake, punch, emo, no, yes, handshake, skype, heart, brokenheart, mail, flower, rain, sun, time, music, movie, phone, coffee, pizza, cash, muscle, beer, drink, dance, ninja, star, mooning, finger, bandit, smoke, toivo, rock, headbang, poolparty, swear, bug, fubar, tmi.

You can also get ideas for cute mood messages by looking at what others have done with theirs. To retrieve rich mood messages of other people, use GET USER RICH MOOD TEXT command.

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

GET USER RICH_MOOD_TEXT

Retrieves RICH_MOOD_TEXT of a remote user.

Syntax:

- -> GET USER <skypename> RICH MOOD TEXT
- <- USER <skypename> RICH_MOOD_TEXT <text>

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

GET CONNSTATUS (connection)

This command returns the current network connection status.

Syntax

GET CONNSTATUS

Response

CONNSTATUS <value>

Parameters

<value> - possible values:

- OFFLINE
- CONNECTING
- PAUSING
- ONLINE

Version

Protocol 1

Example

- -> GET CONNSTATUS
- <- CONNSTATUS ONLINE

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The SET command assigns a new audio input device for Skype.

Syntax

GET AUDIO IN

SET AUDIO_IN <device_name>

Response

AUDIO_IN <device_name>

Version

Protocol 1

Note

Setting a device with an empty name selects the Windows default device.

Example

-> GET AUDIO_IN
<- AUDIO_IN SB Audigy 2 ZS Audio [DC00]

AUDIO_OUT

The GET command returns the current audio output device for Skype. The SET command assigns a new audio output device for Skype.

Syntax

GET AUDIO_OUT

SET AUDIO OUT <device name>

Response

AUDIO_OUT <device_name>

Version

Protocol 1

Note

Setting a device with an empty name selects the Windows default device.

Example

-> GET AUDIO_OUT
<- AUDIO_OUT SB Audigy 2 ZS Audio [DC00]

RINGER

The GET command returns the current ringing device for Skype. The SET command assigns a new ringing device for Skype.

Syntax

GET RINGER

SET RINGER <device_name>

Response

RINGER <device_name>



Note

Setting a device with an empty name selects the Windows default device.

Example

-> GET RINGER <- RINGER SB Audigy 2 ZS Audio [DC00]

MUTE

This command gets or sets the mute status.

Syntax

GET MUTE
SET MUTE ON OFF

Response MUTE ON | OFF

Version

Protocol 1

Notes

If there are currently no active calls (call status INPROGRESS), MUTE is always OFF and setting MUTE ON has no effect.

Example

-> GET MUTE
<- MUTE OFF
// set mute when no call is active - mute remains OFF
-> SET MUTE ON
<- MUTE OFF

SET AVATAR

This command changes the avatar picture for the user profile.

Syntax

SET AVATAR <id> <filePath + fileName>[:idx]

Response

AVATAR <id> <filePath + fileName>

Parameters

- id avatar ID. This parameter is here for future compatibility purposes. Currently only one avatar is supported, so always set this parameter to '1'.
- filePath avatar file directory.
- fileName:idx avatar file may either be image or .skype file format. IDX refers to the content number in .skype file formats (0,..)

Version

- Skype for Windows 1.3
- .skype files are supported in Skype for Windows 1.4

- ERROR 114 Invalid avatar
- Avatar id is missing or invalid
- ERROR 111 File not found Avatar file specified does not exist
- ERROR 9901 internal error

Wrong type of file (for example an audio file or a document) is set to avatar

Example

- -> SET AVATAR 1 C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\My Documents\My Pictures\kitten.jpg
- <- AVATAR 1 C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\My Documents\My Pictures\kitten.jpg

GET AVATAR

This command saves user's current avatar picture in a file.

Refer to

- GET USER AVATAR command for how to save avatars of other users.
- SET AVATAR command on how to set your own avatar to a picture from a file.

Svntax

- -> GET AVATAR 1 <filename>
- <- AVATAR 1 <filename>

The file path given in the parameter must exist. An existing file with the same name will only be overwritten if it's empty (file size = 0).

Example:

- -> GET AVATAR 1 c:\stuff\test2.jpg
- <- AVATAR 1 c:\stuff\test2.jpg

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.1)

GET USER AVATAR

This command retrieves remote user's avatar picture from the picture cache and saves it into a file. Refer to SET AVATAR command on how to set your own avatar to a picture from a file.

Syntax:

- -> GET USER <skypename> AVATAR 1 <filename>
- <- USER <skypename> AVATAR 1 <filename>

The file path given in the parameter must exist. An existing file with the same name will only be overwritten if it's empty (file size = 0).

Example:

- -> GET USER anappo2 AVATAR 1 c:\stuff\userpic.jpg
- <- USER anappo2 AVATAR 1 c:\stuff\userpic.jpg

RINGTONE

The GET command returns the current ringtone file for Skype. The SET command assigns a new ringtone for Skype.

Syntax

- GET RINGTONE <id>
- SET RINGTONE <id> <filePath + fileName>[:idx]

Response

RINGTONE <id> <filePath + fileName>

Parameters

- id ringtone id. In the current release, the is always '1'
- filePath ringtone file directory.
- fileName:idx ringtone file may either be .wav or .skype file format. IDX refers to the content number in .skype file formats (0,..)

Version

- Skype for Windows 1.3
- .skype files are supported since Skype for Windows 1.4
- Querying ringtone status is supported since Skype for Windows 1.4

Errors

- ERROR 115 Invalid ringtone Ringtone id is missing or invalid
- ERROR 111 File not found Ringtone file specified does not exist

Notes

- If the Skype default ringtone is used, the GET command returns its name with no filepath.
- .skype may be used instead of .wav files and can contain multiple contents enumerated by integer IDs (idx).

Example

-> GET RINGTONE 1
<- RINGTONE 1 call_in
-> SET RINGTONE 1 C:/WINDOWS/Media/tada.wav
<- RINGTONE 1 C:/WINDOWS/Media/tada.wav

GET RINGTONE STATUS

This command queries if ringtones are enabled.

Syntax

- -> GET RINGTONE <id> STATUS
- <- RINGTONE <id> <0N|0FF>

Note that the parameter is there for possible future use and must for now be always set to 1.



Syntax:

*@→ SET RINGTONE STATUS ON|OFF@

*@<- RINGTONE ON|OFF@

Example:

- -> SET RINGTONE 1 STATUS OFF
- <- RINGTONE 1 OFF
- -> GET RINGTONE 1 STATUS
- <- RINGTONE 1 OFF
- -> SET RINGTONE 1 STATUS ON
- <- RINGTONE 1 ON
- -> GET RINGTONE 1 STATUS
- <- RINGTONE 1 ON

Note that the parameter is there for possible future use and must for now be always set to 1.

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.1)

GET VIDEO_IN

This command queries or sets the device to be used in video calls. See GET VIDEO_IN command reference for more details.

SET PCSPEAKER

If no speakers are connected to a PC, it is possible to hear incoming Skype calls only when wearing a headset. Use the SET PCSPEAKER command to switch the PC speaker on or off.

Syntax

-> GET PCSPEAKER
-> SET PCSPEAKER {ON|OFF}

Response

<- PCSPEAKER {ON|OFF}

SET AGC and SET AEC

NB! As of version 3.6 these commands no longer actually function. The API commands are still valid, for backward compatibility reasons, but turning echo cancellation or microphone gain off programmatically is disabled in the library.

Skype uses automatic gain control (AGC) to adjust microphone level to the volume the user speaks at. Skype uses automatic echo cancellation (AEC) to eliminate the echo that occurs if a microphone "hears" the other user's voice on the loudspeaker.

Important: Disabling these functions can impair call quality and is not recommended in standard implementations. However, some audio devices have in-built AGC/AEC mechanisms and, in these

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To query whether AGC	and AEC a	re on:											
_													
Syntax													
-> GET AGC													
-> GET AEC													
<u> </u>													
Response													
<- AGC { ON OFF }													
<- AEC { ON OFF }													
To set AGC and AEC o	n and off:												
To set AGC and AEC or	າ and off:												
	n and off:												
Syntax	n and off:												
-> SET AGC ON OFF	n and off:												
Syntax -> SET AGC ON OFF	n and off:												
-> SET AGC ON OFF -> SET AGC ON OFF	n and off:												
-> SET AGC ON OFF -> SET AEC ON OFF Response AGC ON OFF	n and off:												
-> SET AGC ON OFF -> SET AEC ON OFF Response AGC ON OFF AEC ON OFF Error codes		illnuck.											
Syntax -> SET AGC ON OFF -> SET AEC ON OFF Response AGC ON OFF AEC ON OFF Error codes ERROR 569 - GET AEC:	target not a												
-> SET AGC ON OFF -> SET AEC ON OFF Response AGC ON OFF AEC ON OFF Error codes	target not a invalid valu	ie											

Protocol 5

RESETIDLETIMER

This command resets the idle timer (the one that turns user's online status to "Away").

Note that there is currently no way of retrieving actual "Show my away when inactive for X minutes" setting from user profile. If you want to ensure the user status stays permanently online, it is sufficient to send RESETIDLETIMER every 59 seconds as it is impossible to set the auto-idle timer below 1 minute.

Syntax:

-> RESETIDLETIMER

<- RESETIDLETIMER

Version:

API version 3.2 (protocol 7)

GET AUTOAWAY

Returns the current state of automatic online status switcher.

SET AUTOAWAY

Sets the state of automatic online status switcher.

Syntax:

- -> SET AUTOAWAY ON OFF
- <- AUTOAWAY ON|OFF

Example:

- -> SET AUTOAWAY ON
- <- AUTOAWAY ON
- -> SET AUTOAWAY OFF
- <- AUTOAWAY OFF
- -> SET AUTOAWAY BANANA
- <- ERROR 53 SET AUTOAWAY invalid value

Notifications

Notifications are sent by Skype if an object changes or if the value of a property is requested with a GET command. Also, if a property value is changed by a SET command, the change is confirmed with a notification. Notifications occur in the same manner, whether the related change is initiatied by the Skype UI or by an API client. There are two main types of notification:

- Object notifications occur when an object is created (for example due to an incoming call or chat), if an
 object changes, or if a property is queried.
- Status notifications are broadcast by Skype after an initial connection is made or if a parameter changes.
 These notifications can be queried at any time with the GET command.

Object notifications

This section contains the Skype object notifications.

Call notifications

Call notifications are sent on incoming calls or when an active calls changes. Clients can monitor call events to detect incoming calls and act on them (for example, to answer automatically).

Syntax

CALL <id> property <value>

Parameters

Refer to the CALL object for available properties and property values.

User notifications

User notifications are the most frequent notifications and include last-seen timestamps and user property information.

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Parameters

Refer to the USER object for available properties and property values.

Note

User notifications are reported also for users who are not in the contactlist which the client can ignore.

Chat notifications

Chat notification is sent when a chat is created, chat properties or members change, or a new message is posted into chat. A new message also triggers a chatmessage notification.

Syntax:

CHAT <id> property <value>

Parameters

Refer to the CHAT object for available properties and property values.

In version 3.6 additional notification messages were added on chat window open and close events.

Syntax:

CHAT <id> CLOSED|OPEN

Example:

- <- CHAT #anappo2/\$anappo;87ba791d4025455c CLOSED
- <- CHAT #anappo2/\$anappo;87ba791d4025455c OPENED

Chatmessage notifications

Chatmessage notification is sent when a new message arrives. The client can monitor these messages to display received messages.

Syntax

CHATMESSAGE <id> property <value> MESSAGE <id> property <value>

Parameters

Refer to the CHATMESSAGE object for available properties and property values.

Notes

The MESSAGE command is deprecated in Protocol 3

Voicemail notifications

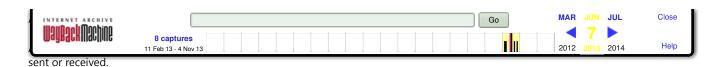
Voicemail notification is sent when a new voicemail is received or recorded.

Syntax

VOICEMAIL <id> property <value>

Parameters

Refer to the VOICEMAIL object for available properties and property values.



Syntax

APPLICATION <appname> property <value>

Parameters

Refer to the APPLICATION object for available properties and property values.

Status notifications

This section contains the Skype status notifications.

Callhistory change notification

This notification occurs when call history changes and needs to be reloaded. This change occurs when the call history or a selection of it has been deleted.

Syntax

CALLHISTORYCHANGED

Instant message history change

This notification occurs when instant message history changes and needs to be reloaded. It occurs only when all IM history is deleted.

Syntax

IMHISTORYCHANGED

Contactlist change notification

This notification occurs if a user is added to or deleted from contacts or has authorized the current user as a contact.

Syntax

USER <username> BUDDYSTATUS <status>

Parameters

Refer to the USER object for available status values.

Example

```
// User has been added to contacts, pending authorisation.
<- USER pamela BUDDYSTATUS 2
// User has authorized current user
<- USER pamela BUDDYSTATUS 3
// User has been deleted from contacts.
<- USER pamela BUDDYSTATUS 1
```

Contact group change notification

This notification is sent when GROUP USERS changes – when a user comes online or goes offline.

INTERNET ARCHIVE									Go	MAR	JUN	JUL	Close
WayBack Machine	8 captures 11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13								ılıı	2012	2013	2014	Help
Example:													
<- GROUP 56 NROFUSE	RS 19												
<- USER test ONLINE	STATUS OFFLINE												

Version

Protocol 7 (API version 3.0)

User status notification

Syntax

USERSTATUS status

Parameters

status – value for user status. Possible values:

- UNKNOWN no status information for current user.
- ONLINE current user is online.
- OFFLINE current user is offline.
- SKYPEME current user is in "Skype Me" mode (Protocol 2).
- AWAY current user is away.
- NA current user is not available.
- DND current user is in "Do not disturb" mode.
- INVISIBLE current user is invisible to others.
- L0GGED0UT current user is logged out. Clients are detached.

Connection status

Syntax

CONNSTATUS status

Parameters

status – value for connection status. Possible values:

- OFFLINE
- CONNECTING
- PAUSING
- ONLINE
- LOGGEDOUT current user is logged out.

Current user handle

Syntax

CURRENTUSERHANDLE <username>

Example

CURRENTUSERHANDLE banana

Contact list focus nofication

This notification occurs when contactlist focus changes:

Syntax



Error codes

Skype sends an error response when it encounters an issue such as incorrect commands or internal inconsistencies. The error code is a number that uniquely identifies the error condition and the DESC is an optional brief description of the issue.

Currently the following error codes are defined:

Code	Description	Possible reasons
1	General syntax error	Command missing (e.g. " " sent as command)
2	Unknown command	Command spelled incorrect (e.g. "GRT" send instead of "GET")
3	Search: unknown WHAT	Search target is missing or misspelled
4	Empty target not allowed	&nspb
5	Search CALLS: invalid target	An unpermitted character (e.g. "!", "#", "\$" etc.) was used in the target username.
6	SEARCH MISSEDCALLS: target not allowed	e.g. "SEARCH MISSEDCALLS echo123"
7	GET: invalid WHAT	Object/property name missing or misspelled
8	Invalid user handle	USERNAME missing or includes a not permitted character (e.g. "GET USER! HANDLE")
9	Unknown user	
10	Invalid PROP	Property name and/or ID missing or misspelled
11	Invalid call id	Call ID missing or misspelled (must be a numeric value)
12	Unknown call	Nonexistant call ID used
13	Invalid PROP	Returned to command GET CALL id PARTNER_DISPLAYNAME. Property name missing or misspelled
14	Invalid message id	GET – Message ID missing or misspelled (must be a numeric value)
15	Unknown message	Nonexistant message ID used in GET command
16	Invalid PROP	Returned to command GET MESSAGE id PARTNER_DISPLAYNAME. Property name missing or misspelled
17	(Not in use)	
18	SET: invalid WHAT	Property name missing or misspelled

	RNET ARCHIVE Back Machine 8 captures	G		MAR JUN JUL	Close
_	11 Feb 13 - 4 Nov 13	Non-victory will ID your	<u> </u>	2012 2013 2014	Help
20	Unknown call	Nonexistant call ID used			
21	Unknown/disallowed call prop	SET CALL value incorrect or misspelled (e.g. "SET CALL 15 STATUS ONHOL")			
22	Cannot hold this call at the moment	Trying to hold a call that is not in progress.			
23	Cannot resume this call at the moment	Trying to resume/answer a call that is not in progress.			
24	Cannot hangup inactive call	Trying to hang up a call that is not in progress.			
25	Unknown WHAT	Property name missing or misspelled (e.g. "SET CALL 15 STATU ONHOLD")			
26	Invalid user handle	Target username missing or includes not permitted symbols (e.g. "MESSAGE ")			
27	Invalid version number	Invalid protocol number (e.g. "PROTOCOL -12,9")			
28	Unknown userstatus	Unknown or misspelled value for user status (e.g. "SET USERSTATUS RICH")			
29	SEARCH what: target not allowed	Target is not permitted; e.g. "SEARCH MISSEDMESSAGES echo123"			
30	Invalid message id	SET – Message ID missing or misspelled (must be a numeric value)			
31	Unknown message id	Nonexistant message ID used in SET command			
32	Invalid WHAT	Property missing or misspelled			
33	invalid parameter	Unknown or misspelled value for mute (e.g. "SET MUTE O")			
34	invalid user handle	Target username/number missing (e.g. "CALL ")			
35	Not connected				
36	Not online				
37	Not connected				
38	Not online				
39	user blocked	Destination user is blocked by caller. Also given, if trying to call to a blocked user			
40	Unknown privilege	Privilege is either misspelled or does not exist (e.g. "GET PRIVILEGE SkypeOut").			
41	Call not active	Trying to send DTMF, when call is not active.			
42	Invalid DTMF code	Invalid DTMF code is sent. Valid symbols for DTMF codes are {09,#,*}			

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50	cannot set device	An error occurred when changing audio device	
51	invalid parameter	Parameter to READY command is not YES or NO	
52	invalid parameter	Parameter to HOOK command is not ON or OFF. NB! HOOK command is no longer supported or relevant.	
53	invalid value	Parameter to SET AUTOAWAY is not ON or OFF	
66	Not connected	Skype is not connected i.e. user status is "LOGGEDOUT"	
67	Target not allowed with SEARCH FRIENDS	SEARCH FRIENDS had a parameter	
68	Access denied		
69	Invalid open what	OPEN command had missing or misspelled TARGET e.g. "OPEN IN"	
70	Invalid handle	OPEN IM parameter USERNAME is missing or contains not permitted symbols	
71	Invalid conference participant NO	Conference participant's number is either too large or invalid.	
72	Cannot create conference		
73	too many participants	Conference is initiated to more than 4 people.	
74	Invalid key	Key name in BTN_PRESSED or BTN_RELEASED command is invalid	
91	call error	Cannot call an emergency number	
92	call error	The called number is not a valid PSTN number	
93	call error	Invalid Skype Name	
94	call error	Cannot call yourself	
95	Internal error	Destination user is blocked by caller right after call initialization	
96	Internal error	An outgoing call exists in ROUTING/RINGING /EARLYMEDIA state	
97	Internal error	Internal error	
98	Internal error	Internal error	
99	Internal error	Internal error	
100	Internal error	Internal error	
101	Internal error	A call to the destination user is already ongoing	
103	Cannot hold	Internal error	
		·	

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106	Invalid PROP	Property name missing or misspelled for CHAT or CHATMESSAGE			
107	Target not allowed with CHATS	No parameters allowed to SEARCH CHATS			
108	User not contact	TRANSFER can only be initiated to contacts			
109	directory doesn't exist	Directory given as a parameter to TRANSFER command does not exist			
110	No voicemail capability	User given as a parameter to VOICEMAIL command doesn't have voicemail capability			
111	File not found	File given as argument to SET AVATAR or SET RINGTONE command doesn't exist			
112	Too many targets	Number of target users for OPEN FILETRANSFER command exceeds simultaneous filetransfer limit			
113	Close: invalid WHAT	Invalid argument to CLOSE command			
114	Invalid avatar	GET or SET AVATAR avatar index invalid			
115	Invalid ringtone	GET or SET RINGTONE ringtone index invalid			
500	CHAT: Invalid chat name given				
501	CHAT: No chat found for given chat				
502	CHAT: No action name given				
503	CHAT: Invalid or unknown action				
504	CHAT: action failed				
505	CHAT: LEAVE does not take arguments				
506	CHAT: ADDMEMBERS: invalid/missing user handle(s) as arguments				
507	CHAT: CREATE: invalid/missing user handle(s) as argument				
508	CHAT: CREATE: opening a dialog to the given user failed				
509	No chat name given				
510	Invalid/uknown chat name given				
511	Sending a message to chat failes				
512	Invalid voicemail id				
513	Invalid voicemail object				
514	No voicemail property given				

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-47								
517	Changing ISAUTHORIZED/ISBLOCKED failed							
518	Invalid status given for BUDDYSTATUS							
519	Updating BUDDYSTATUS failed							
520	CLEAR needs a target							
521	Invalid/unknown CLEAR target							
522	CLEAR CHATHISTORY takes no arguments							
523	CLEAR VOICEMAILHISTORY takes no arguments							
524	CLEAR CALLHISTORY: missing target argument							
525	CLEAR CALLHISTORY: invalid handle argument							
526	ALTER: no object type given							
527	ALTER: unknown object type given							
528	VOICEMAIL: No proper voicemail ID given							
529	VOICEMAIL: Invalid voicemail ID given							
530	VOICEMAIL: No action given							
531	VOICEMAIL: Action failed							
532	VOICEMAIL: Unknown action							
534	SEARCH GREETING: invalid handle							
535	SEARCH GREETING: unable to get greeting							
536	CREATE: no object type given							
537	CREATE : Unknown object type given.							
538	DELETE : no object type given.							
539	DELETE: unknown object type given.							
540	CREATE APPLICATION : missing of invalid name.							
541	APPLICATION : Operation Failed.							
542	DELETE APPLICATION : missing or invalid application name.							

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544	GET APPLICATION : missing or invalid property name.										
545	ALTER APPLICATION : missing or invalid action.										
546	ALTER APPLICATION : Missing or invalid action										
547	ALTER APPLICATION CONNECT: Invalid user handle										
548	ALTER APPLICATION DISCONNECT: Invalid stream identifier										
549	ALTER APPLICATION WRITE : Missing or invalid stream identifier										
550	ALTER APPLICATION READ : Missing or invalid stream identifier										
551	ALTER APPLICATION DATAGRAM : Missing or invalid stream identifier										
552	SET PROFILE : invalid property profile given										
553	SET PROFILE CALL_SEND_TO_VM: no voicemail privledge, can't forward to voicemail.										
555	CALL: No proper call ID given										
556	CALL: Invalid call ID given"										
557	CALL: No action given										
558	CALL: Missing or invalid arguments										
559	CALL: Action failed										
560	CALL: Unknown action										
561	SEARCH GROUPS: invalid target"										
562	SEARCH GROUPS: Invalid group id										
563	SEARCH GROUPS: Invalid group object										
564	SEARCH GROUPS: Invalid group property given										
569	GET AEC: target not allowed"										
570	SET AEC: invalid value"										
571	GET AGC: target not allowed"										
572	SET AGC: invalid value"										



Skype URI handler

Although not part of the Skype Desktop API, Skype 1.4 and later include a set of useful commands which can be initiated using the skype URI handler.

General syntax

```
SKYPE URI
           = "skype:" [targets] ["?" query ] ["#" fragment ]
targets
            = 1* (target / ";" )
target
            = identity / PSTN
identity
            = skypename / alias
skypename = 1*(ALPHA / DIGIT / "." / "," )
skypenames = 1*(skypename / ";")
alias
           = ...; see ["TechGroup/DataFormats"]
; unicode chars are in UTF-8 and % encoded; see RFC3987 uchar mapping
           = "+" (DIGIT / ALPHA ) *(DIGIT / ALPHA / "-" ) ; supports +800-FLOWERS
PSTN
query
            = action [ *( "?" term "=" conditon ) ]
            = 1*ALPHA
term
            = 1*unserved ; to be clarified
condition
            = 1*unserved
                          ; to be clarified
fragment
```

Skype for Windows 1.4 version handles the following

```
skvpe:
                                             : focus / open skype UI
skype:[targets]
                                             ; take default double-click action on contact
skype:[targets]?call
                                            ; call to target(s): can be skypename, alias or PSTN
skype:[skypenames]?chat
                                            ; start chat/multichat with skypename(s)
skype:[skypename]?voicemail
                                             ; leave voicemail to skypename
skype:[skypename]?add
                                             ; add skypename to contactlist; show authorization
dialog
skype:[skypename]?add&displayname=customname; add contact dialog with pre-set displayname
skype:[skypenames]?sendfile
                                           ; open sendfile dialog to skypenames
skype:[skypename]?userinfo
                                            ; show info (profile) for [username]
skype:[skypename]?chat&topic=[topic]
                                            ; opens chat with pre-set topic;
skype:?chat&id=[id][#time]
                                            ; open existing multichat with [id];
; time: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssTZ / YYYY-MM-DDZhh:mm:ss
```

Examples

- [skype:echo123 skype:echo123]
- [skype:echo123?call skype:echo123?call]
- [skype:echo123?chat skype:echo123?chat]
- [skype:echo123?chat&topic=Test skype:echo123 chat with pre-set topic]
- [skype:echo123?add&displayname=Skype%20Test%Call skype:echo123 add contact as Skype Test Call]

Notice that there is no "//" in skype: URI – skype://echo123 does not work.

Release Notes

Skype 4.0 GOLD Release Notes

Date: 2009-01-22

While the Windows 4.0 client release does not bring any new features to the Desktop API, it does present a major UI overhaul. As a result, some parts of the Desktop API that had dependencies in the UI are no longer functional – the corresponding UI parts having been removed or not yet



Here is the list:

Skype Alert Events

The entire custom events system is currently unavailable.

- CREATE EVENT unavailable.
- DELETE EVENT unavailable.

Skype Custom Menus

In 3.x the create menu command had four different contexts, where the custom menu Items could be created in: CALL, MYSELF, TOOLS, CONTACT. Currently only TOOLS context remains functional.

.

- CREATE MENU_ITEM <ID> CONTEXT CALL CAPTION <text> unavailable.
- CREATE MENU_ITEM <ID> CONTEXT MYSELF CAPTION <text> unavailable.
- CREATE MENU_ITEM <ID> CONTEXT CONTACT CAPTION <text> unavailable.

Send Contacts

• OPEN SENDCONTACTS - unavailable.

Skype 3.6. Release Notes

Date: 2007-10-03

New notification messages:

CHAT <id> CLOSED|OPEN – notifications added on chat window open and close events. See Chat
notifications section for more information.

New commands:

- GET WINDOWSTATE returns current state of the Skype main window.
- SET WINDOWSTATE sets state of the Skype main window.

Varia:

As of ths version various commands no longer accept "¤", "€" or "£" symbols in their parameters. Instead, ERROR 8 Invalid user handle error message is generated in response. Following commands are affected:

- CALLVOICEMAIL <handle>
- GET USER <handle> HANDLE
- SEARCH CALLS <handle>
- SEARCH CHATMESSAGES <handle>
- SEARCH MESSAGES <handle>

Skype 3.5.0.202 Release Notes

Date: 2007-08-07



- OUTPUT
- CAPTURE_MIC

VOICEMAIL audio stream access commands:

- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET INPUT
- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_OUTPUT
- ALTER VOICEMAIL SET_CAPTURE_MIC

Skype 3.5 Release Notes

Date: 2007-07-02

New protocol version: 8

- New CALL STATUS enumerator WAITING_REDIAL_COMMAND.
- New CALL STATUS enumerator REDIAL_PENDING.
- New SMS FAILUREREASON enumerator NO_SENDERID_CAPABILITY.
- Sending chat messages and CHAT CREATE commands may now fail with a new error code: 615, "CHAT: chat with given contact is disabled".
- When the UI language is set via custom language file, GET UI_LANGUAGE will return "xx" (used to return "en" in versions prior to 3.5).

Skype 3.2 Release Notes

Date: 2007-04-30

New commands:

- OPEN LIVETAB
- RESETIDLETIMER

New USER object property:

• IS_VOICEMAIL_CAPABLE

Skype 3.1 Release Notes

Date: 2007-04-05

New commands:

- GET AVATAR
- SET AVATAR
- GET USER AVATAR
- GET PREDICTIVE_DIALER_COUNTRY
- GET CONTACTS FOCUSED
- GET RINGTONE STATUS

Error reporting changed for SET VIDEO_IN command.

Skype 3.0 Release Notes

New protocol version: 7

Support for custom menus

Refer to Custom Menu Items section for more information.

Support for custom events

Refer to Skype Alert Events for more information.

Call transfer API

New commands and object properties to support call transfers:

- GET CALL CAN_TRANSFER
- ALTER CALL TRANSFER

New CALL statuses:

- TRANSFERRING
- TRANSFERRED

New call transfer related CALL properties:

- TRANSFER STATUS
- TRANSFER_ACTIVE
- TRANSFERRED_BY
- TRANSFERRED_T0

File transfer object

Refer to FILETRANSFER object section for more information.

Notification changes

- USER LASTONLINETIMESTAMP events about its change are no longer sent to clients, the property can still be queried.
- GROUP NROFUSERS_ONLINE events about its change are no longer sent to clients, the property can still be queried.
- GROUP USERS events about its change are no longer sent to clients instead GROUP NROFUSERS event is generated; if you get an event on NROFUSERS you can assume the GROUP USERS has changed.
- GROUP NROFUSERS is now only sent when GROUP USERS property changes.

Richtext mood messages

New property RICH_MOOD_TEXT was added to PROFILE and USER objects.

New moodmessage related commands are:

- SET PROFILE RICH_MOOD_TEXT
- GET USER RICH_MOOD_TEXT



[#COMMAND_UI_WALLPAPERS GET/SET WALLPAPERS] section.

Public chats

New CHATMEMBER object.

New CHAT object properties:

- MEMBEROBJECTS
- PASSWORDHINT
- GUIDELINES
- OPTIONS
- DESCRIPTION
- DIALOG PARTNER
- ACTIVITY_TIMESTAMP
- TYPE
- MYSTATUS
- MYR0LE
- BLOB
- APPLICANTS

New CHATMESSAGE properties:

- EDITED BY
- EDITED_TIMESTAMP
- IS_EDITABLE
- OPTIONS
- ROLE

Modified CHATMESSAGE property TYPE enumerations for PROTOCOL 7:

- POSTEDCONTACTS
- GAP_IN_CHAT
- SETROLE
- KICKED
- SETOPTIONS
- KICKBANNED
- JOINEDASAPPLICANT
- SETPICTURE
- SETGUIDELINES

The BODY property of a CHATMESSAGE object is now read-write. Refer to SET CHATMESSAGE BODY command for more information.

New CHATMEMBER related commands are:

- ALTER CHATMEMBER SETROLETO
- ALTER CHATMEMBER CANSETROLETO

New CHAT commands:

- ALTER CHAT JOIN
- ALTER CHAT KICK
- ALTER CHAT KICKBAN
- ALTER CHAT DISBAND
- ALTER CHAT ENTERPASSWORD
- ALTER CHAT CLEARRECENTMESSAGES
- ALTER CHAT ACCEPTADD
- ALTER CHAT SETOPTIONS
- ALTER CHAT SETGUIDELINES



ALTER CHAT SETDESCRIPTION

CHAT CREATE no longer requires usernames, if you provide no usernames a general multichat is created.

Change in text value parsing: all texts which include whitespace must be guoted.

Skype 2.6 Release notes

Voice API

New CALL object properties:

- INPUT
- OUTPUT

New Voice API related commands:

- GET CALL <INPUT|OUTPUT>
- GET CALL CAPTURE_MIC
- ALTER CALL SET_<INPUT|OUTPUT>
- ALTER CALL SET_CAPTURE_MIC

Refer to Voice Streams section for more information.

SMS API

New object: SMS

New SMS related commands:

- GET SMS CHUNK
- GET SMS CHUNKING
- SET SMS SEEN
- SET SMS BODY
- SET SMS REPLY_TO_NUMBER
- SET SMS TARGET_NUMBERS
- CREATE SMSS
- ALTER SMS SEND
- DELETE SMSS
- SEARCH SMSS
- SEARCH MISSEDSMSS
- GET PROFILE SMS_VALIDATED_NUMBERS

Shared contact groups

New GROUP object types, (protocol 6):

- SHARED_GROUP
- PROPOSED_SHARED_GROUP

New commands related to shared groups:

- ALTER GROUP SHARE
- ALTER GROUP ACCEPT
- ALTER GROUP DECLINE



New CALL object properties

- RATE
- RATE CURRENCY
- RATE_PRECISION

Refer to Call cost information section for more information.

Chat Bookmarks

New CHAT object property: B00KMARKED

New commands related to shared groups:

- ALTER CHAT BOOKMARKED
- ALTER CHAT UNBOOKMARK

Refer to ALTER CHAT BOOKMARKED section for more information.

Various new object properties:

- New USER object property: NR0F_AUTHED_BUDDIES
- New CALL object property: FORWARDED BY
- New CALL object property: VAA_INPUT_STATUS

Various new commands:

- SET SILENT_MODE
- SEARCH MISSEDVOICEMAILS
- GET PROFILE IPCOUNTRY refer to PROFILE object for more information.

GET_CONFERENCE_PARTICIPANT_COUNT now reports the number of conference call participants more correctly.

VOICEMAIL command enters the deprecation process and is replaced by new command: CALLVOICEMAIL

PONG reply to PING is now asynchronous.

Skype 1.4 Release Notes

Date: 2005-09-16 Changes and fixes:

- Support for application to application messaging
- Set profile properties
- Support for call forwarding
- Extended support to open client windows
- New user object properties (mood text, alias)
- Extended support for ringtones
- Support for Skype URI handler commands
- Support for contact focused notifications



Date: 2005-06-11 Changes and fixes:

- added: Protocol 5
- Support for voicemails: VOICEMAIL, OPEN VOICEMAIL, ALTER VOICEMAIL, SEARCH VOICEMAILS
- Support for chat handling: CHAT CREATE, OPEN CHAT, ALTER CHAT, SEARCH *CHATS
- Support for authorizations: SEARCH USERSWAITINGMYAUTHORIZATION, SET USER, ISAUTHORIZED, ISBLOCKED, BUDDYSTATUS
- Support for deleting history: CLEAR CHATHISTORY, VOICEMAILHISTORY, CALLHISTORY
- Set ringing device: SET/GET RINGER
- Extended DTMF support: SET_CALL_DTMF
- Initiate filetransfer: OPEN FILETRANSFER
- Assign speeddial: USER SPEEDDIAL
- Change ringtones: GET/SET RINGTONE
- Change avatar: SET AVATAR
- Minimize Skype window: MINIMIZE
- bugfix: conference call bugs resolved

Skype 1.2.0.11 release notes

Date: 2005-03-04 Changes and fixes:

- added: Protocol 4
- Support for conferencing: start a conference, add people to conference and being able to get list of conference call participants and notifications about these
- Possible to check SkypeOut balance
- Possible to call speeddial numbers
- Notifications about changing audiodevices
- Notification about deleting IM history
- Changed language and country to return ISO list instead of countrynames new behaviour: from protocol
 4 language and country values are prefixed by ISO codes, for example 'GET USER echo123 COUNTRY'
 => 'USER echo123 COUNTRY ee Estonia'
- Notification about shutting down Skype
- Support for SkypeIn
- · Registry key to disable one second timeout for debugging
- Possibility to add userhandle to OPEN ADDAFRIEND
- Support for command-id (#1 SET xxx)
- CALL FAILUREREASON 1 documentation error, changed to say "Misc error"
- change: if CHATMESSAGE property is missing, command 'SET CHATMESSAGE id' gives the same error
 for both existing and nonexisting id
- change: PSTN_STATUS gives error string returned from gateway
- change: HASCALLEQUIPMENT always returns TRUE
- change: Up/down via phone api autoexpand contactlist groups
- bugfix: "AUDIO IN" and "AUDIO OUT" commands do nor read double byte driver names correctly
- bugfix: BTN_PRESSED E fails with error 71 invalid key
- bugfix: Muting microphone in UI not reflected in API
- bugfix: Conference to more than 4 participants causes "Range check" errors
- bugfix: IMHISTORYCHANGED doesn't work
- bugfix: SET MUTE ON returns always MUTE OFF
- bugfix: Cannot call SkypeOut contacts using speeddial
- bugfix: No response to empty CALL (should return ERROR 34 invalid user handles
- bugfix: Skype access control does not deny access to a device
- bugfix: No notification if the user changes audio device

Skype 1.1.0.61 release notes

Date: 2005-01-12



- receiving results of a previous one results in error 72.
- change: CHAT and CHATMESSAGE properties
- bugfix: API showed previous user's calls and messages
- bugfix: Fixed confusing syntax if protocol 3 is used
- bugfix: SEARCH MESSAGES does not return CHATMESSAGES value anymore if protocol 2 is used
- bugfix: API displayed only first word of message or fullname
- bugfix: In access control list only one program's permission was remembered
- bugfix: Multichat message IDs were not returned
- bugfix: Problems with connecting for older applications
- bugfix: Fixed API exceptions if Skype is used on two Windows accounts simultaneously
- bugfix: On Windows98/ME some dll files were shown to use Skype instead of the respective application
- bugfix: Sometimes API didn't return 'BUDDYSTATUS 1' messages

Skype 1.0.0.94 release notes

Date: 2004-10-21 Changes and fixes:

Release of Skype Desktop (Public) API.