

Data. Columns: Vcc (actual), ADC0 (temp), ADC1 (voltage)

```
data = Import["~/src/xbee_temp_sensor/calibration/vinvout.csv"]; TableForm[data]
```

2.562	4619	3416
2.832	4615	3769
3.013	4409	3957
3.234	4392	3840
3.506	4388	4280
4.04	4282	4800
4.23	4248	5136
4.49	4184	6144
4.74	4112	7488
5.01	4088	8064
5.24	4128	8112
5.52	6144	8172

Actual VREF (measured)

```
vref = 1221;
```

Voltage divider coefficient. I have 2 resistors 40K and 10K. Actual coefficient should be 4, but measuring voltages  $V_{cc}/V_{adc1}$  I got:

```
k = 4.0 / 0.796
```

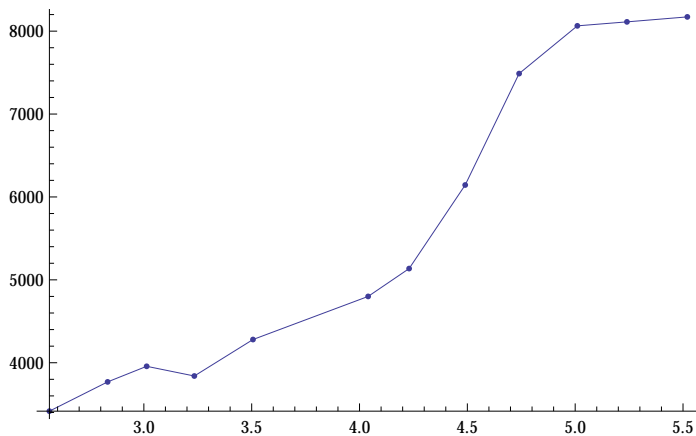
```
5.02513
```

Convert RAW ADC value to volts:

```
raw2volts[x_] := x / 8 * vref / 1024
```

Plot ADC1 raw value (measured voltage, y-axis) vs. actual  $V_{cc}$  (x-axis)

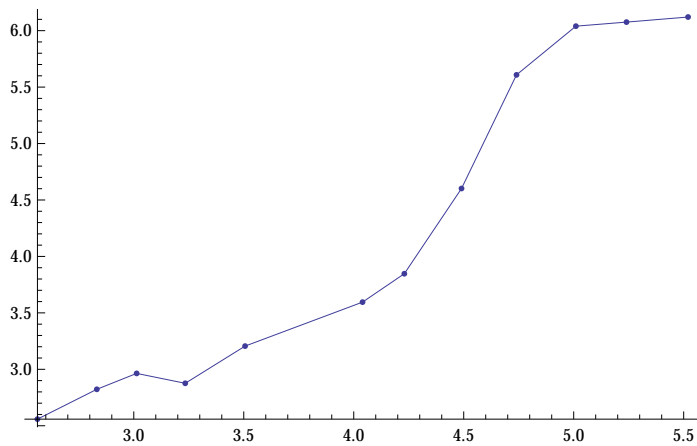
```
ListLinePlot[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], data[[All, 3]]}], Mesh -> All]
```



Plot estimated  $V_{cc}$  calculated from ADC1, y-axis vs. actual  $V_{cc}$  (x-axis)

```
evoltages = raw2volts[data[[All, 3]]] * k / 1000;
```

```
ListLinePlot[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], evoltages}], Mesh → All]
```

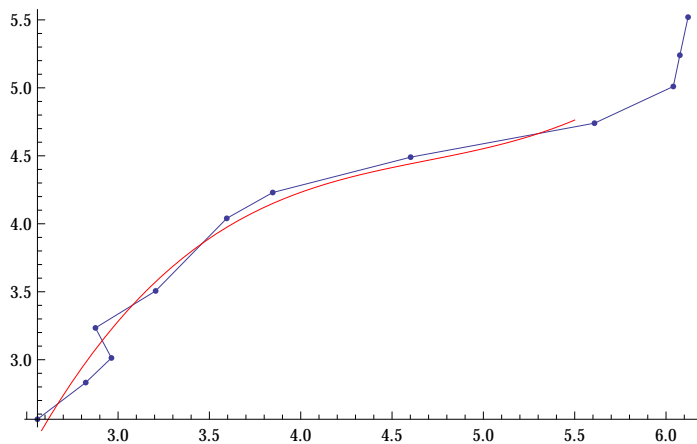


Fit a 3rd degree polynomial to voltage estimation, to estimate actual voltage based on measures:

```
vf = Fit[Transpose[{evoltages, data[[All, 1]]}], {1, v, v^2, v^3}, v]
```

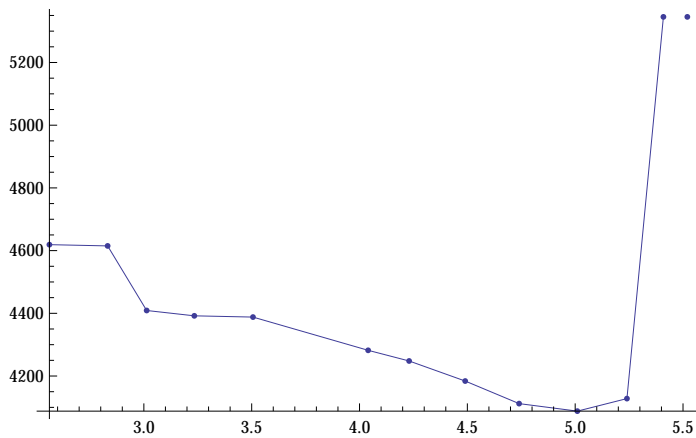
$$-12.4647 + 10.3012 v - 2.14076 v^2 + 0.152242 v^3$$

```
Show[ListLinePlot[Transpose[{evoltages, data[[All, 1]]}], Mesh → All],  
Plot[vf, {v, 2.5, 5.5}, PlotStyle → Red]]
```



Plot ADC0 raw value (measured temp, y-axis) vs.  $V_{cc}$  (x-axis). The temperature around 20°C during the experiment.

```
ListLinePlot[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], data[[All, 2]]}], Mesh → All]
```

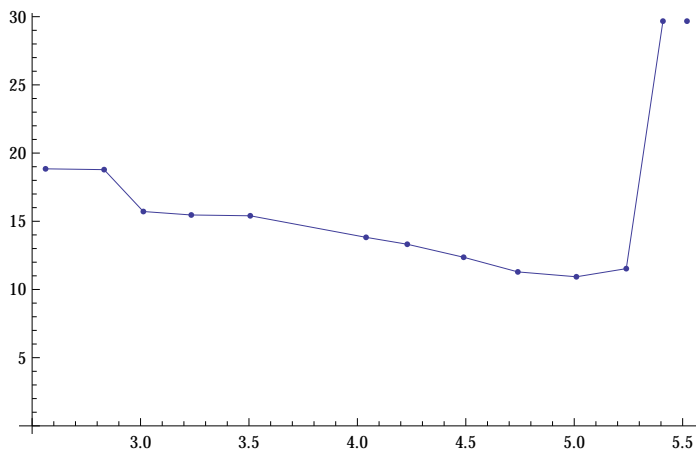


Plot estimated temperature (y-axis) vs  $V_{cc}$ (x-axis)

```
etemps = (raw2volts[data[[All, 2]]] - 500) / 10;
```

```
p1 =
```

```
ListLinePlot[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], etemps}], Mesh → All, AxesOrigin → {2.5, 0}]
```



It looks like dependency is linear up to 5.0V. We will assume  $V_{cc}$  operating range 0-5V.

```
etemps5 = Select[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], etemps}], #[[1]] < 5 &];
```

And fit:

```
tf = Fit[etemps5, {1, va}, va]
```

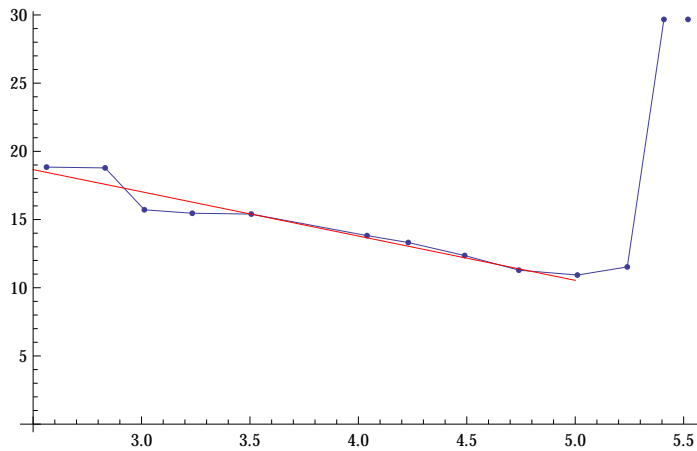
```
26.7787 - 3.24716 va
```

Assume true temp was measured around 3.3V

```
truemp = tf /. va → 3.3
```

```
16.063
```

```
Show[p1, Plot[tf, {va, 2.5, 5}, PlotStyle -> Red]]
```



Let us come up with correction function:

```
itf = -tf[[2]] + truetemp - tf[[1]]
```

```
-10.7156 + 3.24716 va
```

All together now:

Corrected voltages:

```
cvoltages = Map[vf /. v -> # &, evoltages]
```

```
{2.42736, 2.97998, 3.22464, 3.07621, 3.57353,  
 3.97434, 4.14946, 4.44137, 4.82935, 5.20233, 5.24278, 5.29566}
```

Temp corrections:

```
tcorr = Map[itf /. va -> # &, cvoltages]
```

```
{-2.83361, -1.03916, -0.244713, -0.726694, 0.888186,  
 2.18968, 2.75834, 3.70622, 4.96605, 6.17718, 6.30853, 6.48022}
```

Corrected Temps

```
ctemps = etemps + tcorr
```

```
{16.0116, 17.7464, 15.4705, 14.7351, 16.2904,  
 16.012, 16.0739, 16.0678, 16.2545, 17.1079, 17.8355, 48.0552}
```

In plot below: blue line - original measurements, green line - actual temp, red line - corrected measurements

```
Show[p1, ListLinePlot[Transpose[{data[[All, 1]], ctemps}], PlotStyle -> Red],  
Plot[truetemp, {x, 2.5, 5.5}, PlotStyle -> Green]]
```

