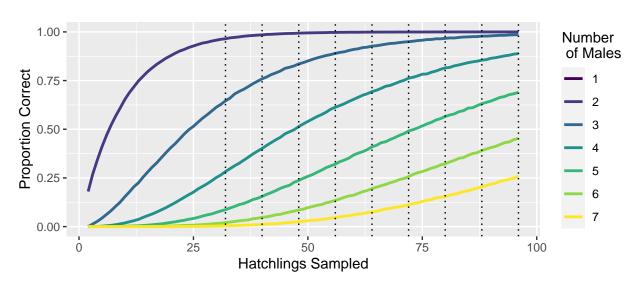
Power Analysis

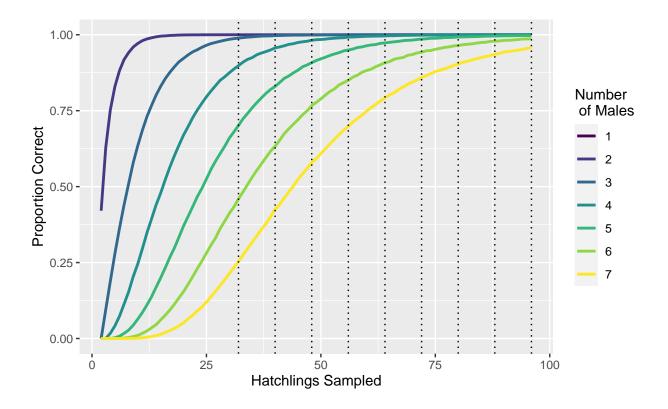
Question 1: How many hatchlings should be sampled from a nest to robustly estimate the number of males that contributed to it?

Assuming one dominant sire that fertilizes 90% of eggs



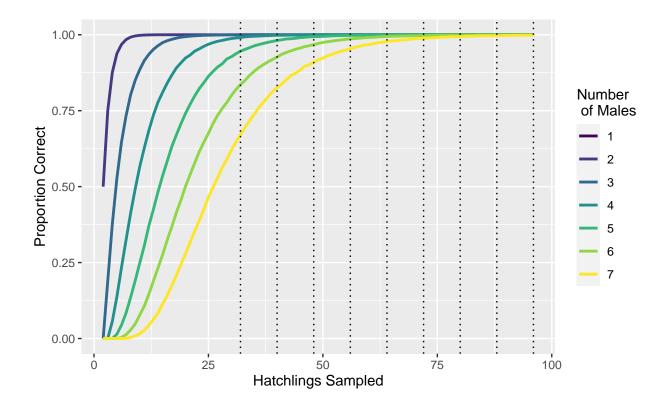
```
##
##
   [[2]]
                  32
                            40
                                     48
                                               56
                                                                  72
                                                                           80
                                                                                    88
                                                                                              96
##
     Males
                                                        64
          1
                  NA
                            NA
                                     NA
                                               NA
                                                        NA
                                                                 NA
                                                                           NA
                                                                                    NA
## 1
                                                                                              NA
## 2
          2 0.96470 0.98461 0.99376 0.99702 0.99886 0.99955 0.99971 0.99994 0.99998
##
          3 0.64598 0.75877 0.83551 0.88990 0.92708 0.94980 0.96702 0.97855 0.98583
          4 0.28308 0.40114 0.51363 0.61325 0.69315 0.76220 0.81520 0.85498 0.88844
##
          5\;\; 0.08692\;\; 0.15477\;\; 0.23677\;\; 0.32079\;\; 0.40963\;\; 0.49103\;\; 0.56534\;\; 0.63127\;\; 0.68930
## 5
          6\;\; 0.02077\;\; 0.04752\;\; 0.08545\;\; 0.13467\;\; 0.19518\;\; 0.25679\;\; 0.32200\;\; 0.39042\;\; 0.45326
## 6
          7 0.00416 0.01095 0.02492 0.04538 0.07543 0.11177 0.15426 0.20522 0.25903
## 7
```

Assuming one dominant sire that fertilizes 70% of eggs



```
##
   [[2]]
                 32
                                   48
                                            56
                                                              72
                                                                               88
                                                                                        96
##
     Males
                          40
                                                     64
                                                                      80
## 1
                 NA
                          NA
                                   NA
                                            NA
                                                     NA
                                                             NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                               NA
                                                                                        NA
## 2
         2 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
         3 0.98894 0.99708 0.99920 0.99984 0.99995 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
         4 0.89823 0.95661 0.98184 0.99203 0.99608 0.99846 0.99942 0.99977 0.99987
## 4
         5\;\: 0.70113\;\: 0.82977\;\: 0.90824\;\: 0.94966\;\: 0.97307\;\: 0.98580\;\: 0.99260\;\: 0.99583\;\: 0.99758
## 5
         6 0.45948 0.63282 0.76663 0.85011 0.90784 0.94235 0.96473 0.97873 0.98727
## 6
         7 0.25334 0.42586 0.57904 0.69776 0.79202 0.85948 0.90332 0.93602 0.95766
## 7
```

Assuming one dominant sire that fertilizes 50% of eggs



```
##
  [[2]]
                32
                                 48
                                         56
                                                          72
                                                                          88
                                                                                   96
##
     Males
                         40
                                                 64
                                                                  80
## 1
                NA
                        NA
                                 NA
                                         NA
                                                 NA
                                                          NA
                                                                  NA
                                                                          NA
                                                                                   NA
## 2
         2 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
         3 0.99976 0.99998 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
         4 0.99062 0.99816 0.99954 0.99988 0.99999 0.99999 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000
## 4
         5 0.94585 0.98121 0.99357 0.99778 0.99923 0.99977 0.99991 0.99999 0.99999
## 5
         6 0.83626 0.92642 0.96770 0.98678 0.99438 0.99742 0.99877 0.99953 0.99977
## 6
         7 0.67073 0.82598 0.91037 0.95399 0.97721 0.98882 0.99386 0.99703 0.99850
## 7
```

Assuming one dominant sire where fertilization is flexible, and dependent on the total number of sires

Proportion fertilized by each sire is calculated as the average contribution for each sire based on Alfaro-Nunez et al. 2015:

```
## Sire1 Sire2 Sire3 Sire4 Sire5

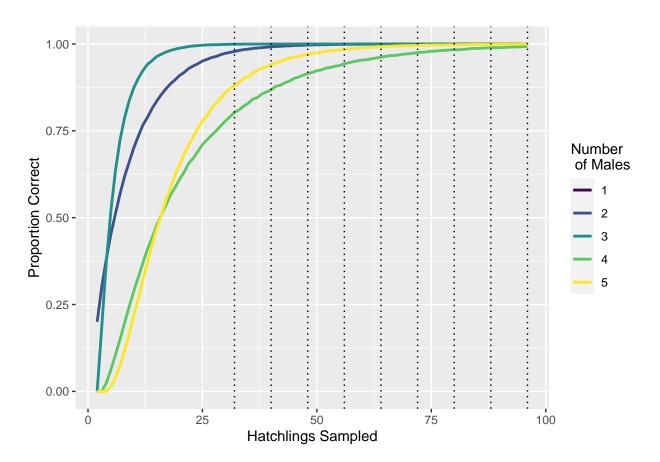
## 1 Sire 1.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

## 2 Sires 0.8868 0.1132 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

## 3 Sires 0.4744 0.3241 0.2015 0.0000 0.0000

## 4 Sires 0.5485 0.2508 0.1509 0.0499 0.0000

## 5 Sires 0.4744 0.1982 0.1523 0.0997 0.0755
```



[[2]] ## Males 32 40 48 56 64 72 80 88 96 ## 1 1 NANANANANANANANANA## 2 $2\ 0.97843\ 0.99161\ 0.99702\ 0.99891\ 0.99958\ 0.99987\ 0.99984\ 0.99996\ 0.99999$ 3 0.99925 0.99990 0.99997 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 1.00000 ## 3 4 0.80371 0.86786 0.91482 0.94333 0.96209 0.97512 0.98373 0.98924 0.99241 ## 4 5 0.88029 0.94008 0.97036 0.98425 0.99251 0.99573 0.99782 0.99913 0.99952 ## 5