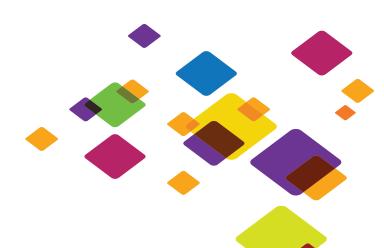


Infoblox Installation Guide

vNIOS[™] for OpenStack with SRIOV



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ENABLING SRIOV ON RHEL 7

Pre-requisite:

- SRIOV capable hardware
- System BIOS configured with SRIOV enabled
- System installed with RHEL 7.2 with sufficient disk space allocated to /

Once the system is ready with RHEL 7.2 and SRIOV feature enabled from BIOS, make the following changes to the system configuration to enable Virtual Function (SRIOV) on the NIC card:

1. Add "intel_iommu=on igb.max_vfs=7" to the default GRUB file.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /etc/default/grub
GRUB TIMEOUT=5
GRUB DISTRIBUTOR="$(sed 's, release .*$,,g' /etc/system-release)"
GRUB DEFAULT=saved
GRUB DISABLE SUBMENU=true
GRUB TERMINAL OUTPUT="console"
GRUB CMDLINE LINUX="crashkernel=auto rhgb quiet intel iommu=on igb.max vfs=7"
GRUB DISABLE RECOVERY="true"
```

2. Re-compile GRUB to make this change the default on bootup.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# /sbin/grub2-mkconfig -o /boot/grub2/grub.cfg
Generating grub configuration file ...
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-3.10.0-327.el7.x86 64
Found initrd image: /boot/initramfs-3.10.0-327.el7.x86 64.img
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-0-rescue-156e082173f7431fa38c0afa16c3704a
Found initrd image: /boot/initramfs-0-rescue-156e082173f7431fa38c0afa16c3704a.img
done
```

3. Create or edit network the driver config file to enable Virtual functions on the NIC card. Specify the number of required vifs on each network interface. [This is OPTIONAL if GRUB is already modified as mentioned in step #1.]

```
[root@rhosp ~]# cat /etc/modprobe.d/igb.conf
options igb max_vfs=7
```

4. Reboot the system to reflect performance changes on the system.

```
[root@rhosp ~] # reboot
```

5. Upon system reboot, Virtual functions will be enabled on network interfaces.

```
[root@rhosp ~] # lspci --nn | grep -i net
```

INSTALLING OPENSTACK ON RHEL 7.2

Follow the steps to install the OpenStack package on the system.

- \$ subscription-manager register --username (USERNAME) --password (PASSWORD)
- \$ subscription-manager list --available --all
- \$ subscription-manager list --available | grep -A8 "Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server"
- \$ subscription-manager list --available | grep -A8 "Red Hat Enterprise Linux OpenStack Platform"
- \$ subscription-manager attach --auto
- \$ subscription-manager repos --disable=*
- \$ subscription-manager repos --enable=rhel-7-server-rpms
- \$ subscription-manager repos --enable=rhel-7-server-rh-common-rpms
- \$ subscription-manager repos --enable=rhel-7-server-optional-rpms
- \$ subscription-manager attach --pool=<POOL ID>
- \$ subscription-manager list
- \$ subscription-manager repos --enable=rhel-7-server-openstack-7.0-rpms
- \$ subscription-manager list
- \$ yum install -y yum-utils
- \$ yum -y update
- \$ systemctl disable NetworkManager
- \$ systemctl stop NetworkManager
- \$ yum install -y openstack-packstack

To configure the OpenStack package:

packstack --allinone

Sample Configuration Output

```
[root@rhosp ~] # packstack --allinone
Welcome to the Packstack setup utility
The installation log file is available at:
/var/tmp/packstack/20160128-142827-xesixM/openstack-setup.log
Packstack changed given value to required value /root/.ssh/id rsa.pub
Installing:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Clean Up
Discovering ip protocol version
                                                             [ DONE ]
Setting up ssh keys
                                                             [ DONE ]
Preparing servers
                                                             [ DONE ]
Preinstalling Puppet and discovering hosts' details
                                                             [ DONE ]
Adding pre install manifest entries
                                                             [ DONE ]
Setting up CACERT
                                                             [ DONE ]
Adding AMQP manifest entries
                                                             [ DONE ]
Adding MariaDB manifest entries
                                                             [ DONE ]
Fixing Keystone LDAP config parameters to be undef if empty [ DONE ]
```

Adding Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Glance Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Glance manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Cinder Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Checking if the Cinder server has a cinder-volumes v	[DONE]
Adding Cinder manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova API manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova Cert manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova Conductor manifest entries	[DONE]
Creating ssh keys for Nova migration	[DONE]
Gathering ssh host keys for Nova migration	[DONE]
Adding Nova Compute manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova Scheduler manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova VNC Proxy manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding OpenStack Network-related Nova manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nova Common manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron FWaaS Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron LBaaS Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron API manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron L3 manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron L2 Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron DHCP Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron Metering Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Neutron Metadata Agent manifest entries	[DONE]
Checking if NetworkManager is enabled and running	[DONE]
Adding OpenStack Client manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Horizon manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Swift Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Swift builder manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Swift proxy manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Swift storage manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Swift common manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Provisioning Demo manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Provisioning Glance manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding MongoDB manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Redis manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Ceilometer manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Ceilometer Keystone manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nagios server manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding Nagios host manifest entries	[DONE]
Adding post install manifest entries	[DONE]
Copying Puppet modules and manifests	[DONE]
Applying 10.36.31.90 prescript.pp	
10.36.31.90 prescript.pp:	[DONE]
Applying 10.36.31.90 amqp.pp	2
Applying 10.36.31.90 mariadb.pp	
10.36.31.90 amqp.pp:	[DONE]
10.36.31.90 mariadb.pp:	[DONE]
Applying 10.36.31.90 keystone.pp	_
Applying 10.36.31.90 glance.pp	
— -	

```
Applying 10.36.31.90_cinder.pp
10.36.31.90 keystone.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 glance.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 cinder.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 api nova.pp
10.36.31.90 api nova.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 nova.pp
10.36.31.90 nova.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 neutron.pp
10.36.31.90 neutron.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90_osclient.pp
Applying 10.36.31.90 horizon.pp
10.36.31.90 osclient.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 horizon.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90_ring_swift.pp
10.36.31.90 ring swift.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 swift.pp
Applying 10.36.31.90 provision demo.pp
Applying 10.36.31.90 provision glance
10.36.31.90_swift.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 provision demo.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 provision glance:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90_mongodb.pp
Applying 10.36.31.90 redis.pp
10.36.31.90_mongodb.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90_redis.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 ceilometer.pp
10.36.31.90 ceilometer.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 nagios.pp
Applying 10.36.31.90 nagios nrpe.pp
10.36.31.90 nagios.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
10.36.31.90 nagios nrpe.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying 10.36.31.90 postscript.pp
10.36.31.90_postscript.pp:
                                                             [ DONE ]
Applying Puppet manifests
                                                             [ DONE ]
Finalizing
                                                             [ DONE ]
```

**** Installation completed successfully *****

Additional information:

- * A new answerfile was created in: /root/packstack-answers-20160128-142828.txt
- * Time synchronization installation was skipped. Please note that unsynchronized time on server instances might be problem for some OpenStack components.
- * File /root/keystonerc_admin has been created on OpenStack client host 10.36.31.90. To use the command line tools you need to source the file.
- \star To access the OpenStack Dashboard browse to http://10.36.31.90/dashboard .

Please, find your login credentials stored in the keystonerc_admin in your home directory.

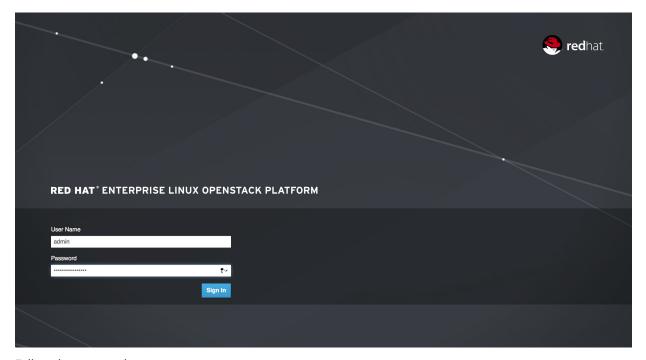
- * To use Nagios, browse to http://10.36.31.90/nagios username: nagiosadmin, password: 154262e46c914c2b
- * The installation log file is available at: /var/tmp/packstack/20160128-142827-xesixM/openstack-setup.log

* The generated manifests are available at: /var/tmp/packstack/20160128-142827-xesixM/manifests Reboot the system once all the packages are installed and configured

[root@rhosp ~] # reboot

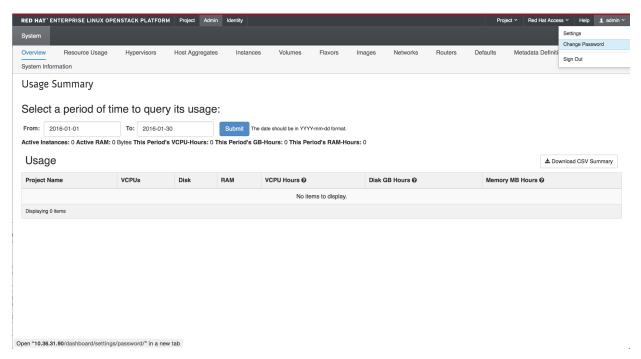
Once the system is back online, log in to the OpenStack GUI and change the default password. The default password is created in the /root/keystonerc_admin file.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /root/keystonerc_admin
unset OS SERVICE TOKEN
export OS USERNAME=admin
export OS PASSWORD=c4b0a987075b44df
export OS AUTH URL=http://10.36.31.90:5000/v2.0
export PS1='[\u@\h \W(keystone_admin)]\$ '
export OS TENANT NAME=admin
export OS_REGION_NAME=RegionOne
```

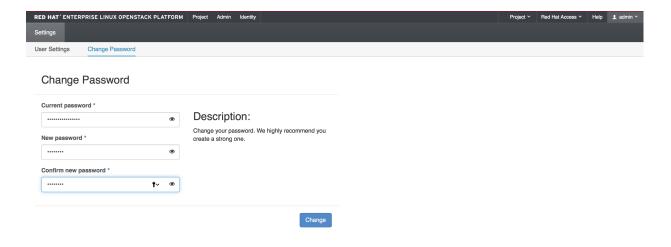


Follow these procedures:

- 1. Upon login, update the admin credentials.
- 2. Click "admin" on the top left corner of the screen.
- 3. Click "Change Password"



- 4. Click the "Change" button to submit the password change.
- 5. Once the password is updated, you will be logged out of the current session immediately.



- 6. Use the new credentials to log in to the GUI.
- 7. Once the new password has been updated from the GUI session, update the password in /root/keystone_admin and save the file.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /root/keystonerc_admin
unset OS_SERVICE_TOKEN
export OS USERNAME=admin
```

```
export OS_PASSWORD=<NEW PASSWORD>
export OS_AUTH_URL=http://10.36.31.90:5000/v2.0
export PS1='[\u@\h \W(keystone_admin)]\$ '

export OS_TENANT_NAME=admin
export OS_REGION_NAME=RegionOne
```

To perform any OpenStack CLI operation, this file needs to be sourced.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# source /root/keystonerc_admin
[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]#
```

The system will return an error message if the files are not sourced.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# neutron port-list
```

You must provide a username or user ID via --os-username, env[OS_USERNAME] or --os-user-id, env[OS_USER_ID].

SETTING UP OPENSTACK WITH SRIOV

- 1. Modify the OpenStack config files to enable SRIOV support.
 - 1. /etc/nova/nova.conf
 - 2. /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2_conf.ini
 - 3. /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2_conf_sriov.ini
 - 4. /usr/lib/systemd/system/neutron-server.service
- 2. Find out the PCI address for the Virtual functions that you intend to use and add it to /etc/nova/nova.conf.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# lspci -nn | grep -i net
01:00.0 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Gigabit Network Connection
[8086:1521] (rev 01)
01:00.1 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Gigabit Network Connection
[8086:1521] (rev 01)
01:10.0 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:10.1 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:10.4 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:10.5 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:11.0 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:11.1 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:11.4 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:11.5 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:12.0 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:12.1 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:12.4 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:12.5 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:13.0 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
01:13.1 Ethernet controller [0200]: Intel Corporation I350 Ethernet Controller Virtual
Function [8086:1520] (rev 01)
```

3. Since this server has two interfaces, you will be using VFs on one interface for "MGMT" and the VFs on other interface for "LAN", "HA" and "LAN2." If the server has more than two interfaces, they can be mapped differently. (Infoblox recommends that you map the NIOS interfaces individually with virtual functions bound to a different physical interface. This helps HA failover situations).

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /etc/nova/nova.conf
.....
```

```
# White list of PCI devices available to VMs. For example:
# pci passthrough whitelist = [{"vendor id": "8086",
# "product id": "0443"}] (multi valued)
#pci passthrough whitelist=
## Virtual Functions on eth0
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:10.0",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:10.1",
"physical network": "lan1"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:10.4",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:10.5",
"physical network": "ha"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:11.0",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci_passthrough_whitelist = {"vendor_id": "8086", "product_id": "1520", "address": "01:11.1",
"physical network":"lan2"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:11.4",
"physical network":"mgmt"}
pci_passthrough_whitelist = {"vendor_id": "8086", "product_id": "1520", "address": "01:11.5",
"physical network":"lan1"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:12.0",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:12.1",
"physical network": "ha" }
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:12.4",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:12.5",
"physical network": "lan2"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:13.0",
"physical network": "mgmt"}
pci passthrough whitelist = {"vendor id": "8086", "product id": "1520", "address": "01:13.1",
"physical network":"lan1"}
.....
# Options defined in nova.scheduler.host manager
# Filter classes available to the scheduler which may be
# specified more than once. An entry of
# "nova.scheduler.filters.all_filters" maps to all filters
# included with nova. (multi valued)
scheduler available filters=nova.scheduler.filters.all filters
# Which filter class names to use for filtering hosts when not
# specified in the request. (list value)
#scheduler default filters=RetryFilter,AvailabilityZoneFilter,RamFilter,ComputeFilter,Comp
uteCapabilitiesFilter,ImagePropertiesFilter,Server
GroupAntiAffinityFilter,ServerGroupAffinityFilterscheduler default filters=RetryFilter,Ava
ilabilityZoneFilter,RamFilter,ComputeFilter,ComputeCapabilitiesFilter,ImagePropertiesFilte
r, CoreFilter, PciPassthroughFilter
```

.....

4. Now add the sriovnic option and flat_network configuration to the ml2_conf.ini file.

```
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2 conf.ini | grep -v ^$ | grep -v ^#
[ml2]
type drivers = flat,vlan,gre,vxlan
tenant network types = vxlan
mechanism drivers =openvswitch, sriovnicswitch
[ml2 type flat]
flat networks = mgmt,lan1,ha,lan2
[ml2_type_vlan]
[ml2 type gre]
[ml2_type_vxlan]
vni_ranges =10:100
vxlan group =224.0.0.1
[securitygroup]
enable security group = True
firewall driver = neutron.agent.linux.iptables firewall.OVSHybridIptablesFirewallDriver
[ovs]
local ip = 10.36.31.90
```

5. Add supported PCI "vendor id: product id" and physical device mapping to the /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2_conf_sriov.ini file.

```
[root@rhops2 ~] # cat /etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2 conf sriov.ini | grep -v ^$ | grep -v ^#
[ml2 sriov]
supported pci vendor devs = 8086:1520
agent required = False
[sriov nic]
physical device mappings = mgmt:eno1,lan1:eno2,ha:eno2,lan2:eno2
Add "ml2_conf_sriov.ini" config file details in
"/usr/lib/systemd/system/neutron-server.service"
[root@rhops2 ~]# cat /usr/lib/systemd/system/neutron-server.service
[Unit]
Description=OpenStack Neutron Server
After=syslog.target network.target
[Service]
Type=notify
User=neutron
ExecStart=/usr/bin/neutron-server --config-file /usr/share/neutron/neutron-dist.conf
--config-dir /usr/share/neutron/server --config-file /etc/neutron/neutron.conf
--config-file /etc/neutron/plugin.ini --config-dir /etc/neutron/conf.d/common --config-dir
/etc/neutron/conf.d/neutron-server --config-file
/etc/neutron/plugins/ml2/ml2 conf sriov.ini --log-file /var/log/neutron/server.log
PrivateTmp=true
```

```
NotifyAccess=all
KillMode=process
```

[Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

6. Now restart the OpenStack service for the new configuration to take affect.

[root@rhops2 ~]# openstack-service restart

Warning: neutron-server.service changed on disk. Run 'systemctl daemon-reload' to reload units.

7. Now create networks in OpenStack setup and map interface (sriov) to these new networks.

```
[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron net-list
```

id	name	subnets
43a84db7-acf6-4404-b6af-f8601fbb8eec	public	4d176229-3207-4e5e-b1eb-b638accf59f5 172.24.4.224/28
ec7e97b9-8f2f-41c4-bac8-c91352fb2f2a	private	f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403 10.0.0.0/24

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# neutron net-create --provider:physical network=mgmt --provider:network type=flat mgmt.

Created a new network:

+	++
Field	Value
+	· ++
admin_state_up	True
id	a72836cb-87b5-46c8-ada9-efbde7ed1698
mtu	0
name	mgmt
provider:network_type	flat
provider:physical_network	mgmt
provider:segmentation_id	
router:external	False
shared	False
status	ACTIVE
subnets	
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
+	+

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron net-create --provider:physical_network=lan1 --provider:network type=flat lan1

Created a new network:

Field	Value
admin_state_up id mtu name provider:network_type provider:physical_network provider:segmentation_id router:external shared	
status subnets tenant id	ACTIVE d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron net-create --provider:physical_network=ha --provider:network_type=flat ha

Created a new network:

+	++
Field	Value
+	++
admin_state_up	True
id	0e7efa05-82b9-4498-9915-48a1748a0238
mtu	0
name	ha
provider:network_type	flat
provider:physical_network	ha
provider:segmentation_id	1
router:external	False
shared	False
status	ACTIVE
subnets	1
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
	i i

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron net-create --provider:physical_network=lan2 --provider:network type=flat lan2

Created a new network:

+	
Field	Value
admin_state_up	True
+	.++

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron subnet-create --name subnet-mgmt mgmt 10.36.0.0/16 --allocation-pool start=10.36.31.221,end=10.36.31.225 --disable-dhcp

Created a new subnet:

+	+
Field	Value
allocation_pools cidr dns_nameservers	{"start": "10.36.31.221", "end": "10.36.31.225"}
enable_dhcp gateway_ip	False 10.36.0.1
host_routes id	 824f9edb-3b30-4179-88f1-eb24a8a1b53b
ip_version ipv6_address_mode	4
ipv6_ra_mode name	 subnet-mgmt
network_id subnetpool_id	a72836cb-87b5-46c8-ada9-efbde7ed1698
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# neutron subnet-create --name subnet-lan1 lan1 10.34.31.0/24 --allocation-pool start=10.34.31.221,end=10.34.31.225 --disable-dhcp

Created a new subnet:

Ī	Field	Value	ĺ
İ	allocation_pools cidr dns nameservers	{"start": "10.34.31.221", "end": "10.34.31.225"}	i
i	enable_dhcp gateway ip	 False 10.34.31.1	
į	host_routes		į
İ	id ip_version	fefb9dda-d6e6-43b6-af59-db6f747a7440 4	l
1	ipv6_address_mode ipv6 ra mode	 	l
i	name	 subnet-lan1	i
- 1	network id	37cae5h8-4598-43e6-8c53-fd23f2c7c45c	П

subnetpool_id		
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6	
+	+	-+

 $[{\tt root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)}] \# \ {\tt neutron \ subnet-create --name \ subnet-ha \ ha} \quad 10.34.31.0/24$ --allocation-pool start=10.34.31.226,end=10.34.31.230 --disable-dhcp

Created a new subnet:

+	++
Field	Value
+	++
allocation_pools	{"start": "10.34.31.226", "end": "10.34.31.230"}
cidr	10.34.31.0/24
dns_nameservers	
enable_dhcp	False
gateway_ip	10.34.31.1
host_routes	
id	2a81d4fc-2790-4072-9e83-ac075fcfbdde
ip_version	4
ipv6_address_mode	
ipv6_ra_mode	
name	subnet-ha
network_id	0e7efa05-82b9-4498-9915-48a1748a0238
subnetpool_id	
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
+	+

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# neutron subnet-create --name subnet-lan2 lan2 10.34.31.0/24 --allocation-pool start=10.34.31.231,end=10.34.31.235 --disable-dhcp

Created a new subnet:

+	++
Field	Value
	<u>+</u>
allocation_pools	{"start": "10.34.31.231", "end": "10.34.31.235"}
cidr	10.34.31.0/24
dns_nameservers	
enable_dhcp	False
gateway_ip	10.34.31.1
host_routes	
id	485d714e-f34c-4994-9bff-ef9edecf507e
ip_version	4
ipv6_address_mode	
ipv6_ra_mode	
name	subnet-lan2
network_id	073b6886-7875-47af-b7aa-44b792099337
subnetpool_id	
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
+	++

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron net-list

id	name	subnets	1
073b6886-7875-47af-b7aa-44b792099337 0e7efa05-82b9-4498-9915-48a1748a0238 37cae5b8-4598-43e6-8c53-fd23f2c7c45c 43a84db7-acf6-44d4-b6af-f8601fbb8eec a72836cb-87b5-46c8-ada9-efbde7ed1698 ec7e97b9-8f2f-41c4-bac8-c91352fb2f2a	lan2 ha lan1	485d714e-f34c-4994-9bff-ef9edecf507e 10.34.31.0/24 2a81d4fc-2790-4072-9e83-ac075fcfbdde 10.34.31.0/24 fefb9dda-d6e6-43b6-af59-db6f747a7440 10.34.31.0/24 4d176229-3207-4e5e-bleb-b638accf59f5 172.24.4.224/28 824f9edb-3b30-4179-88f1-eb24a8a1b53b 10.36.0.0/16 f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403 10.0.0.0/24	

8. Create ports and associate them with appropriate VFs, as follows:

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron port-list

+	+	+	fixed_ips
id	name	mac_address	
a4f13d16-5e90-46d7-8a9e-ea5c117e6b1d a5d4c50f-d092-43ce-868b-7d7ee5f4e0c5 af026bf1-8c2e-4ea8-9dcf-5f2b1c6954b2	i	fa:16:3e:58:6c:13	{"subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.0.0.1"} {"subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.0.0.2"} {"subnet_id": "4d176229-3207-4e5e-b1eb-b638accf59f5", "ip_address": "172.24.4.226"}

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron port-create mgmt --name sriov.mgmt.4010 --binding:vnic-type direct

Created a new port:

```
| Field
admin_state_up
                     | True
 allowed_address_pairs |
 binding:host_id
 binding:profile
                      | {}
 binding:vif_details
                      | {}
 binding:vif_type
                      unbound
binding:vnic_type
device_id
                      | direct
 device_owner
 fixed_ips
                      | {"subnet_id": "824f9edb-3b30-4179-88f1-eb24a8a1b53b", "ip_address": "10.36.31.221"}
                      86a8baa1-0184-46a6-a761-9f4558a66006
 id
 mac_address
                      | fa:16:3e:a5:99:3c
                      | sriov.mgmt.4010
name
 network_id
                      a72836cb-87b5-46c8-ada9-efbde7ed1698
 security_groups
                      eeb24d27-7d4f-4a74-819a-bb828c838a33
 status
                      DOWN
                      | d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
| tenant_id
```

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# neutron port-create lan1 --name sriov.lan1.4010 --binding:vnic-type direct

Created a new port:

Field	Value
admin_state_up	True
allowed_address_pairs	
binding:host_id	
binding:profile	l ()
binding:vif_details	l ()
binding:vif_type	unbound
binding:vnic_type	direct
device_id	
device_owner	
fixed_ips	{"subnet_id": "fefb9dda-d6e6-43b6-af59-db6f747a7440", "ip_address": "10.34.31.221"}
id	fa8efa4b-434d-4dbf-956e-423f431059cc
mac_address	fa:16:3e:42:fc:c9
name	sriov.lan1.4010
network_id	37cae5b8-4598-43e6-8c53-fd23f2c7c45c
security_groups	eeb24d27-7d4f-4a74-819a-bb828c838a33
status	DOWN
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron port-create ha --name sriov.ha.4010 --binding:vnic-type direct

Created a new port:

+		
Field	Value	
admin_state_up allowed_address_pairs binding:host_id	True	
binding:vif_details	0 0	
binding:vif_type binding:vnic_type device_id	unbound direct	
device_owner fixed_ips	{"subnet_id": "2a81d4fc-2790-4072-9e83-ac075fcfbdde", "ip_address": "10.34.31.226"}	
id mac_address name	2ee3079a-79ea-4c82-8fee-037abebb8171 fa:16:3e:da:aa:97 sriov.ha. 4010	
network_id security_groups status	0e7efa05-82b9-4498-9915-48a1748a0238 eeb24d27-7d4f-4a74-819a-bb828c838a33 DOWN	
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6	

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron port-create lan2 --name sriov.lan2.4010 --binding:vnic-type direct

Created a new port:

+	++
Field	Value
+	++
admin_state_up	True
allowed_address_pairs	1
binding:host_id	1
binding:profile	I ()
binding:vif_details	I ()
binding:vif_type	unbound
binding:vnic_type	direct
device_id	
device_owner	
fixed_ips	{"subnet_id": "485d714e-f34c-4994-9bff-ef9edecf507e", "ip_address": "10.34.31.231"}
id	5b6d6231-52e7-4048-9a1a-da5106b167a4
mac_address	fa:16:3e:cc:76:88
name	sriov.lan2.4010
network_id	073b6886-7875-47af-b7aa-44b792099337
security_groups	eeb24d27-7d4f-4a74-819a-bb828c838a33
status	DOWN
tenant_id	d57f8170a21a4f5f970fb7a72f3202a6
+	+

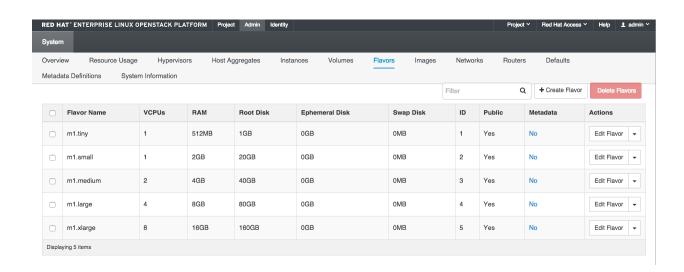
[root@rhops2 ~(keystone_admin)]# neutron port-list

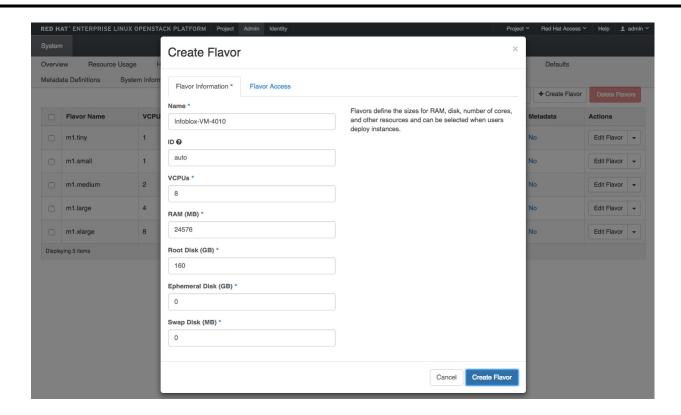
id	name	mac_address	fixed_ips
2ee3079a-79ea-4c82-8fee-037abebb8171 5b6d6231-52e7-4048-9a1a-da5106b167a4 86a8baa1-0184-46a6-a761-9f4558a66006 a4f13d16-5e90-46d7-8a9e-ea5c117e6b1d a5d4c50f-d092-43ce-868b-7d7ee5f4e0c5 af026bf1-8c2e-4ea8-9dcf-5f2b1c6954b2 fa8efa4b-434d-4dbf-956e-423f431059cc	sriov.lan2.4010 sriov.mgmt.4010 	fa:16:3e:cc:76:88 fa:16:3e:a5:99:3c fa:16:3e:20:64:4e fa:16:3e:58:6c:13 fa:16:3e:82:34:0d	{"subnet_id": "2a81d4fc-2790-4072-9e83-ac075fcfbdde", "ip_address": "10.34.31.226"} { "subnet_id": "485d714e-f34c-4994-9bff-ef9edecf507e", "ip_address": "10.34.31.231"} { "subnet_id": "824f9edb-3b30-4179-88f1-eb24a8a1b53b", "ip_address": "10.36.31.221"} { "subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.00.1"} { "subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.00.2"} { "subnet_id": "4d176229-3207-4e5e-bleb-b638accf59f5", "ip_address": "172.24.4.226"} { "subnet_id": "fefb9dda-d6e6-43b6-af59-db6f747a7440", "ip_address": "10.34.31.221"}

INSTALLING INFOBLOX VM IMAGE ON OPENSTACK WITH SRIOV

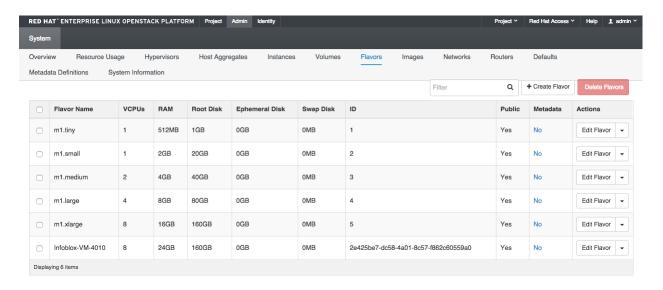
- 1. Create new flavor on OpenStack server that is suitable for the NIOS VM-4010 image.
 - 8x VCPU's
 - 24 GB Memory
 - 160 GB Root Disk
- 2. Log in to the OpenStack GUI. Go to the "Image" tab and click "Create Image."

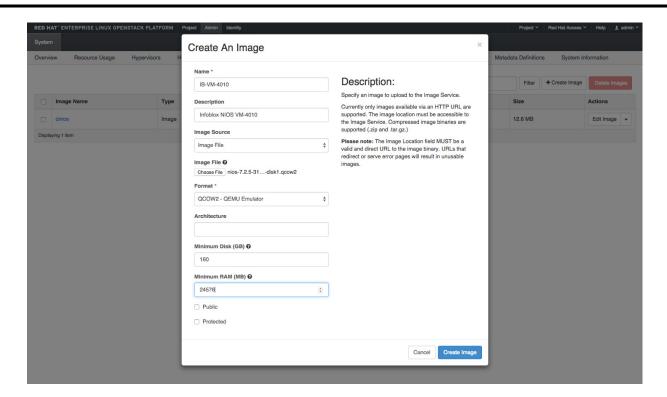


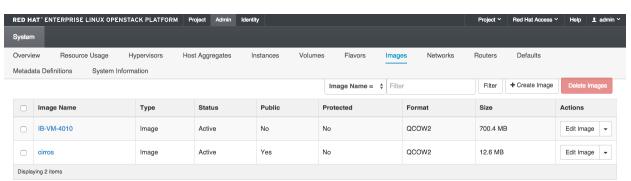




Note that for Reporting members, you must enter 500 GB in the Ephemeral Disk (GB) field.







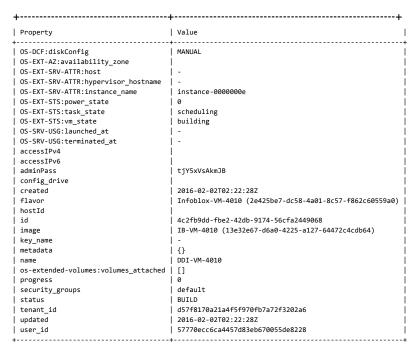
- 3. Once the image creation is finished, go back to the CLI login and bring up the instance.
- Get the SRIOV interface ID using the following command:

[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# neutron port-list

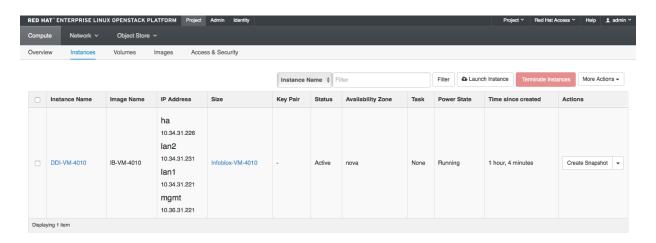
id	name	mac_address	fixed_ips
2ee3079a-79ea-4c82-8fee-037abebb8171 5b6d6231-52e7-4048-9a1a-da5106b167a4 86a8baa1-0184-46a6-a761-9f4558a66006 a4f13d16-5e90-46d7-8a9e-ea5c117e6b1d a5d4c50f-d092-43ce-868b-7d7ee5f4e0c5 af026bf1-8c2e-4ea8-9dcf-5f2b1c6954b2 fa8efa4b-43dd-4dbf-956e-423f4310695c	sriov.lan2.4010 sriov.mgmt.4010 	fa:16:3e:cc:76:88 fa:16:3e:a5:99:3c fa:16:3e:20:64:4e fa:16:3e:58:6c:13 fa:16:3e:82:34:0d	{"subnet_id": "2a81d4fc-2790-4072-9e83-ac075fcfbdde", "ip_address": "10.34.31.226"} { "subnet_id": "485d714e-f34c-4994-9bff-ef9edecf507e", "ip_address": "10.34.31.231"} { "subnet_id": "824f9edb-3b30-4179-88f1-eb24881b53b", "ip_address": "10.36.31.221"} { "subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.0.0.1"} { "subnet_id": "f4c9ded8-07aa-42da-b962-81fb9e691403", "ip_address": "10.0.0.2"} { "subnet_id": "4d176229-3207-4e5e-bleb-b638accf59f5", "ip_address": "172.24.4.226"} { "subnet_id": "fefb9dda-d6e6-43b6-af59-db6f747a7440", "ip_address": "10.34.31.221"}

5. Launch an instance using the following command:

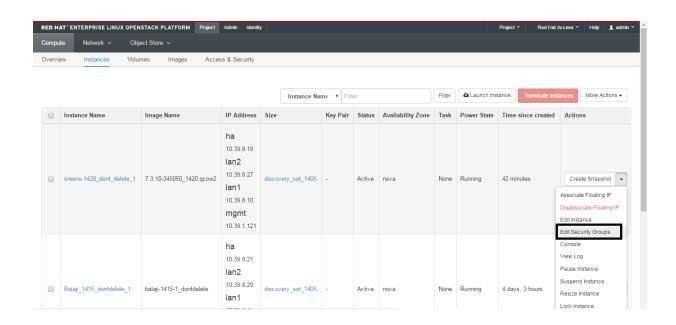
```
[root@rhops2 ~(keystone admin)]# nova boot --flavor Infoblox-VM-4010 --image IB-VM-4010
--nic port-id=86a8baa1-0184-46a6-a761-9f4558a66006 --nic
port-id=fa8efa4b-434d-4dbf-956e-423f431059cc --nic
port-id=2ee3079a-79ea-4c82-8fee-037abebb8171 --nic
port-id=5b6d6231-52e7-4048-9a1a-da5106b167a4 DDI-VM-4010
```

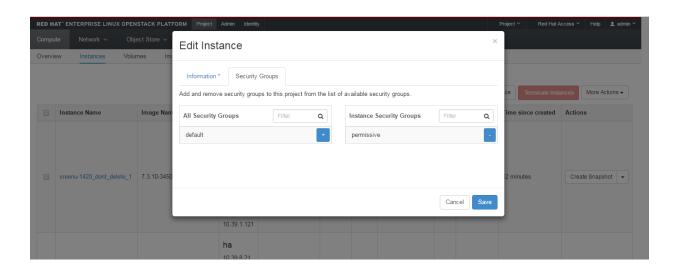


- Go back to the GUI and confirm if the image boots up without any errors.
- 7. Go to "Project" -> Instances.



For Reporting and Blocks tools members, the **Instance Security Groups** must be set to **Permissive**.





8. For console access to the instance, go to "DDI-VM-4010" -> Console.

