



# NEERJA MODI SCHOOL

**A GLOBAL INSTITUTE**

**FINAL  
EXAMINATION  
2020-2021**

**GRADE -VII  
SOCIAL SCIENCE**

DATE :  
TIME  
M. MARKS : 80

I. Fill in the blanks.

1 marks each 10 marks

1. After the Gupta period, agriculture production declined due to \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ changes.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ was a Moroccan traveller who visited India during the Sultanate period.
3. The Sufis expressed their devotion through \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ were nobles who put people of their choice on the Mughal throne.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ is a cash crop grown in and around Hoogly
6. Horticulture is the name given to \_\_\_\_\_.
7. The Tibetan antelope is called \_\_\_\_\_.
8. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a physical place where buyers and sellers exchange money for goods.
9. Advertising is largely done through the \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The disadvantages of advertising is that it encourages \_\_\_\_\_ and materialism.

II. State true or false.

5 marks

1. The Sufi pirs believed in meditation through rituals and customs.
2. Guru Nanak's message was called Gurbani in Punjabi.
3. Newspaper advertisements are the costliest means of advertisement.
4. Advertisement has certain advantages and certain disadvantages.
5. 3. Silkworms are fed leaves of the coconut tree.

II. Multiple Choice Questions.

10 marks

1. Which of the following was NOT a trading town?  
a. Lahore b. Madurai c. Dabhol d. Delhi
2. Kabir expressed his ideas through



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a. sakhis, dohas and bhajans b. the book Adi Granth c. his songs called Gurbani  
d. none of these

3. The Sikh kingdom reached its height of glory during the reign of a. Guru Teg Bahadur b. Guru Gobind Singh c. Ranjit Singh d. Banda Bahadur

4. Poison arrow frogs are found in a. Lakes b. Rivers c. Ponds d. Trees

5. An example of a cash crop. a. Coffee b. Wheat c. Rice d. Cassava

6. The most arid part of the Sahara is the

a. Egyptian Sahara Desert b. Tibesti Range in Chad c. Sudan Sahara Desert d. Libyan Sahara Desert

7. What are the activities involved in the selling a product?

a. transportation b. storage c. after-sales service d. all of these

8. The global demand of silk sarees

a. brings greater profit to the weaver

b. brings greater profit to the silk yarn cultivator

c. brings greater profit to the shopkeeper

d. to none at all

9. In the putting-out system, who places orders to the weaver to weave the sarees?

a. the customers b. the weavers cooperative society c. the wholesalers or intermediaries d. the government

10. In the putting-out system, who places orders to the weaver to weave the sarees? a. the customers b. the weavers cooperative society c. the wholesalers or intermediaries d. the government

III. Answer in brief:

3 marks each



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1. Name some of the new administrative centres built by the Delhi Sultanate and the Mughals. Name the capitals of the regional kingdoms as well.
2. Who were the Sufis and where did they come from? Why did they arrive in India? How were their beliefs similar to that of the Bhakti saints?
3. How did Aurangzeb's policy with the Rajputs differ from that of Akbar?
4. Why were the Sayyid brothers called the 'king makers'?
5. Why is the Ganga-Brahmaputra Basin one of the most fertile plains in the world?
6. Why are environmentalists concerned about the River Ganges?
7. Distinguish between the plant life of the Sahara and that of Ladakh.
8. Write a note about the nomads who live in the Sahara and how they have adapted to their surroundings.
9. Why is marketing of vital importance to both buyers and sellers?
10. Explain the advantages of direct marketing.
11. What role does agriculture play in the making of silk sarees?.

IV. Answer in details (any 5)

25 marks each

1. Trace the rise of [a] Awadh [b] Hyderabad as independent states.
2. When and why did the friendly relations between the Mughals and Rajputs built by Akbar decline? What were its results?
3. Trace the growth of the Bhakti movement in South India. What was the role of Shankaracharya and Ramanuja in spreading the Bhakti Movement?
4. Write a brief note on waves with a suitable diagram.
5. Describe in detail the people of the Sahara and their occupations.
6. What is the function of a retailer? What are the different types of retailers?