Department of Computer Science and Engineering

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CS4043 IMAGE PROCESSING $ASSIGNMENT\ SET\ 2$

 $\begin{array}{c} Date\ of\ posting\ assignment:\ 20/2/17\\ Date\ of\ Submission:\ 25/2/17 \end{array}$

1. An image matrix is given by

$$f(m,n) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the 2D Hadamard transform for this image matrix.

- 2. Determine the Hadamard matrix of order N=8 and obtain its inverse.
- 3. You are given an image patch

$$\begin{bmatrix} 12 & 4 & 2 & 6 \\ 5 & 10 & 12 & 24 \\ 6 & 8 & 10 & 12 \\ 14 & 12 & 8 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the 2D DCT for the image patch. Then reconstruct the original patch by neglecting the last four cofficients in 2D DCT. Comment on the observed result.

- 4. Obtain the DCT matrix for N=4 and verify that it obeys the orthogonality property.
- 5. Obtain the KL transform basis for the following matrix of samples:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

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6. The 4 x 4 Hadamard matrix is given by

Check whether premultiplication of the matrix H by the matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

puts the row in the Walsh sequency order.

NOTE: Sequency refers to the number of sign changes. The sequency for a Walsh matrix of order 4 is given below

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & 1/4 & \textbf{Zero sign change} \\ 1/4 & 1/4 & -1/4 & -1/4 & \textbf{One sign change} \\ 1/4 & -1/4 & 1/4 & -1/4 & \textbf{Three sign change} \\ 1/4 & -1/4 & -1/4 & 1/4 & \textbf{Two sign change} \end{bmatrix}$$