

UiPath Automation

Walkthrough



Walkthrough - Generate Yearly Report for

Vendor

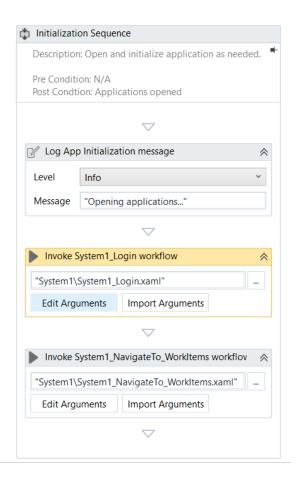
This time, we are using Orchestrator Queues for the processing of the work items, to understand more about the capabilities of this feature. We will go over an example of how to use multiple robots to process data, how to prevent them from processing the entire Queue Item list from the beginning and instead resume the work in case a system error occurs, etc. We will also split the process by using 2 different processes. One creates the queue of items and is called **Dispatcher**. The other one processes the previously created queue items and is called **Performer**. With this approach, we can load the transactions using the Dispatcher only once, and then use multiple Performer robots to process the queue items created by the Dispatcher.

The Dispatcher Process

- Start with the REFramework template.
 - The Dispatcheris responsible for uploading the work items to the queue. We should upload the WIID to the queue to uniquely identify each transaction item.
 - Let's imagine that the next page arrow is not available for WI 4, so we cannot scrape the
 data in the table to extract all the work items. Moreover, in case something happens
 to the System 1 application while navigating through pages, the Dispatcherwill
 recoverfrom the error and resume the work. It will also retry failed transactions. We
 consider one page in the WorkItems list to be a transaction and the page number to be
 the transaction Item.
 - The transactionitem is a string representing the number of the page which is currently being processed.
- Edit the Config file for the current process.
 - o In the **Settings** sheet, add the **InHouse_Process4** value in the **QueueName** parameter. The queue will be defined in Orchestratorusing the same name.
 - In the Settings sheet, add settings for the System1 URL and System1
 Credential parameters.
 - o In the **Constants** sheet, set the value of **MaxRetryNumber** to 2.
- Make the following framework changes:
 - The TransactionItemvariable in the Main file should be of the System.String type. You should also make sure that the argument types in the GetTransactionData,
 Process, and SetTransactionStatus files match the type of TransactionItem.

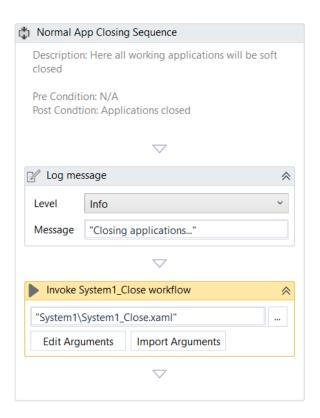


- We will use only one application in this exercise ACME System1. Create a folder named
 System1 in the solution root folder.
 - o The following components in Process 5 can be reused.
 - Copy the System1_Login.xaml, System1_Close.xaml, and
 System1_NavigateTo_WorkItems.xaml files to the System1 folder.
 - Copy the SendEmail.xaml file to the Common folder.
- Open the InitAllApplications file.
 - o Invokethe System1\System1_Login.xaml file.
 - o Invoke the **System1\System1_NavigateTo_WorkItems.xaml** file. To make sure all the transaction data is retrieved, the WorkItemspage should be open in the browser.
 - o This is what the **InitAllAplications** project should look like:

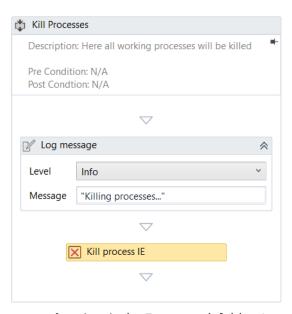


- Open the CloseAllApplications file.
 - Invokethe System1\System1_Close.xaml file.
 - o This is what the CloseAllApplicationsworkflowshould look like:





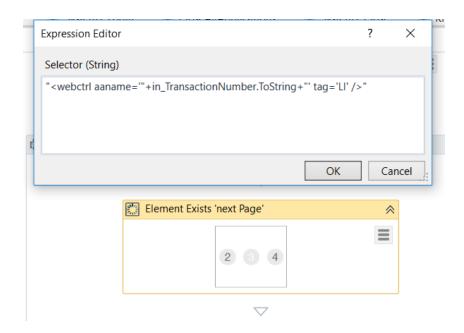
- Open the **KillAllProcesses.xaml** file in the Framework folder.
 - o Add a Kill Process activity and rename it "Kill process IE".
 - Set the **ProcessName** propertyto "iexplore".
 - o This is how the **KillAllProcesses.xaml** project should look:



 Open the GetTransactionData.xaml project in the Framework folder. It can be found in the Get Transaction Data state.

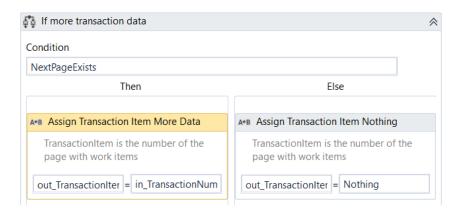


- As always, we should start with an annotation. Add details about the TransactionNumber: "TransactionNumberrepresents the page number" - as agreed before.
- Delete the **Get Transaction Item** activity as it is not needed, because the Dispatcher process is used to upload data to the queue.
- Before the Write Transaction info in Logging Fields sequence, add an Attach
 Browser activity and attach the Work Items page.
- Add an **Element Exists** activity to check if the next page is available. Indicate apage number and modify the selector to use an attribute related to the page number (reminder: the **in_TransactionNumber** argument is the page number for the Dispatcher).
- o In the output parameter, create a Boolean variable called **NextPageExists.**
- This is what the Element Exists activity should look like.



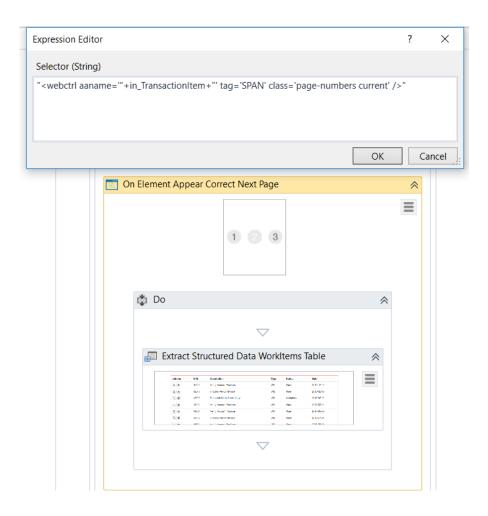
- o Use an **If** activityto check if thereis more transaction data left.
- o If the next page exists, set the output argument **out_TransactionItem** to the value of the current page, namely **in_TransactionNumber**.
- o If the next page doesn't exist, set the **out_TransactionItem** to Nothing.
- This is how the **If** activity should look:





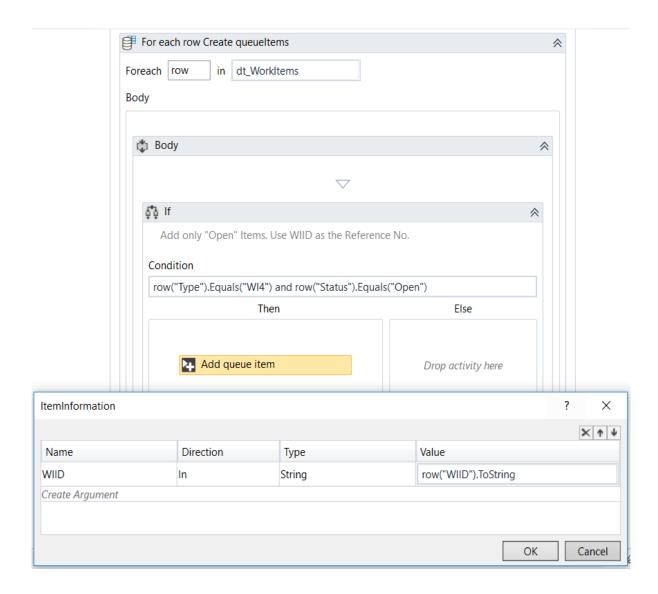
- Open the Process.xaml file in the Framework folder.tl can be found in the Process
 Transaction state.
 - Add an **Attach Browser** activity and indicate the **WorkItems** page of the System1
 ACME application.
 - Use a Click activity to select the processing page number using the same dynamic selector to identify the current page (in_TransactionNumber argument).
 - Next, add an **On Element Appear** activity to check if the processing page was opened. You can use UiExplorer. The class attribute can be used to identify active or inactive pages, so it can also be used when creating the dynamic selector. Inside the **On Element Appear** activity, scrape the table containing workitems. Create a variable called **dt_WorkItems** in the **Output** property to store them.
 - o This is how the **On Element Appear** activity shouldlook:





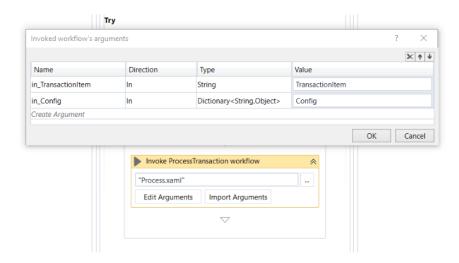
- The next step is to upload the WIID for all the rows inside the scraped data tablethat have the WI4 type and the Open status to the queue. To upload the value to the queue, use an Add Queue Item activity. In the Properties panel, use the value in the in_Config dictionary to fill the QueueName field. In the ItemInformation field, create an argument called WIID. Set the corresponding value for the argument.
- o This is what the **Add Queue Item** activity should look like:





- Open the Main.xaml file.
 - o Make sure that the arguments for the **Process.xaml** invoked project are set correctly.
 - o This is what the arguments should look like:





• We are done with the process implementation. Next, we need to test the process and check that the values are uploaded the queue correctly.

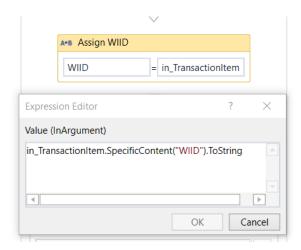
The Performer Process

The Performer processes all the transactions loaded by the Dispatcher to the queue. For that reason, the Transaction I tem type needs to be **Queue I tem**.

- Start with the REFramework template.
 - The **TransactionItem** argumentshould be of the **QueueItem** type. This is the default type of TransactionItemin the REFramework.
- Edit the **Config** file for the current process as follows:
 - o In the **Settings** sheet, add the "InHouse_Process4" value in the **QueueName** parameter. The queue will be defined in Orchestratorusing the same name.
 - In the Settings sheet, add settings for the System1 URL and System1
 Credential parameters.
 - In the Constants sheet, keep the value of MaxRetryNumber at 0, because we are using queue items in the Performer process and the retry mechanism is handled in Orchestrator.
- We will use only one application in this exercise: ACME System1. Create a folder nam6dstem1 in the solution root folder.
 - o The following components in the **Performer** process can be reused.
 - Copy the System1_Login.xaml, System1_Close.xaml,
 System1_NavigateTo_WorkItems.xaml,
 System1_NavigateTo_WIDetails.xaml and
 System1_UpdateWorkItem.xaml files to the System1 folder.
 - Copy the SendEmail.xaml file to the Common folder.
- Open the InitAllApplications file.
 - Invokethe System1\System1_Login.xaml file.

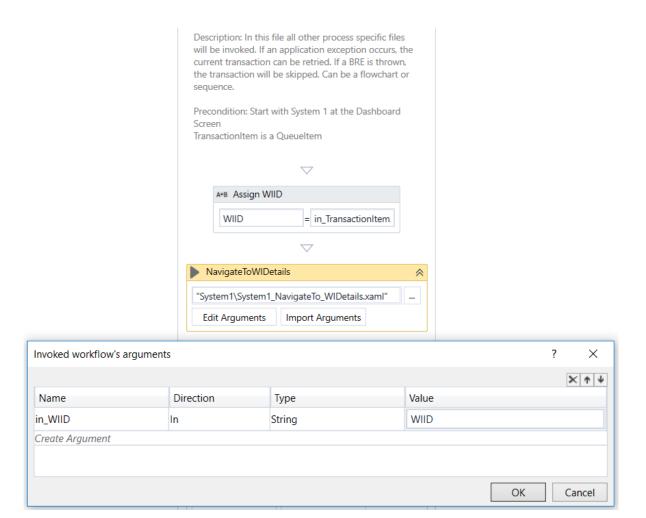


- Open the CloseAllApplications file.
 - Invokethe System1\System1_Close.xaml file.
- Open the **KillAllProcesses.xaml** project in the Framework folder. Add **Xill Process** activity and rename it **Kill process IE**.
 - Set the ProcessName property to iexplore.
- Open the **Process.xaml** project in the Framework folder. It can be found in the **Process**Transaction state.
 - o Create a String variable to set the currentwork item ID(WIID).
 - Add an **Assign** activity and set the variable created above to the value in the queue.
 To do that, we can use the SpecificContent method in_TransactionItem.SpecificContent("WIID").ToString
 - o This is what the **Assign** activity should look like:



- Open the Process.xaml workflowin the Frameworkfolder. Invoke the System1\System1_NavigateTo_WIDetails.xaml. Import and bind the argumentthat should be taken from the queue using the SpecificContent method, as describedearlier.
- o This is what the **Invoke** activity and the WIID argument should look like:

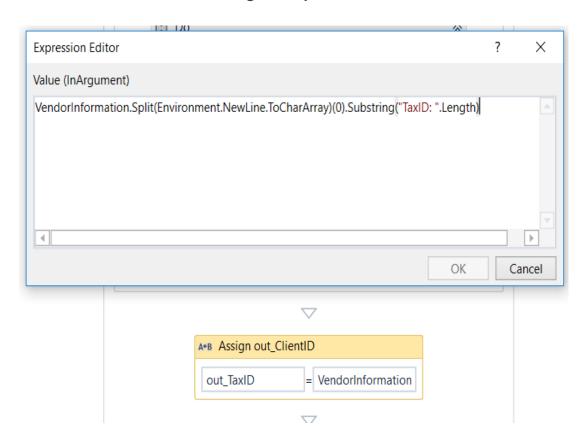




- Next, create a blank sequence workflowin the System1 folder. We'll use it to retrieve the TaxID value from the Work Item Details page. We can name this workflow System1_ExtractVendorInformation.xaml.
 - Start with an annotation. The precondition is this: "Work Item Details page is open".
 - Create an out argument of the String type called out_TaxID, which will be used later in the project.
 - Add an On Element Appear activity and indicate the Vendor Information paragraph on the Work Item Details page. Set the RepeatForever property to False.
 - Add a Get Text activity in the Do sequence which is part of On Element Appear.
 Indicate the aforement ioned paragraph to retrieve the text in it.
 - In the **Properties** panel of the **Get Text** activity, create a variable named VendorInformationin the **Output** field.

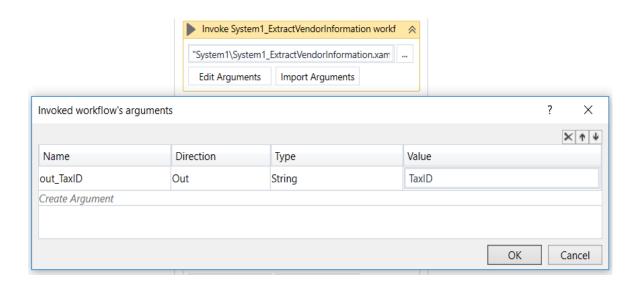


- Next, after the On Element Appear activity, add an Assign activity to set the value of the out_TaxID argument to the TaxID value, which can be retreived using the previously created Vendor Information variable.
- This is what the **Assign** activity should look like:



- Open the Process.xaml and create a Stringvariablenamed TaxID to store the value of the out argument from the previous created workflow file. Invoke System1
 \System1_ExtractVendorInformation.xaml and bind the argument.
- o This is what the invoked workflowshould look like:



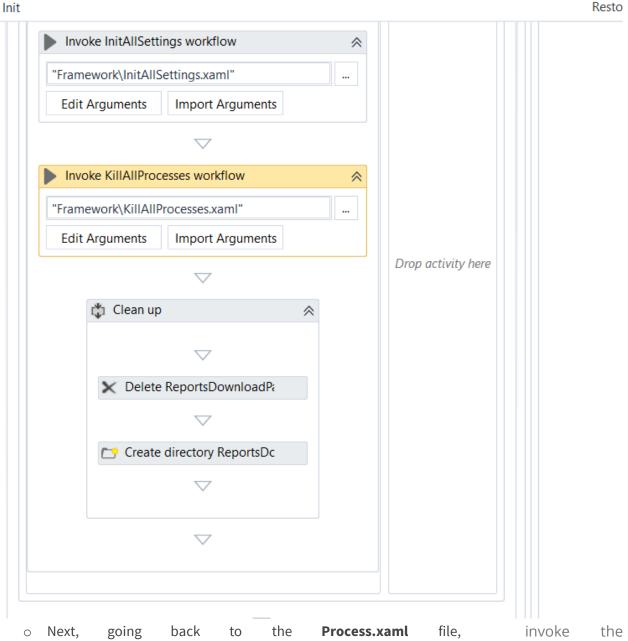


- Next, create a new workflow to navigate to the Dashboard page. The workflow should include a Click activity to select the Dashboard page. We can name this workflow System1_NavigateTo_Dashboard.xaml.
- o Invoke the workflowin the **Process.xaml** file.
- Now that the TaxID value has been retrieved, we need to navigate to the **Download** Monthly Report page. To do that, let us create a new blank sequencenamed

 System1_NavigateTo_MonthlyReport.
 - Add a specificannotation to this sequence. The precondition is that the Dashboard page be open.
 - Add an Attach Browser activity and indicate the Dashboard page.
 - Add 2 Click activities to navigate to Reports, and then to Download Monthly Report.
 - In the **Properties** panel of both activities, select the checkbox in the **Simulate Click** field. The **Reports** menu is displayed only if you hover overthe **Reports** button. To click on **Download Monthly Report**, use UiExplorer, pause it for 3 seconds using the **F2** key, and make sure the element is displayed on the screen before indicating the button.
- O Downloadingexistinginvoices might cause some issues. However, to prevent any exceptions, we should make sure that the environment is clean every time the robot starts. To do that, we can delete the **Download Reports** folder mentioned in the **Config** file, and then recreate it from scratch. Open the Init State in the Main.xamlfile. Add a Sequence named **Clean Up** after the invoked KillAllProcesses.xaml file. Let us use two activities: **Delete** and **Create Directory**.
- In the Properties panel of the Delete activity, set the Path field to the value in the
 Config file. This way, you can always have a new empty Data\Temp



directorywhen the robot runs. This is what the Clean Up sequence should look like:

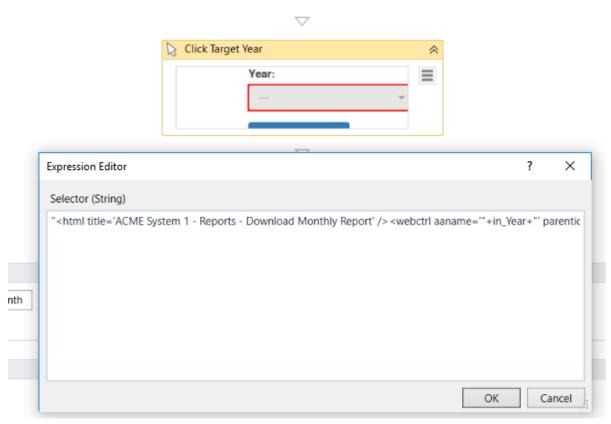


- **System1\System1_NavigateTo_MonthlyReport.xaml** file created above.
- o Create a new variable called **ReportYear.** Use an **Assign** activity to set its value to the previous year.
- o The next step is to create the yearly report. To do that, we need to create a new blank sequence file named System1_CreateYearlyReport.xaml.
 - Start with a relevant annotation. The precondition is that the Monthly Report Page be open in the ACME System1 application.

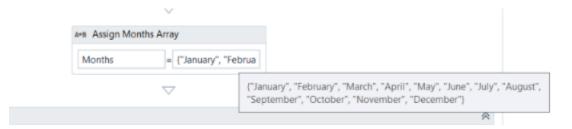


- Create three In arguments, as follows:
 - **in_TaxID** to be provided from the main file. It stores the TaxID value.
 - **in_Year** to be provided from the main file. It stores the year for which the report will be created
 - **in_ReportsDownloadPath** the folder where the monthly reports will be downloaded.
- Create one Out argument called out_YearlyReportPath to store the path to the yearly report file created after merging all the monthly reports.
- Add a new item in the Config file, in the Settings sheet, to indicate the path of the folder where the reports are downloaded. Complete the Name field by typing ReportsDownloadPath, and the Value field, by filling inData\Temp.
- Create a new Data Table variable called dt_YearlyReport.We use it to mergeall
 the monthlyreports.Set its value to new Datatable using an Assign activity.
- Next, add a **Type Into** activity to type the TaxID value in the ACME System1 application. The Monthly Report page should already be open at this step.
- Add a **Click** activity to select the year. Enable the **Simulate Click** property, and then select the target year. This way, the activity can be executed in the background, even if the drop-down menu is not open and the element is invisible. Change the aaname attribute in the selector to the **in_Year** argument. This is what the **Click** activity and the selector should look like:





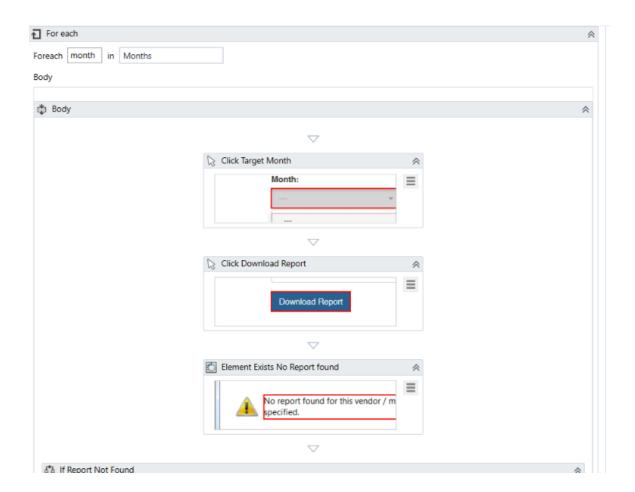
- Another option is to use a **Select** activity instead of the **Click** activity. In that case, make sure you update the selectorto
 point to the year, using UiExplorer.
- Create an Array of Strings variable called Months. Use an Assign activity to set its values according to the options in the Month drop-downlist. This is what the Assign activity should look like:



- Next, to download the reports for each month, we need to add a For Each
 activity to iterate through the Months array, select the specified monthfrom the
 drop-downbox, and download the report.
- Inside the For Each activity, add a Click activity to select the target Month. Edit the selectors imilarly to how you edited the selector for the Year dropdown, by using the dynamic aaname attribute. Alternatively, you can use a Select activity.



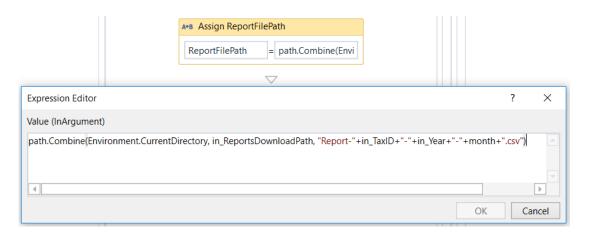
- Next, add a Click activity and indicate the Download button. Select the Simulate Click property.
- Because some reports don't exist, add an **Element Exists** activity and indicate the label of the pop-up window that is shown in this case. Create a Boolean variable named ReportNotFound in the Output property.
- This is what the **For Each** activity should look like so far:



- The next step is to add an If activity tocheck if the report is not found. Use the ReportNotFound variable as the **Condition**. In the **Then** section, add a **Click** activity and set its target to the **OK** button of the pop-up window, to move on to the next month.
- In the Else section, download the Report using the below activities:
 - Add a Click activity and direct it towards the Save as button. Enable the Simulate Click property.

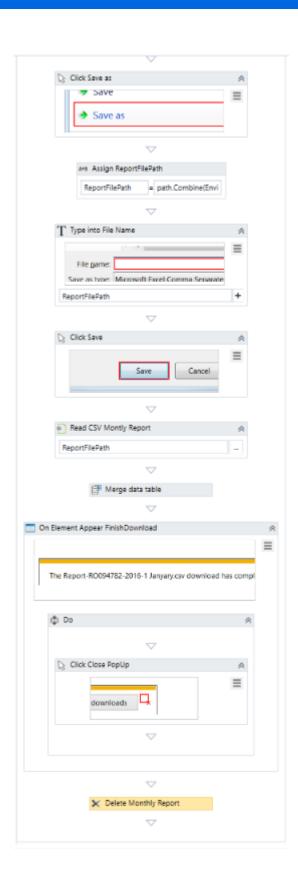


 Add an Assign activity. Create a new variable called ReportFilePath and set its value to the path and the file name of the monthly report that is downloaded in .csv format.



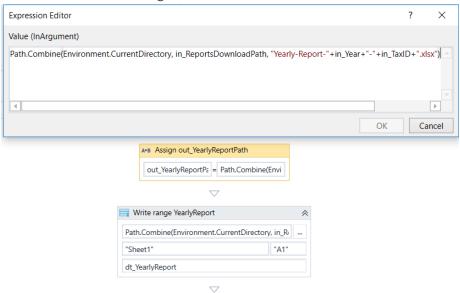
- Using a Type Into activity, fill in the value of ReportFilePath in the File
 Name field of the Save As window. Select th§imulate Type property.
- Add a Click activity and direct it towards th Save button. Enable the Simulate Click property.
- Read the csv file just downloaded. In the output property create a data table variable named dt_MonthlyReport.
- Next, using aMerge Data Table activity, append the values of dt_MonthlyReport to the dt_YearlyReport data table.
- Downloading a monthly report takes a variable amount of time. To check
 that the file was fully downloaded before downloading the next month
 report, add an On Element Appear activity and indicate the download
 pop-up. Update the selector with wildcard for dynamic attribute values.
 Enable the Wait Visible property.
- In the **Do** section of the **On Element Appear** activity, add a **Click** to close the pop-up. Select the **Simulate Click** property.
- Add a **Delete File** activity to delete the Monthly Report file before downloading the next one.
- This is what the **Else** section should look like:



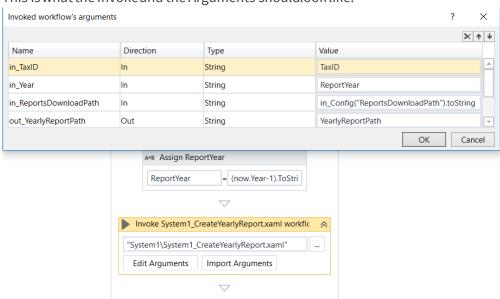




The next activity in the sequence is **Assign**, which is used to set the value of the **out_YearlyReportPath** argument. Make sure the name of the the Yearly Report Excel file is in accordance in the model in the PDD file, and the path is the one in the Config file.

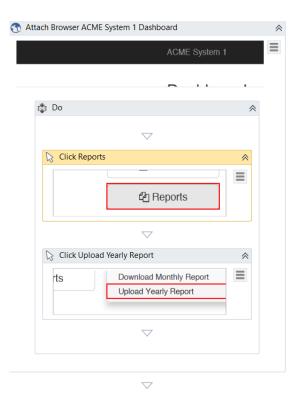


- Set default values for the In arguments and test the workflow.
- Go back to the **Process** workflow.
 - Invoke the System1\System1_CreateYearlyReport.xaml file created above. Import and bind the arguments.
 - Create a String variable called YearlyReportPath.It is used to get the value of the out_
 yearlyReportPath argument in the previous workflow.
 - o This is what the Invoke and the Arguments should look like:





- Next, invoke System1\System1_NavigateTo_Dashboard.xaml to navigate back to the Dashboard page.
- Now, that we have created the Yearly Report file, we need to navigate to the Reports-Upload Yearly Report page in the ACME System 1 application. To do that we need to create a new blank sequence named
 System1_NavigateTo_UploadYearlyReport.
 - Start the new workflow by adding an annotation. The precondition is that the Dashboard page be open.
 - Add an **Attach Browser** activity and indicate the Dashboard page.
 - Add a Click activity to select the Reports button. Enable the SimulateClick property.
 - Next, add a new Click activity to select the Upload Yearly Report button.
 Use UiExplorer to click this button, as you did in the
 System1_NavigateTo_MonthlyReport.xaml workflow. Enable the
 SimulateClick property.
 - This is what the workflowshould look like:

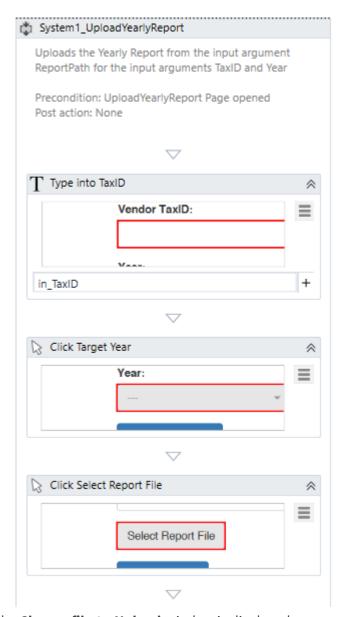


- Go back to the Process workflow.
 - o Invokethe System1\System1_NavigateTo_UploadYearlyReport.xaml file.
 - After navigating to the Reports Upload Yearly Report page, we should upload theyearlyreport. To do that, let us create a new blank sequence named
 System1_UploadYearlyReport.



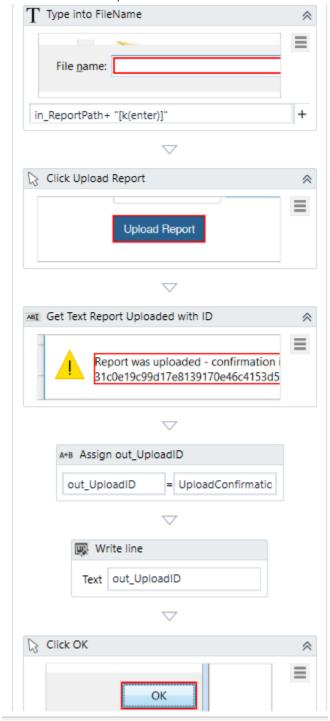
- Start the new sequence by adding an annotation. The precondition is that the Reports Upload Yearly Report page be open.
- The information required to upload the yearly report file consists of the taxID, the file path, and the year. When the upload is performed, a confirmation ID is generated. So, in this workflow, we must use 3 String In arguments: in_TaxID, in_ReportPath, in_Year, and one String out argument: out_UploadID.
- Now, that everything is set up, add a Type Into activity and indicate the Vendor TaxID field. Use the in_TaxID argument as text.
- Use a Click activity on the Year drop-downmenu. Update the selector using the in_Year argument.
- Use the **Click** activityon the **Select Report File** button.
- This is what the sequence should look like so far:





- Now, the Choose file to Upload window is displayed, so we need to use a
 Type Into activity to set the path to the yearly report
 file(in_ReportPath) and hit Enter.
- Select the Upload button using a **Click** activity.
- A pop-up window with the upload confirmationID is displayed, so let's use a Get
 Text activity to retrieve its value. In the Output property, createa variable
 named UploadConfirmation.
- Set the value of the out_UploadID argument to the one of the confirmationID using an Assign activity. Use the Substringmethod to retrieve the value, as follows: UploadConfirmation. Substring("Report wasploadedconfirmationid is ".Length)
- Use a **Click** activityon the **OK** button. Now we are done!

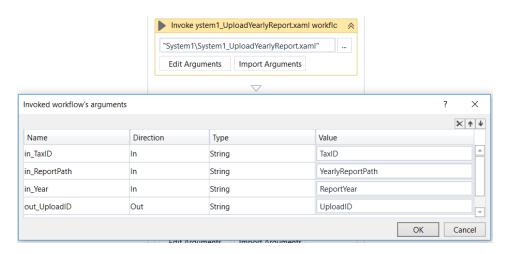




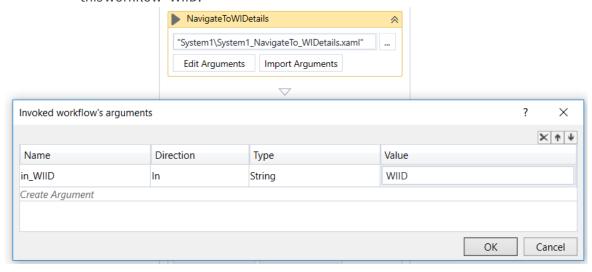
• This is what the last part of the workflowshould look like:

- Go back to the **Process** workflow.
 - Invoke the System1\System1_UploadYearlyReport.xaml file and bind the correspondingarguments.Create a variable in the Process workflowto store the value of the out_UploadID argument.Name the variable UploadID.
 - o This is what the invoke should look like:





- At this point, we have uploaded the yearly report file, so we should update the status of the Work Items.
- Invoke the System1\System1_NavigateTo_Dashboard.xaml file to navigate to DashboardPage.
- Invokethe System1\System1_NavigateTo_WIDetails.xaml file to navigate to the
 Details page of a specific work item. As you have seen, there is one argumentin
 this workflow- WIID.



- Update the status of the work item to Complete by invoking the System1 \System1_UpdateWorkItem.xaml file. Be sure to set the correct arguments forthe Comment and Status sections. As mentioned in the PDD file, set the status to Completed, and the value of the Comment to Uploaded with ID uploadID.
- Finally, we need to leave the application in its initial state, so that we can process next item. To do that, invoke the System1
 \System1_NavigateTo_Dashboard.xaml file to return to Dashboard page.



- We are done with the process implementation. Next, we need to test the entire process. You should have already tested each individual workflow, right after development, using default values for the arguments.
 - o Run the **Main** workflow several times and make sure that it is executed correctly everytime. If it isn't, fix the issues and run it again.
 - Use the **Reset test data** option in the User options menu to generate a fresh set of data for testing purposes.
 - o Use the **Dispatcher** to upload new items to the Queue if needed.

Process implementation notes.

We started with a **Dispatcher** process that was used for uploading queue items to Orchestrator. Then, we processed each queue item using the **Performer**. Notice that the status of a transaction in the queue changes after it is processed. All the items are independent of one another and can be processed in parallel, using multiple Performer robots.