

# Executing Python Boto3 Scripts from Local MacOS Machine

- There are different ways to provide AWS Programmatic Credentials to your Python Boto3 scripts from a local MacOS machine, they are:
  - Using AWS CLI Configuration to pass AWS Programmatic Access Keys
  - Using a Custom AWS Programmatic Access Keys File
  - Using AWS Programmatic Access Keys in the Script
  - Using Environment Variables to pass AWS Programmatic Access Keys

# Using AWS CLI Configuration to pass AWS Credentials

- We already installed aws cli v2 on Linux
- Configure Credentials using : `aws configure --profile dev`
- Note: This store credentials and config details in:
  - `~/.aws/credentials`
  - `~/.aws/config`
- This is the standard and secure practice to execute or develop Python Boto3 Scripts from Local Machine
- Easy to switch between different AWS profiles (e.g., dev, prod)

# Using Custom Credentials File

- Here, we have to Create `aws credentials.ini` file instead of `aws configure` command as below

```
[dev]
aws_access_key_id = DEV_ACCESS_KEY
aws_secret_access_key = DEV_SECRET_KEY
region = us-east-1

[prod]
aws_access_key_id = PROD_ACCESS_KEY
aws_secret_access_key = PROD_SECRET_KEY
region = us-west-2
```

- Notes:
  - No dependency on AWS CLI
  - Easy to switch between different AWS profiles (e.g., dev, prod)

# Using AWS Credentials Directly in the Script

- Its very straightforward – simply we will pass programmatic access keys directly in python boto3 script
- ⚠️ Important Security Note:
  - Do NOT use this method in production environments.
  - If the script is accidentally pushed to GitHub or shared then someone could misuse your AWS account badly
  - ● Credentials hardcoded in code are difficult to rotate and manage securely.

# Using Environment Variables to Pass AWS Credentials

- We will Set environment variables like `AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID`, `AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY` and `AWS_DEFAULT_REGION` in your system or terminal session
- Setting Credentials as Environment Variables on Windows:
  - `export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=your-access-key-id`
  - `export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=your-secret-access-key`
  - `export AWS_DEFAULT_REGION=us-east-1`
- Notes:
  - Keeps credentials out of source code
  - Works well for temporary sessions or CI/CD pipelines
  - Safer than hardcoding credentials
  - ✗ Not persisted across terminal restarts (unless added to system variables)