# MA080G Cryptography Assignment 1

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# Question 1

Showing you working, decrypt the shift-encrypted message PM FVB DHUA AV RLLW H ZLJYLA FVB TBZA HSZV RLLW PA MYVT FVBYZLSM.

# Answer 1

By looking at the first digram PM, I made the guess that the plaintext is "if". So I start the decryption by shifting the alphabet 7 steps to the left for P to become an "f". After that I begin checking if the remaining ciphertext translate to a plausible English sentence.

By shifting 7 steps to the left the sentence becomes: "if you want to keep a secret you must also keep it from yourself".

# Question 2

#### 10.6.1

Write down the cycle notation for permutation which effect the rearrangement.

## 10.6.2

Let  $\sigma, \tau$  be the permutations of  $\{1, 2, ..., 8\}$  whose effects representations in cycle notation are:

$$\sigma = (1\ 2\ 3)\ (4\ 5\ 6)\ (7\ 8), \quad \tau = (1\ 3\ 5\ 7)\ (2\ 6)\ (4)\ (8)$$

Write down the cycle notations for  $\sigma\tau,\tau\sigma,\sigma^2,\sigma^{-1},\tau^{-1}.$ 

#### 10.6.4

Show that there are just three members of  $S_4$  which have two cycles of lenght 2 when written in cycle notation.

#### 10.6.5

Let K denote the subset of  $S_4$  which contains the identity permutation i and the three permutations  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$  described in the previous exercise. Write out the "multiplication table" for K, when multiplication is interpreted as composition of permutations.

# Answer 2

By using cycle notation to calculate blabal bla The inverse of a permutation in cycle notation is the number backwards. One-cycles can be discarded as they will not effect the calculations.

#### 10.6.1

Cycle notation: (1 3 7) (2 5 4 8)

## 10.6.2

$$\sigma\tau = (1\ 2\ 3)\ (4\ 5\ 6)\ (7\ 8)*(1\ 3\ 5\ 7)\ (2\ 6)$$

$$= (2\ 4\ 5\ 8\ 7)\ (3\ 6)$$

$$\tau\sigma = (1\ 3\ 5\ 7)\ (2\ 6)*(1\ 2\ 3)\ (4\ 5\ 6)\ (7\ 8)$$

$$= (1\ 6\ 4\ 7\ 8)\ (2\ 5)$$

$$\sigma^2 = (1\ 2\ 3)\ (4\ 5\ 6)\ (7\ 8)*(1\ 2\ 3)\ (4\ 5\ 6)\ (7\ 8)$$

$$= (1\ 3\ 2)\ (4\ 6\ 5)$$

$$\sigma^{-1} = (3\ 2\ 1)\ (6\ 5\ 4)\ (8\ 7)$$

$$= (1\ 3\ 2)\ (4\ 6\ 5)\ (7\ 8)$$

$$\tau^{-1} = (7\ 5\ 3\ 1)\ (6\ 2)$$

# 10.6.4

$$S_4 = \frac{4!}{2^2 2!} = 3$$

= (1753)(26)

## 10.6.5

# Question 3

In how many ways can you rearrange the letters of the string ABRAABRAKADABRA?

# Answer 3

We have 15 letters in total, but they aren't unique. I count 7 As, 3Bs, 3Rs, 1 K and 1 D. If each letter was unique, the number of permutations would be 15!, but since the number of permutations aren't, they can be counted as:

$$\frac{15!}{7!3!3!} = 7207200$$