





mor D = diag [4, -2, s] og @ es en oftogonal matrix med de normerede egencuentaier som saler, à bilsvarende nontréfége som egenvocraierne i D. Endudere et QT=QT da Q es ordogonal
Herat fas at A = QDQT, 09 \$ (A) et da defineret son f(A) = Q f(D)QT, hupr $P(D) = \text{diag} \left[f(4), f(-2), f(8) \right], \text{ huor}$ er defineret på 3(A) = {4, 2,5} V2 V2 0 OJ. f(4) 0 f (D) = 0 f(-2) 0 0 0 f(Par f(4). 1/2 f(4). 1/2 f(b) Q f(2) /2 f(-2) -/-

$$\begin{array}{c} = -\frac{1}{4} \int \cos(6x) + \cos(4x) - \cos(2x) - 2 dx \\ = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{6} \sin(6x) + \frac{1}{4} \sin(4x) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2x) - 2x \right) + k \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \sin(6x) - \frac{1}{16} \sin(4x) + \frac{1}{8} \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{2} x + k \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \sin(6x) - \frac{1}{16} \sin(4x) + \frac{1}{8} \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{2} x + k \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \sin(6x) - \frac{1}{16} \sin(4x) + \frac{1}{8} \sin(2x) + \frac{1}{2} x + k \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \sin(6x) - \frac{1}{16} \sin(4x) + \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) \\ = -\frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}{24} \cos(4x) - \frac{1}$$

