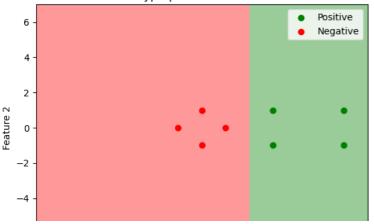
## → Lab Problem

### ▼ PS 1

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
X_{positive} = np.array([[3, 1], [3, -1], [6, 1], [6, -1]])
X_{negative} = np.array([[1, 0], [0, 1], [0, -1], [-1, 0]])
y_positive = np.ones(X_positive.shape[0])
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))
print(X)
print(y)
     [[ 3 1]
      [ 3 -1]
      [61]
      [6-1]
      [ 1 0]
      [0 1]
      [ 0 -1]
      [-1 0]]
     [1. 1. 1. 1. -1. -1. -1. -1.]
from sklearn import svm
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
               SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f''\{w[0]\} * x + \{w[1]\} * y + \{b\} = 0")
     Equation of the hyperplane:
     1.0004816608996538 * x + -1.6653345369377348e-16 * y + -2.001123875432526 = 0
x_min, x_max = -7, 7
y_min, y_max = -7, 7
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                     np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
plt.scatter(X\_positive[:,\ 0],\ X\_positive[:,\ 1],\ color='green',\ label='Positive')
plt.scatter(X_negative[:, 0], X_negative[:, 1], color='red', label='Negative')
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4)
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
plt.xlim(x_min, x_max)
{\tt plt.ylim}({\tt y\_min, y\_max})
plt.show()
```

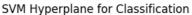


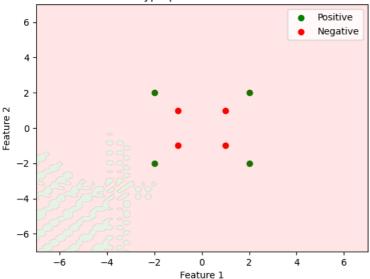


### ▼ PS 2

```
X_{positive} = np.array([[2, 2], [2, -2], [-2, -2], [-2, 2]])
X_negative = np.array([[1, 1], [1, -1], [-1, -1], [-1, 1]])
y positive = np.ones(X positive.shape[0])
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))
print(X)
print(y)
     [[ 2 2]
      [ 2 -2]
      [-2 -2]
      [-2 2]
      [1 1]
      [ 1 -1]
      [-1 -1]
     [-1 1]]
[ 1. 1. 1. 1. -1. -1. -1. -1.]
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
               SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f''\{w[0]\} * x + \{w[1]\} * y + \{b\} = 0")
     Equation of the hyperplane: 0.0 * x + 0.0 * y + -0.0 = 0
x_min, x_max = -7, 7
y_min, y_max = -7, 7
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                     np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
plt.figure()
\verb|plt.scatter(X_positive[:, 0], X_positive[:, 1], color='green', label='Positive')|\\
plt.scatter(X_negative[:, 0], X_negative[:, 1], color='red', label='Negative')
\verb|plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4||
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
```

```
plt.xlim(x_min, x_max)
plt.ylim(y_min, y_max)
plt.show()
```

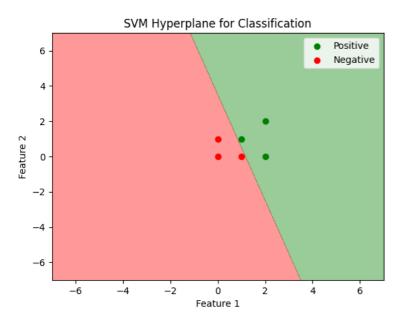




### ▼ PS 3

```
X_{positive} = np.array([[1, 1], [2, 2], [2, 0]])
X_{negative} = np.array([[0, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1]])
y_positive = np.ones(X_positive.shape[0])
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))
print(X)
print(y)
     [[1 1]
[2 2]
      [2 0]
      [0 0]
      [1 0]
      [0 1]]
     [1. 1. -1. -1. -1.]
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
               SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f"{w[0]} * x + {w[1]} * y + {b} = 0")
     Equation of the hyperplane:
     1.2000000000000000 * x + 0.4 * y + -1.4 = 0
x_min, x_max = -7, 7
y_min, y_max = -7, 7
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                     np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
```

```
plt.figure()
plt.scatter(X_positive[:, 0], X_positive[:, 1], color='green', label='Positive')
plt.scatter(X_negative[:, 0], X_negative[:, 1], color='red', label='Negative')
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4)
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
plt.xlim(x_min, x_max)
plt.ylim(y_min, y_max)
plt.show()
```

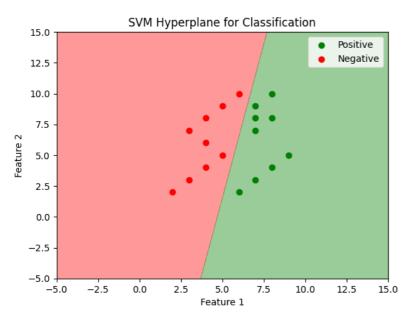


# → Assignments

## **-** 1

```
X_{\text{negative}} = \text{np.array}([[2, 2], [3, 3], [4, 4], [5, 5], [4, 6], [3, 7], [4, 8], [5, 9], [6, 10]])
 X\_positive = np.array([[6, 2], [7, 3], [8, 4], [9, 5], [8, 8], [7, 7], [7, 8], [7, 9], [8, 10]]) 
y_positive = np.ones(X_positive.shape[0])
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))
print(X)
print(y)
    [[ 6 2]
     7
         3]
       8
         4]
5]
     [ 8
[ 9
       8
          8]
          7]
      [78]
      [ 8 10]
      [ 2
         2]
         3]
     [ 4 4]
      [ 5 5]
     [ 4 6]
[ 3 7]
      [ 4 8]
      [5 9]
    clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
```

```
SVC
      SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f"{w[0]} * x + {w[1]} * y + {b} = 0")
      Equation of the hyperplane:
      1.428847397087818 * x + -0.2858982647252102 * y + -6.714531019633633 = 0
x_min, x_max = -5, 15
y_min, y_max = -5, 15
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                      np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
plt.figure()
plt.scatter(X_positive[:, 0], X_positive[:, 1], color='green', label='Positive')
plt.scatter(X_negative[:, 0], X_negative[:, 1], color='red', label='Negative')
\verb|plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4||
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
plt.xlim(x_min, x_max)
plt.ylim(y_min, y_max)
plt.show()
```



# **-** 2

```
X_positive = np.array([[3, 1], [3, -1], [6, 1], [6, -1]])
X_negative = np.array([[1, 0], [0, 1], [0, -1], [-1, 0]])

y_positive = np.ones(X_positive.shape[0])

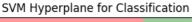
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])

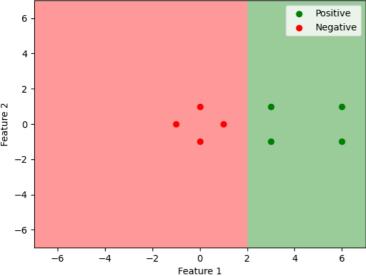
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))

print(X)
print(y)

[[ 3    1]
    [ 3    -1]
    [ 6    1]
    [ 6    -1]
    [ 1    0]
```

```
[0 1]
      [ 0 -1]
      [-1 0]]
     [1. 1. 1. -1. -1. -1.]
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
              SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f"{w[0]} * x + {w[1]} * y + {b} = 0")
     Equation of the hyperplane:
     1.0004816608996538 * x + -1.6653345369377348e-16 * y + -2.001123875432526 = 0
x_min, x_max = -7, 7
y_min, y_max = -7, 7
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                    np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
plt.figure()
plt.scatter(X_positive[:, 0], X_positive[:, 1], color='green', label='Positive')
plt.scatter(X\_negative[:,\ 0],\ X\_negative[:,\ 1],\ color='red',\ label='Negative')
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4)
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
plt.xlim(x_min, x_max)
plt.ylim(y_min, y_max)
plt.show()
```





**-** 3

```
X_positive = np.array([[2, 2], [2, -2], [-2, 2], [-2, 2]])
X_negative = np.array([[1, 1], [1, -1], [-1, -1], [-1, 1]])

y_positive = np.ones(X_positive.shape[0])
y_negative = -np.ones(X_negative.shape[0])
```

```
X = np.vstack((X_positive, X_negative))
y = np.hstack((y_positive, y_negative))
print(X)
print(y)
     [[ 2 2]
[ 2 -2]
      [-2 2]
      [-2 2]
      [ 1 1]
      [ 1 -1]
      [-1 -1]
      [-1 1]]
     [1. 1. 1. -1. -1. -1.]
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear')
clf.fit(X, y)
               SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
w = clf.coef_[0]
b = clf.intercept_[0]
print("Equation of the hyperplane:")
print(f''\{w[0]\} * x + \{w[1]\} * y + \{b\} = 0")
     Equation of the hyperplane:
     -4.440892098500626e-16 * x + 0.666666666666666 * y + -0.333333333333333 = 0
x_min, x_max = -7, 7
y_min, y_max = -7, 7
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.linspace(x_min, x_max, 100),
                     np.linspace(y_min, y_max, 100))
Z = clf.decision_function(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
# Calculate the distances from each point to the hyperplane
distances = clf.decision_function(X)
plt.figure()
\verb|plt.scatter(X_positive[:, 0], X_positive[:, 1], color='green', label='Positive')|\\
plt.scatter(X_negative[:, 0], X_negative[:, 1], color='red', label='Negative')
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, levels=[-100, 0, 100], colors=['red', 'green'], alpha=0.4)
plt.xlabel('Feature 1')
plt.ylabel('Feature 2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('SVM Hyperplane for Classification')
{\tt plt.xlim}({\tt x\_min, x\_max})
plt.ylim(y_min, y_max)
plt.show()
\supseteq
                           SVM Hyperplane for Classification
                                                                     Positive
          6
                                                                     Negative
          4
          2
          0
         -2
         -4
         -6
```

-6

-4

-2

0

Feature 1

4